me215 The Test Fall 2020

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ME215: Thermodynamics I The Test

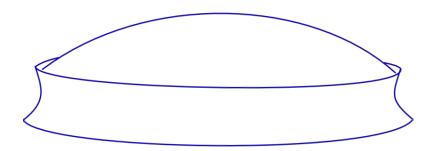
due by 11:59 PM CST, 19 November 2020

35 Tasks — 305 points

Write your final answers on this problem sheet **AND** make sure your final answers are **clearly identified** in your work. Make sure you turn in **ALL** of your work sheets. Scan and upload your completed test by 11:59pm, 19 November. **PDF** is the **ONLY document format allowed**. Format your filename as follows:

lastname_firstname_CWID.pdf

The **ONLY** resources you may use are your textbook, class notes, and calculator. Accessing your textbook is the only permitted use of the Internet or any other communication networks. Do not discuss this test with anyone, except Dr. Ashford.



The Louisiana Superdome has an interior volume of 125 million ft³, covered by a 440,000 ft² roof. On a particular day, the interior air pressure gave a manometer reading of 19 inches mercury (ρ_{Hg} = 13.6 g/cm³). Local atmospheric pressure is 102 kPa.

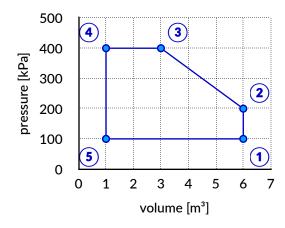
1.	kg (10	O) Calculate the mass	of the air inside, assumin	g an average temperature of 20 °C.	
2.	kN (10		orce applied to the roof bight of the roof). Assume	y the interior/exterior air (do not the roof is flat.	
3.	(15) Describe open, the three system typ		stems, respectively. Be su	re to highlight the differences betw	/een
4.	i	Krypton (P_1 = 2 MPa, T_1 = 600 K) is throttled to a pressure of P_2 = 1.2 MPa. Assuming ideal gas behavior, which of these statements describes the downstream temperature T_2 ?			
		(a) T ₂ < T ₁	(b) $T_2 = T_1$	(c) $T_2 > T_1$	
5.		•	•	lowered while the pressure is held e change (as in superheated vapor.	

saturated mixture, etc)? Explain your reasoning.

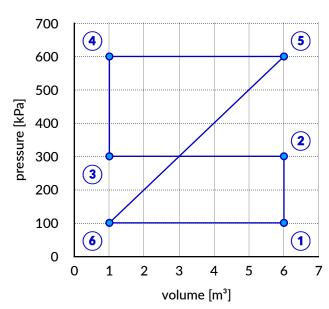
process.	Consists of a saturate	ea IIquia/vapor mix	ture. Heat is removed in	om the system in an isothermal			
6	(5) The quality						
	(a) increases	(b) decreases	(c) stays the same	(d) not enough information			
7	(5) The temperature						
	(a) increases	(b) decreases	(c) stays the same	(d) not enough information			
8	(5) The pressure						
	(a) increases	(b) decreases	(c) stays the same	(d) not enough information			
9	(5) The specific volume						
	(a) increases	(b) decreases	(c) stays the same	(d) not enough information			
A system o	consists of a saturate	ed liquid/vapor mix	ture . Heat is added to th	ne system in an isochoric process			
10	(5) The quali	ty					
	(a) increases	(b) decreases	(c) stays the same	(d) not enough information			
11	(5) The temperature						
	(a) increases	(b) decreases	(c) stays the same	(d) not enough information			
12	(5) The pressure						
	(a) increases	(b) decreases	(c) stays the same	(d) not enough information			
13	(5) The specific volume						
	(a) increases	(b) decreases	(c) stays the same	(d) not enough information			
	•	•	othalpy of 1261.97 kJ/kg				
	kg (10) Find the mass of the ammonia. m³ (10) Find the volume of the ammonia.						
	kPa (10) Fir						

A vessel contains 3 kg of H_2O at 100 bar, 600 °C. Heat is lost from the vessel until the temperature reaches 200 °C.

- 17. °C (10) Find the H_2O final temperature.
- 18. _____ kPa (10) Find the H₂O **final pressure**.
- 19. _____ kJ_{in/out} (10) Determine the **heat transfer**, with direction.
- 20. _____ $kJ_{in/out}$ (10) Determine the **work**, with direction.



21. _____ $kJ_{in/out}$ (10) Determine the **net work** (and direction) of the cycle $\overline{123451}$ depicted above.



22. _____kJ_{in/out} (10) Determine the **net work** (and direction) of the cycle 1234561 depicted above.

LEAPS

	, 900 °C enters a well-insulated turbine and exits at 10 kPa and 93.9% quality. The mass flow n kg/hr, and the turbine entrance has a diameter of 63 cm.			
23	$_$ °C (10) At what temperature does the H_2O exit the turbine.			
24	GW (10) What is the turbine's power output?			
25	mph (10) At what velocity does the steam enter the turbine?			
A 10 kg mass of s doubles.	saturated vapor water, initially at 200 °C, is heated in a rigid container until its pressure			
26	$_$ °C (10) What is the final temperature of the H_2O ?			
27	kPa (10) What is the final pressure of the H_2O ?			
28	kJ (10) What is the work for this process?			
29	kJ (10) What is the heat transfer for this process?			
30	kg (10) What is the final mass of the H_2O ?			
A 10 kg mass of sits volume double	saturated vapor water, initially at 3 bar, is heated in a frictionless piston/cylinder device untiless.			
31	$^{\circ}$ C (10) What is the final temperature of the H ₂ O?			
32	kPa (10) What is the final pressure of the H_2O ?			
33	kJ (10) What is the work for this process?			
34	kJ (10) What is the heat transfer for this process?			
35	kg (10) What is the final mass of the H_2O ?			