### Python Fundamentals Lab: Data Structures (Lists & Dictionaries)

#### \*\*Warm-Up: Basic Operations\*\*

- 1. \*\*Lists:\*\*
  - Create a list of integers from 1 to 10. Write a script to:
    - Print the first and last elements.
    - Reverse the list.
    - Find the sum of all elements.
- 2. \*\*Dictionaries:\*\*
  - Create a dictionary where keys are the first 5 natural numbers and values are their squares.

Write a script to:

- Print all keys and their respective values.
- Add a new key-value pair: `6: 36`.
- Check if a specific key (e.g., 4) exists in the dictionary.

#### \*\*Problem-Solving: Real-World Scenarios\*\*

- 1. \*\*Student Grades:\*\*
- Create a dictionary to store student names as keys and a list of their grades as values. Write a script to:
  - Calculate the average grade for each student.
  - Find the student with the highest average.
- 2. \*\*Shopping Cart:\*\*
- Implement a shopping cart using a dictionary where keys are product names and values are their prices. Write a script to:

- Add items to the cart.
- Calculate the total price of items in the cart.

## 3. \*\*Employee Database:\*\*

- Create a list of dictionaries where each dictionary represents an employee with attributes: `name`, `age`, and `department`. Write a script to:
  - Filter employees by a specific department.
  - Find the average age of employees.

#### \*\*Challenge Section\*\*

- 1. \*\*Word Frequency Counter:\*\*
  - Given a string, count the frequency of each word using a dictionary.

#### 2. \*\*Inventory Management:\*\*

- Create an inventory system for a store using a dictionary where keys are item names and values are dictionaries containing `price` and `quantity`. Write a script to:
  - Update stock after a sale.
  - Restock items.

### 3. \*\*Nested Data Manipulation:\*\*

- Create a nested dictionary to represent a library where keys are genres and values are lists of books. Write a script to:
  - Add a new book to a genre.
  - List all books of a specific genre.

#### 4. \*\*Anagram Checker:\*\*

- Write a function to check if two given strings are anagrams of each other. Two strings are

anagrams if they use the same characters in the same frequency, regardless of order.

- Example:

```
```python
Input: "listen", "silent"
Output: True
```

# 5. \*\*Two-Sum Problem:\*\*

- Write a function that takes a list of integers and a target number and returns the indices of two numbers in the list that add up to the target.
  - Example:

```
```python
Input: nums = [2, 7, 11, 15], target = 9
Output: [0, 1]
```