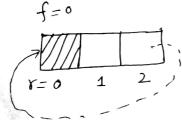


Array implementation of Queue

Show Quive status for each of the following Queue Assuming Queue size, m = 2 (Array) Insert (20), Delete(), Insert (30), Insert (40), Insert (10) Delete(), Delete() Delete(), Ans: f=0 Initial: f = 0 5 = (8+1) mod (m+ Insert (10): $=(0+1) \mod (2+1)$ = 1 mod 3=1 1=0 Insert (20): 3 = (r+1) mod (m+) r=2 = (1+) mod (2+1)= 2 mod 3 = 2 f = 0f=1 Deletel): f=(f+) mod (m+1) $=(0+1) \mod (2+1)$ = 1 mod 3=1 f = 1s=(r+) mod (m+) Insert (30): $=(2+) \mod (2+1)$ 20 = 3 mod 3 = 0 Y=OR

Insert (40): "Queue full" y = 0"Queue full" y = 0"Queue full" $y = (0+1) \mod (m+1)$ $y = (0+1) \mod (2+1)$ y = 0 y =

Deletel):



"Queue empty Deletel):

"Queue empty"

Insert (Queue
$$\Leftarrow x$$
)

 $s = (r+1) \mod (m+1)$

if $(s = f)$

printf ("Queue Full"), else ξ

else ξ

Queue $[s] = x$;

 $x = s$;

Delete () Queue
$$\Rightarrow x$$
)

if $(f = = 8)$

printf ("Queue Empty"),

else ξ
 $f = (f + j) \mod (m + l)$;

Queue $[f] = NULL$;

Linked Implementation of Queue

show Queue status for each of the following Queue operations Insert (10), Insert (20), Delete(), Insert (30), Insert (40), Delete(), Delete(), Delete()

Initial:

