

Soal 1:

Suatu ketika Prof. Gilbert Strang berkunjung ke UGM; beliau berkunjung ke warung siomay bersama 2 orang koleganya. Karena begitu mencintai Aljabar Linear, beliau berniat mengaplikasikan konsep Aljabar Linear untuk mengetahui harga masing - masing makanan (siomay, tahu, kentang). Oleh karena itu masing - masing kolega diminta untuk mengetahui harga total makanan yang mereka pesan masing - masing. Kemudian beliau bertanya langsung harga makanan yang dipesan kepada koleganya.

- Kolega pertama yang memesan 2 tahu dan 3 siomay menjawab harganya Rp 40.000,00.
- Kolega kedua yang memesan 1 tahu, 2 kentang, dan 2 siomay menjawab harganya Rp 40.000,00.
- Sementara itu, harga makanan yang dipesan Prof. Strang (1 tahu, 1 kentang, dan 2 siomay) adalah Rp 32.500,00.

Carilah harga masing-masing makanan dengan menggunakan metode (tuliskan tahapannya satu per satu):

- Eliminasi Gauss
- Eliminasi Gauss-Jordan
- Faktorisasi LU

Pembahasan:

Dengan mengalokasikan variabel: x_1 =siomay, x_2 =kentang, x_3 =tahu, dapat dibuat sekumpulan persamaan linear:

$$\begin{aligned}3x_1 + 2x_3 &= 40 \cdot 10^3 \\2x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 &= 40 \cdot 10^3 \\2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 &= 32,5 \cdot 10^3\end{aligned}$$

Kemudian persamaan linear di atas dapat dijadikan bentuk umum $Ax = b$:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 40 \cdot 10^3 \\ 40 \cdot 10^3 \\ 32,5 \cdot 10^3 \end{bmatrix}$$

a. Eliminasi Gauss

Buat augmented matrix $[A|b]$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 3 & 0 & 2 & 40 \cdot 10^3 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 & 40 \cdot 10^3 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 32,5 \cdot 10^3 \end{array} \right]$$

Eliminasi $[A|b]$ hingga didapat matriks upper triangular $[U|Eb]$

$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \left[\begin{array}{ccc c} 3 & 0 & 2 & 40 \cdot 10^3 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 & 40 \cdot 10^3 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 32,5 \cdot 10^3 \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{ccc c} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 & 40 \cdot 10^3 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 32,5 \cdot 10^3 \end{array} \right]$ <p style="text-align: center;">M_{11}</p>	$R_1 = \frac{1}{3} R_1$ <p>Langkah menjadikan pivot=1 ini opsional tapi bisa memudahkan proses eliminasi.</p>
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$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \color{red}{1} & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 2 & 2 & 1 & \left 40 \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & \left 32.5 \cdot 10^3 \right. \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 2 & -\frac{1}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & \left 32.5 \cdot 10^3 \right. \end{bmatrix}$ <p>E_{21}</p>	Pivot = 1 $l_{21} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$ $R_2 = R_2 - 2 R_1$
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \color{red}{1} & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 2 & -\frac{1}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & \left 32.5 \cdot 10^3 \right. \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 2 & -\frac{1}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & \left \frac{35}{6} \cdot 10^3 \right. \end{bmatrix}$ <p>E_{31}</p>	Pivot = 1 $l_{31} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$ $R_3 = R_3 - 2 R_1$
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 2 & -\frac{1}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & \left \frac{35}{6} \cdot 10^3 \right. \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{6} & \left \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & \left \frac{35}{6} \cdot 10^3 \right. \end{bmatrix}$ <p>M_{22}</p>	$R_2 = \frac{1}{2} R_2$ Langkah menjadikan pivot=1 ini opsional tapi bisa memudahkan proses eliminasi
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & \color{red}{1} & -\frac{1}{6} & \left \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & \left \frac{35}{6} \cdot 10^3 \right. \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{6} & \left \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{6} & \left -\frac{5}{6} \cdot 10^3 \right. \end{bmatrix}$ <p>E_{32}</p>	Pivot = 1 $l_{32} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$ $R_3 = R_3 - R_2$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{6} \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{6} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \\ \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 \\ -\frac{5}{6} \cdot 10^3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1 + \frac{2}{3}x_3 = \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3$$

$$x_2 - \frac{1}{6}x_3 = \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3$$

$$-\frac{1}{6}x_3 = -\frac{5}{6} \cdot 10^3$$

Backward substitution

$$x_3 = \frac{-\frac{5}{6} \cdot 10^3}{-1/6} = 5 \cdot 10^3$$

$$x_2 = \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 + \frac{1}{6}x_3 = \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 5 \cdot 10^3 = \frac{40 + 5}{6} \cdot 10^3 = 7,5 \cdot 10^3$$

$$x_1 = \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 - \frac{2}{3}x_3 = \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 - \frac{2}{3} \cdot 5 \cdot 10^3 = \frac{40 - 10}{3} \cdot 10^3 = 10 \cdot 10^3$$

$$\therefore x_1 = 10 \cdot 10^3, \quad x_2 = 7,5 \cdot 10^3, \quad x_3 = 5 \cdot 10^3$$

Jadi, harga: 1 siomay Rp 10.000,00, 1 kentang Rp 7.500,00, dan 1 tahu Rp 5.000,00.

b. Eliminasi Gauss-Jordan

Eliminasi lagi $[U|Eb]$ hingga menjadi identitas $[I|x]$

$M_{33} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{6} & \left \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{6} & \left -\frac{5}{6} \cdot 10^3 \right. \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{6} & \left \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \left 5 \cdot 10^3 \right. \end{bmatrix}$	$R_3 = -6R_3$ Langkah menjadikan pivot=1 ini opsional tapi bisa memudahkan proses eliminasi
$E_{13} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{2}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \left \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{6} & \left \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{1} & \left 5 \cdot 10^3 \right. \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \left 10 \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{6} & \left \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \left 5 \cdot 10^3 \right. \end{bmatrix}$	Pivot = 1 $l_{13} = \frac{2/3}{1} = \frac{2}{3}$ $R_1 = R_1 - \frac{2}{3}R_3$
$E_{23} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{6} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \left 10 \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{6} & \left \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{1} & \left 5 \cdot 10^3 \right. \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \left 10 \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \left 7,5 \cdot 10^3 \right. \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \left 5 \cdot 10^3 \right. \end{bmatrix}$	Pivot = 1 $l_{23} = \frac{-1/6}{1} = -\frac{1}{6}$ $R_2 = R_2 - \left(-\frac{1}{6}\right)R_3$ $= R_2 + \frac{1}{6}R_3$

Solusi x ada di ruas kanan matriks $[I|x]$

$$\therefore x_1 = 10 \cdot 10^3, \quad x_2 = 7,5 \cdot 10^3, \quad x_3 = 5 \cdot 10^3$$

Jadi, harga: 1 siomay Rp 10.000,00, 1 kentang Rp 7.500,00, dan 1 tahu Rp 5.000,00.

c. Faktorisasi LU

Dari langkah eliminasi Gauss, kita sudah mendapatkan matriks eliminasi:

$$E = E_{32}M_{22}E_{31}E_{21}M_{11}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Kemudian matriks lower triangular bisa didapat dari inverse matriks eliminasi:

$$L = E^{-1}$$

$$= (M_{11})^{-1}(E_{21})^{-1}(E_{31})^{-1}(M_{22})^{-1}(E_{32})^{-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
&= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
&= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
&= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
&= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

Selesaikan $Lc = b$ untuk mendapatkan c dengan forward substitution

$$Lc = b$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 40 \cdot 10^3 \\ 40 \cdot 10^3 \\ 32,5 \cdot 10^3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$3c_1 = 40 \cdot 10^3$$

$$2c_1 + 2c_2 = 40 \cdot 10^3$$

$$2c_1 + c_2 + c_3 = 32,5 \cdot 10^3$$

$$c_1 = \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3$$

$$c_2 = \frac{40 \cdot 10^3 - 2c_1}{2} = \frac{40 \cdot 10^3 - 2 \cdot \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3}{2} = \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3$$

$$c_3 = 32,5 \cdot 10^3 - 2c_1 - c_2 = 32,5 \cdot 10^3 - 2 \cdot \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 - \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 = -\frac{5}{6} \cdot 10^3$$

Selesaikan $Ux = c$ untuk mendapatkan x dengan backward substitution

$$Ux = c$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{6} \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{6} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 \\ \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 \\ -\frac{5}{6} \cdot 10^3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1 + \frac{2}{3}x_3 = \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3$$

$$x_2 - \frac{1}{6}x_3 = \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3$$

$$-\frac{1}{6}x_3 = -\frac{5}{6} \cdot 10^3$$

$$x_3 = \frac{-\frac{5}{6} \cdot 10^3}{-1/6} = 5 \cdot 10^3$$

$$x_2 = \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 + \frac{1}{6} x_3 = \frac{20}{3} \cdot 10^3 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 5 \cdot 10^3 = \frac{40 + 5}{6} \cdot 10^3 = 7,5 \cdot 10^3$$

$$x_1 = \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 - \frac{2}{3} x_3 = \frac{40}{3} \cdot 10^3 - \frac{2}{3} \cdot 5 \cdot 10^3 = \frac{40 - 10}{3} \cdot 10^3 = 10 \cdot 10^3$$

$$\therefore x_1 = 10 \cdot 10^3, \quad x_2 = 7,5 \cdot 10^3, \quad x_3 = 5 \cdot 10^3$$

Jadi, harga: 1 siomay Rp 10.000,00, 1 kentang Rp 7.500,00, dan 1 tahu Rp 5.000,00.

Soal 2 (Susulan):

$$\begin{aligned} 2s - t + u + 5v &= -4 \\ 3t + u - 2v - 5w &= 7 \\ 4s - 5u + 10v &= 5 \\ 2u + 2v + 5w &= -1 \\ 5s - 3t - 4v - 8w &= 16 \end{aligned}$$

Cari solusi dari persamaan di atas menggunakan metode

- Eliminasi Gauss-Jordan
- Faktorisasi LU
- Cari invers matriks **A** dari persamaan **Ax = b** persamaan di atas.

Pembahasan

Persamaan-persamaan di atas diubah terlebih dahulu menjadi **Ax = b**

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 & -2 & -5 \\ 4 & 0 & -5 & 10 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 & 5 \\ 5 & -3 & 0 & -4 & -8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} s \\ t \\ u \\ v \\ w \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 7 \\ 5 \\ -1 \\ 16 \end{bmatrix}$$

Agar lebih ringkas, maka buat augmented matriks **[A | b]**

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} 2 & -1 & 1 & 5 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 & -2 & -5 & 7 \\ 4 & 0 & -5 & 10 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 & 5 & -1 \\ 5 & -3 & 0 & -4 & -8 & 16 \end{array} \right]$$

Eleminasi $[A \mid \mathbf{b}]$ hingga membentuk $[U \mid \mathbf{Eb}]$

[illegible]

Simpan U dan seluruh matriks eliminasi untuk digunakan pada Faktorisasi LU. Lanjutkan eliminasi hingga membentuk $[I | x]$

$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{23} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{23}{54} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{54}{133} & \frac{4}{133} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 & -2 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & -23 & 4 & 10 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{54}{23} & \frac{135}{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{133}{4} & \frac{133}{4} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{5}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{23} & -\frac{10}{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ <p style="text-align: center;">D</p>	$R_1 = \frac{1}{2}R_1 R_4 = \frac{23}{54}R_4$ $R_2 = \frac{1}{3}R_1 R_5 = \frac{4}{133}R_5$ $R_3 = -\frac{1}{23}R_3$ <p>Mempermudah proses eliminasi. Matriks D merupakan matriks diagonal yang menyimpan nilai diagonal matriks U</p>
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{5}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{23} & -\frac{10}{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{13}{6} & -\frac{5}{6} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{23} & -\frac{10}{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ <p style="text-align: center;">E_{12}</p>	$l_{12} = -\frac{1}{2}$ $R_1 = R_1 + \frac{1}{2}R_2$
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{2}{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{13}{6} & -\frac{5}{6} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{23} & -\frac{10}{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{105}{46} & -\frac{25}{46} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{23} & -\frac{10}{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ <p style="text-align: center;">E_{13}</p>	$l_{13} = \frac{2}{3}$ $R_1 = R_1 - \frac{2}{3}R_3$
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{105}{46} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{105}{46} & -\frac{25}{46} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{23} & -\frac{10}{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{25}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{23} & -\frac{10}{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ <p style="text-align: center;">E_{14}</p>	$l_{14} = \frac{105}{46}$ $R_1 = R_1 - \frac{105}{46}R_4$
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{25}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{25}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{23} & -\frac{10}{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{23} & -\frac{10}{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ <p style="text-align: center;">E_{15}</p>	$l_{15} = -\frac{25}{4}$ $R_1 = R_1 + \frac{25}{4}R_5$
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{23} & -\frac{10}{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{14}{23} & -\frac{35}{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{4}{23} & -\frac{10}{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ <p style="text-align: center;">E_{23}</p>	$l_{23} = \frac{1}{3}$ $R_2 = R_2 - \frac{1}{3}R_3$

$$\frac{5}{2}c_1 - \frac{1}{6}c_2 + \frac{7}{69}c_3 - \frac{793}{108}c_4 + c_5 = 16$$

$$c_1 = -4$$

$$c_2 = 7$$

$$c_3 = 3(5 - 2c_1 - \frac{2}{3}c_2) = 3[5 - 2(-4) - \frac{2}{3}(7)] = 25$$

$$c_4 = -1 + \frac{2}{23}c_3 = -1 + \frac{2}{23}(25) = \frac{27}{23}$$

$$c_5 = 16 - \frac{5}{2}c_1 + \frac{1}{6}c_2 - \frac{7}{69}c_3 + \frac{793}{108}c_4 = 16 - \frac{5}{2}(-4) + \frac{1}{6}(7) - \frac{7}{69}(25) + \frac{793}{108}(\frac{27}{23}) = \frac{133}{4}$$

Selesaikan $\mathbf{U}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{c}$ untuk mendapatkan \mathbf{x} dengan backward substitution

$$\mathbf{U}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{c}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 & -2 & -5 \\ & & -23 & 4 & 10 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{54}{23} & \frac{135}{23} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{133}{4} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} s \\ t \\ u \\ v \\ w \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 7 \\ 25 \\ \frac{27}{23} \\ \frac{133}{4} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2s - t + u + 5v = -4$$

$$3t + u - 2v - 5w = 7$$

$$-23u + 4v + 10w = 25$$

$$\frac{54}{23}v + \frac{135}{23}w = \frac{27}{23}$$

$$\frac{133}{4}w = \frac{133}{4}$$

$$w = \frac{133}{4} \cdot \frac{4}{133} = 1$$

$$v = \left[\frac{27}{23} - \frac{135}{23}w \right] \cdot \frac{23}{54} = \left[\frac{27}{23} - \frac{135}{23}(1) \right] \cdot \frac{23}{54} = -2$$

$$u = \frac{25 - 4v - 10w}{-23} = \frac{25 - 4(-2) - 10(1)}{-23} = -1$$

$$t = \frac{7 - u + 2v + 5w}{3} = \frac{7 - (-1) + 2(-2) + 5(1)}{3} = 3$$

$$s = \frac{-4 + t - u - 5v}{2} = \frac{-4 + (3) - (-1) - 5(-2)}{2} = 5$$

$$\therefore s = 5, \quad t = 3, \quad u = -1, \quad v = -2, \quad w = 1$$

c. Invers $Ax = b$.

$$E = E_{45}E_{34}E_{24}E_{23}E_{15}E_{14}E_{13}E_{12}DE_{54}E_{53}E_{43}M_{33}E_{52}E_{32}E_{51}E_{31}$$

$$E[A \mid I] = [EA \mid EI]$$

$$= [I \mid E]$$

Kita tahu bahwa, $A^{-1}A = I$. Jika $EA = A^{-1}A = I$, maka $E = A^{-1}$. Jika menggunakan MATLAB, kita akan mendapatkan nilai E sebagai berikut:

$$E = A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{290}{1197} & \frac{55}{513} & \frac{163}{1197} & \frac{461}{1130} & \frac{25}{133} \\ 2 & 7 & 1 & 7 & 0 \\ -\frac{9}{9} & \frac{27}{27} & \frac{9}{9} & \frac{27}{27} & 0 \\ \frac{2}{9} & \frac{2}{27} & \frac{1}{9} & \frac{2}{27} & 0 \\ \frac{83}{399} & -\frac{1}{171} & -\frac{4}{399} & -\frac{151}{1197} & -\frac{10}{133} \\ \frac{206}{1197} & \frac{14}{513} & \frac{58}{1197} & \frac{282}{1277} & \frac{4}{133} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E = A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.2423 & 0.1072 & 0.1362 & 0.4080 & 0.1880 \\ -0.2222 & 0.2593 & 0.1111 & 0.2593 & 0 \\ 0.2222 & 0.0741 & -0.1111 & 0.0741 & 0 \\ 0.2080 & -0.0058 & -0.0100 & -0.1261 & -0.0752 \\ -0.1721 & -0.0273 & 0.0485 & 0.2208 & 0.0301 \end{bmatrix}$$

MATLAB CODE:

```
clear all;close all;clc
E31 = [ 1 0 0 0 0;
        0 1 0 0 0;
        -2 0 1 0 0;
        0 0 0 1 0;
        0 0 0 0 1];

E51 = [ 1 0 0 0 0;
        0 1 0 0 0;
        0 0 1 0 0;
        0 0 0 1 0;
        -5/2 0 0 0 1];

E32 = [1 0 0 0 0;
        0 1 0 0 0;
        0 -2/3 1 0 0;
        0 0 0 1 0;
        0 0 0 0 1];

E52 = [1 0 0 0 0;
        0 1 0 0 0;
        0 0 1 0 0;
        0 0 0 1 0];
```

$$\begin{aligned}
& \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1/6 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; \\
M33 = & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; \\
E43 = & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 2/23 & 1 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; \\
E53 = & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & -7/69 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; \\
E54 = & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 793/108 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; \\
D = & \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & -1/23 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 23/54 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 4/133 \end{bmatrix}; \\
E12 = & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; \\
E13 = & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2/3 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; \\
E14 = & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -105/46 & 0; \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; \\
E15 = & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 25/4; \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; \\
E23 = & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 1 & -1/3 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0; \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; \\
E24 = & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0; \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 14/23 & 0 \end{bmatrix};
\end{aligned}$$

```

0 0 1 0 0;
0 0 0 1 0;
0 0 0 0 1];

```

```

E34 = [1 0 0 0 0;
0 1 0 0 0;
0 0 1 4/23 0;
0 0 0 1 0;
0 0 0 0 1];

```

```

E45 = [1 0 0 0 0;
0 1 0 0 0;
0 0 1 0 0;
0 0 0 1 -5/2;
0 0 0 0 1];

```

```

E = E45*E34*E24*E23*E15*E14*E13*E12*D*E54*E53*E43*M33*E52*E32*E51*E31;

```

```

b = [-4;7;5;-1;16];

```

```

A = [2 -1 1 5 0;
0 3 1 -2 -5;
4 0 -5 10 0;
0 0 2 2 5;
5 -3 0 -4 -

```