

GSD 6349 Mapping II : Geosimulation  
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class Lattice()

Lattice() provides numerous methods for storing data in and retrieving data from a two-dimension grid- for use with cellular automata and agent-based models designed in Processing.

```
//////////  
//  
// METHODS //  
//  
//////////
```

```
Lattice(int _w, int _h)  
Lattice( int _w, int _h, float val )  
Lattice(int _w, int _h, float _min, float _max )  
Lattice(int _w, int _h, float _min, float _max, String _round )  
Lattice(int _w, int _h, int _min, int _max )  
Lattice(int _w, int _h, int _min, int _max, float prob )
```

```
void      replaceWith( Lattice l )  
void      put( int x, int y, float val )  
void      put( PVector pv )  
float     get( int x, int y )  
float     getNorm( int x, int y )  
PVector   getcell( int x, int y )  
PImage    getPImage()  
float[][] getlattice()  
void      lock( int x, int y )  
void      unlock( int x, int y )  
void      lockAll()  
void      unlockAll()  
float     max()  
float     min()  
float     average()  
PVector[] histogram()
```

```
//////////  
//  CONSTRUCTORS  //  
//////////
```

```
/*+++++*/
```

```
Lattice(int _w, int _h)
```

```
    INPUTS
```

```
        int w the width of the lattice (columns)  
        int h the height of the lattice (rows)  
        creates a w x h lattice initialized with the value 0.
```

```
/*+++++*/
```

```
Lattice( int _w, int _h, float val )
```

```
    INPUTS
```

```
        int w the width of the lattice (columns)  
        int h the height of the lattice (rows)  
        float val desired initial value  
        creates a w x h lattice initialized with the value val.
```

```
/*+++++*/
```

```
Lattice(int _w, int _h, float _min, float _max )
```

```
    INPUTS
```

```
        int w the width of the lattice (columns)  
        int h the height of the lattice (rows)  
        float min minimum random value of lattice  
        float max maximum random value of lattice  
        creates a w x h lattice populated with random values [min,max]
```

```
/*+++++*/
```

```
Lattice(int _w, int _h, float _min, float _max, String _round )
```

```
    INPUTS
```

```
        int w width of the lattice (columns)  
        int h height of the lattice (rows)  
        float min minimum random value of lattice  
        float max maximum random value of lattice  
        String round enter the word "ROUND"
```

when the word "ROUND" is entered as the last parameter, a lattice  
of size w x h is created with random INTEGER values between [min,max]

```
/*+++++*/
```

```
Lattice(int _w, int _h, int _min, int _max )
```

```
    INPUTS
```

```
        int  w    the width of the lattice (columns)
        int  h    the height of the lattice (rows)
        int  min  minimum random dichotomous value of lattice
        int  max  maximum random dichotomous value of lattice
when min and max are forced to be INTs, it creates a WxH sized lattice
populated with random values that are EITHER min OR max
```

```
/*+++++*/
```

```
Lattice(int _w, int _h, int _min, int _max, float prob )
```

```
    INPUTS
```

```
        int  w    the width of the lattice (columns)
        int  h    the height of the lattice (rows)
        int  min  minimum random dichotomous value of lattice
        int  max  maximum random dichotomous value of lattice
        float prob the probability of a cell being value 'max'

when min and max are forced to be INTs, by using this constructor, it
creates a WxH sized lattice populated with random values that are
EITHER min OR max. where max is generated with a probability of 'prob'
and min is generated with a probability of '1-prob'.
```

```
//////////  
//  PUT METHODS  //  
//////////
```

```
/*+++++*/
```

```
void          replaceWith( Lattice l )
```

```
    replaces the current lattice with the Lattice l of the  
    input. if the incoming lattice is of a different size the current  
    one, W and H are updated to match the new size.
```

```
/*+++++*/
```

```
void          put( int x, int y, float val )
```

```
    INPUTS
```

```
        int x the x coordinate of the cell being updated  
        int y the y coordinate of the cell being updated  
        float val the value being put into cell x,y
```

```
/*+++++*/
```

```
void          put( PVector pv )
```

```
    INPUTS
```

```
        PVector pv stores value pv.z at cell location pv.x, pv.y
```

```

//////////
//  GET METHODS  //
//////////

/*+++++*/

float      get( int x, int y )

    INPUTS
        int x the x-coordinate of the cell being accessed
        int y the y-coordinate of the cell being accessed
    OUTPUT
        returns the value of the cell at location x,y

/*+++++*/

float      getNorm( int x, int y)

    INPUTS
        int x the x-coordinate of the cell being accessed
        int y the y-coordinate of the cell being accessed
    OUTPUT
        returns the normalized value of the cell at location x,y scaled between 0.0
        and 1.0 where 0.0 corresponds to the minimum value of the lattice and 1.0
        corresponds to the maximum value of the lattice

/*+++++*/

PVector    getcell( int x, int y)
    INPUTS
        int x the x-coordinate of the cell being accessed
        int y the y-coordinate of the cell being accessed
    OUTPUT
        returns a PVector with the following:
        PVector.x the x-coordinate of the cell being accessed
        PVector.y the y-coordinate of the cell being accessed
        PVector.z the value of the cell located at x,y

/*+++++*/

PImage     getPImage()

Returns an image of the entire lattice with the minmum value mapped to the
color 0,0,0 and the maximum value mapped to the color 255,255,255

/*+++++*/
float[][]   getlattice()

Returns the lattice as a 2D float Array.

```

```

        ////////////////////////////////////
        //  SET ACCESS METHODS  //
        ////////////////////////////////////

/*++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++*/

void lock( int x, int y)

    INPUTS
        int x the x-coordinate of the cell being locked
        int y the y-coordinate of the cell being locked

    simply locks a cell so that its value cannot be modified
    by put methods.

/*++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++*/

void unlock( int x, int y)

    INPUTS
        int x the x-coordinate of the cell being unlocked
        int y the y-coordinate of the cell being unlocked

    unlocks a previous locked cell so that its value can
    again be modified by put methods.

/*++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++*/

void lockAll()

    locks all values of a lattice so that none can be modified
    it is a read-only operation.

/*++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++*/

void unlockAll()

    unlocks all cells.

```

```
//////////  
// BASIC LATTICE STATS //  
//////////
```

```
/*+++++*/
```

```
float  max()
```

```
    returns the maximum value stored in the Lattice.
```

```
/*+++++*/
```

```
float  min()
```

```
    returns the minimum value stored in the lattice
```

```
/*+++++*/
```

```
float  average()
```

```
    returns the average value stored in the lattice
```

```
/*+++++*/
```

```
PVector[]  histogram()
```

```
    creates a histogram of the values in the Lattice.  
    returns an array of PVectors with the following form:  
    PVector.x : Value in the Lattice  
    PVector.y : Number of occurrences of that value
```

```
WARNING: this method is intended for integer / nominal data. Technically it  
will work with floats but it will be heavy and not very helpful; You will  
likely get a histogram bin for every single lattice cell. USE WITH CARE
```