



ProSAPCONN[©] & Kettle[©]

Version 2.1

Quick Start and Reference Guide

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1 What is ProSAPCONN & Kettle?

With **ProSAPCONN** you can read data from all tables of your SAP system.

We provide a special plugin for **Kettle** - a data warehouse tool for **E**xtraction, **T**ransformation, **T**ransportation and **L**oading of data, in short: ETTL.

All this makes data warehouses much easier to build, update and maintain. People working with ProSAPCONN find the extraction of SAP data very easy and usefull. Not only for data warehousing also for ad hoc analyses as a consultant, administrator or user.

Kettle provides a graphical user interface **Spoon** - a user friendly designer for your transformations, also for your SAP queries over tables.

After designing your transformations let them run interactive with Spoon or in batch mode with **Pan**.

If you need any special feature, training or consulting don't hesitate to contact us – we could do it.

2 Documentation overview

The following manuals are included in your **trial and registered** version:

Manual	Description	
ProSAPCONN - 1 - Quick Start and	a short reference for beginners and a more	
Reference	detailed reference	
ProSAPCONN - 2 – FAQ and Trouble	all FAQs beginning with PSCFAQ will be	
Shooting	found here and the trouble shooting part	
_	helps you solving problems	

The following manuals describe SAP customizing. They are available for **registered** users only or upon special request.

Manual	Description
ProSAPCONN - A - Customizing for Optimization	You need this manual when using floating points, SAP release 4.7 or optimizing speed for big rows.
ProSAPCONN - B - Customizing for Security	This is a step by step introduction for customizing security with ProSAPCONN.



3 Installation

3.1 Software

3.1.1 Supported platforms, operating systems

The installation process is described for windows platforms. If you need further assistance for other platforms please let us know. ProSAPCONN & Kettle supports many different platforms.

3.1.2 Java Runtime Environment

You need Java 2 Platform, Standard Edition (J2SE) version 1.4 or higher. You could check if you have already installed it with:

Start / Settings / Control Panel / Add or remove programs [German: Start / Einstellungen / Systemsteuerung / Software]

If you haven't installed it yet, please download a version 1.4 or higher from http://java.sun.com/j2se/ and install it.

3.1.3 Kettle

Unzip the Kettle zip-file in a directory of your choice, e.g. in C:\Program files\Kettle

Try to run Spoon.bat. If it fails see the FAQ-Manual: PSCFAQ0001 - How to set the correct Java Runtime Version?

For a detailed description of the installation consult the Kettle manual.

3.1.4 ProSAPCONN as a Kettle plugin

The ProSAPCONN plugin is delivered with Kettle. If you want to install an update version see PSCFAQ0002 - How to install an updated version of ProSAPCONN without installing Kettle?

3.1.5 SAP JCo

The SAP Java Connector (SAP JCo) is a toolkit that allows a Java application to communicate with any SAP System. Unfortunately the redistribution of the SAP JCo is not allowed, so you have to download it from the SAP Service Marketplace at



http://service.sap.com/connectors SAP Java Connector / Tools & Services

There you will also find all available distribution packages for the various supported platforms and processors.

If you don't have a login for the SAP Service Marketplace ask your SAP administrator or request the data by SAP (see PSCFAQ0003 - How to get access to the SAP Service Marketplace?).

After you have downloaded the latest JCo, e.g. sapjco-ntintel-2.1.6.zip extract this to a temporary folder.

Copy the following files out of the zip archive:

Filename	Target folder
sapjco.jar	Copy to the directory plugins\steps\ProSAPCONN below the kettle path:
	e.g. C:\Program files\Kettle\plugins\steps\ProSAPCONN
sapjcorfc.dll	Copy to the directory libswt\win32 below the kettle path: e.g. C:\Program files\Kettle\libswt\win32 [This is different to the JCo documentation.]
librfc32.dll	Copy to the directory [Windows]\System32

Important note for librfc32.dll:

Please check if you have an old version of librfc32.dll in your [Windows]\System32 folder. If so please update it with the newer librfc32.dll. Sometimes this fails because the DLL is in use by another process. If so, please restart your system and don't start the SAP GUI before you replace the old DLL.

In future releases of ProSAPCONN this installation process will be more automated.

3.2 Firewall configuration

JCo uses the native RFC library with the CPI-C protocol based on TCP/IP for its low level network communication. For CPI-C you need special TCP/IP ports going through your firewall.

These ports are 3300 plus your target system number e.g. 3308 for system number 08.

For detailed information on the network configuration see the JCo documentation [...]/docs/jco/configuration.html



3.3 Customizing security on your SAP system (basics)

In order to retrieve meta data information from the SAP system's data dictionary, you have to grant the access rights (Authorization Object: S_RFC, ACTVT: 16, FUGR) for the following function groups:

R/3 Release	Function Groups
since 3.1H	RFC1, SG00, SRFC, SUNI, SYST
since 4.0A	RFC1, SDIF, SG00, SRFC, SYST, SYSU, SUNI
since 4.6A	RFC1, SDIF, SG00, SRFC, SYST, SYSU
since 4.6D	RFC1, SDIFRUNTIME, SG00, SRFC, SYST, SYSU

For requesting the data we use RFC_READ_TABLE belonging to function group SDTX or a customized RFC belonging to function group ZPSCSDTX . So you have to grant the access rights (Authorization Object: S_RFC, ACTVT: 16, FUGR) also to **SDTX** or **ZPSCSDTX**.

If you want to have security on table level (and not only on table groups as the default) or need a more detailed description on the above mentioned topics you can request the special **manual** "Customizing for Security". If you're a registered user you already have this manual.

3.4 Customizing the SAP System for optimization

You should customize a special RFC (Remote Function Call) for

- 1. adding security to the **table level** (and not only on table groups) or
- 2. giving **better performance** on table rows exceeding 512 bytes or
- 3. using **floating point** values and special numerical values or
- 4. using release 4.7

ProSAPCONN is automatically determining the capability of the SAP system and uses a customized RFC if it is available. If it uses the default RFC_READ_TABLE it runs automatically multiple queries to get the needed data exceeding the 512 bytes boundary. So more overhead is there and if data changes between queries you possibly get wrong data. There are some internal tests getting the right data but we recommend using the customized RFC.

You get a detailed description in the **manual "Customizing for Optimization"** as a registered user or upon special request.



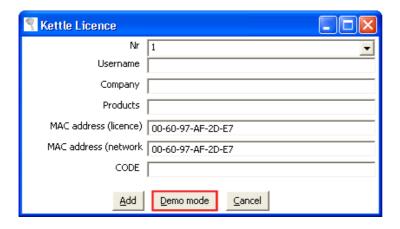
4 Introduction - first steps

4.1 Start Spoon – the graphical user interface of Kettle

Start Spoon.bat

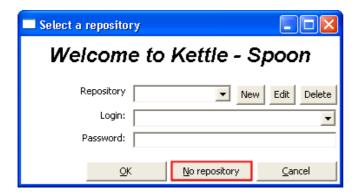


• You will be asked for your license key. If you want to use the 30-day-trial-version press "Demo mode".





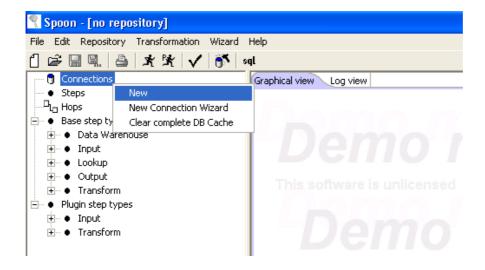
• If you're asked for "Select a repository" press "No repository" (you can save your work in XML files – later on you can use repositories for saving your transformations in a repository database).



For a detailed description of Spoon consult the Kettle manual (see the PDFs in your Kettle-directory under docs).

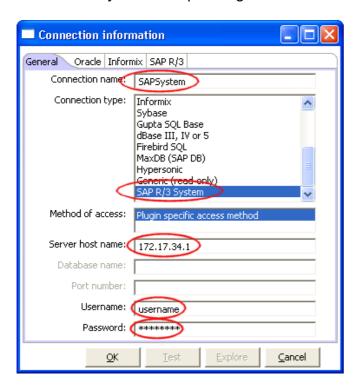
4.2 Setting up the connection

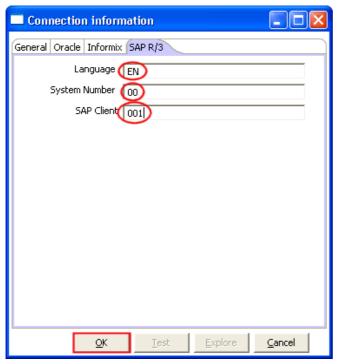
Select "New" in the Connections context menu:





• Enter your corresponding connection information like this:



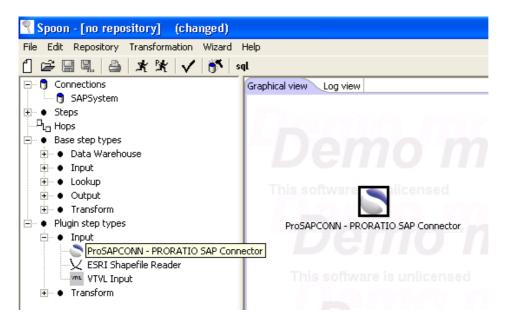


4.3 Entering the ProSAPCONN (trial) license code

The first time you edit a ProSAPCONN – PRORATIO SAP Connection step you will be asked for your license code:



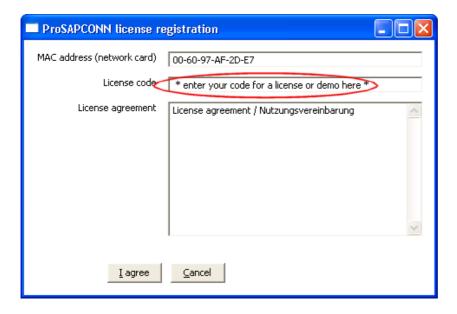
 Draw the "ProSAPCONN – PRORATIO SAP Connection" step from left to right into the "Graphical view".



• Select "Edit step" in the context menu



 The dialog ProSAPCONN license registration opens. You need to enter a full licence code or demo licence code here.

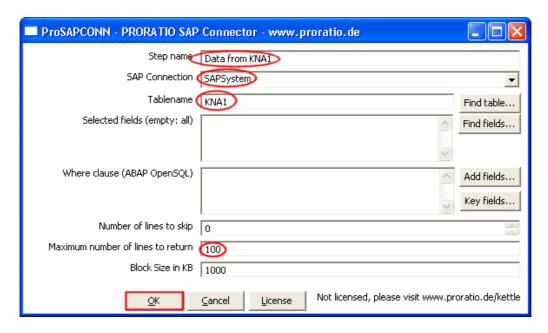




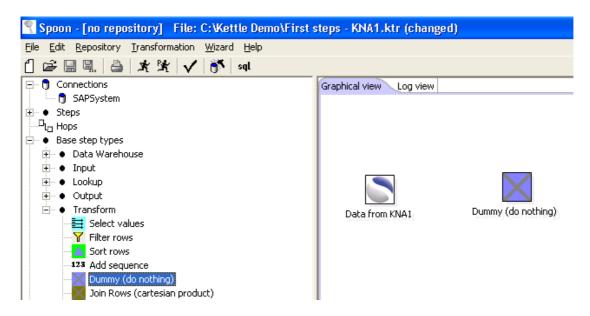
4.4 Example: Query the customer data table KNA1

This example is a simple query for the customer data table KNA1.

Enter the following information (we first limit to 100 rows for testing):

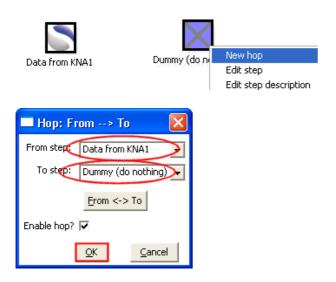


• Draw the "Transform / Dummy(do nothing)" step from left to right into the "Graphical view".





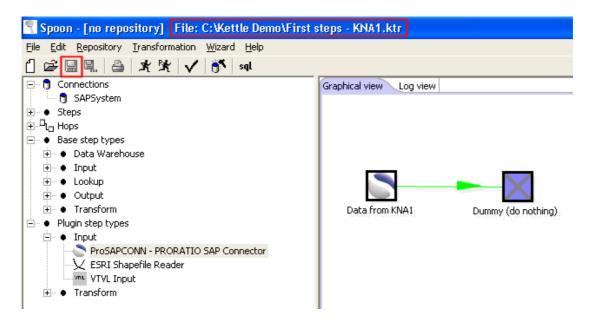
 Select both steps in the "Graphical view" and select "New hop" in the context menu:



The hop is created:

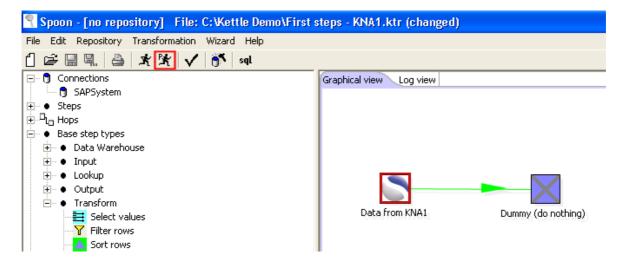


 Please save your transaction first (File / Save or CTRL-S) e.g. as "First steps -KNA1":

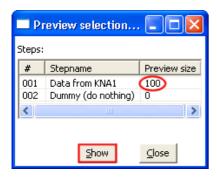




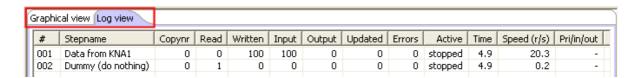
 Now you're ready to run a preview. Select the "Data from KNA1" step and the icon for running a preview:



The default preview size is 100 – press "Show":



• Now you see the "Log view" and after successful connection the data. If you want to switch back to designing your transformation select the tab "Graphical view".

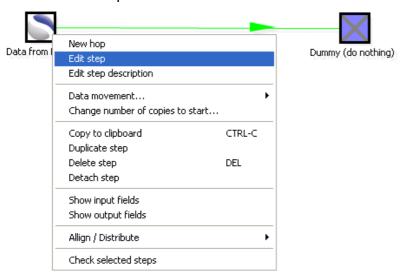




4.5 Example: Selecting fields on customer data table KNA1

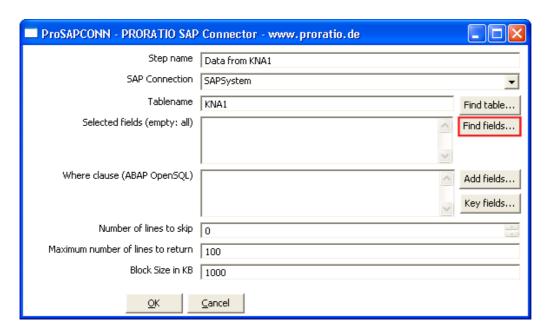
This example shows you how to select specific fields on the customer data table KNA1.

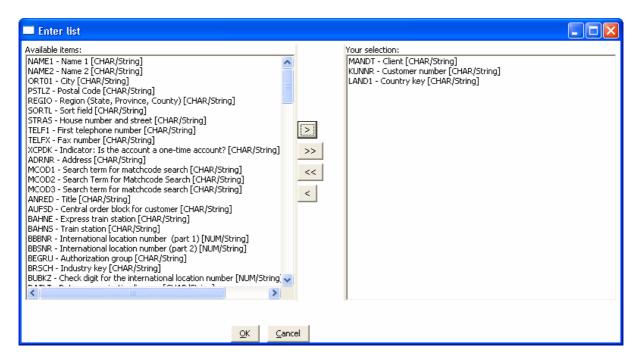
 Use the transformation from the previous chapter and edit the "Data from KNA1" step:





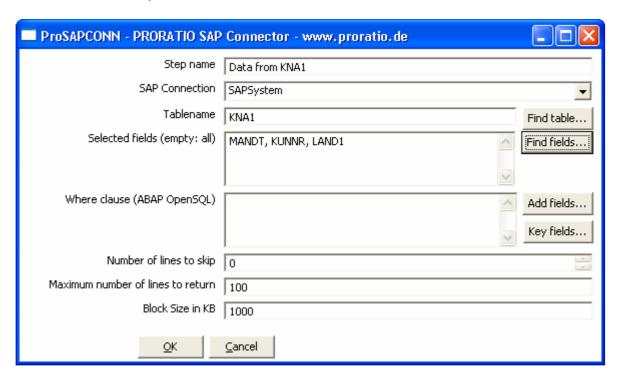
Press "Find fields" and select some:



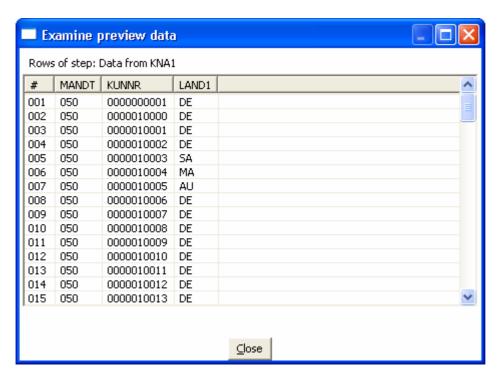




Now the step looks like this:



 You can press OK and test the transformation by running the preview as described before. The preview could look like this:





4.6 Example: Combining data with customer data table KNA1

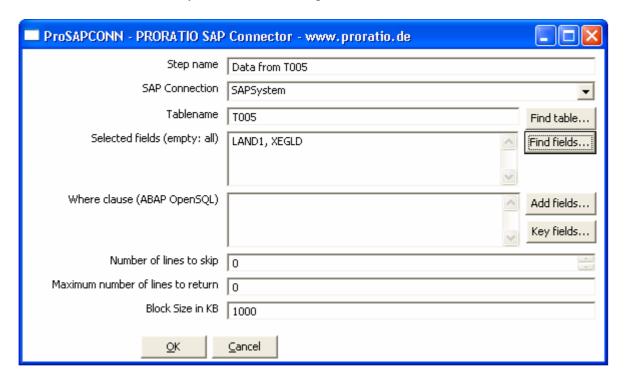
Now we want to check which customer is in the european community and combine the data with table T005. We have two possibilities for this:

- 1) Download all country data from the SAP system and do a lookup for every customer row. This is better when the lookup table (in this case T005) is small and the source data (KNA1) is big.
- 2) Or run a query against the lookup table T005 for each row in the source data (KNA1). This is better when the lookup table is big and would take a long time to download from the SAP system.

In our case solution 1) would be better because the lookup table T005 is small. For completeness we show you both solutions in the following.

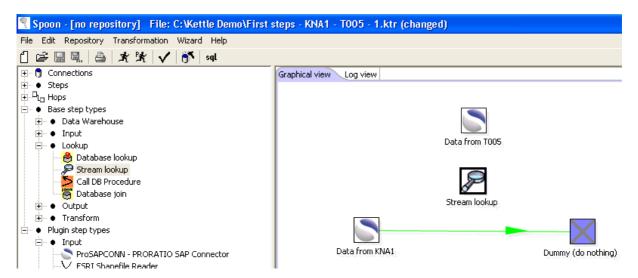
4.6.1 First possibility: Download T005 and combine it with KNA1

Create a new step with the following data:

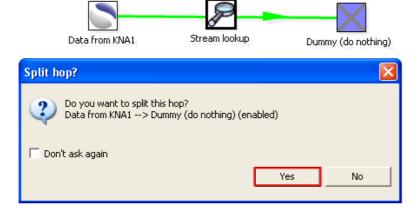




Add a "Lookup / Stream lookup" step:

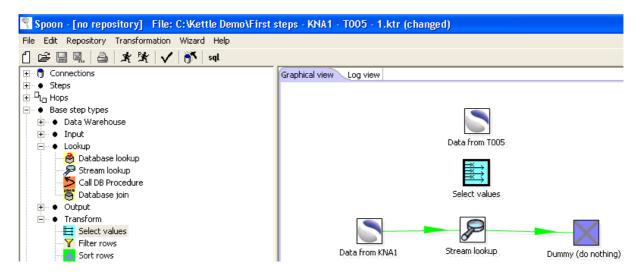


 Move the "Stream lookup" over the hop between "Data from KNA1" and "Dummy", so the arrow will be bold – release the mouse button and answer "Yes" to the following dialog:

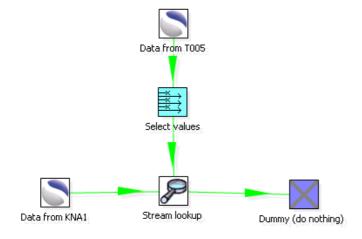




Add a "Transformation / Select values" step:

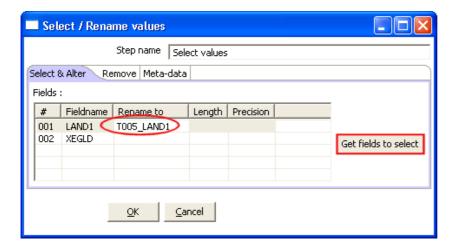


Add hops from "Data from T005" to "Select values" and to "Stream lookup":

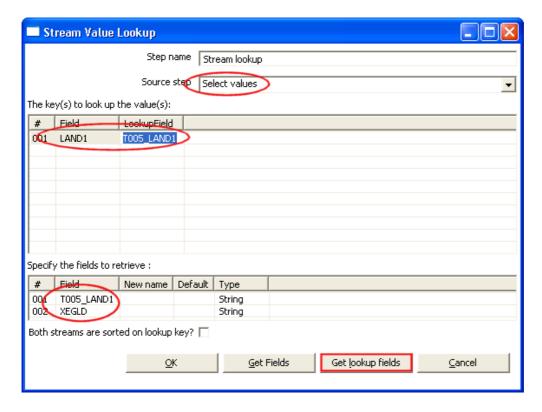




 Edit the "Select values" step: Press the button "Get fields to select" and rename "LAND1" to "T005_LAND1" (this is needed for the "Stream lookup" process when field names in KNA1 and T005 are identical.)

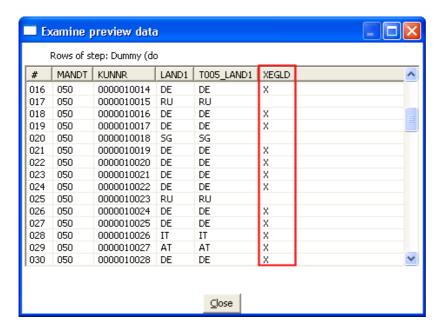


• Now edit the "Stream lookup" step like this:





 Now we are ready and could check the result. Select the "Dummy" and run a preview:



The column XEGLD shows you which customer is in the european community.

4.6.2 Second possibility: Query T005 for each KNA1 row

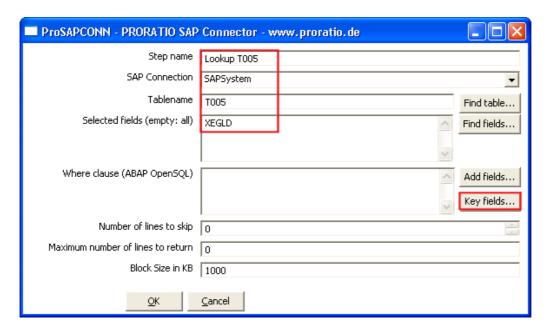
The second possibility is a little bit easier to customize because ProSAPCONN does a little bit helping on the relations. As mentioned above mind that this step could be slower when much rows have to be combined.

 Move a new "ProSAPCONN" step over the hop between "Data from KNA1" and "Dummy", so the arrow will be bold – release the mouse button and answer "Yes" to the following dialog:



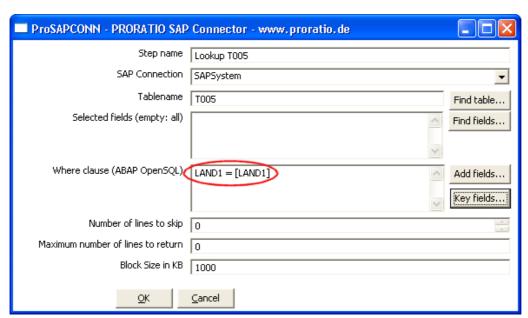


Edit the new step as descibed here and press "Key fields":



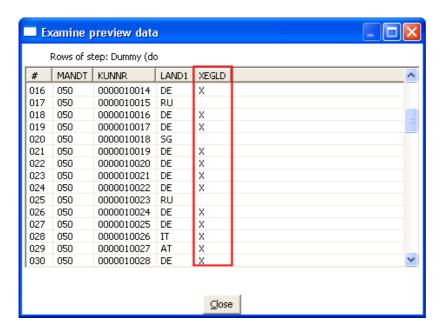
Now the relations will be automatically inserted...







• That's right – so let's run the transformation by selecting "Dummy" and do the preview:



As you saw this transformation could be a little bit slower (there is also more network traffic due to more queries so connections via VPN are slower, too).

As a further difference to the first method you see the column T005_LAND1 is no more needed. Now it's up to you which method to use in the future.



4.7 Some examples of where clauses (ABAP OpenSQL)

Here you will find some examples of where clauses in queries running against KNA1.

Mind that **ABAP OpenSQL always needs a space as a seperator** before and after a fieldname and some other parts of the where part. If you run in an error check the spaces first (e.g. an error "One of the field names in the SELECT clause was not recognized" is caused by a missing space).

Wrong: PSTLZ='55129' Correct: PSTLZ = '55129'

Combine your selections with AND OR NOT and brackets

e.g. LAND1 = 'DE' AND PSTLZ = '55129' e.g. LAND1 = 'DE' AND (PSTLZ = '55129' OR PSTLZ = '55129')

Use of BETWEEN, LIKE, IN, IS NULL:

field **BETWEEN** a AND b

e.g. PSTLZ BETWEEN '55129' AND '55131' finds 55129, 55130, 55131

field LIKE '%town'

e.g. ORT01 LIKE 'MAIN%' finds MAINZ, MAINHAUSEN, MAINZ-KASTEL

field **IN** ('a', 'b', 'c')

e.g. PSTLZ IN ('55129', '55131') finds rows with 55129, 55131

A real NULL (nothing) could be checked with IS NULL.

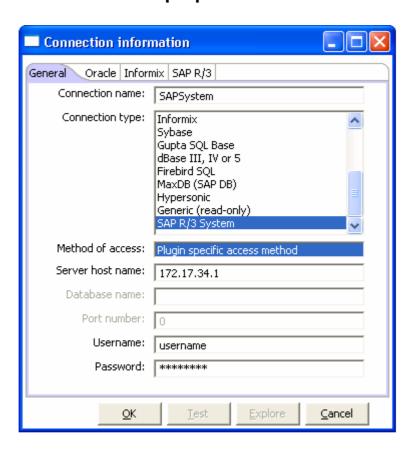
e.g. PSTLZ IS NULL

mostly this doesn't happen in base SAP tables



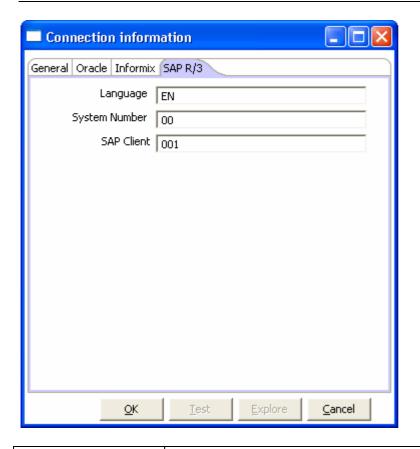
5 Reference

5.1 Connection properties



Connection name	a unique connection name of your choice		
Server host name	the server name or IP-Adress of your SAP system		
Username	valid user name for your SAP system		
Password	password (remind it could be case sensitive – on some systems you have to use uppercase letters even though your GUI logon don't need it in uppercase)		

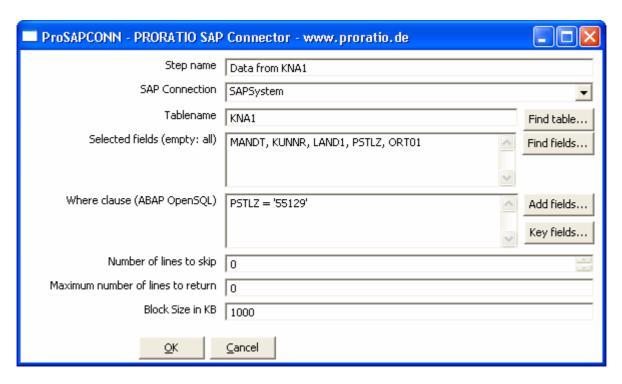




Language	select your language – mostly needed for error messages or as		
	the default language for table or field descriptions		
System Number	system number of your SAP system		
SAP Client	your dedicated SAP client used internal for all table queries		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		



5.2 ProSAPCONN step properties



Step name	a unique step name of your choice		
SAP Connection	select your defined SAP connection		
Tablename	select the SAP table or view		
Selected fields	enter the fields returned by this step separated by commas – needed spaces are internal inserted automatically		
Where clause	enter the where clause in ABAP OpenSQL syntax – also see chapter "Some examples of where clauses"		
Number of lines to skip	when reading data skip this number of lines		
Maximum number of lines to return	when reading data stop after this maximum number of lines		
Block size in KB	When reading large tables they are loaded in blocks and stored internal in memory. Giving a higher block size reduces the blocking overhead. On the other hand you need more memory and in worst case run out of memory. For getting more memory see the Java runtime options (e.g. set OPT=-Xmx256m).		



5.2.1 Tablename: "Find table" button

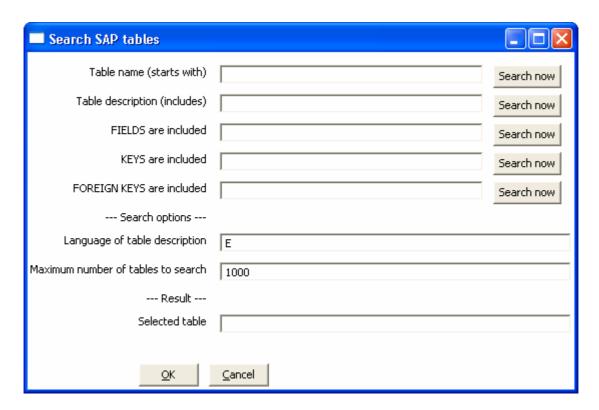
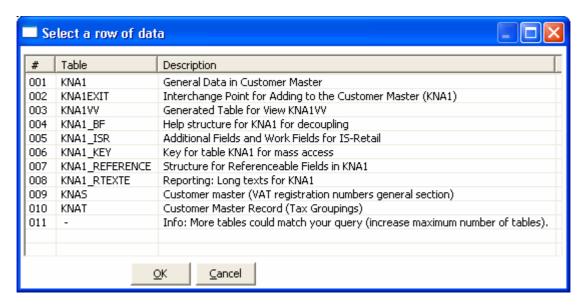


Table name	search for tables beginning with		
Table description	search for tables they include this description as a		
	part		
FIELDS are included	search for tables by the given fields – all fields		
	separated by commas must be included in the		
	table		
KEYS are included	same as FIELDS but for KEYS		
FOREIGN KEYS as included	same as FIELDS but for FOREIGN KEYS		
Search options: Language	select the language (one letter) for the given		
	descriptions – mind this language must be installed		
	in your system		
Search options: Maximum	Especially for searching the FIELDS or		
number of tables to search	(FOREIGN)KEYS combination you can limit the		
	size of tables to search. If ProSAPCONN finds		
	more results a warning in the last line is given:		
	"Info: More tables could match your query		
	(increase maximum number of tables)."		
Result: Selected table	This table will be transferred to the ProSAPCONN		
	step as the selected table when pressing "OK".		

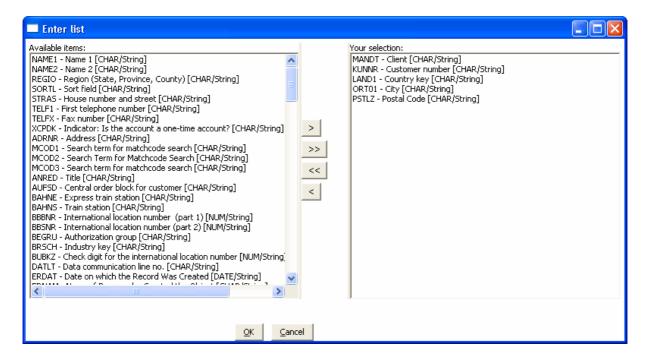


Example of finding tables beginning with KNA:



5.2.2 Selected fields: "Find fields" button

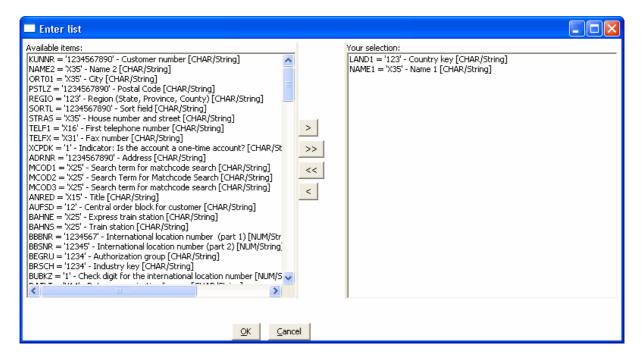
Press this button for selecting the desired fields, example:





5.2.3 Where clause: "Add fields" button

Use the "Add fields" button for selecting where fields. For the convenience the type and length of each field is given: If a field is numeric no quote signs are added. If a field is not numeric quote signs are added and the field length is given as a proposal – e.g. field size for LAND1 is 3, given as LAND1 = '123'. If the field size is bigger than 10 it is prefixed with X and the actual length is given, e.g. NAME1 = 'X35'. More than one field is automatically added with ADD, e.g. LAND1 = '123' AND NAME1 = 'X35'





5.2.4 Where clause: "Key fields" button

The "Key fields" button automatically inserts the needed Key fields except for key field MANDT (which is fixed by the user logon). As an example for table VBRP the key fields are POSNR = '123456' AND VBELN = '1234567890'.

If you use this step as a lookup step as described in chapter "Example: Combining data with customer data table KNA1" the relations are automatically determined and inserted – the lookup key is given in brackets. e.g. LAND1 = [LAND1]

5.3 Conversion of data types

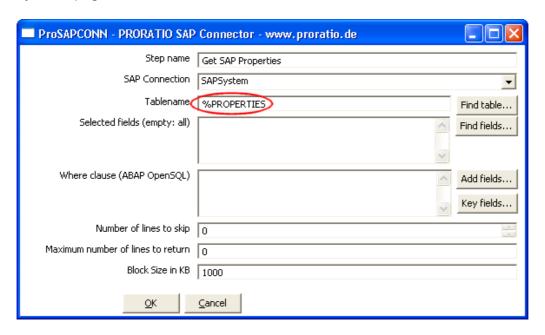
The following table lists the conversion from SAP data types to Kettle types. The JCo data type is shown for completeness and is used internally. You can check the data types if you right click on a step and choose "Show output fields". In the columns "Step origin" you will see the field description followed by [JCo data type/Kettle data type].

SAP data type	JCo data type	Kettle data type
ACCP	DATE	STRING (length 8, YYYYMMDD)
CHAR	CHAR	STRING
CLNT	CHAR	STRING (length 3)
CUKY	CHAR	STRING (length 5)
CURR	BCD	BIGNUMBER (see DEC, needs CUKY)
DATS	DATE	STRING (length 8, YYYYMMDD)
DEC	BCD	BIGNUMBER (maximum length 31)
FLTP	FLTP	NUMBER (significance 16 digits)
INT1	INT1	INTEGER (0 to 255)
INT2	INT2	INTEGER (-32767 to 32767)
INT4	INT	INTEGER (-2177483647 to 2177483647)
LANG	CHAR	STRING (length 1)
LCHAR	-	(not allowed in where clause)
LRAW	-	(not allowed in where clause)
NUMC	NUM	STRING (only digits, fixed size, '0' padded)
PREC	CHAR	STRING (length 2)
QUAN	BCD	BIGNUMBER (see DEC, needs UNIT)
RAW	-	(not allowed in where clause)
TIMS	TIME	STRING (length 6, HHMMSS)
UNIT	CHAR	STRING (length 2 or 3)
STRING	-	- not used in SAP database tables -
RAWSTRING	-	- not used in SAP database tables -
VARC	-	(not allowed in where clause)



5.4 Get Information about ProSAPCONN, JCO and the SAP Environment

You can use a special table named "%PROPERTIES" in a ProSAPCONN step that retrieves information about ProSAPCONN and the SAP Environment. This data (e.g. CON_USER or CON_SYSTEMID) can be used in subsequent steps or as a reference. You also see the installed and supported RFC_TABLE_READ on the SAP system (e.g. ZRFC_READ_TABLE_PSC1024).



This step produces the following rows:

PropertyID	PropertyDescription	PropertyValue (Example)
PSC_KernelVersion	Version of the ProSAPCONN Kernel	2.1.0
PSC_Debug	ProSAPCONN debugging to console	false
RFC_512	Installed and supported RFC_TABLE_READ on the SAP system	ZRFC_READ_TABLE_PSC512
RFC_1024	Installed and supported RFC_TABLE_READ on the SAP system	ZRFC_READ_TABLE_PSC1024
JCO_Version	Version of the JCO- library	2.1.6 (2005-06-20)
JCO_jco.middleware.name	Name of the middleware implementation	sapjcorfc
JCO_jco.middleware.version	Version of the middleware	2.1.6 (2005-06-20)



	implementation	
JCO_jco.middleware.libjrfc	Version of the	2.1.6 (2005-06-20)
version	sapjcorfc library	
JCO_jco.middleware.libjrfc	Path to loaded	\Kettle\libswt\win32\sapjcorfc.dll
path	sapjcorfc library	
JCO_jco.middleware.librfc	Path to loaded	
version	sapjcorfc library	
JCO_jco.middleware.librfc	Version of the RFC	640.0.81
numversion	library as numerical	
	string	
JCO_jco.middleware.librfc	Path to loaded RFC	
_path	library	
JCO_jco.middleware.librfc	SAP_CODEPAGE	
_sap_codepage	environment variable	
JCO_jco.middleware.librfc	RFC_TRACE	
_rfc_trace	environment variable	
JCO_jco.middleware.librfc	CPIC_TRACE	
_cpic_trace	environment variable	
JCO_jco.middleware.snc_lib	Path to SNC library	SECUDE.dll
JCO jco.middleware.wait	Time in seconds to	2
_for_request_time	wait incessantly for	
	incoming requests	
JCO_jco.middleware.max	Maximum server	3600
_startup_delay	startup delay time in	
	seconds	
JCO_jco.middleware.allow	List of programs that	
_start_of_programs	are allowed to be	
	started by the RFC	
	library	
JCO_jco.middleware.monitoring	Turns on reporting	
	performance data for	
	each call	
CON_Client	Client	0
CON_CPICConversationID	Low-level CPIC	6862779
	conversion ID for this	
	connection	
CON_Destination	Destination	proratiosap
CON_Host	Host	proratiosap
CON_ISOLanguage	Logon language of	EN
_ 3 3	the connection, two-	
	byte character string	
CON_KernelRelease	Release of the	46D
_	remote SAP system's	
	kernel	
CON_Language	Logon language of	E
	the connection, one-	
	byte character string	
CON_OwnBytesPerChar	Number of bytes per	1
_	character for the	
	currently used local	
	codepage	
CON_OwnCharset	Java charset	ISO8859_1
	equivalent of the	
	local SAP codepage	
CON_OwnCodepage	Local codepage in	1100
İ	SAP notation	



CON OwnEncoding	MIME encoding	ISO-8859-1
CON_OWNERCOOKING	equivalent of the	130-0038-1
	local SAP codepage	
CON PartnerBytesPerChar	Number of bytes per	1
OON_I artherbytesi eronar	character for the	1
	currently used	
	remote codepage	
CON PartnerCharset	Java charset	ISO8859 1
	equivalent of the	100000_1
	codepage used by	
	the remote system	
CON PartnerCodepage	Codepage used by	1100
_ ' '	the remote system in	
	SAP notation	
CON_PartnerEncoding	MIME encoding	ISO-8859-1
	equivalent of the	
	remote SAP	
	codepage	
CON_PartnerHost	Partner host, i.e. the	172.17.34.1
	name of the remote	
	host	
CON_PartnerRelease	Release of the	46D
0011 D	remote SAP system	
CON_PartnerType	Type which specifies	3
	the partner of the communication	
CON Release	Release of the local	640
CON_helease	SAP system or	040
	transport library	
CON RfcRole	Role of the	C
0.0.1_1.001.000	connection	
CON SSOTicket	SSO Ticket	
CON_SystemID	System ID	SAPTST
CON SystemNumber	System number	0
CON_Trace	Trace	false
CON Type	Type which specifies	E
	the local program	
CON_User	User ID the	USERNAME
	connection is	
	associated with	