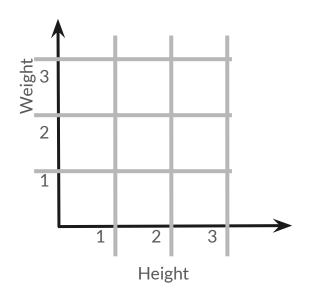
CIS 635 Knowledge Discovery & Data Mining

Feature scaling

Lets we are given a set of data points

	height(meter)	weight(kg)
0	1.50	70
1	1.70	80
2	1.80	82
3	1.60	75
4	1.75	78

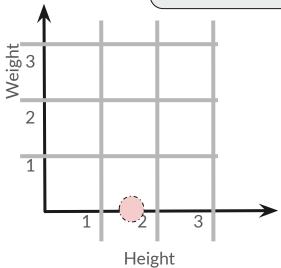
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Lets we are given a set of data points; we want to plot them on a 2D cartesian plane (vector space)

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Even we find the x-axis (height) location of the first data point; y-axis (weight) is out of the range, at least in the given graph



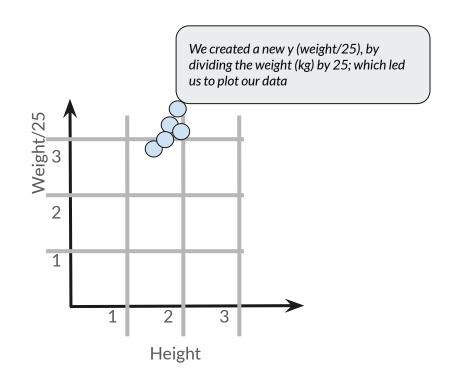
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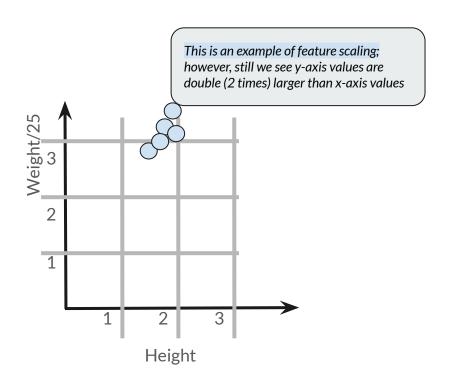
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Height

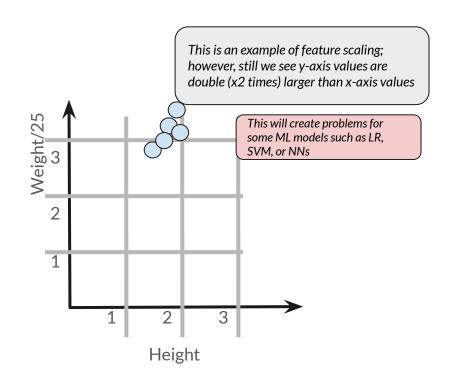
	height(meter)	weight(kg)	weight(kg)/25
0	1.50	70	2.80
1	1.70	80	3.20
2	1.80	82	3.28
3	1.60	75	3.00
4	1.75	78	3.12



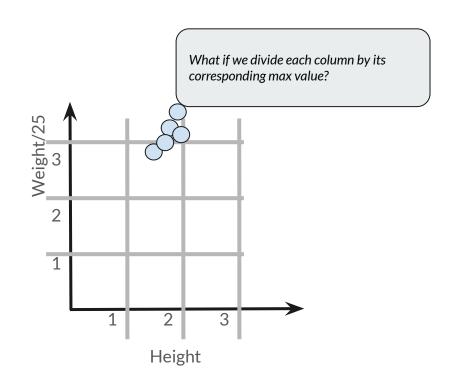
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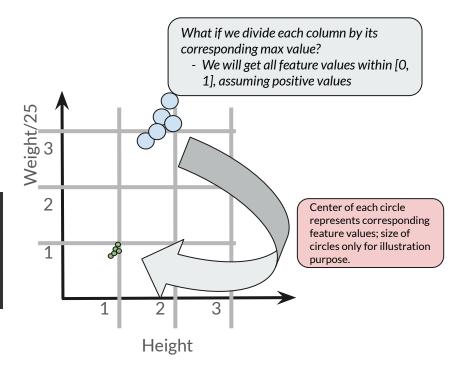
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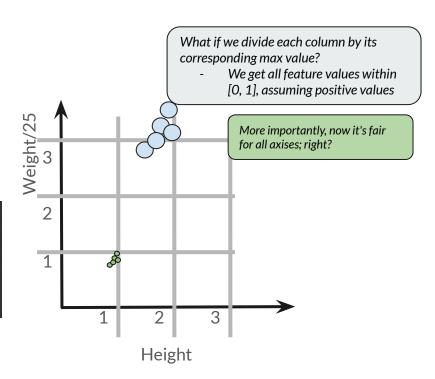
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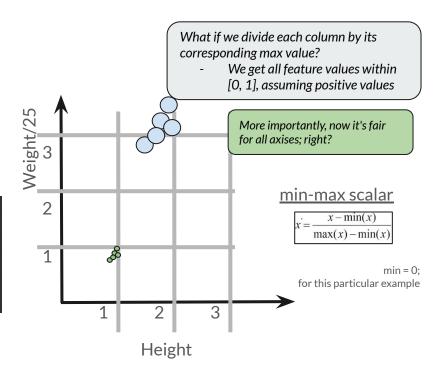
	height(meter)	weight(kg)	weight(kg)/25	height/max(height)	weight/max(weight)
0	1.50	70	2.80	0.83	0.85
1	1.70	80	3.20	0.94	0.98
2	1.80	82	3.28	1.00	1.00
3	1.60	75	3.00	0.89	0.91
4	1.75	78	3.12	0.97	0.95



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We have other scaling as well:

- Standard scalar

$$z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$$

$$\mu=$$
 Mean

$$\sigma=$$
 Standard Deviation

We have other scaling as well:

- Standard scalar

	height(meter)	weight(kg)	height_ss	weight_ss
0	1.50	70	1.58	1.67
1	1.70	80	-0.28	-0.72
2	1.80	82	-1.21	-1.19
3	1.60	75	0.65	0.48
4	1.75	78	-0.74	-0.24

$$z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$$

$$\mu = \text{Mean}$$

$$\sigma = \text{Standard Deviation}$$

Scaled features are centered across the Zero-axis

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- Standard scalar

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$$z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$$

$$\mu = \text{Mean}$$

$$\sigma = \text{Standard Deviation}$$

- Scaled features are centered across the Zero-axis
- NN community uses this extensively