## **EucFACE Parameter list**

Last modified: 6/8/2013

# **General site description**

Site elevation: 22 m a.s.l.

Site N deposition: 0.3 g N m-2 yr-1 (estimated at half that of Duke; Oren et al. 2001 Nature)

Atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> concentration (unenriched, background): 390 μmol mol<sup>-1</sup>

There are six plots at EucFACE, centred at:

```
One = -33.616402°, 150.738033°; Two = -33.617018°, 150.738492°; Three =-33.619023°, 150.738214°; Four = -33.618137°, 150.738569°; Five = -33.618268°, 150.737592°; Six = -33.617503°, 150.737745
```

These plots are hexadecagons that are 25m in diameter, with 32 vertical stand pipes for CO<sub>2</sub> release.

**Table 1.** Biometrical description for plots/ trees:

Plot	Ν	Tree	Dom/Codom	Basal	Quad.	Diam	Est	Ht-max
	stems <sup>1</sup>	density	tree stems	area	Diam <sup>2</sup>	mean	Biomass <sup>3</sup>	
No.	No.	No./ha	No.	m²/ha	cm	cm	Mg/ha	m
1	30	611	20	25.2	23.1	21.8	385	24.1
2	41	835	13	24.3	20.1	18.0	348	23.7
3	39	795	19	25.9	20.5	19.3	187	20.5
4	55	896	22	20.9	17.2	16.6	187	18.8
5	54	1019	19	38.0	22.0	20.7	189	22.2
6	44	815	10	29.0	22.5	20.0	228	22.7

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Total number of stems includes trees and shrubs > 2m tall (shrubs counted as one stem). The dominant species is *Eucalyptus tereticornis* Sm. accounting for >95% of all tree stems.

**Note**: All estimates below are for the stand at EucFACE or for measurements of dominant/codom. *Eucalyptus tereticornis* trees from this stand unless otherwise indicated

## Soil extractable water and texture

Total plant extractable soil water = 300mm Rooting depth = 2m

Effective field capacity = 530mm (=0.265 m3 m-3)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> At breast height of 1.3m. All trees > 6 cm dbh.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This estimate uses allometry of trees from Williams et al. (2006) that is off-site, from different species and different soils than the actual research site.

Effective wilting point = 230mm (=0.115 m3 m-3)

*Notes:* 'effective' because it averages over the different soil layers (taking into account differences in texture, bulk density, wilting points estimated from release curves).

Field capacity was estimated from actual total storage estimates based on neutron probe measurements. This is fairly high because the soil drains poorly/slowly, so more water is actually available to the plant.

Surface soil texture (upper 45 cm) for Clarenden sand:  $80 \pm 8\%$  sand,  $9 \pm 5\%$  silt,  $11 \pm 3\%$  clay

Source: Teresa Gimeno, Burhan Amiji & D. Ellsworth

## Soil chemical and physical properties for the EucFACE site

**Table 2.** Texture class and bulk density (mean  $\pm$  SD n = 3) at each specific soil depth.

Depth (cm)	Class	Bulk density (g cm <sup>-3</sup> )	
0-15	Loamy sand	1.47 ± 0.18	
15-30	Loamy sand	1.57 ± 0.01	
30-45	Loamy sand	1.70 ± 0.05	
45-60	Sandy clay loam	1.77 ± 0.05	
100-140	Sandy clay loam	1.82 ± 0.09	
135-180	Sandy clay loam	1.69 ± 0.15	
200-215	Sandy clay loam	1.82 ± 0.04	
250-270	Sandy clay loam	1.76 ± 0.05	
300-315	Sandy clay loam	1.74 ± 0.03	
350-400	Clay	1.62 ± 0.15	
400-415	Clay	$1.70 \pm 0.05$	
450-465 Clay		1.58 ± 0.02	

**Table 3.** Soil nutrient concentration (mean  $\pm$  SD, n = 6) at different soil depths, from samples collected in autumn 2012 (pre-treatment)

Depth (cm)	Total N¹ (mg/kg)	Total P <sup>2</sup> (mg/kg)	Extractable P <sup>3</sup> (mg/kg)	ОМ⁴ (%)	Organic C⁴ (%)
0-15	670±282	58.8±23.9	3.5±1.4	1.77±0.8	1.02±0.45
15-45	185±123.7	22.2±17.7	2.8±1.7	<0.5	<0.5
100-115	80±54.8	37.8±14.3	<1.0	<0.5	<0.5

Source: Teresa E. Gimeno, Burhan Amiji, David S. Ellsworth

## Specific leaf area (SLA)

SLA at the top of the canopy:  $43.7 \pm 1.5$  cm<sup>2</sup> g<sup>-1</sup> dry mass (age>6 months),  $56.8 \pm 1.6$  (age ~2 months, fully-expanded and mature).

Source: K. Crous, Teresa Gimeno & D. Ellsworth

#### Leaf N concentration

Leaf N concentration, top of the canopy,: 18.5  $\pm$ 0.4 mg g<sup>-1</sup> dry mass (age>6 months), 15.9 mg g<sup>-1</sup> dry mass (age  $^{\sim}$ 2 months, fully-expanded).

Leaf P concentration, top of the canopy,:  $0.85 \pm 0.02$  mg g<sup>-1</sup> dry mass (age>6 months).

Source: K. Crous & D. Ellsworth

## Leaf C:N ratio

Green leaf C:N: 28.7 ± 0.6 g g<sup>-1</sup> dry mass; dead leaf C:N: 66.3 g g<sup>-1</sup> dry mass

Source: K. Crous & D. Ellsworth

## Leaf width

267mm (SE = 14)

Source: Ben Moore

## Vcmax and Jmax

 $V_{cmax}/N = 15.6 \mu mol s^{-1} [g N]^{-1} (at 22^{\circ}C)$  $J_{max}/N = 31.5 \mu mol s^{-1} [g N]^{-1} (at 22^{\circ}C)$ 

Source: K. Crous, Teresa Gimeno & D. Ellsworth

## Leaf lignin

Leaf lignin: 13-16% dry mass in Eucalyptus punctata

Source: Eucalyptus punctata in Cork et al. (1983) J. Comparative Physiol. 153: 181-190

#### **Leaf turnover**

Leaf lifespan: 18 months (estimate)

Source: D. Ellsworth, P. Reich & K. Crous

#### Root turnover

Root lifespan: 18 months (first-order estimate, consistent with leaf lifespan)

Source: Pinus in Matamala et al. (2003) Science, 302, 1385–1387; and Pritchard et al. (2008)

Global Change Biology 14: 588-602

# **Wood density**

Mean wood density (basic density; mean  $\pm$  SD): 0.766  $\pm$  0.06 g cm<sup>-3</sup> (n = 34)

Source: Teresa Gimeno

# Stomatal conductance parameters

 $g_1$  parameter from stomatal model (Medlyn et al. 2011): 2.78 ± 0.12 (unitless; mean ± SE, df = 106)

 $g_0$  parameter from stomatal model (Medlyn et al. 2011): -0.059 mol m<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> ± 0.016

Source: Teresa Gimeno, K. Crous, & D. Ellsworth

# **Biomass partitioning**

Partitioning of NPP: 31% leaf production, 37% fine root production, 32% wood production (prefer using one-third each as estimates aren't this precise)

Source: Eucalyptus pauciflora stand, Keith et al. Plant and Soil 196: 81–99, 1997

From Keith et al. fractions of wood in standing biomass of *E. pauciflora* is:

 Twigs
 2%

 Branches
 24%

 Bark
 7%

 Stem
 67%

### Leaf area index

LAI site is ~1.5

Source: Remko Duursma

#### Microbial biomass

**Table 4.** Size of bacteria, fungi and nematode communities in number of DNA copies (16S DNA gene copies for Bacteria, 18S DNA gene copies for Fungi and Nematodes).

Depth (c	cm)	Bacteria.mean	Fungi.mean	Nematodes.mean	

0.45	205450200 666667	450027407 222222	755 50466666667
0-15	205450308.666667	150937197.333333	755.591666666667
15-30	54465422500	341693310673.333	8980.88333333333
30-45	448280816.666667	3344054.16666667	315.383333333333
45-60	488508477.333333	13915527.45	322.716666666667
100-115	485441818.181818	299611.109090909	127.236363636364
100-116	1.31e+09	30800	10
150-165	77969854583.3333	103070755.183333	9205162.64166667
200-215	1001726370	761613758.333333	152.863333333333
250-265	282252666.666667	30532753.4166667	23.315
300-315	1224795950	6729069.58849167	10700345.4641667
350-365	1556834500	1034881690	852.325
400-415	2910108481.81818	418451850	1625.7
400-425	5.47e+08	3.46e+09	253

Source: Barbara Drigo