

Buying a home?

Don't just guess what you can afford.

We built a calculator that uses **time-tested financial principles** (shoutout to NerdWallet & MoneyUnder30) to help you stay stress-free. Here's how it works  

1/ Financial principles built into the Calculator:

-  **28/36 DTI Rule (Debt-to-Income Ratio):**
 - **Front-end DTI** = Mortgage payment shouldn't be more than 28% of gross income
 - **Back-end DTI** = Total debt payments shouldn't be more than 36% of gross income
DTI helps you measure how much of your income goes to debt. Lower is better—banks look at this to decide how much you can borrow.
-  **50/30/20 budget:**
 - 50% needs (housing, transportation, etc.)
 - 30% wants (fun stuff)
 - 20% savings + debt repayment
-  **3x income rule:** Keep your home price \leq 3x your annual income

These principles help protect your finances and prevent buyer's remorse  . Let's dive into the process 

2/ Step 1: We analyze your DTI.

Lenders typically allow a max mortgage payment of 28% of your gross income. If your back-end DTI (total debt) exceeds 8% beyond that (36% total), we lower your max mortgage payment to stay within safe limits.

3/ Step 2: We calculate your max monthly mortgage payment based on the 28/36:

- Max 28% of your gross income for mortgage 
 - Max 36% for total debt 
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4/ Step 3: We calculate how much you can borrow based on that payment.

We factor in:

- Down payment
 - Interest rate
 - Loan term
 - Property taxes, PMI, HOA fees, and insurance
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5/ Step 4: We calculate your **net income**.

Gross income isn't spendable income. After taxes, Social Security, and Medicare, your real take-home pay might be much lower  and is what's used for the 50/30/20 budget rule.

6/ Step 5: We check if your mortgage fits the **50/30/20 rule**:

- 50% needs (housing, transportation, insurance)
 - 30% wants (entertainment, hobbies)
 - 20% savings & extra debt payments 💰
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7/ Steps 6-7: We also run multiple **budget scenarios** with different savings rates of 15% and 25% in addition to the standard 20%.

This helps you see how different home prices affect your ability to save and stay flexible.

8/ Step 8: We calculate full housing costs for each scenario:

Mortgage + property taxes + insurance + HOA fees + PMI (if needed).

You get a realistic breakdown of what's affordable—and what's risky 🏠.

9/ Step 9: We bring it all together:

- Max home price banks might approve 💲
 - Comfortable home prices for your budget 💰
 - Payment breakdowns & tax implications 📊
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 **Key takeaway:**

Banks approve based on their risk assessment. We focus on *your* financial health. This calculator shows what you can comfortably afford without sacrificing your savings.

Avoid regret. Sleep better. Enjoy your new home. 😊🏠