Overview of the Project:

Our hotel management system is a desktop-based application designed to streamline and automate key hotel operations. The system manages essential data including guest reservations, room assignments, and staff responsibilities. It features modules for managing room availability, handling bookings, maintaining customer records, and tracking check-in and check-out activities. Integrated with manager, user, and room data, it provides an intuitive interface for staff to efficiently monitor hotel occupancy, enhance guest experiences, and ensure smooth day-to-day operations. This solution helps improve productivity and reduces manual errors, making hotel management more effective.

Goals of the System

- Automate hotel operations such as room booking, check-in/check-out, and information management.
- Provide hotel managers with administrative control to oversee the system's operations and handle critical tasks efficiently.
- Ensure secure access and management of sensitive data such as customer details.
- Improve hotel resource utilization by tracking room availability and optimizing booking processes.

Importance of Implementing This System in the Hotel Industry:

The Hotel Management System reduces operational inefficiencies and enhances customer satisfaction. It automates repetitive tasks like reservations and management, which helps hotel staff focus more on customer service. The system also minimizes errors in booking and data management, leading to better resource allocation and revenue optimization.

Architecture

The system is based on a desktop application architecture. It consists of a client-side interface used by hotel staff and an underlying database system that stores all relevant information. The architecture allows for centralized data storage, where all operations (room bookings, checkins/check-outs, etc.) are reflected instantly. The manager module is designed to provide higher access control for administrative tasks.

Room Management:

Efficiently managing room availability based on specific date ranges, room types, and features is a cornerstone of our hotel management system. It enables hassle-free room booking for customers while allowing real-time monitoring of room status (Booked or Available). The system ensures that reservations are processed accurately, taking into account customer preferences such as room type and amenities, while also preventing double bookings. By offering real-time updates on room availability, it helps hotel staff manage reservations seamlessly, optimize room occupancy, and enhance guest satisfaction.

Customer Management:

Seamless check-in and check-out processes are facilitated and complemented by customer profile management. Essential customer details such as names, contact information, preferences, and other personalized information are stored and easily accessible to enhance their overall experience.

Entity-Relationship (ER) Diagram

The ER diagram represents the relationships between key entities in the system: Manager Data, Room Data, and User Data.

- **Manager Data** includes information on hotel managers, their roles, and their access privileges.
- Room Data tracks the status, type, and availability of rooms in the hotel.
- User Data refers to guest information, booking details, and transaction histories.

Database Design

The database consists of several tables with defined relationships:

- Managers Table: Stores manager login credentials, roles, and permissions.
- **Rooms Table**: Contains details about each room, including room number, type (single, double, suite), pricing, and availability status.
- **Bookings Table**: Maintains records of guest bookings, linked to both rooms and information.

Technologies Used

- **Programming Language**: The system is developed using programming language C# for building the desktop application.
- **Database**: MySQL is used for handling the database backend, providing a relational database management system to store and retrieve hotel data.
- **Development Environment**: The project is developed using integrated development environments (IDEs) Visual Studio, allowing for efficient coding and debugging.

Manager Module

The manager module provides administrative control to oversee hotel operations. Managers can:

- Add or modify room details.
- Generate reports on hotel occupancy and bookings.
- Manage staff access and roles. Room Module

The room module manages all information related to hotel rooms:

- Room availability, pricing, and details (single, double, suite, etc.).
- The system allows for updating room status (booked, available, under maintenance).

User Module

The user module handles guest-related tasks:

- Records customer information and booking preferences.
- Facilitates the check-in and check-out process.

User Interface

The system interface is designed to be intuitive for all users. Screenshots for the following key interfaces can be included:

- Booking Page: A page that shows available rooms, pricing, and booking options.
- Check-in/Check-out Page: Displays guest details and booking information during check-in or check-out processes.

• Admin Dashboard: Accessible only by managers, this dashboard includes advanced features like reports and room status updates.

Testing

- Unit Testing: Each module is tested independently to ensure correct functionality.
- **Integration Testing**: The interaction between different modules (e.g., room and user modules) is tested to ensure seamless communication.
- **System Testing**: The entire system is tested in a simulated environment to check for bugs or glitches.
- **Testing Outcomes**: The system was rigorously tested, and any bugs identified were promptly resolved, ensuring smooth operation.

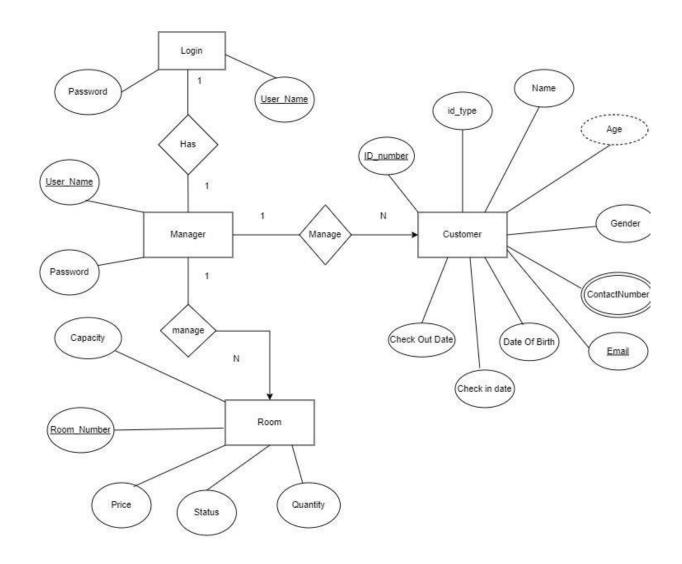
Conclusion

The Hotel Management System successfully automates hotel operations, making room bookings, check-ins, and check-outs efficient and error-free. The system enhances guest experiences by ensuring data accuracy and availability. It also benefits hotel managers by providing better control over operations and reporting. The system's user-friendly design and secure framework make it a valuable addition to any hotel.

User Stories:

Use Case	Actor	User Story
Log In	Manager	The system allows managers to access it by logging in with their respective usernames and passwords.
Check Room	Manager	Manager check room availability.
Request Room	Customer	The customer requests a room.

Update Data	Manager	The manager can update their personal information.		
Book Room	Manager	Managers are responsible for approving room requests.		
Manage Customer Details	Manager	Managers can search customer data.		
Request services	Manager	When a customer requires a service such as food or maintenance, they can request it accordingly.		
Manage Room	Manager	The manager has the authority to add room to the hotel's inventory, delete existing room and modify the room prices as needed.		
Manage User	Manager	The manager oversees the login credentials and salaries of both the housekeepers and receptionists. They have the capability to update the passwords for existing users and delete their data when necessary.		
Housekeeper Details	Manager	The manager has the ability to view the current details of housekeepers and can also delete housekeeper data when necessary.		
Receptionist Details	Manager	The manager has the ability to view the current details of receptionists and can also delete receptionists' data when necessary.		



Data Dictionary: Login:

Key	Name	Data Type	Length	Nullable
Primary	UserName	nvarchar	50	NO
	Password	nvarchar	50	NO

Clint:

Key	Name	Data Type	Length	Nullable
	Name	nvarchar	50	NO
	Gender	nvarchar	50	NO
	Email	nvarchar	50	NO

	Contact	nvarchar	50	NO
	ID_Type	nvarchar	50	NO
	ID_NO	nvarchar	50	NO
	DOB	nvarchar	50	NO
	Age	nvarchar	50	NO
	Address	nvarchar	50	NO
	Check_In_Date	nvarchar	50	NO
	Check_Out_Date	nvarchar	50	NO
Foreign Key	Room_No	nvarchar	50	NO

Room:

Key	Name	Data Type	Length	Nullable
Primary	Room_Number	INT		NO
	Name	nvarchar	50	NO
	capacity	nvarchar	50	NO
	Quality	nvarchar	50	NO
	Price	Float	53	NO
	Date	nvarchar	50	NO
	Status	nvarchar	50	NO

Query1(case sensitive password) = "SELECT COUNT(1) FROM login WHERE Username COLLATE SQL_Latin1_General_CP1_CS_AS = @Username AND Password COLLATE SQL_Latin1_General_CP1_CS_AS = @Password";

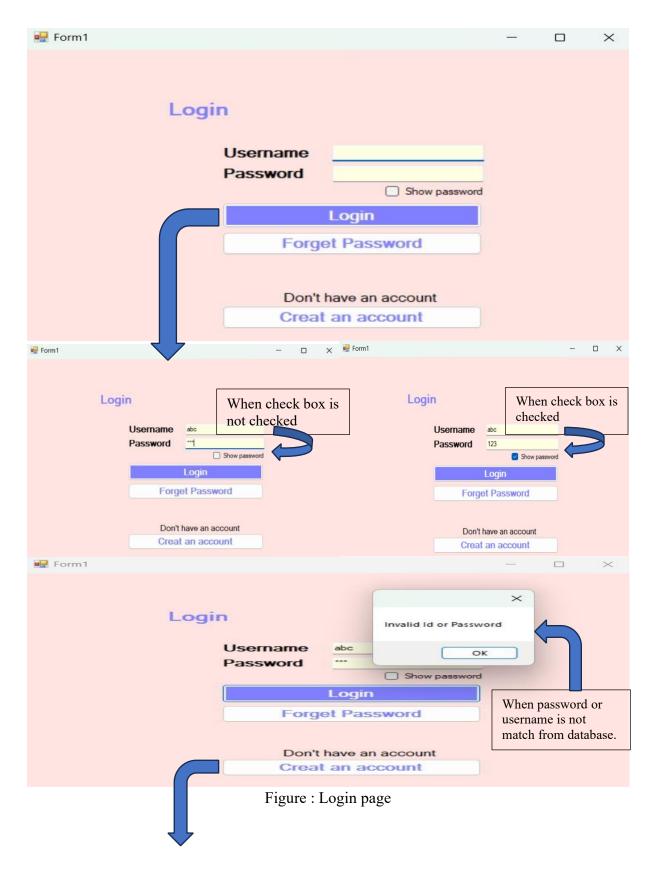
Query1(without case sensitive password) = "SELECT COUNT(1) FROM login WHERE Username=@Username AND Password=@Password";

Query2(checkUser) = SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Login WHERE Username = @Username

Query3(UPDATE Login SET Password) = @Password, Confirm_Password = @ConfirmPassword WHERE Username = @Username UPDATE Login SET Password = @Password, Confirm_Password = @ConfirmPassword WHERE Username = @Username

Query4(insert) = "INSERT INTO Room (RoomNumber, Name,) VALUES (@RoomNumber, @Name)"

Screenshots:



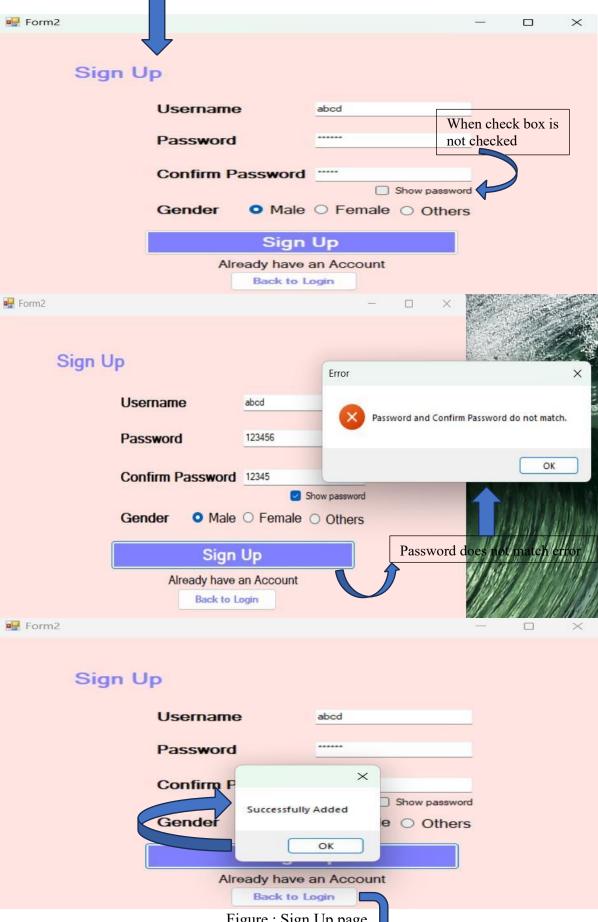
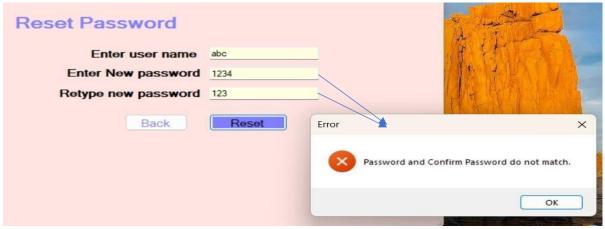
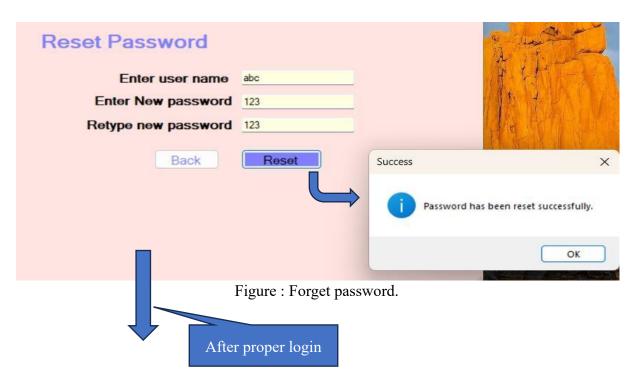
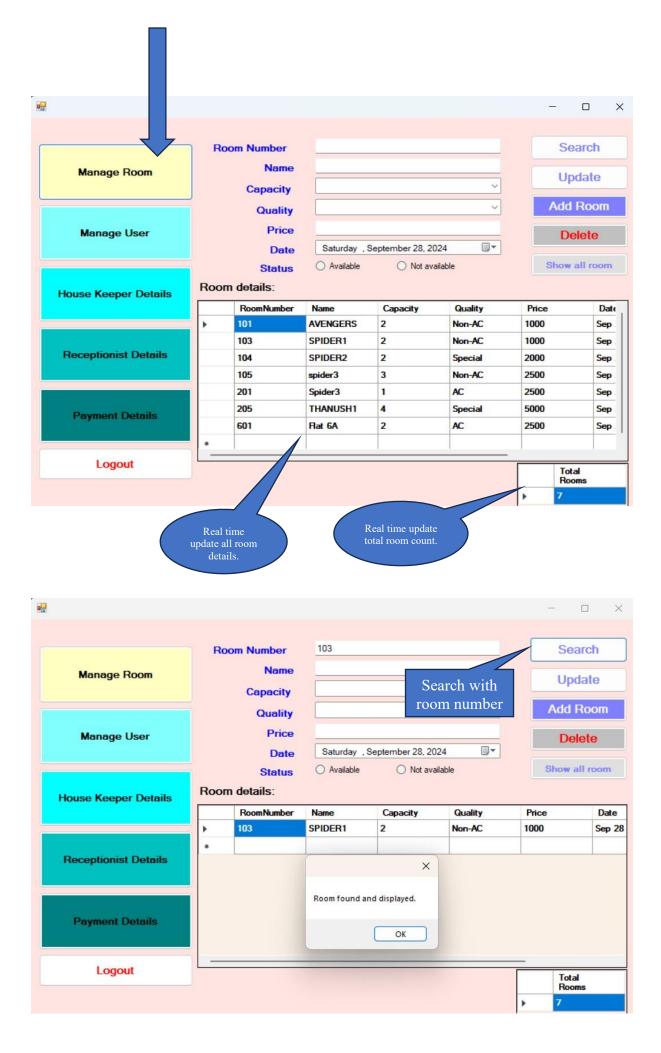


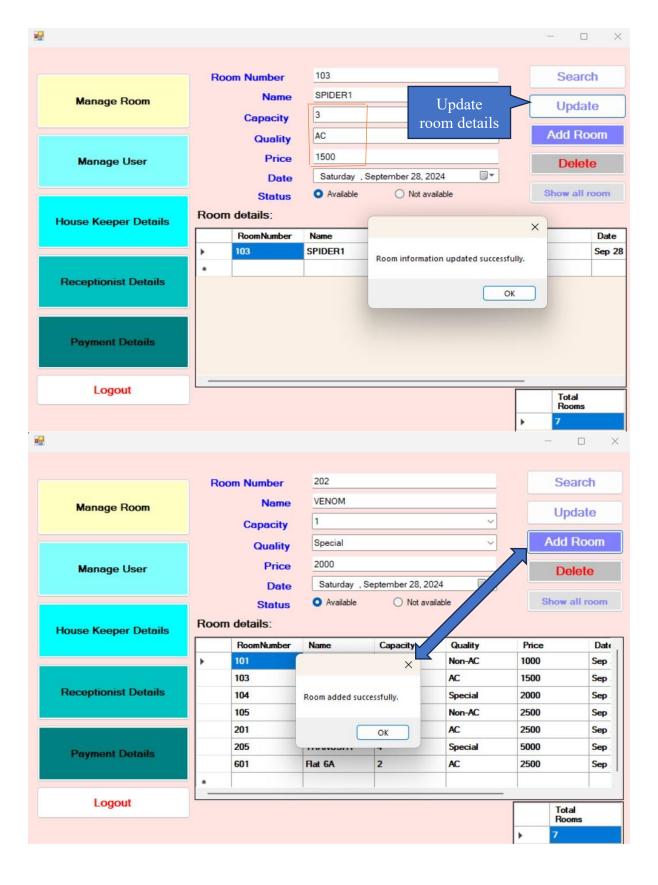
Figure : Sign Up page.

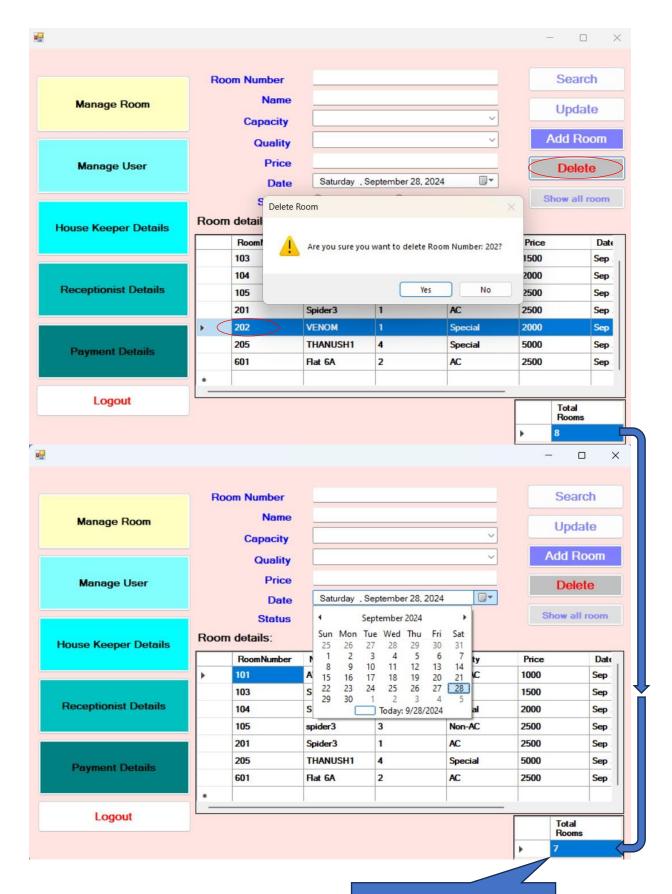




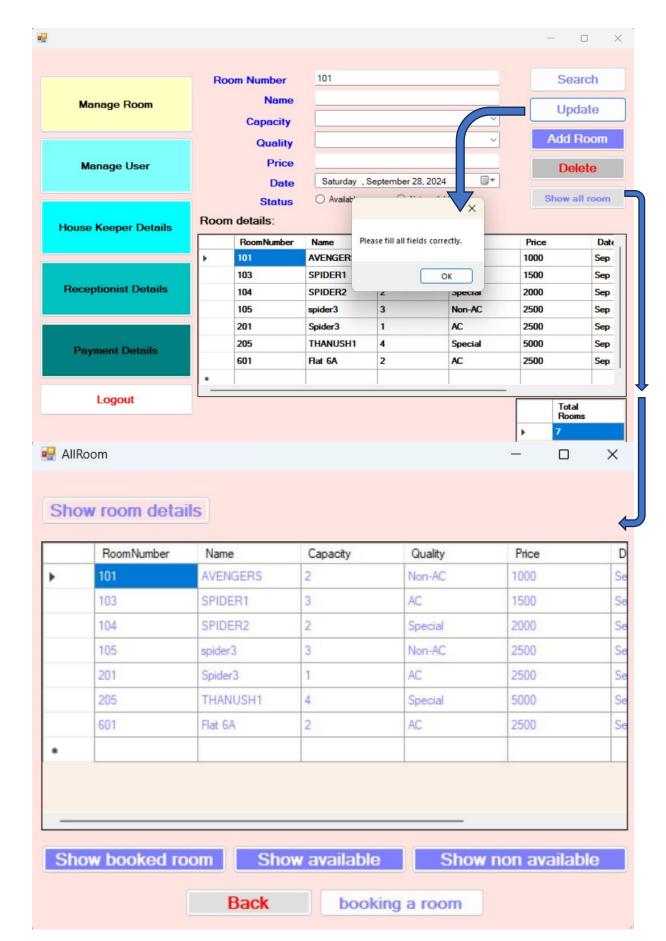


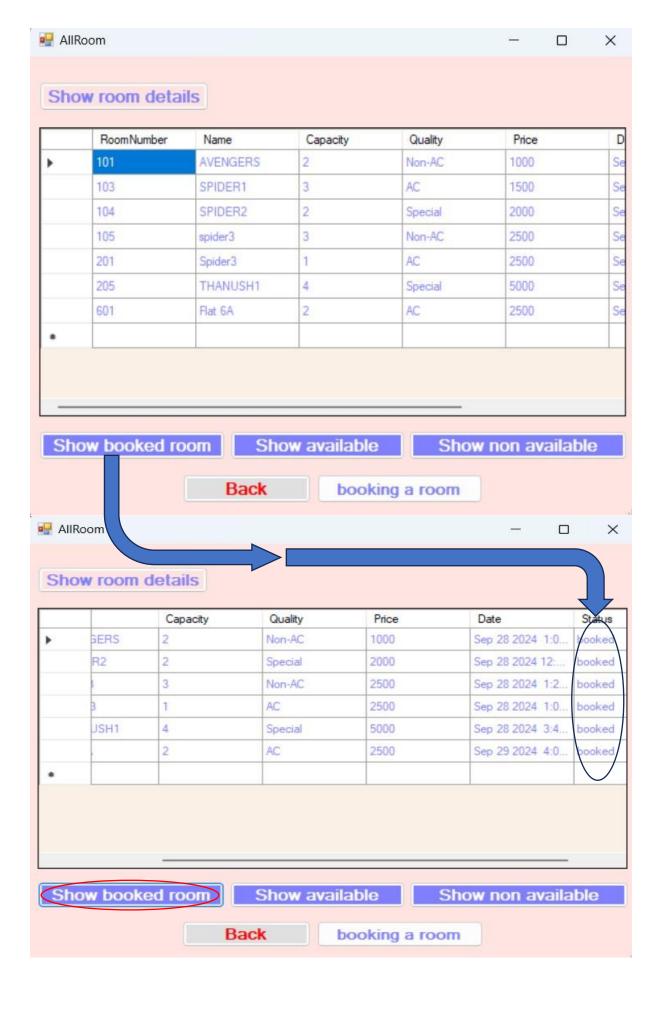


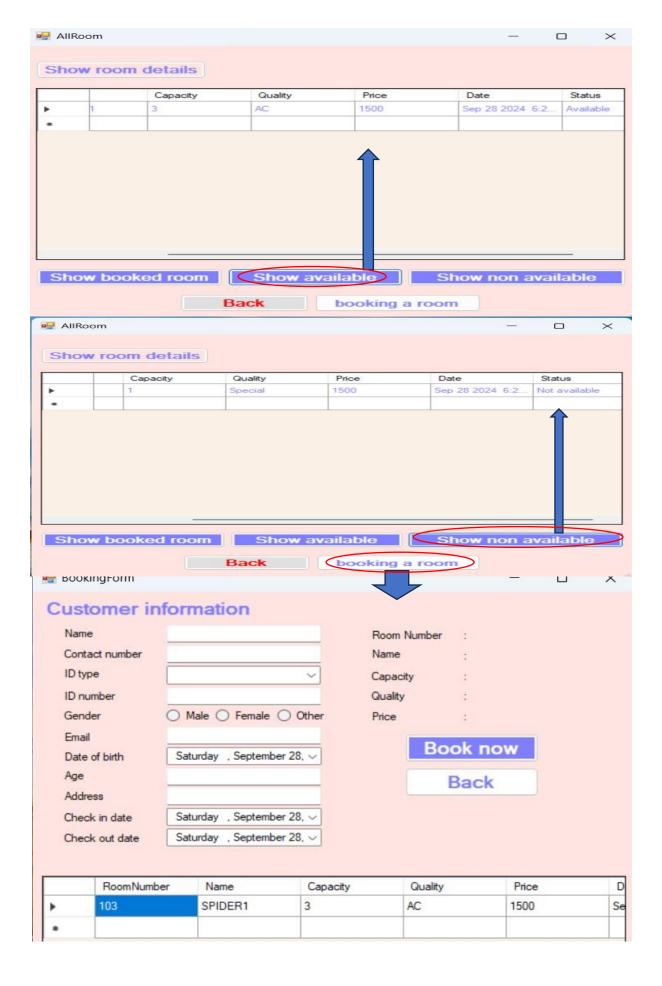


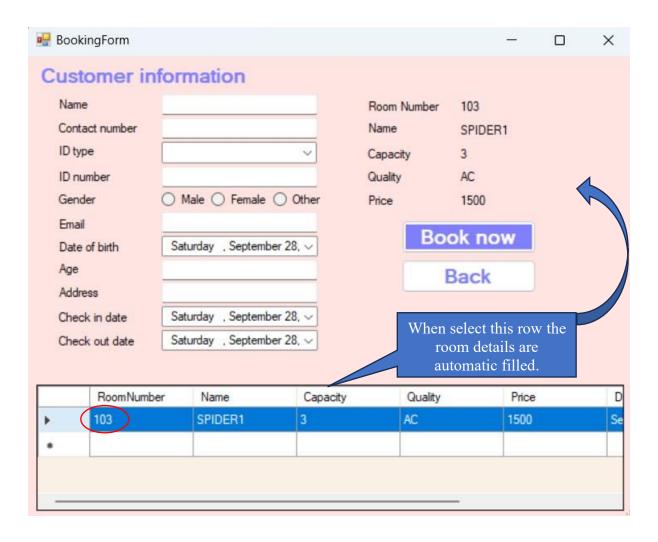


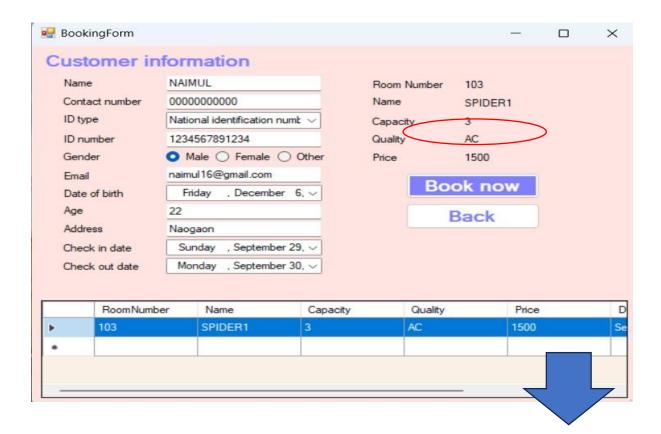
After remove room total number will be updated

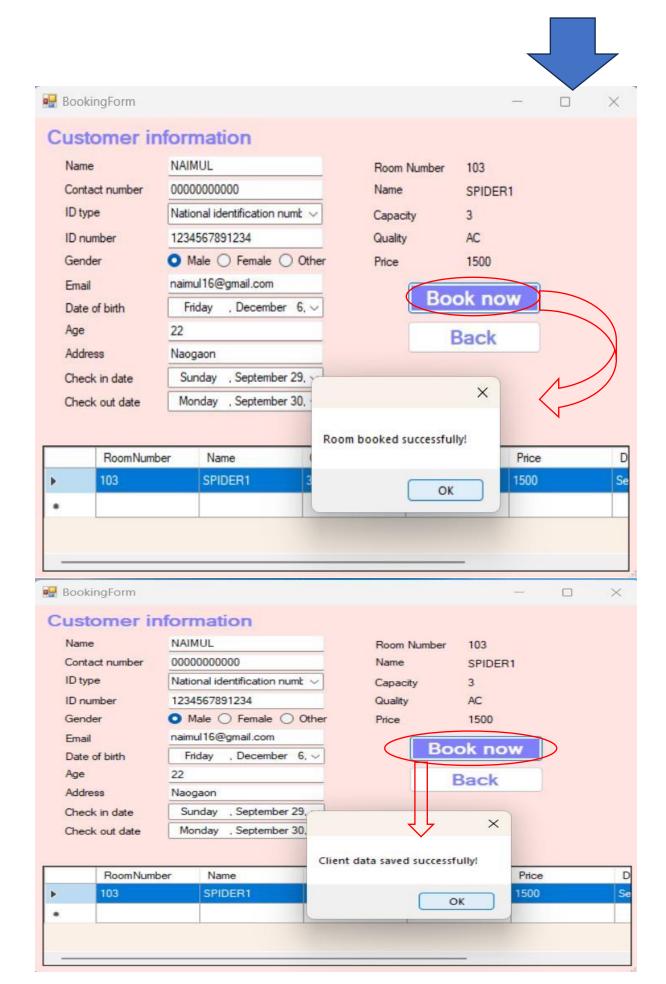


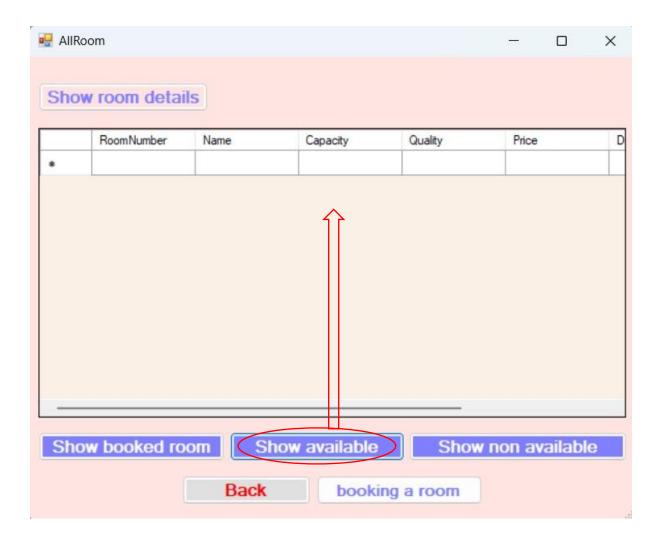












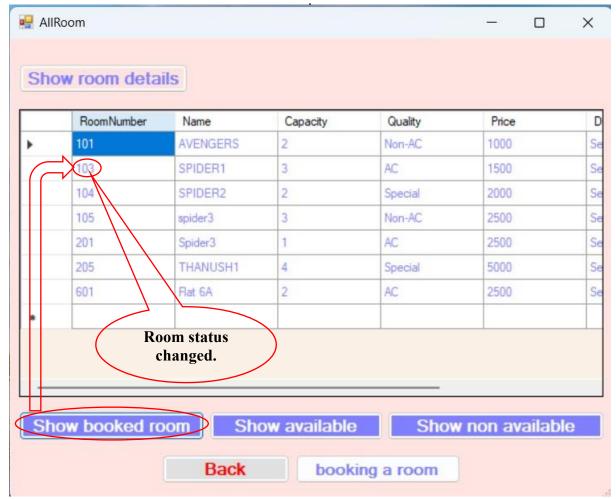


Figure : Customer & Room manage.