```
class Maxflow {
   private:
      struct edge_t {
 4
        int cap;
 6
      int n, source, sink;
 7
      int result;
8
      vector<bool> done;
9
      vector<unordered_map<int, edge_t>> lst;
10
      int dfs(int a, int t) {
11
        if (a == t) return 1;
        done[a] = true;
12
13
        Loopitr(itr, lst[a]) {
14
          int b = itr->fst;
15
          int cap = itr->snd.cap;
16
          if (!done[b] \&\& cap > 0) {
            if (dfs(b, t)) {
17
18
              Ist[a][b]. cap--;
19
              Ist[b][a]. cap++;
20
              return 1;
21
          }
22
        }
23
24
        return 0;
25
26
      int run_flow(int s, int t, int f) {
27
        int ret = 0;
28
        Loop(i, f) {
29
          done = vector<bool>(n, false);
30
          if (dfs(s, t)) ret++;
31
          else break;
32
33
        return ret;
34
    public:
35
36
      Maxflow(const vvi & st, const vvi & cap, int s, int t) {
37
        n = |st.size();
38
        this->Ist.resize(n);
39
        Loop(i, n) {
40
          Loop(j, Ist[i].size()) {
41
            this->|st[i][|st[i][j]].cap += cap[i][j];
42
            this->|st[|st[i][j]][i].cap += 0;
          }
43
44
45
        source = s;
46
        sink = t;
47
        result = 0;
48
        update();
49
50
      void add_cap(int s, int t, int dcap, bool update_flag = true) {
51
        Ist[s][t].cap += dcap;
52
        // program not be ensured when cap. becomes negative
53
        if (lst[s][t].cap < 0) {
54
          int df = -Ist[s][t].cap;
55
          run_flow(s, source, df);
56
          run_flow(sink, t, df);
57
          lst[s][t].cap += df;
58
          lst[t][s].cap = df;
59
          result -= df;
60
61
        if (update_flag) update();
62
63
      void update() {
64
        result += run_flow(source, sink, INT_MAX);
65
66
      int get_maxflow() {
67
        return result;
68
69
   };
```