

## Battle of Palamsey Palamsey

⑩ why did the battle of ~~pal~~ palamsey occur?

⇒ Many people came in Bengal for many reasons. Many foreigners came in Bengal to conduct ~~basin~~ business like the portugese, the french, The dutch, the danish etc. The British also came to Bengal to do business.

The British East India Company got the permission to do business in Bengal in 1600. By 1612 they established their first commercial office in Surad, Agra. By the year 1700, they had established Fort William.

Gradually the company turned into a powerful center and expanded their interest in politics. Their power increased mainly when the emperor of Delhi, Farukshiyar gave them the right of

doing free trade in Bengal, Madras and Bombay. Gaining this right east India company started to march forward at an irresistible ~~sp~~ speed.

Thus a battle between the Nawabs and the English became inevitable.

The cause of the battle of Palansey were -

1. Not sending gift to king.
2. ~~Reforming~~ ~~ford~~ The British reforming ~~ford~~ despite the prohibition of the Nawab.
3. The English abused the trade condition.
4. <sup>An</sup> Asylum was provided to Nawab's fugitive, ~~an~~ Krishnadas by English.
5. Conspiracy against Nawab.
6. Confidential ~~agg~~ agreement between Mirzafar and Clive.

~~① When and where the battle of palassey~~

All these ~~reas~~ reasons resulted in a war among ~~th~~ a war between the nawab and the English on 23rd June, 1757, at the bank of Bhagirathi river.

~~②~~ (20) Why did Nawab lose the battle of palassey?

⇒ The infamous Battle of palassey <sup>occurred</sup> ~~began~~ at the bank of Bhagirathi river on 23rd June 1757. Nawab ~~Sirajud~~ Siraj' was ~~de~~ defeated.

The nawab had around 50,000 soldier and his trusted ~~soldi~~ men Mirrmodon, Mohonlal, Sinfray fighting alongside him. While the English ~~had~~ had only 3,000 soldier and Mirzafar, Raydurlou and Robert clive, who were the conspirators

against nawab fighting ~~with~~ on their team. Though the nawab had larger number of soldier<sup>and</sup> weapons he was defeated within <sup>the first</sup> 11 hours of the battle.

The reason why Siraj-ud-daulah lost the battle is discussed below-

- ① Because he was betrayed by his army chief.
- ② Nawab was young and deficient of experience, intelligence and steadiness.
- ③ He did not evaluate the warning of Alivardi Khan ~~about~~ about the conspiracy of English and French.
- ④ He depended ~~at~~ on Mir Zafar even after knowing about his conspiracy.

All these reasons resulted in the ~~the~~ defeat of Nawab in the battle of Palassey.



(21) What was the consequence of the Battle of Palassey?

=> On 23rd June, 1757, the Battle of Palassey took place on the Bank of Bhagirathi river. ~~The~~ Nawab Siraj-ud-daulah was defeated because of the conspiracy and treachery done by his own trusted people, resulting in the ~~But~~ English winning the battle.

The consequence of the Battle of Palassey is discussed below-

⊗ The foundation of the English rule was laid with the defeat of Nawab.

⊗ Nawab Siraj-ud-daulah suffered a terrible death. He tried to save his life by escaping from Murshidabad. But he was caught and murdered by Muhammadi Beg.

- ④ The merchants of English East India Company established the English ~~rule~~ rule in Bengal.
- ④ Mirz Zafar was crowned as the Nawab of Bengal.
- ④ The economy of India was affected severely.
- ④ The British started imposing several rules and regulations on the people of Bengal in the name of tax connection.
- ④ Bengal lost its Robert Clive was titled 'Lord Clive', Baron of Palamsey and obtained immense power.

⑦ Bengali trade and commerce were exclusively controlled by the British Corporation.

Thus Bengal lost its independence and the 200 years long European Colonization began. And a once prosperous province of Mughal Empire, began to become a place of hunger, famine and deprivation.