





Unlocking insights into battery systems: A data science approach to impedance analysis

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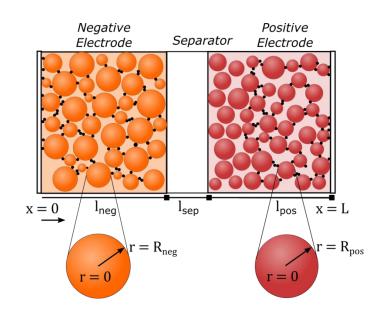
231st ECS Meeting, New Orleans, LA

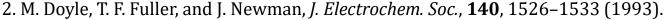
Physics-based battery modeling captures complex interactions

Pseudo 2-Dimensional (P2D) model

• 3 of the top 10 most cited articles in *J. Electrochem. Soc.*

Represents the interacting dynamics of the battery's **kinetics**, **mass-transport**, and **thermodynamics**

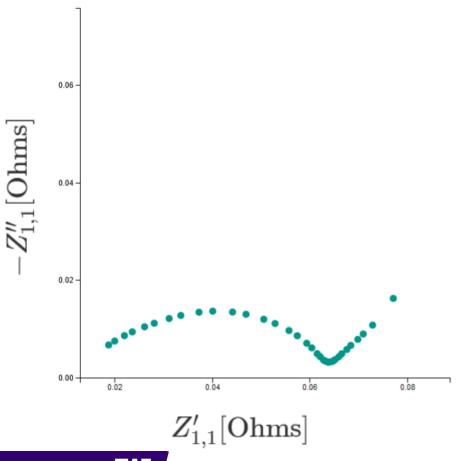




^{6.} T. F. Fuller, M. Doyle, and J. Newman, *J. Electrochem. Soc.*, **141**, 1–10 (1994).



^{9.} M. Doyle, J. Newman, A. S. Gozdz, C. N. Schmutz, and J.-M. Tarascon, *J. Electrochem. Soc.*, **143**, 1890–1903 (1996).

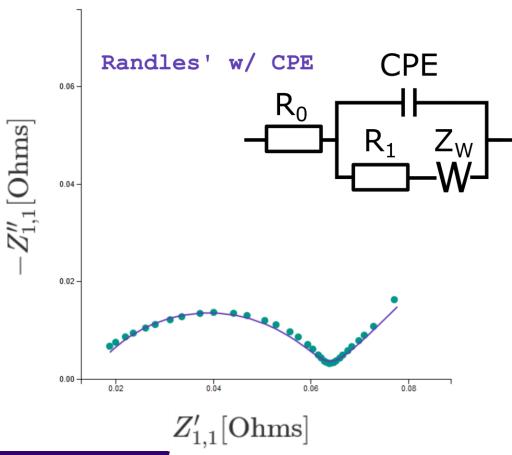


How many of you in here have used:

a physics-based model to extract parameters from an EIS spectrum?

an equivalent circuit?



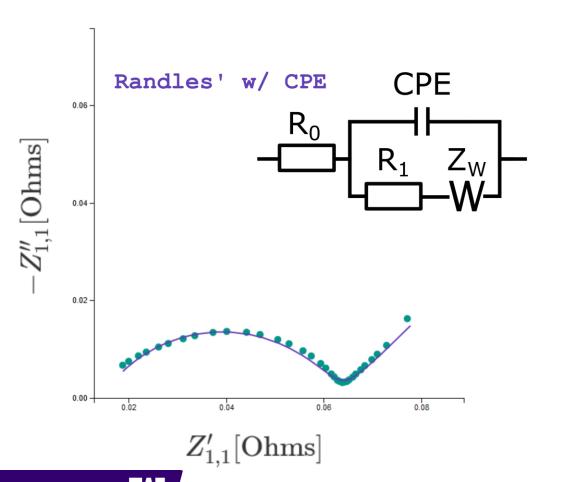


How many of you in here have used:

a physics-based model?

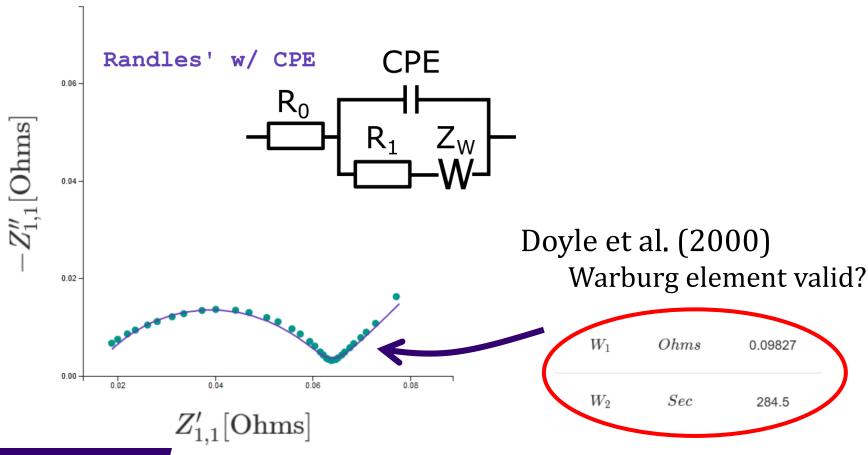
an equivalent circuit to extract parameters from an EIS spectrum?





Parameter Estimates*		
Randles w/CPE		
Parameter	Units	Best Estimate
R_0	Ohms	0.01429
R_1	Ohms	0.04879
E_1	F	0.3457
E_2	_	0.6416
W_1	Ohms	0.09827
W_2	Sec	284.5

Data from CALCE Battery Data Archive



Data from CALCE Battery Data Archive http://www.calce.umd.edu/batteries/data/

 A handful of in-depth applications of the P2D model to understand EIS spectra

Doyle et al. (2000) & Guo et al. (2002) - Diffusion

Dees et al. (2007) & Abraham et al. (2008) - NCA electrodes

Sikha and White (2007, 2008) – Analytical Solution

M. Doyle, J. P. Meyers, and J. Newman, *J. Electrochem. Soc.*, **147**, 99–110 (2000) Q. Guo, V. R. Subramanian, J. W. Weidner, and R. E. White, *J. Electrochem. Soc.*, **149**, A307 (2002) G. Sikha and R. E. White, *Journal of The Electrochemical Society*, **155**, A893 (2008) D. P. Abraham, S. Kawauchi, and D. W. Dees, *Electrochimica Acta*, **53**, 2121–2129 (2008)

 A handful of in-depth applications of the P2D model to understand EIS spectra

Doyle et al. (2000) & Guo et a

$$\begin{bmatrix} \tilde{c}_i \\ \tilde{\eta}_i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ \frac{\bar{s}_i - \lambda_{1,i}}{\Theta_{1,i}} & \frac{\bar{s}_i - \lambda_{2,i}}{\Theta_{1,i}} \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} C_{1,i} \cosh \sqrt{\lambda_{1,i}} \bar{x}_i + C_{2,i} \sinh \sqrt{\lambda_{1,i}} \bar{x}_i \\ C_{3,i} \cosh \sqrt{\lambda_{2,i}} \bar{x}_i + C_{4,i} \sinh \sqrt{\lambda_{2,i}} \bar{x}_i \end{bmatrix}, \quad i = a, c [4]$$

Dees et al. (2007) & Abrahar

where $\lambda_{1,i}$ and $\lambda_{2,i}$ are the eigenvalues given as

Sikha and White (2008) – Ar
$$\lambda_{1,i} = \frac{1}{2} (\overline{s_i} + \Theta_{1,i} + \Theta_{2,i} + \sqrt{\overline{s_i^2} + 2\Theta_{1,i}} \overline{s_i} - 2\Theta_{2,i} \overline{s_i} + \Theta_{1,i} + \Theta_{1,i} \Theta_{2,i} + \Theta_{2,i}^2)$$
, $i = a, c$

M. Doyle, J. P.
$$\lambda_{2,i} = \frac{1}{2}(\overline{s}_i + \Theta_{1,i} + \Theta_{2,i})$$
 Q. Guo, V. R. Subramanian, J. W

G. Sikha and R. E
$$-\sqrt{\bar{s}_{i}^{2}+2\Theta_{1,i}\bar{s}_{i}}-2\Theta_{2,i}\bar{s}_{i}+\Theta_{1,i}^{2}+\Theta_{1,i}\Theta_{2,i}+\Theta_{2,i}^{2}), \quad i=a,c$$

D. P. Abraham, S. Kawa)8) [5]

G. Sikha and R. E. White, Journal of The Electrochemical Society, 155, A893 (2008).

 A handful of in-depth applications of the P2D model to une donate and EIC angettes after algebraic simplification are given as follows

$$\tilde{\phi}_{1,a}|_{\bar{x}_a=0} = -\frac{L_a^3 a_a F \beta_a}{\sigma_a^{eff^2}} \left(\frac{\bar{s}_a - \lambda_{1,a}}{\Theta_{1,a} \lambda_{1,a}} C_{1,a} + \frac{\bar{s}_a - \lambda_{2,a}}{\Theta_{1,a} \lambda_{2,a}} C_{3,a} \right) + C_{8,a}$$

Doyle et al. (

$$\widetilde{\Phi}_{1,c}|_{\overline{x}_c=1} = \frac{L_c^3 a_c F \beta_c}{\sigma_c^{\text{eff}^2}} \left[\frac{\overline{s}_c - \lambda_{1,c}}{\Theta_{1,c} \lambda_{1,c}} (C_{1,c} \cosh \sqrt{\lambda_{1,c}} + C_{2,c} \sinh \sqrt{\lambda_{1,c}}) - \frac{C_{2,i} \sinh \sqrt{\lambda_{1,i}} \overline{x}_i}{C_{4,i} \sinh \sqrt{\lambda_{2,i}} \overline{x}_i} \right], \quad i = a,c [4]$$

Dees et al. (2

$$+\frac{\overline{s_c} - \lambda_{2,c}}{\Theta_{1,c}\lambda_{2,c}} (C_{3,c} \cosh \sqrt{\lambda_{2,c}} + C_{4,c} \sinh \sqrt{\lambda_{2,c}}) + C_{7,c} \Rightarrow \text{ given as}$$

Sikha and W

$$+ C_{8,c}$$
 [31]
$$+ \sqrt{\overline{s_i^2 + 2\Theta_{1,i}}\overline{s_i} - 2\Theta_{2,i}}\overline{s_i} + \Theta_{1,i}^2 + \Theta_{1,i}\Theta_{2,i} + \Theta_{2,i}^2}, \quad i = a, c$$

)8)

[5]

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M. Doyle, J. P.
$$\lambda_{2,i} = \frac{1}{2}(\bar{s}_i + \Theta_{1,i} + \Theta_{2,i})$$
 (2) Q. Guo, V. R. Subramanian, J. W

G. Sikha and R. E
$$-\sqrt{\bar{s}_{i}^{2}+2\Theta_{1,i}\bar{s}_{i}-2\Theta_{2,i}\bar{s}_{i}+\Theta_{1,i}^{2}+\Theta_{1,i}\Theta_{2,i}+\Theta_{2,i}^{2}}$$
, $i=a,c$

G. Sikha and R. E. White, Journal of The Electrochemical Society, 155, A893 (2008).

D. P. Abraham, S. Kawa

• A handful of in-depth applications of the P2D model to understand EIC construction are given as follows

$$\begin{split} \widetilde{\Phi}_{1,a}|_{\overline{x}_{a}=0} &= -\frac{L_{a}^{3}a_{a}F\beta_{a}}{\sigma_{a}^{eff^{2}}} \left(\frac{\overline{s}_{a} - \lambda_{1,a}}{\Theta_{1,a}\lambda_{1,a}} C_{1,a} + \frac{\overline{s}_{a} - \lambda_{2,a}}{\Theta_{1,a}\lambda_{2,a}} C_{3,a} \right) + C_{8,a} \\ C_{1,a} &= \frac{\Theta_{1,a}\widetilde{t}_{app}}{\sqrt{\lambda_{1,a}}(\lambda_{1,a} - \lambda_{2,a})\sinh\sqrt{\lambda_{1,a}}} \left(\cosh\sqrt{\lambda_{1,a}} + \frac{\sigma_{a}}{\kappa_{a}} \right) \\ &- \frac{(\overline{s}_{a} + \Theta_{1,a} - \lambda_{2,a})\nu\sigma_{a}}{L_{a}^{2}a_{a}(1 - t_{+}^{0})\beta_{a}} \frac{\overline{t}_{app}}{\widetilde{t}_{app}} \right) \\ C_{2,a} &= -\frac{\Theta_{1,a}\widetilde{t}_{app}}{\sqrt{\lambda_{1,a}}(\lambda_{1,a} - \lambda_{2,a})} \\ C_{3,a} &= -\frac{\Theta_{1,a}\widetilde{t}_{app}}{\sqrt{\lambda_{2,a}}(\lambda_{1,a} - \lambda_{2,a})\sinh\sqrt{\lambda_{2,a}}} \left(\cosh\sqrt{\lambda_{2,a}} + \frac{\sigma_{a}}{\kappa_{a}} \right) \\ &- \frac{(\overline{s}_{a} + \Theta_{1,a} - \lambda_{1,a})\nu\sigma_{a}}{L_{a}^{2}a_{a}(1 - t_{+}^{0})\beta_{a}} \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{2}}{\widetilde{t}_{a}} \right) \\ &- \frac{1}{L_{a}^{2}a_{a}(1 - t_{+}^{0})\beta_{a}} \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{2}(\overline{s}_{a})}{\widetilde{t}_{a}} \right) \\ &- \frac{(\overline{s}_{a} + \Theta_{1,a} - \lambda_{1,a})\nu\sigma_{a}}{L_{a}^{2}a_{a}(1 - t_{+}^{0})\beta_{a}} \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{2}}{\widetilde{t}_{a}} \right) \\ &- \frac{(\overline{s}_{a} + \Theta_{1,a} - \lambda_{1,a})\nu\sigma_{a}}{L_{a}^{2}a_{a}(1 - t_{+}^{0})\beta_{a}} \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{2}(\overline{s}_{a})}{\widetilde{t}_{a}} \right) \\ &- \frac{(\overline{s}_{a} + \Theta_{1,a} - \lambda_{1,a})\nu\sigma_{a}}{L_{a}^{2}a_{a}(1 - t_{+}^{0})\beta_{a}} \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{2}(\overline{s}_{a})}{\widetilde{t}_{a}} \right) \\ &- \frac{(\overline{s}_{a} + \Theta_{1,a} - \lambda_{1,a})\nu\sigma_{a}}{L_{a}^{2}a_{a}(1 - t_{+}^{0})\beta_{a}} \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{2}(\overline{s}_{a})}{\widetilde{t}_{a}} \right) \\ &- \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})}{L_{a}^{2}a_{a}(1 - t_{+}^{0})\beta_{a}} \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{2}(\overline{t}_{a})}{\widetilde{t}_{a}} \right) \\ &- \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})}{L_{a}^{2}a_{a}(1 - t_{+}^{0})\beta_{a}} \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{2}(\overline{t}_{a})}{\widetilde{t}_{a}} \right) \\ &- \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})}{L_{a}^{2}a_{a}(1 - t_{+}^{0})\beta_{a}} \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{3}a_{a}}{\widetilde{t}_{a}} \\ &- \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})}{L_{a}^{2}a_{a}(1 - t_{+}^{0})\beta_{a}} \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{2}(\overline{t}_{a})}{\widetilde{t}_{a}} \right) \\ &- \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})}{L_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})} + \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})}{L_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})} \\ &- \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})}{L_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})} + \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})}{L_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})} \\ &- \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})}{L_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})} \\ &- \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})}{L_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})} \\ &- \frac{\overline{t}_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})}{L_{a}^{3}a_{a}(\overline{t})} \\ &-$$

G. Sikha and R. E. White, Journal of The Electrochemical Society, 155, A893 (2008).

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[5]

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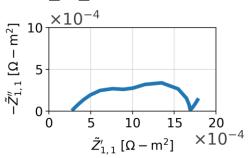
ImpedanceAnalyzer: A user centered approach

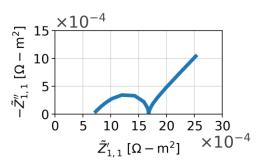
Initial dataset:

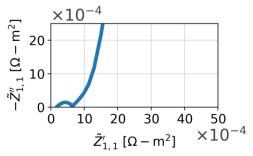
- 40,000 spectra
- 26 parameters
- Sobol' sampling

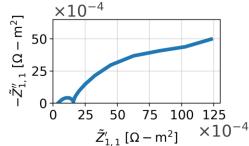
1. Generate dataset

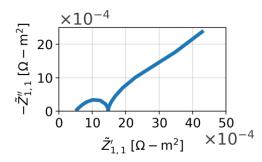


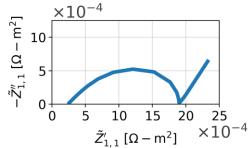














ImpedanceAnalyzer: A user centered approach

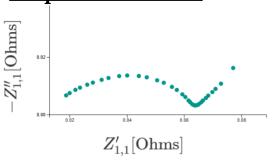
2. Find match to experimental spectra



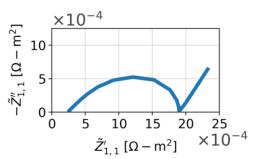
1. Generate dataset



Experimental:



Simulated:

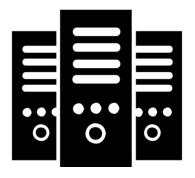




ImpedanceAnalyzer: A user centered approach

2. Find match to experimental spectra







3. Visualize + Explore

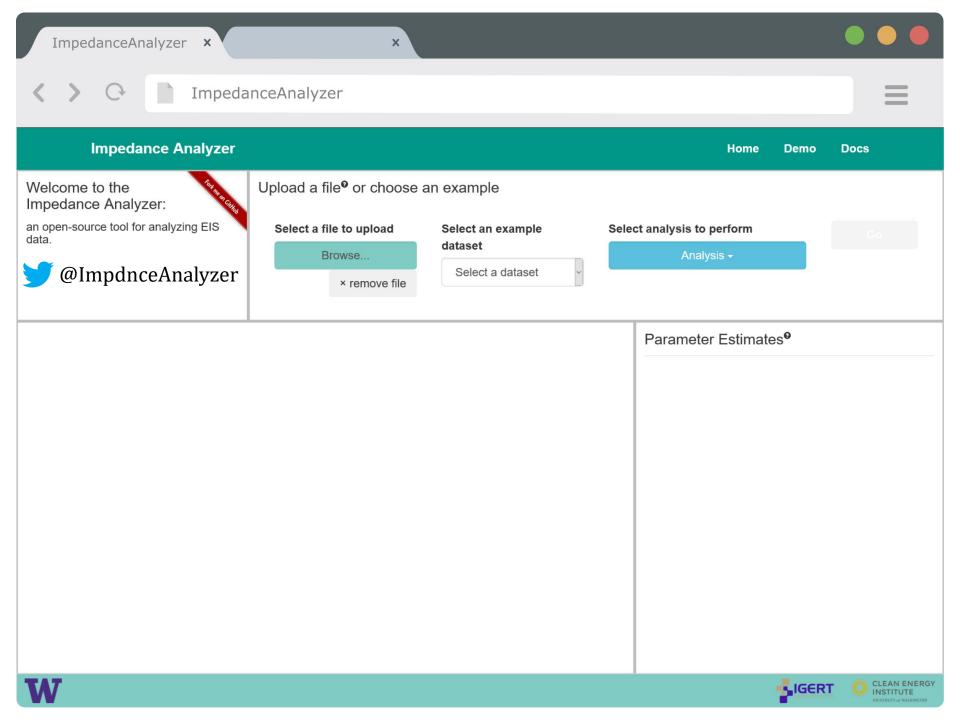


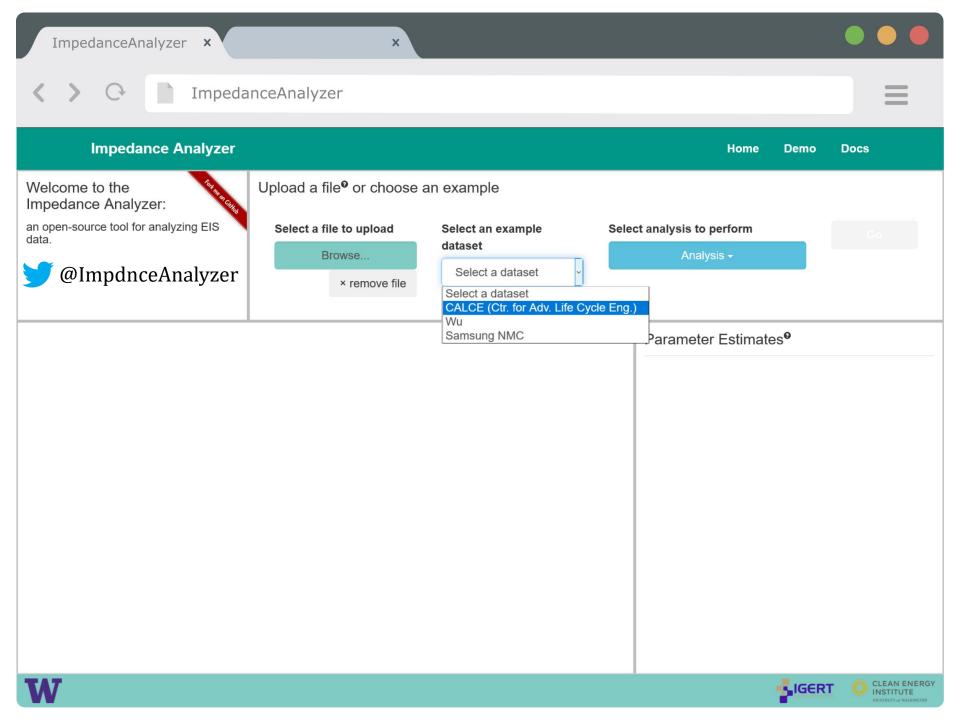


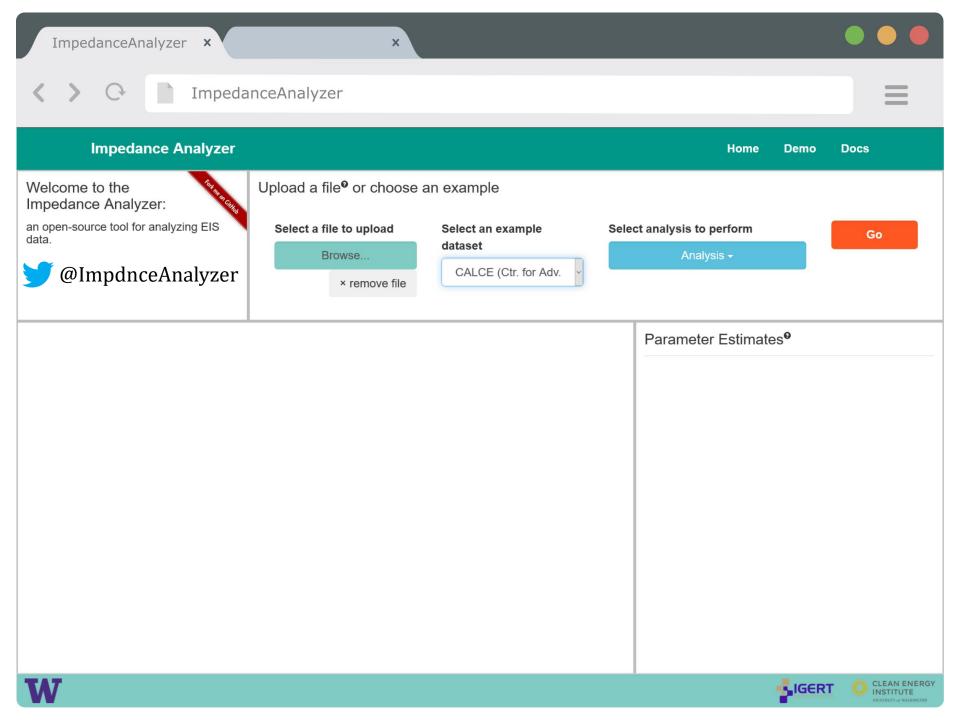
Demo

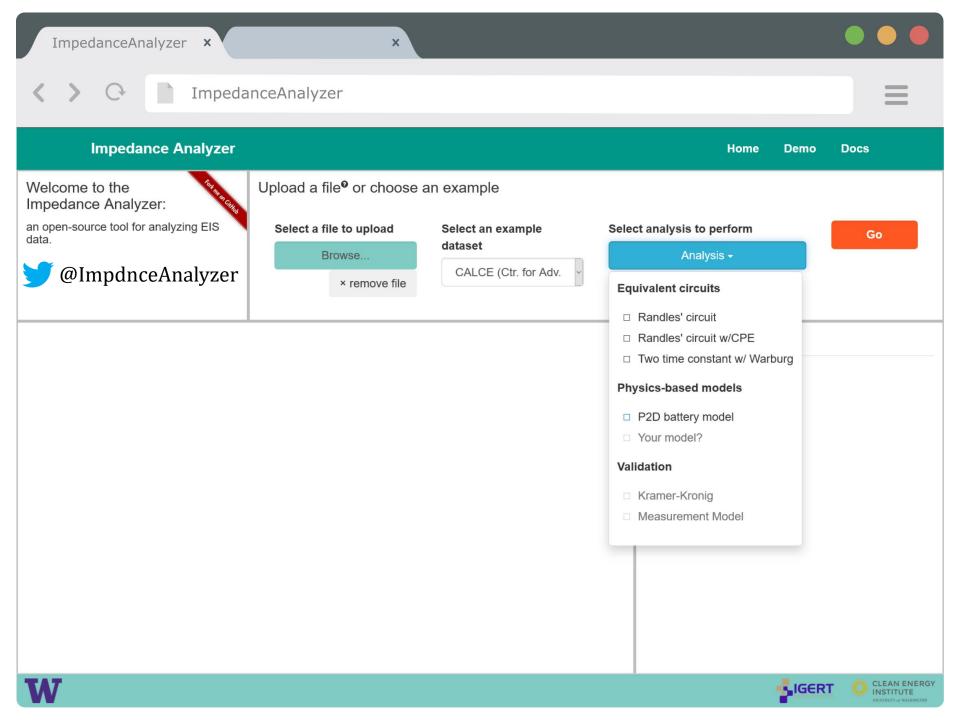
Beta version

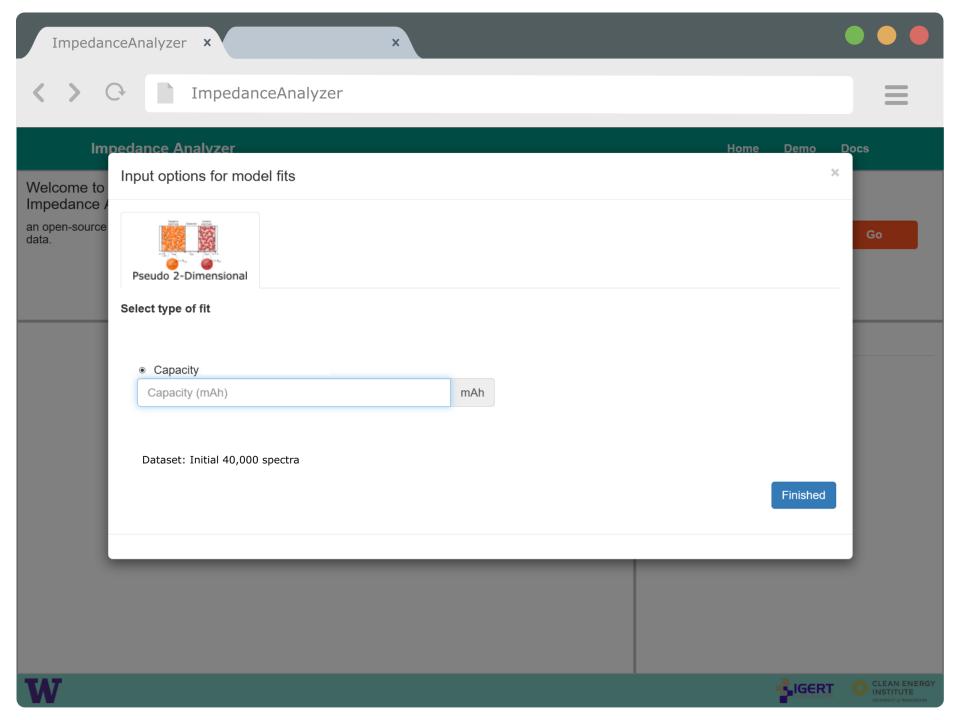
with preliminary P2D dataset

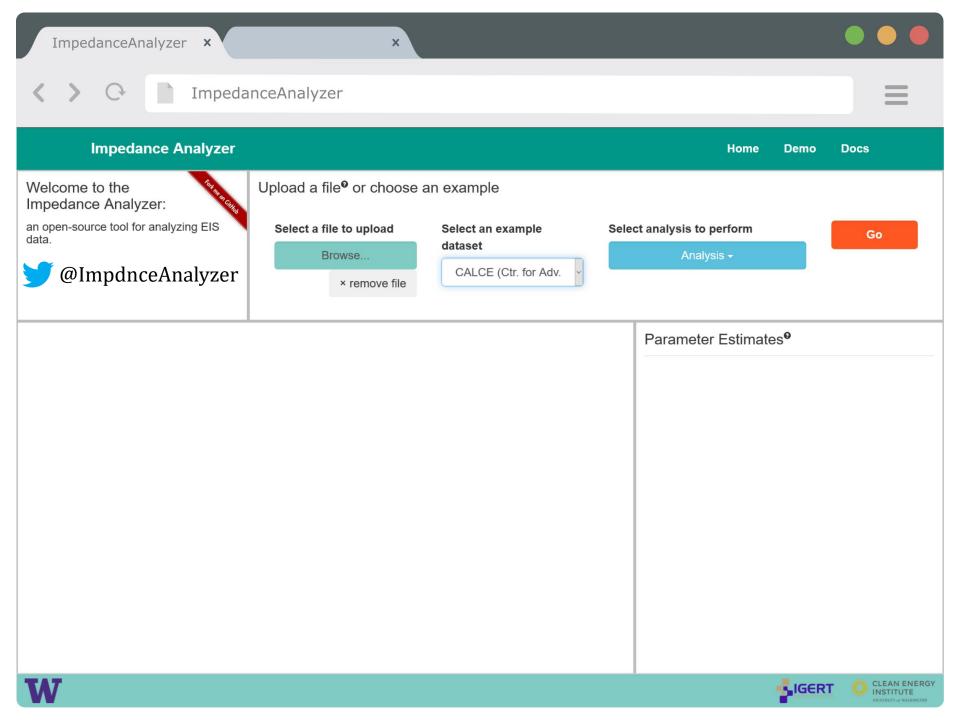


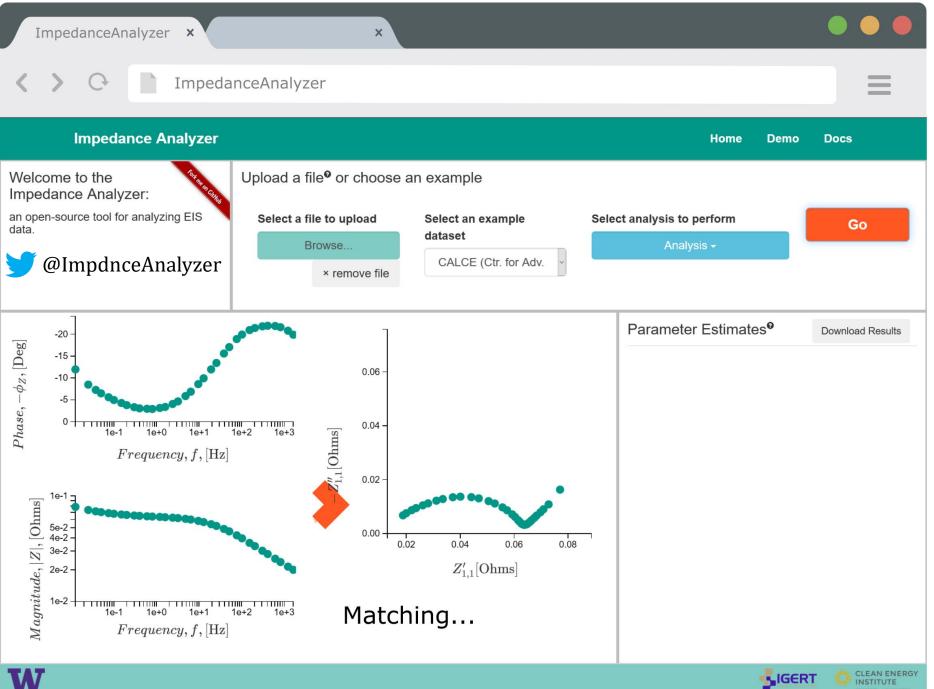








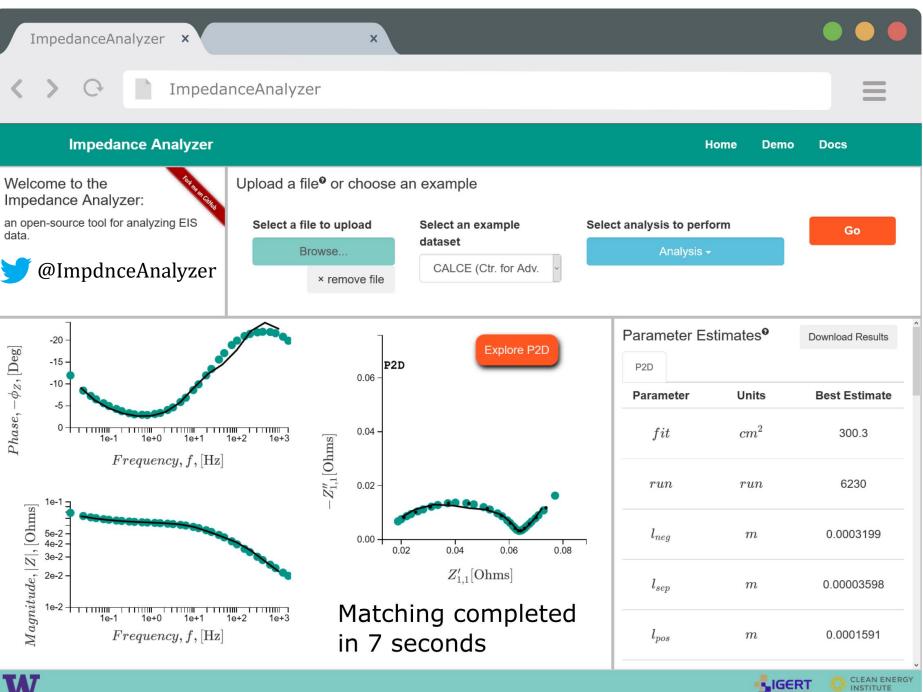




















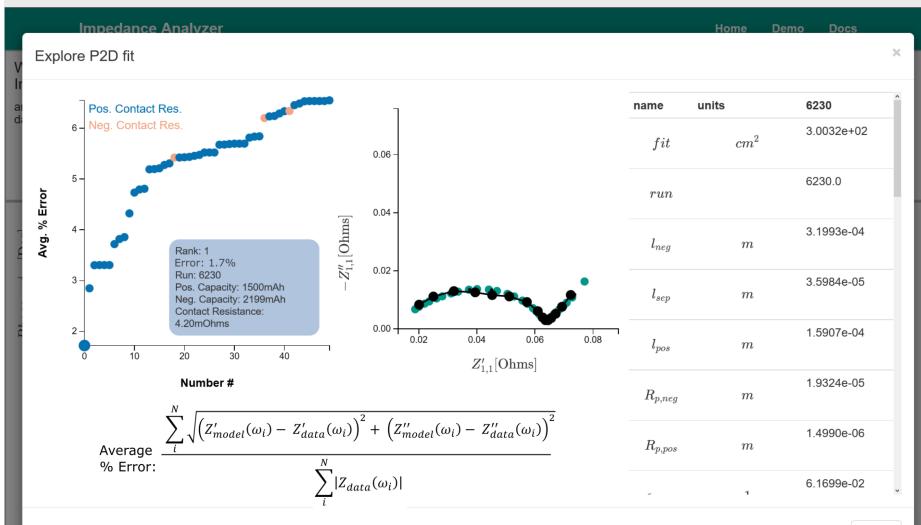






Impedance Analyzer







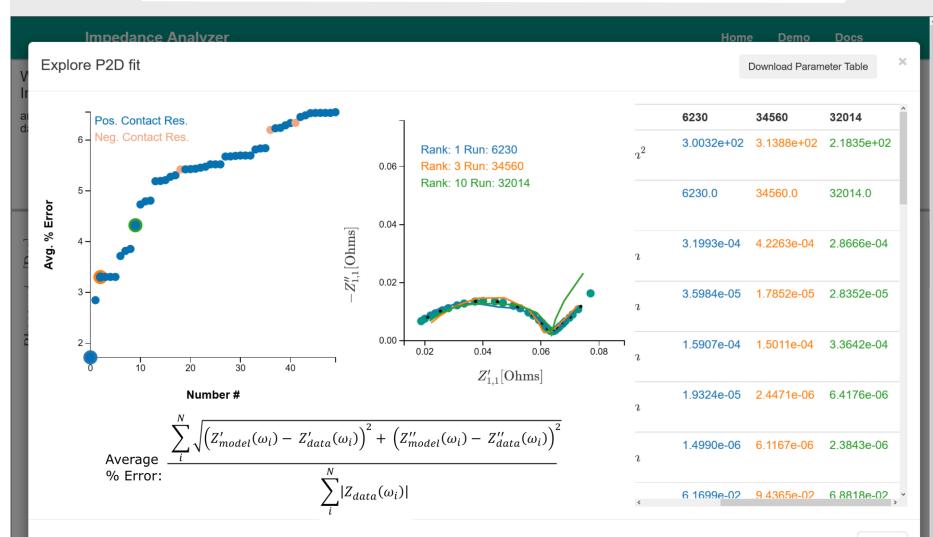






Impedance Analyzer





Close

Summary

- With the ImpedanceAnalyzer, physics-based impedance analysis can be as easy as using an equivalent circuit
- Future improvements will include building a larger dataset and integrating local optimization
- Open-source software projects allow the ECS community to build the tools that it wants and needs

Equivalent circuits: fast and easy to use

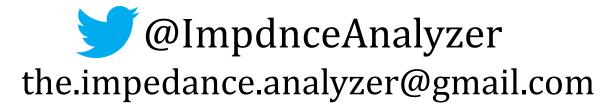
Physics-based models: + sophisticated analysis

ImpedanceAnalyzer

Looking for a few beta testers:

mmurbach@uw.edu

For updates and more information...



<u>Acknowledgements</u>

Prof. Dan Schwartz Prof. Hanna Hajishirzi







(slides: mattmurbach.com/ecs2017a)