Missouri State University Department of Computer Science

Assignment 1: Evolutionary Computing Summer 2025

Submission Instructions

Students must follow these submission guidelines to receive full credit:

1. Submission:

- Submit a single compressed '.zip' file containing all source files (Python scripts) and PDF report for conceptual questions.
- 2. File Naming Convention: Name your '.zip' file as: FirstName_LastName_EC_AS1.zip
- 3. **Deadline:** Submit your assignment by June 16^{th} 2025.
- 4. Academic Integrity:
 - Your submission must be your own work.
 - Plagiarism will result in a zero grade and possible disciplinary action.

Objective

This assignment aims to develop your understanding of local search algorithms by implementing the **Hill Climbing** technique to solve the classic **8-Puzzle Problem**. You will write code to generate puzzle instances, compute heuristic costs, generate neighbor states, and implement the Hill Climbing algorithm using a given visualization function.

1. Problem Statement

The 8-puzzle consists of a 3×3 board with tiles numbered from 1 to 8 and one blank tile. The objective is to reach the goal state:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

You are provided with a function to visualize a puzzle board and a function to generate a random 8-puzzle instance from the goal state by applying a series of valid random moves. You are required to implement all other necessary components to solve the puzzle using Hill Climbing.

Tasks

Q1. Implementation Tasks

Implement the following functions in Python:

- 1. A heuristic function that calculates the number of misplaced tiles.
- 2. A function to generate all valid neighbor states from the current configuration.
- 3. The Hill Climbing algorithm using the above components to solve the puzzle.
- 4. Use the provided visualize_8_puzzle() function to display the puzzle state at each step.

Q2. Evaluation and Observation

- 1. Run your code with at least 3 different initial states and record the output.
- 2. Capture and include screenshots or plots for:
 - One run that reaches the goal state.
 - One run that gets stuck in a local minimum.
- 3. Briefly explain the behavior of your algorithm in both cases.

Q3. Conceptual Questions

1. What are the main limitations of the Hill Climbing approach in this problem?

2. Problem Description

The 8-Queens problem requires placing 8 queens on an 8×8 chessboard so that no two queens threaten each other. This means no two queens may share the same row, column, or diagonal. You are provided with a Python function that visualizes the current board state and its associated cost (number of attacking queen pairs). You must implement the remaining components of the algorithm.

Tasks

Q1. Implementation Tasks

Implement the following components in Python:

- 1. A function to generate a random 8-Queens state represented by a list of 8 integers, where the i-th value indicates the row of the queen in column i.
- 2. A heuristic function that computes the number of pairs of queens that are attacking each other.
- 3. A function to generate possible neighbors of the current state by changing the position of one queen at a time.
- 4. The Hill Climbing algorithm to search for a non-attacking configuration.
- 5. Use the provided visualize_queens() function to visualize the board at each step.

Q2. Evaluation

- 1. Run your code with at least 5 different random initial states. For each run, report:
 - The initial state and its heuristic value.
 - The final state and its heuristic value.
- 2. Include at least one case where the algorithm gets stuck in a local minimum and does not find a complete solution.

Q3. Conceptual Questions

- 1. Why does Hill Climbing sometimes get stuck in local minima in the 8-Queens problem?
- 2. Explain how random restarts help mitigate this issue.