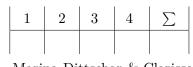
Grundlagen der Bioinformatik

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Tutor: Theresa/ Mathias



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Blatt 8

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Theoretical Assignments

Task 1: Sequencing approaches (in a nutshell) (4)

The Illumina Sequencing workflow consists of four basic steps [2]:

- Sample prep: Additional motifs are added to the DNA: Regions complimentary to the flow cell oligose, sequencing binding site and indices [1].
- In the **cluster generation** step, DNA is fixed in an extremely high density on the flow cell while facilitating enzyme access and then amplified using solid-phase amplification [2].
- Sequencing: In each cycle, a single labeled deoxynucleoside triphosphate is added to the DNA nucleotide chain and emits a light signal, afterwards being cleaved off [2].
- In data analysis, accompanying software enables researchers to perform alignment to a reference, working with extremely accurate data and being able to streamline collection and analysis of data [2].

Task 2: HMM for RNA sequence structure prediction(3)

Emission alphabet:

$$\Sigma = \{A, G, C, U\}$$

Set of states:

 $Q = \{\text{Coil}, \text{Steam}, \text{Loop}\}$

Transitions probabilities:

 $p = \{p_{bC}, p_{eC}, p_{CC}, p_{SS}, p_{LL}, p_{SC}, p_{CS}, p_{SL}, p_{LS}\}$

Emission probabilities:

 $e = \{e_{CA}, e_{CG}, e_{CC}, e_{CU}, e_{SA}, e_{SG}, e_{SC}, e_{SU}, e_{LA}, e_{LG}, e_{LC}, e_{LU}\}$

The number of total parameters is 21 (12 emission probabilities and 9 transition probabilities).

The HMM graph for our hairpin loop structure looks as follows:

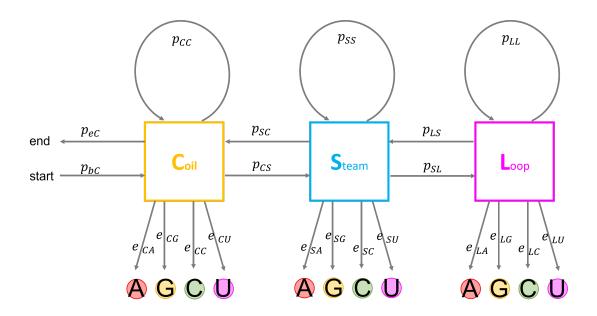


Figure 1: Hidden and Emission states of HMM for the hairpin loop structure.

Task 3: Transition matrix computation by hand (2)

Given the following sequences of exonic regions, compute the transition matrix P_{exonic} by hand for the alphabet $\sum = \{b, e, A, T, C, G\}$

```
seq1 = CTTCTTGTGT    seq2 = GTTGGACACTTTCGGG    seq3=TTGCTGTCGTA
seq4 = CAGACGTAAGTCG    seq5 = GCCCGTATAGGGC    seq6=CCTGTG
```

The number of observed frequencies matrix P_{exonic} =

c{st}	b	A	G	С	Τ	e
b	0	0	2	3	1	0
A	0	1	3	3	1	1
G	0	2	5	3	9	3
\mathbf{C}	0	2	5	3	5	1
${ m T}$	0	4	2 3 5 5 7 0	3	6	1
e	0	0	0	0	0	1

From observed frequencies to probabilities in the final transition matrix P_{exonic} =

$c_\{st\}$	b	A	G	\mathbf{C}	Τ	e
b	0	0	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	0
A	0	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{9}$
G	0	$\frac{1}{11}$	$\frac{\frac{1}{3}}{\frac{5}{22}}$	$\frac{3}{22}$	$\frac{9}{22}$	$\frac{3}{22}$
\mathbf{C}	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{3}{22}$ $\frac{3}{16}$	$\frac{9}{22}$ $\frac{5}{16}$ $\frac{2}{7}$	$ \begin{array}{r} \frac{1}{9} \\ \frac{3}{22} \\ \frac{1}{16} \end{array} $
${ m T}$	0	$\frac{4}{21}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{2}{7}$	$\frac{1}{21}$
e	0	0	0	0	0	1

Practical Assignments

Task 4: Transition matrix and log-odds computation(11)

For Task 4 we used Python 3.8.8, and the following libraries sys, getopt, Bio and numpy. Enter the following code in the command line to run the file auckenthaler_dittschar_train_hmm.py:

python auckenthaler_dittschar_train_hmm.py -f "cds_set.fasta" -n "cds_p_matrix
python auckenthaler_dittschar_train_hmm.py -f "notcds_set.fasta" -n "notcds_p_matrix
With the parameters:

-f: input file

-n: name for output transition matrix.

This code outputs a .txt file with the transition matrix and the header as specified in the script.

Enter the following code in the command line to run the file

auckenthaler_dittschar_test_hmm.py:

python auckenthaler_dittschar_test_hmm.py -a "auckenthaler_dittschar_cds_p_matrix.txt"
-b "auckenthaler_dittschar_notcds_p_matrix.txt" -i "contig.fasta"

With the parameters:

-a: transition matrix for the plus model

-b: transition matrix for the minus model

- i : input file with sequence to determine probability for

The log-odds ratio is 10.394. It is positive, therefore it is more likely that the sequence in question belongs to protein-coding regions.

References

[1] Illumina. Illumina sequencing by synthesis. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fCd6B5HRaZ8&t=3s, 2016.

[2] Inc. Illumina. Illumina sequencing technology. https://www.illumina.com/documents/products/techspotlights/techspotlight_sequencing.pdf, 2010.