

$$\frac{x}{5} = 3$$

$$\frac{3}{1} \cdot \frac{2}{3} = \frac{6}{3} = 2$$

$$\frac{5}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{5} \cdot x = 3 \cdot 5$$

$$\frac{7}{1} \cdot \frac{5}{5} = \frac{35}{5} = 7$$

$$x = 15$$

$$x - 4 = 9$$

$$x = 9 + 4$$

$$x = 13$$

$$x - 4 = 9$$

$$x - 4 + 4 = 9 + 4$$

$$x = 13$$

$$x = 13$$

$$13 - 4 = 9$$

$$-4 + 13 - 4 = 9 + 4$$

$$13 - 4 = 9 + 4$$

$$13 = 13$$

$$\frac{2x}{5} = 8$$

$$\frac{5 \cdot 2x}{5} = 8 \cdot 5$$

$$10x = 40$$

$$\left(\frac{10}{10}\right)x = \frac{40}{10}$$

$$x = 4$$

$$x = 20$$

$$\frac{2 \cdot 20}{5} = 8$$

$$\frac{40}{5} = 8$$

$$8 = 8$$

$$\frac{2x}{5} = 8$$

$$\frac{5}{1} \cdot \frac{2x}{5} = 8 \cdot 5$$

$$\frac{x}{5} = 3$$

$$\frac{5}{1} \cdot \frac{x}{5} = \frac{3}{1} \cdot \frac{5}{1}$$

$$5x = 15$$

$$x = 3$$

$$26 \times 18 = (20 + 6)(10 + 8)$$

$$= 200 + 160 + 60 + 48$$

$$= 360 + 108$$

$$= 468$$

$$20 \times 14 = 20(10 + 4)$$

$$= 200 + 80$$

$$= 280$$

$$\frac{10x}{5} = 40$$

$$2x = 40$$

$$2x = 40$$

$$x = 20$$

$$0.25 \times 15 = 0.25(10 + 5)$$

$$= 2.5 + 1.25$$

$$= 3.75$$

$$0.25 \times 15 = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{15}{1}$$

$$= \frac{15}{4}$$

$$2x = \frac{30-2x}{4}$$

$$\frac{30x+6x}{2x} = \frac{3x+15}{x}$$

$$4 \cdot 2x = \frac{30-2x}{4} \times \frac{4}{1}$$

$$2x+2=8$$

$$2x+2=8$$

$$2x=6$$

$$\frac{2x+2}{2} = \frac{8}{2}$$

$$8x = \frac{120-8x}{4}$$

$$x=3$$

✓

$$x+1=4$$

$$\frac{8x}{2} = \frac{30-2x}{2}$$

$$x=3$$

✓

$$4x = 15-x \quad \frac{x-1}{2} = 4$$

$$\frac{x-1}{2} = 4$$

$$2(x+2)=8$$

$$2(x+2)=8$$

$$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{15}{5}$$

$$\frac{x-1}{2} = 4$$

$$(2)\frac{x}{2} = 5(2)$$

$$2x+4=8$$

$$\frac{2(x+2)}{2} = \frac{8}{2}$$

$$x=3$$

$$x-1=8$$

$$x=9$$

$$\frac{x}{2} = 5$$

$$x=10$$

$$2x=4$$

$$x=2$$

$$x+2=4$$

$$x=2$$

✓

$$2 \neq 3$$

↓

$$4-x \neq \frac{4+x}{2}$$

$$3=3$$

↓

$$6-x = \frac{2x}{2}$$

$$5 \times 2 = 10$$

$$5 = \frac{10}{2}$$

$$7 \times 3 = 21$$

$$7 = \frac{21}{3}$$

$$2(4-x) \neq \left(\frac{4+x}{2}\right) \frac{2}{1}$$

$$2(6-x) = \left(\frac{2x}{2}\right) \frac{2}{1}$$

$$3x = 15$$

$$12x = 96$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{15}{3}$$

$$\frac{12x}{12} = \frac{96}{12}$$

$$x=5$$

$$x=8$$

$$8-2x \neq \frac{8+2x}{2}$$

$$12-2x = \frac{4x}{2}$$

$$8-2x \neq 4+x$$

$$12-2x = 2x$$

$$\frac{x}{2} = 3$$

$$8 \neq 4+3x$$

$$12 = 2x+2x$$

$$4 \neq \frac{3x}{3}$$

$$\frac{12}{4} = \frac{4x}{4}$$

$$2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = 3(2)$$

$$\frac{4}{x} = 2$$

$$3=x$$

$$x=6$$

$$(x)\frac{4}{x} = 2(x)$$

$$12-x=5$$

$$12-x=5$$

$$x+7=15$$

$$\frac{4x}{x} = 2x$$

$$12-x+x=5+x$$

$$12-x-12=5-12$$

$$-7x+7=15-7$$

$$12=5+x$$

$$-x=-7$$

$$x=8$$

$$\frac{4}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$$

$$7=5+x-5$$

$$-x(-1)=-7(-1)$$

$$10=x-32$$

$$2=x$$

$$7=x$$

$$x=7$$

$$10+32=x-32+32$$

$$42=x$$

Exercises

$$1) \quad \frac{2x}{5} = 8 \quad (5)$$

$$2x = 40$$

$$\underline{x = 20}$$

$$2) \quad 3 - \frac{x}{4} = 2$$

$$-\frac{x}{4} = -1 \quad (4)$$

$$\underline{x = 4}$$

$$3) \quad \frac{5x+7}{3} = 6$$

$$5x+7 = 18$$

$$5x = 11 \quad 5 \overline{) 11} \quad \begin{array}{r} 2.2 \\ 10 \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{x = \frac{11}{5} = 2.2}$$

$$4) \quad 4 - \frac{3x}{2} = 1$$

$$-\frac{3x}{2} = -3$$

$$-3x = -6$$

$$\underline{x = 2}$$

$$5) \quad \frac{x}{4} + 2 = 5$$

$$\frac{x}{4} = 3$$

$$\underline{x = 12}$$

$$6) \quad \frac{2x}{7} - 3 = 1$$

$$\frac{2x}{7} = 4$$

$$2x = 28$$

$$\underline{x = 14}$$

$$7) \quad \frac{4x+1}{5} = 3$$

$$4x+1 = 15$$

$$4x = 14$$

$$x = \frac{14}{4} = \frac{7}{2} = 3.5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3.5 \\ 4 \overline{) 14} \\ 12 \\ \hline 20 \end{array}$$

$$8) \quad \frac{3x}{4} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{7}{6}$$

$$= \frac{7}{6} - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{14}{12} - \frac{8}{12} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{3x}{4} = 0.5 \quad \begin{array}{r} = 3 \\ 4 \quad (4) \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$$

$$3x = 2 \quad = 0.5$$

$$x = \frac{2}{3} = 0.66 \quad \begin{array}{r} 0.66 \\ 3 \overline{) 20} \\ 18 \\ \hline 20 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 - \quad & \frac{6x}{9} = \frac{2x}{3} \\
 & (3) \qquad 2 \times 3 = 2 \times 3 \\
 & 2x = 2x \qquad 6 = 6 \\
 & 0 = 2x - 2x \\
 & 0 = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

This shows that the two sides of the equation are identical, indicating that the equation holds true for all values of x . Therefore, the solution is:

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c}
 & \overline{x \in \mathbb{R}} & \\
 - \quad & & \\
 2x - 3 < 7 & 2 \times 6 - 3 < 7 & 2 \times 5 - 3 < 7 \\
 2x < 10 & 12 - 3 < 7 & 10 - 3 < 7 \\
 \underline{x < 5} & 9 < 7 & 7 < 7 \\
 & \checkmark & \times
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c}
 - \quad & & \\
 -3x \leq 12 & -3 \times -2 \leq 12 & -3 \times -5 \leq 12 \\
 x \geq -4 & 6 \leq 12 & 15 \leq 12 \\
 & \checkmark & \times
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c|c}
 - \quad & & & \\
 2x + 1 \neq 5 & 2 \times 4 + 1 \neq 5 & 2 \times 2 + 1 \neq 5 & 2 \times 1 + 1 \neq 5 \\
 2x \neq 4 & 9 \neq 5 & 5 \neq 5 & 3 \neq 5 \\
 x \neq 2 & \checkmark & \times & \checkmark
 \end{array}$$