

Approximating the Volume Enclosed in R3 Between the plane, $x + y + z = 1$

1 Introduction

We will use a similar concept like finding the volume of a sphere. But, now this is a form of Simplex. We will use the MC method to calculate the volume of both inside outside regions while shooting randomly. Then we will divide the ratio by 8; following 2^n where n is 3.

2 Python Script

```
1 import random
2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3 from mpl_toolkits import mplot3d
4
5 inside_sphere = 0
6 outer_sphere = 0
7
8 x_list = []
9 y_list = []
10 z_list = []
11
12
13 for i in range (10000):
14     x = random.uniform(0,1)
15     y = random.uniform(0,1)
16     z = random.uniform(0,1)
17
18     s = x+y+z
19
20     if s<=1:
21         inside_sphere = inside_sphere + 1
22
23         x_list.append(x)
24         y_list.append(y)
25         z_list.append(z)
26
27     outer_sphere = outer_sphere + 1
28
29 volume = (inside_sphere / outer_sphere)
30
31 print("Volume of the Shaded Region is", volume)
32
33 fig = plt.figure()
34 ax = plt.axes(projection='3d')
35
36 ax.scatter(x_list, y_list, z_list)
37 ax.set_xlabel('X')
38 ax.set_ylabel('Y')
39 ax.set_zlabel('Z')
40 ax.view_init(50,60)
41
42 plt.show()
```

Volume of the Shaded Region is 0.1631

