CIS 678 Machine Learning

Sequence data and modeling introduction

Sequence data

- NLP
 - Machine Translation (MT)
 - Question Answering
 - Document Classification
 - Sentiment Classification
 - Document summarization
- DNA Sequencing
 - DNA sequencing
 - DNA classification

Sequence data

- Data/Feature encoding
 - One-Hot Encoding
 - Label Encoding
- NLP/DNA sequencing
 - Tf-idf
 - CountVectorizer

| ⋖ | black | cat | |
|---|-------|-----|-------|
| 1 | 1 | 1 | d_1 |

"A black cat"

| 4 | black | cat | white |
|---|-------|-----|-------|
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

| d ₁ |
|----------------|
| d_2 |

"A black cat"

"A white cat"

| | | | | | | ınl |
|---|-------|-----|-------|----|----|-----------|
| 4 | black | cat | white | is | as | beautiful |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |

 d_1 d_2 d_3

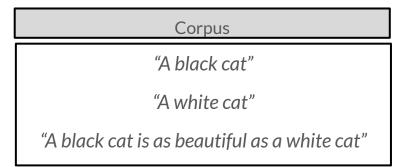
"A black cat"

"A white cat"

"A black cat is as beautiful as a white cat"

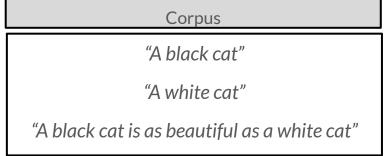
| | | | | | | ıul |
|---|-------|-----|-------|----|----|-----------|
| 4 | black | cat | white | įs | as | beautiful |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |

 d_1 d_2 d_3



| A | black | cat | white | .is | as | beautiful | | |
|---|-------|-----|-------|-----|----|-----------|---|-------|
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | ſ | d_1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | d_2 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | | d_3 |





```
dictionary: {
       "a", "is", "as",
        "cat", "black",
        "white", "beautiful"
```

| | | | | | | ıul |
|---|-------|-----|-------|----|----|-----------|
| A | black | cat | white | įs | as | beautiful |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |

 d_1 d_2 d_3

Corpus

"A black cat"

"A white cat"

"A black cat is as beautiful as a white cat"

Unigram: ["a", "is", "as", "cat", "black", "white", "beautiful"]

| | | | | | | ln: | |
|---|-------|-----|-------|----|----|----------|-------|
| А | black | cat | white | Sļ | se | beautifu | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | d_1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | d_2 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | d_3 |

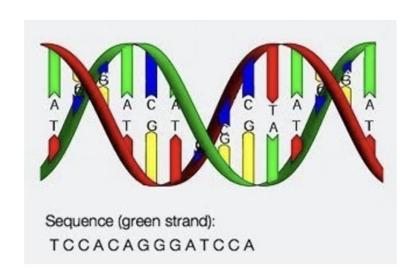


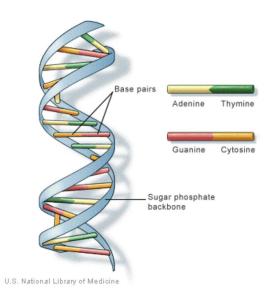
"A black cat"

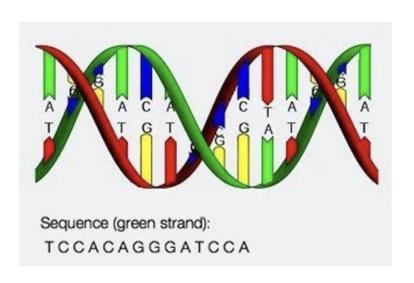
"A white cat"

"A black cat is as beautiful as a white cat"

Unigram: ["a", "is", "as", "cat", "black", "white", "beautiful"]
bigram: [("a", "cat"), ("cat", "a"), ("black", "cat"), ("cat", "black"), ("beautiful", "cat"), ("cat", "beautiful"]



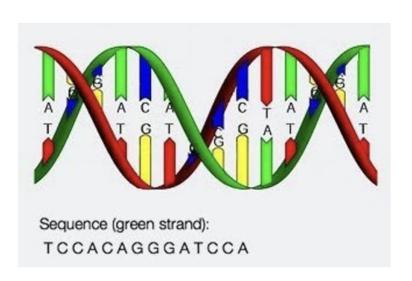




ENST00000435737.5

390

ENST00000419127.5



ENST00000435737.5

390

ENST00000419127.5

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 - One-Hot Encoding
 - Label Encoding
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 - CountVectorizer

ENST00000435737.5

390

ENST00000419127.5

k-mer counting!

DNA sequence as a "language", known as k-mer counting

```
[9] def getKmers(sequence, size=6):
    return [sequence[x:x+size].lower() for x in range(len(sequence) - size + 1)]

[62] mySeq = 'GTGCCCAGGTT'
    getKmers(mySeq, size=5)

['gtgcc', 'tgccc', 'gccca', 'cccag', 'ccagg', 'caggt', 'aggtt']
```

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Notebook presentation!