# **Speed Dating Analysis and Matching Recommendation Systems**

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The goal of our analysis is to find out the correlation or patterns in speed dating to build strategies for a matching recommendation system. What kind of elements people are looking for when they are choosing dating partners? We had a close look into people's preferences. Are there any preferences people set up in the first place, such as same race, same religion, common interests? Are there any characteristics that people would consider important when looking for partners, including attractive appearances, intelligence, sense of humor, ambition, sincerity? Based on our analysis, we built up recommendation systems. Through which, we aim at providing people with good matching recommendations and better first happy dating experiences.

The team used the data sets from Kaggle (see the Appendix\_1 for the link) and performed three types of analytics which are descriptive analytics, predictive analytics, and prescriptive analytics.

First, our team split descriptive analytics into three phases: cleaning, summarizing, and visualizing. After cleaning the dataset, we found out that some certain attributes make an individual more attractive to others. Our team summarized the trends and patterns that were the foundation of our recommendation systems. Then, for visualizing, our group used plotdata function to display in an intuitive graph as to what the trends and patterns are contained within the dataset. Knowing the correlation between variables gave us key insights about the dating world.

According to the data, the age group between 23 to 29 (Appendix\_2) was the main demographic participating in speed dating. This group also had the highest matching rate. In addition, in our findings, we discovered that speed dating participants were from various work fields. Most of the participants were from law, social work, chemistry, psychology, and finance (see Appendix\_3 for the demographics of each field). For most of the respondents in this survey, they responded that they tended to find their dates who shared the same interests, who were in the same age group, and who were intelligent and funny (Appendix\_4). Interestingly, the survey

also shows that the attributes they cared least about were the same race, attractiveness, and hobbies, such as reading, hiking, art, dining, and sports.

The second analytics that our group tackled was predictive analytics. After conducting descriptive analysis, our group had a relatively decent grasp of what patterns and trends the dating dataset contains. Based on the historical data summarized from the descriptive analytics, we identified key features and used them to match couples through our recommendation systems. Through the machine learning analysis (Appendix\_4), we found out that shared interest is the most critical factor that people look for in their partners. People value attractiveness, age, professional career, as well. Through these analysis we made decisions on how we build the recommendation systems for blind dating.

Lastly, our team conducted prescriptive analytics. Based on the findings, we built up two robust blind date recommendation platforms that are able to identify good matching people who have similar interests. Our primary recommendation system was designed to ask users to input age, gender, lifestyle, professional career, hobby, and the preferred pastimes, and then identify all the potential matched dates for users (Appendix\_5). Our secondary recommendation system, we ask users to input their gender, their date preference, and rate their interests on the seven hobbies listed below on a scale of 1-10. The program can then find all observations of people that share the same interests within the range and will print out the number of dates found, age and field of work/ study of matched partners (Appendix\_6).

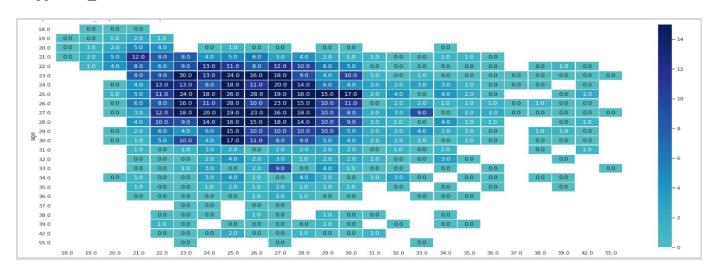
In closing, after the team performed descriptive analytics, predictive analytics, and prescriptive analytics, we are able to match the users with their preferences, which increases the matching rate and helps them find the life-long partner.

### Group 2 12/12/2020

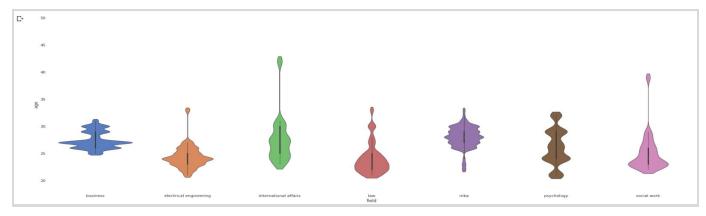
<a href="mailto:</a> <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/somesh24/speeddating">https://www.kaggle.com/somesh24/speeddating</a>

https://datahub.io/machine-learning/speeddating#attribute-information

### <Appendix\_2>



# <Appendix\_3>



#### Group 2 12/12/2020

#### <Appendix\_4>

```
feature importance
12
       shared_interests_o 0.395000
1
                         0.145472
                  age_o
20
                clubbing 0.086523
5
      pref_o_intelligence 0.085948
6
           pref_o_funny
                          0.076571
                        0. 074710
16
                 museums
           pref_o_sincere 0.056023
4
                   age 0.046269
0
19
                 gaming 0.033483
              exercise 0.000000
21
                reading 0.000000
18
                hiking 0.000000
                   art 0.000000
17
15
                 dining 0.000000
11
                          0.000000
                funny_o
13
                 sports
                          0.000000
10
          intelligence_o
                          0.000000
                         0.000000
9
           attractive_o
8
  pref_o_shared_interests
                         0.000000
7
        pref_o_ambitious 0.000000
3
        pref_o_attractive 0.000000
2
                samerace 0.000000
22
                          0.000000
                   tv
```

# <Appendix\_5>

```
Variable explorer Help Plots Files
                                                                                                          Console 1/A
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              1
                                                                                                           Great! Now let's go over some perferences.
            perf = matched2[
(matched2['Age'] == typ) &
  (matched2['Gender'] == gen)
     print(f"\nThank you {name} for using our service.")
print(len(perf), "potential matches found!")
print("You can view all matches below:")
print(perf[["ID", "Race", "Sports", "Reading", "Concerts"]])
                                                                                                           Do you want your partner to have the same career? (y/n) n Which activity is your favorite?
                                                                                                           Sports, Exercise, Hiking, Yoga: Hiking
      anotherEntry = input("Another entry? (y/n) ")
if anotherEntry == "n":
                                                                                                           How would you rate it? (1-10) 10
Choose your favorite place to be:
print("Have a great time with your blind date(s)!")
                                                                                                           Theater, Museums, Concerts, Night Club: Concerts
                                                                                                           How would you rate it? (1-10) 10
                                                                                                           Thank you James for using our service.
2 potential matches found!
You can view all matches below:
                                                                                                                                                            Race Sports Reading Concerts
erican 3.0 7.0 10.0
erican 3.0 7.0 10.0
                                                                                                           336 337 european/caucasian-american
337 338 european/caucasian-american
                                                                                                                                                                                   IPython console History
```

### <Appendix 6>

