

String

A string is a sequence of characters.

Computer don't deal with characters, they deal with numbers(binary). Even though you may see character on your screen, internally it is stored and manipulated as a combination of 0's and 1's.

This conversion of characters to a number called encoding, and the reverse process is decoding. ASCII and Unicode are some of the popular encoding used.

In Python, String is a sequence of unicode character.

How to Create a String

```
mystring = "hello hi"  
print(mystring)
```

```
mystring = 'hello hi '  
print(mystring)
```

```
mystring = '''hello hi'''  
print(mystring)
```

```
"""  
    HARSHRAJ SINGH  
"""
```

```
hello hi  
hello hi  
hello hi
```

```
'\n HARSHRAJ SINGH\n'
```

How to Access Character in String

```
mystring = "hello"
```

```
#print first character  
print(mystring[4])
```

```
#print last character of string using negative indexing  
print(mystring[-4])
```

```
#slicing of 2nd and 5th character  
print(mystring[2:5])
```

```
o  
e  
llo
```

If we try to access index out of range or use decimal number, we get errors.

```
mystring = "Hello"  
print(mystring[15])
```

```
-----  
-----  
IndexError                                Traceback (most recent call  
last)
```

```
<ipython-input-4-82c118c2c835> in <module>  
      1 mystring = "Hello"  
----> 2 print(mystring[15])
```

IndexError: string index out of range

```
print(mystring[1.5])
```

```
-----  
-----  
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call  
last)
```

```
<ipython-input-5-ed7a544e721c> in <module>  
----> 1 print(mystring[1.5])
```

TypeError: string indices must be integers

How to change or Delete character in String

Strings are immutable. This means that elements of a string can't be changed once it has been assigned.

We can simply reassign different string to the same name.

```
mystring = "hello"  
mystring[4] = 'i' # strings are immutable.
```

```
-----  
-----  
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call  
last)
```

```
<ipython-input-6-660da19442f4> in <module>  
      1 mystring = "hello"  
----> 2 mystring[4] = 'i' # strings are immutable.
```

TypeError: 'str' object does not support item assignment

We can't delete or remove characters from string. But delete entire string is possible using the keyword del.

```
del mystring
```

```
print(mystring)
```

```
-----  
-----  
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call  
last)  
<ipython-input-8-fe4c199fc922> in <module>  
----> 1 print(mystring)
```

NameError: name 'mystring' is not defined

String operations

```
s1 = "hello !"
```

```
s2 = "Harsh raj singh "
```

```
print(id(s2))
```

```
# concatenation of 2 strings
```

```
print( s2 + s1 )
```

```
# repeat string n times
```

```
print(s2*3)
```

```
s2 = s1
```

```
print(s2)
```

```
print(id(s2))
```

```
2390533614520
```

```
Harsh raj singh hello !
```

```
Harsh raj singh Harsh raj singh Harsh raj singh
```

```
hello !
```

```
2390534314336
```

Iteration through strings

```
count = 0
```

```
for l in "hello word":
```

```
    if l=='o':
```

```
        count += 1
```

```
print(count, 'letter found')
```

```
2 letter found
```

String membership test

```
print('a' in "hello word" ) # in operator to test membership
```

False

```
print('wo' in "hello word" )
```

True

String Methods

some of the commonly used methods are lower(), upper(), join(), split(), find(), replace() etc.

```
'HELLO HI'.lower()
```

'hello hi'

```
'hello hi'.upper()
```

'HELLO HI'

```
" This will split all words in a list".split()
```

```
['This', 'will', 'split', 'all', 'words', 'in', 'a', 'list']
```

```
" This will split all words in a list".upper().split()
```

```
['THIS', 'WILL', 'SPLIT', 'ALL', 'WORDS', 'IN', 'A', 'LIST']
```

```
' '.join(['THIS', 'WILL', 'SPLIT', 'ALL', 'WORDS', 'IN', 'A', 'LIST'])
```

'THISWILLSPLITALLWORDSINALIST'

```
' '.join(['THIS', 'WILL', 'SPLIT', 'ALL', 'WORDS', 'IN', 'A', 'LIST'])
```

'THIS WILL SPLIT ALL WORDS IN A LIST'

```
' '.join(['THIS', 'WILL', 'SPLIT', 'ALL', 'WORDS', 'IN', 'A', 'LIST']).lower()
```

'this will split all words in a list'

```
"Good Morning".find("o")
```

```
"Bad morning".replace('Bad', 'very Good')
```

```
s1 = "Bad morning"
```

```
s2 = s1.replace('Bad', 'Good')  
print(s1)
```

```
print(s2)
```

Python Program to check where a string is palindrome or not ?

```
mystr = "AabbbbaA"

# convert entire string to either lower and upper case
mystr = mystr.lower()

#reverse string
revstr = reversed(mystr)

# check if the string is equal to its reverse
if list(mystr) == list(revstr):
    print("given string is palindrome")
else :
    print("given string is not palindrome")

given string is palindrome
```

Python program to Sort the Words in Alphabetic order ?

```
mystr = "Python program to Sort the Words in Alphabetic order Harsh  
harsh raj singh"
# break the string into list of words
words = mystr.split()
print(words)
print("")

#short the list
words.sort()

# print sorted words are
for word in words:
    print(word)

['Python', 'program', 'to', 'Sort', 'the', 'Words', 'in',  
'Alphabetic', 'order', 'Harsh', 'harsh', 'raj', 'singh']
```

Alphabetic
Harsh
Python
Sort
Words
harsh
in
order
program
raj
singh
the
to

