

Reccursion Note:

Reccursive Function Exmample

```
def recursive_sum(arr):  
    # Base case: If the array is empty, the sum is 0.  
    if not arr:  
        return 0  
    # Recursive case: Calculate the sum of elements using recursion.  
    else:  
        # The sum is the first element plus the sum of the rest of the elements.  
        return arr[0] + recursive_sum(arr[1:])  
  
print(recursive_sum([1,2,3,4,5]))
```

Algorithm Explanation:

Now, let's walk through the function execution step by step for `recursive_sum([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])`:

`recursive_sum([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])` is called.

The base case is checked: The array is not empty, so we move to the else block.

Inside the else block:

a. We return `1 + recursive_sum([2, 3, 4, 5])`.

Now, the recursive call is `recursive_sum([2, 3, 4, 5])`:

`recursive_sum([2, 3, 4, 5])` is called.

The base case is checked: The array is not empty, so we move to the else block.

Inside the else block:

a. We return `2 + recursive_sum([3, 4, 5])`

Then We Call `recursive_sum([3, 4, 5])`

We return `3 + recursive_sum([4, 5])`

Then We Call `recursive_sum([4, 5])`

We return `4 + recursive_sum([5])`

Then We Call `recursive_sum([5])`

We return `5 + recursive_sum([])`

Importance Come Here Now Our Array is Empty

That Means When We Call `recursive_sum([])` It Return 1 As Per Condition We Set In The Function.

From Now recursive([]) returns 1 the magic starts from here the steps we store/ returned liked lets give each step a sequence.

```
{  
    1. recursive_sum([1,2,3,4,5]) = return 1 + recursive_sum([2, 3, 4, 5])  
    2. recursive_sum([2,3,4,5]) = return 2 + recursive_sum([3, 4, 5]),  
    3. recursive_sum([3,4,5]) = return 3 + recursive_sum([4, 5]),  
    4. recursive_sum([4,5]) = return 4 + recursive_sum([5]),  
    5. recursive_sum([5]) = return 5+ recursive_sum([]),  
}
```

Now lets Complete The Summing

We have Returned 0 From recursive_sum([]);

Son in Number 5 we have return 5+ recursive_sum([]);

As recursive_sum([]) = 0

So return 5 + recursive_sum([]) = 5+0 = 5 that means recursive_sum([5]) return 5;

Then come to No 4 . We have recursive_sum([4, 5])=return 4 + recursive_sum([5])

The result of recursive_sum([5]) is 5 So,

return 4 + recursive_sum([5]) = 4+5 = 9 that means recursive_sum([4, 5]) return 9;

Then come to No.3 We Have recursive_sum([3,4,5]) = return 3 + recursive_sum([4, 5]),

The result of recursive_sum([4, 5]) is 9 So,

return 3 + recursive_sum([4, 5]) = 3+9 = 12, That means recursive_sum([3,4,5]) return 12,

Then come to No.2 We Have recursive_sum([2,3,4,5]) = return 2 + recursive_sum([3, 4, 5]),

The result of recursive_sum([3,4, 5]) is 12 So,

return 2 + recursive_sum([3,4, 5]) = 2+12 = 14, That means recursive_sum([2,3,4,5]) return 12,

Then come to No.1 We Have recursive_sum([1,2,3,4,5]) = return 1 + recursive_sum([2,3, 4, 5]),

The result of recursive_sum([2,3,4, 5]) is 14 So,

return 1 + recursive_sum([2,3,4, 5]) = 1+14 = 15, That means recursive_sum([1,2,3,4,5]) return 15

That's The Result We Get From recursive_sum([1,2,3,4,5]) is 15;