RUM 2 (RNA-Seq Unified Mapper)

Mike DeLaurentis

University of Pennsylvania

August 15, 2012

- Intro
- 2 The RUM pipeline
- Tour of the new RUM
 - Installation
 - Command-line interface
 - Job state management
 - Work distribution
- Web resources
- Demo



- Intro
- 2 The RUM pipeline
- 3 Tour of the new RUM
 - Installation
 - Command-line interface
 - Job state management
 - Work distribution
- Web resources
- Demo

Who am I?

- Working at Penn (ITMAT) since January
- Software engineering background
- Experience in a variety of languages, (Perl, Java, Clojure (lisp), Python, Ruby)
- ... and applications

What is RUM?

- "RUM is an alignment, junction calling, and feature quantification pipeline specifically designed for Illumina RNA-Seq data"
- Written by Gregory Grant (ggrant@grant.org)
- Runs on Linux / UNIX / Mac
- Can distribute work across multiple machines

What is RUM?

Inputs

- RNA-Seq reads
- FASTA or FASTQ
- Paired or single

Outputs

- Unique and non-unique alignments
- Coverage plots
- Feature quantifications
- Junction calls
- List of novel inferred internal exons



- Intro
- 2 The RUM pipeline
- 3 Tour of the new RUM
 - Installation
 - Command-line interface
 - Job state management
 - Work distribution
- Web resources
- Demo

Phase 1: Preprocessing

- Perform some quality checks on reads
- Split reads into N chunks
- Allows reads to be processed by N nodes on a cluster

Phase 2: Processing

- Align all reads against genome using Bowtie
- Align all reads against transcriptome using Bowtie
- Merge genome and transcriptome alignments and identify unmapped reads
- Align unmapped reads against genome using BLAT
- "This leverages the advantages of both genome and transcriptome mapping as well as combining the speed of Bowtie with the sensitivity and flexibility of Blat."
- Merge Bowtie and Blat alignments



Phase 3: Postprocessing

- Merge alignments for all chunks together
- Produce coverage plots, junction files
- Find novel internal exons
- Generate some reports

- 1 Intro
- 2 The RUM pipeline
- Tour of the new RUM
 - Installation
 - Command-line interface
 - Job state management
 - Work distribution
- 4 Web resources
- Demo



RUM 2 Goals

- More code reuse for maintainability
- Improve inter-process communication
- More robust job state management
- Automated tests

Enhancements in RUM 2

- Standard installation process
- New command-line interface
- Get status of running job
- Restart a job where it left off
- More reliable kill command
- Run a chunk or postprocessing by itself
- Relocatable indexes
- SAM file is closer to conforming to standard

Installing RUM

- Uses standard Perl Makefile.PL
- Should be familiar to system administrators
- Download tarball from https://github.com/PGFI/rum/downloads
- perl Makefile.PL
- make install (optional)
- Then install indexes...

Installing Indexes

- RUM needs an index for each organism you want to align against
- Index includes genome, gene annotations, and binary index files for Bowtie
- Run rum_indexes; it will guide you through the process

Command-line interface

Usage is rum_runner ACTION [OPTIONS] where action is one of:

- align Run an alignment
- status Check the status of a job
- stop Stop a job (can be restarted later)
- kill Stop a job and clean it up (to restart from scratch)
- clean Remove output files for a job
- help Get help
- version Show version number

Running an alignment

Use rum_runner align to run an alignment:

```
rum_runner align \
  --output dir \
  --index ~/rum_indexes/hg19 \
  --name TestJob \
  --chunks 25 \
  ~/samples/forward.fq ~/samples/reverse.fq
```

Job status

 Use rum_runner status to check on the status of a running job.

```
Processing in 25 chunks
```

```
X XXX
     XX XX XXXX XXXXX
                      Run bowtie on transcriptome
X XXX
     XX XX XXXX XXXXX Parse transcriptome Bowtie output
X XXX
    XX XX XXXX XXXXX Merge unique mappers together
X XXX
     XX XX XXXX XXXXX Merge non-unique mappers together
X XXX XX XXXX XXXXX Make unmapped reads file for blat
X XXX XX XXXX XXXXX Run blat on unmapped reads
X XXX
     XX XX XXXX XXXXX
                      Run mdust on unmapped reads
                XXXXX Parse blat output
X XXX
     XX XX XXXX
X XXX
     XX XX XXXX
                XXXXX
                      Merge bowtie and blat results
X XX
      XX XX
           XXX
                 XXXX
                      Clean up RUM files
X XX
      XX XX
            XXX
                 XXXX
                      Produce RUM_Unique
X XX
      XX XX
           XXX
                 XXXX
                      Sort RUM Unique by location
X X
      XX XX
           XXX
                 XXXX
                      Sort cleaned non-unique mappers by ID
X X
      XX XX
           XXX
                 XXXX
                      Remove duplicates from NU
X X
      XX XX
           XXX
                 XXXX Create SAM file
X X
      XX XX
           XXX
                 XXXX Create non-unique stats
X X
      XX XX
            XXX
                 XXXX
                      Sort RUM_NU
X X
      XX XX
            XXX
                 XXXX
                      Generate quants
```

Job status

Postprocessing

```
X Merge RUM_NU files
X Make non-unique coverage
X Merge RUM_Unique files
X Compute mapping statistics
X Make unique coverage
X Finish mapping stats
X Merge SAM headers
X Concatenate SAM files
X Merge quants
 make_junctions
 Sort junctions (all, bed) by location
 Sort junctions (all, rum) by location
 Sort junctions (high-quality, bed) by location
 Get inferred internal exons
 Quantify novel exons
All the chunk error log files are empty. That's good.
Main error log file is empty. That's good.
```

RUM is running (job ids 815718, 815720).

Job state management

- Model the workflow as a state machine
- A completed step transitions the job from one state to another
- Stitch steps together into a workflow
- Determine the state of a job by looking at which output files exist
- Similar to GNU Make (but simpler)
- Basis for a lot of additional features

Recovering from errors



- In case of failure...
- RUM 2 allows easier recovery
- Running "rum_runner align" again, RUM will determine what state the job was in when it failed
- Just resumes at the next uncompleted step
- Can save a lot of time when recovering from infrastructure failure

Killing a job

- To stop a job and remove all of its output:
 - rum_runner kill -o dir
- Useful if you've run a job with incorrect parameters and need to start over



- Automatic support for one multi-core machine (will run each chunk in a separate process by default)
- Built-in support for Sun Grid Engine, with --qsub option
- Easily extensible for other platforms

For other platforms, you can either extend a Perl class to provide support, or set up some scripts to run the parts of the job on different machines:

For other platforms, you can either extend a Perl class to provide support, or set up some scripts to run the parts of the job on different machines:

Run preprocessing alone:

```
rum_runner -o <dir> --preprocess
```

For other platforms, you can either extend a Perl class to provide support, or set up some scripts to run the parts of the job on different machines:

Run preprocessing alone:

Run chunks one at a time:

For other platforms, you can either extend a Perl class to provide support, or set up some scripts to run the parts of the job on different machines:

Run preprocessing alone:

Run chunks one at a time:

```
rum_runner -o <dir> --process --chunk 8
```

Run postprocessing alone:

```
rum_runner -o <dir> --preprocess
```

- Intro
- 2 The RUM pipeline
- Tour of the new RUM
 - Installation
 - Command-line interface
 - Job state management
 - Work distribution
- Web resources
- Demo

Web resources

```
Main github page https://github.com/PGFI/rum

User guide https://github.com/PGFI/rum/wiki

Issues https://github.com/PGFI/rum/issues

Downloads https://github.com/PGFI/rum/downloads
```

- 1 Intro
- 2 The RUM pipeline
- 3 Tour of the new RUM
 - Installation
 - Command-line interface
 - Job state management
 - Work distribution
- Web resources
- Demo