```
class Ancestor {
   private:
     int n;
     vvi lst;
     vvi table;
     vi from;
     vi visited, departed;
8
      deque(int) deq;
9
      void dfs(int a, int &t) {
10
        for (int i = 0; i < deq. size(); i = i * 2 + 1) {
11
          table[a].push_back(deq[i]);
12
13
        visited[a] = t++;
14
        deq. push_front(a);
15
        Foreach(b, Ist[a]) {
16
          if (from[b] == INT_MIN) {
17
            from[b] = a;
18
            dfs(b, t);
          }
19
20
21
        deq. pop_front();
22
        departed[a] = t++;
23
24
   public:
25
     Ancestor(const vvi & st, vi roots = { 0 }) {
26
        n = |st.size();
27
        this->Ist = Ist;
28
        table = vvi(n);
        from = vi(n, INT_MIN);
29
30
        visited.resize(n);
31
        departed.resize(n);
32
        int t = 0;
33
        Foreach(root, roots) {
34
          from[root] = -1;
35
          dfs(root, t);
        }
36
37
38
     bool is_ancestor(int des, int anc) {
39
        return visited[anc] < visited[des]</pre>
40
          && departed[des] < departed[anc];
41
42
      int lowest_common_ancestor(int x, int y) {
43
        if (x == y) return x;
44
        if (is_ancestor(x, y)) return y;
45
        if (is_ancestor(y, x)) return x;
46
        Loop1(i, table[x].size() - 1) \{
47
          if (is_ancestor(y, table[x][i])) {
48
            return lowest_common_ancestor(table[x][i - 1], y);
49
50
51
        return lowest_common_ancestor(table[x].back(), y);
52
53
      int get_ancestor(int des, int k) {
54
        if (k == 0) return des;
55
        int I = int(log2(k));
56
        if (| >= table[des].size()) return -1;
57
        else return get_ancestor(table[des][I], k - (1 << I));
58
      // return first value causing "t" in evalfunc that returns descendant->[f, \ldots, f, t, \ldots, t]->root
59
60
      // NOTE: if [f, \ldots, f] then return -1
61
      template<typename bsargv t>
62
      int upper bsearch(int des. const bsargv t &v. bool(*evalfunc)(int, const bsargv t&)) {
63
        if (evalfunc (des, v)) return des;
64
        if (table[des].size() == 0) return -1;
65
        Loop1(i, table[des].size() - 1) 
66
          if (evalfunc(table[des][i], v))
67
            return upper_bsearch(table[des][i - 1], v, evalfunc);
68
69
70
        return upper_bsearch(table[des].back(), v, evalfunc);
71
```

```
// return last value causing "t" in evalfunc that returns descendant \rightarrow [t,...,t,f,...,f] \rightarrow root
73
      // NOTE: if [f, \ldots, f] then return -1
74
      template<typename bsargv_t>
75
      int lower_bsearch(int des, const bsargv_t &v, bool(*evalfunc)(int, const bsargv_t&)) {
76
        if (!evalfunc(des, v)) return -1;
77
        if (table[des].size() == 0) return des;
78
        Loop(i, table[des].size()) {
79
          if (!evalfunc(table[des][i], v)) {
80
            if (i == 0) return des;
81
            else return lower_bsearch(table[des][i - 1], v, evalfunc);
          }
82
83
84
        return lower_bsearch(table[des].back(), v, evalfunc);
85
   };
86
87
```