

## Informtion

Class: **CSC431** Winter 2013  
Professor: Massimo Di Pierro  
Books Allowed: **Yes**  
Handwritten Notes Allowed: **No**  
Calculator Allowed: **Yes**  
Computer Allowed: **No**  
Total Problems **10**

Problems are organized by topic. They are not in order of difficulty. Some of them have multiple True or multiple False False answers. For every option circle True or False. Each problem counts for 4 points. An unanswered True/False question will be graded as a wrong answer.

Student Name: .....  
Date: .....  
Signature: .....

# 1 Problem 1

In floating point arithmetic  $a + b == a$  when  $|b| < \epsilon|a|$ .

- **True** or **False**: In single precision floating point arithmetic  $\epsilon \simeq 10^{-7}$
- **True** or **False**: In single precision  $a + b == a$  can be true even when  $b = 1$ .
- **True** or **False**: If  $a + b == a$  then  $n * a + n * b == n * a$  for every  $n$
- **True** or **False**: If  $a + b == a$  then  $a + 2 * b - b == a$

## 2 Problem 2

Consider the following functions:

$$f_1(x) = \frac{2}{x^2 - 1} - \frac{1}{x - 1}$$

$$f_2(x) = \frac{-1}{1 + x}$$

Assuming floating point arithmetics, which of the following statements is False:

- **True or False:** They are equivalent up to numerical issues
- **True or False:** They both diverge when  $x = 1$
- **True or False:**  $f_2$  is better than  $f_1$  around  $x = -1$
- **True or False:**  $f_1$  is better than  $f_2$  around  $x = 1$

### 3 Problem 3

Consider these numbers:  $x_0 = 1 + a$ ,  $x_1 = 1 - a$  for  $x_i = 1$  for  $i = 2 \dots N - 1$  and  $a = 10^{-3}$ . The average is  $\mu = 1$  and the variance is  $\sigma^2 = 2a^2/N$ .

Assume single precision floating point arithmetics and assume you compute the variance using the formula:

$$\sigma^2 = \left(\frac{1}{N} \sum_i x_i^2\right) - \mu^2$$

For which value of  $N$  will you get an incorrect value for the variance? Explain your answer.

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## 4 Problem 4

Consider the following matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Compute the inverse in 6 steps. Show your steps.

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## 5 Problem 5

Consider the following  $2 \times 2$  matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & a \\ a & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

For which values of  $a$  is it positive definite? Show your steps.

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## 6 Problem 6

Consider the following algorithms:

```
def D(f,h=1e-4):  
    return lambda x: (f(x+h)-f(x-h))/(2.0*h)
```

```
def P(f,x,ns=10):  
    for k in range(ns): x = x - f(x)/D(f)(x)  
    return x
```

```
def Q(f,x,ns=10):  
    for k in range(ns): x = x - f(x)/D(D(f))(x)  
    return x
```

- **True or False:**  $P(f)$  finds  $x$  which solves  $f(x) = 0$  using Newton method.
- **True or False:**  $Q(f)$  finds  $x$  which solves  $f'(x) = 0$  using Newton method.
- **True or False:**  $P(f)$  always converges and converges to the correct result.
- **True or False:** Each call to  $P$  calls the function  $f$ ,  $2 \times ns$  times.

## 7 Problem 7

What is the output of

```
def f(x): return x**3-x-1
print P(f,x=0,ns=2)
```

Show your steps.

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## 8 Problem 8

Consider the following algorithms:

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def R(f,x,ap=1e-5,rp=1e-5,h=1e-4):
    while True:
        (x_old, x) = (x, x - f(x)*h/(f(x)-f(x-h)))
        if abs(x-x_old)<max(ap,rp*abs(x)): return x

def T(f,x,ap=1e-5,rp=1e-5,h=1e-4):
    fx = f(x)
    (x_old, fx_old, x) = (x, fx, x - fx*h/(fx-f(x-h)))
    while True:
        fx = f(x)
        (x_old, fx_old, x) = (x, fx, x - fx*(x-x_old)/(fx-fx_old))
        if abs(x-x_old)<max(ap,rp*abs(x)): return x
    return x
```

- **True or False:** The two algorithms solve the same problems in different ways
- **True or False:** The two algorithms always return a solution.
- **True or False:** The two algorithms can go into an infinite loop
- **True or False:** R is more efficient than T (less calls to function  $f$  for same precision).

## 9 Problem 9

Consider the following three points:

$t_i$	$y_i$
0	2
1	5
2	6

You perform a linear fit using the linear least square algorithm with  $y(t) = c_0 + c_1 t$ . The output is given by  $c = (A^t A)^{-1} A^t y$ . Where  $A_{i0} = 1$ ,  $A_{i1} = t_i$ . Using the fact that

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \frac{1}{a-1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & a \end{pmatrix}$$

determine the value of the coefficients  $c$ . Show your steps.

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## 10 Problem 10

- **True or False:** The Newton solver is likely to fail when  $f'(x) \simeq 0$  in proximity of the solution.
- **True or False:** The Newton optimizer is likely to fail when  $f''(x) \gg 0$  in proximity of the solution.
- **True or False:**  $f'(x) = 0$  and  $f''(x) > 0$  is a relative minimum of the function  $f$ .
- **True or False:**  $f'(x) = 0$  is either relative minimum or a maximum of the function  $f$ .