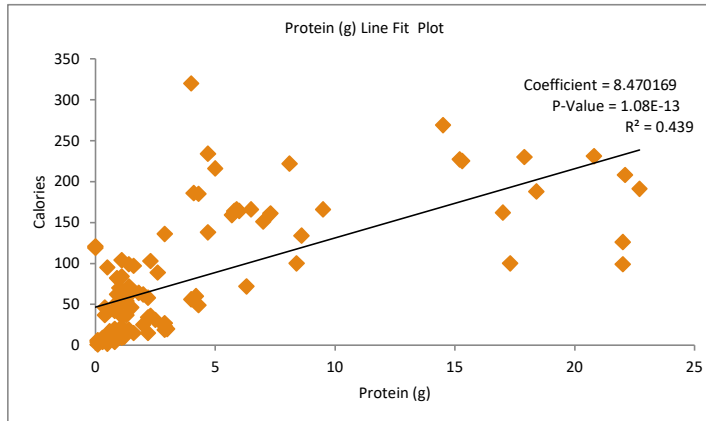


ANALYSIS - TOP 98 HEALTHY FOOD

By: Nizam Jaafar

	Calories	Protein (g)	Fiber (g)	Vitamin C (mg)	Antioxidant Score
Calories	1				
Protein (g)	0.662552151	1			
Fiber (g)	0.578018217	0.258662946	1		
Vitamin C (mg)	-0.212027512	-0.223645397	0.011237358	1	
Antioxidant Score	-0.125098697	-0.102985671	-0.042942676	-0.126943081	1

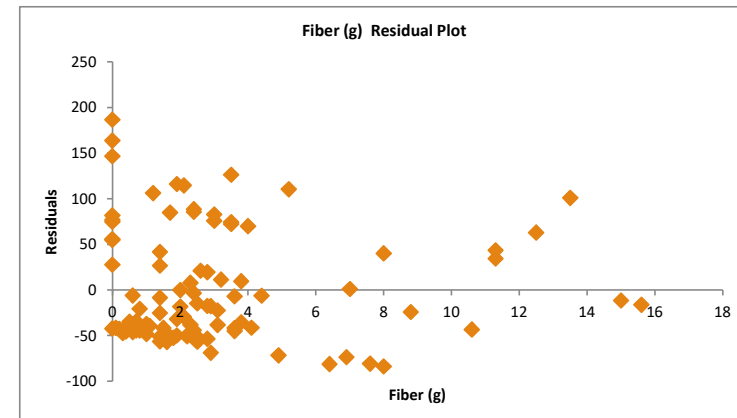
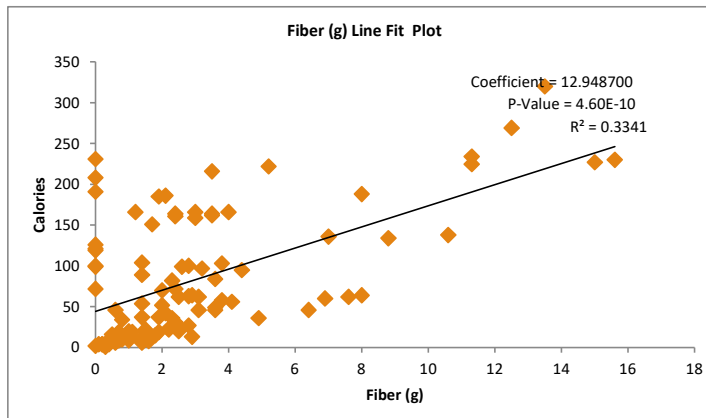
From the heatmap, we can conclude that there is moderate correlation for Calories with Protein and Fiber where the results are above 0.663 and 0.578 respectively.



We did a regression analysis on Calories and Protein where Calories as dependable variable and Protein as independent variable. From the outcome, as can see in the line fit plot, R square resulting reading of 0.439 or 43.9% which the variation or changes of Calorie explained by Protein content. This a decent fit but there are also other variable or factors influencing Calories.

Meanwhile, on the P-Value result suggesting that we can accept to reject the null relationship which to conclude the amount of Protein in food has a meaningful and statistically significant impact on the number of Calories.

As per coefficient result, the expected value of Calories to increase for each additional gram of Protein is approximately around 8.47 units. This relationship is highly significant.



We did a regression analysis on Calories and Fiber where Calories as dependable variable and Fiber as independent variable. From the outcome, as can see in the line fit plot, R square resulting reading of 0.3341 or 33.41% which the variation or changes of Calories explained by Fiber content. This a decent fit but there are also other variable or factors influencing Calories.

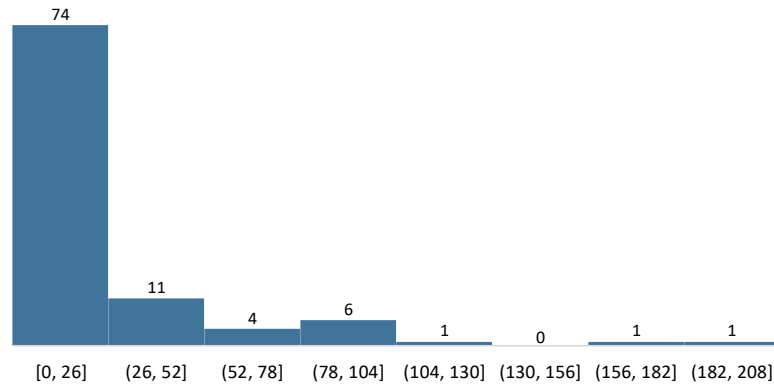
Meanwhile, on the P-Value result suggesting that we can accept to reject the null relationship which to conclude the amount of Fiber in food has a meaningful and statistically significant impact on the number of Calories.

As per coefficient result, the expected value of Calories to increase for each additional gram of Fiber is approximately around 12.95 units. This relationship is highly significant.

ANALYSIS - TOP 98 HEALTHY FOOD

By: Nizam Jaafar

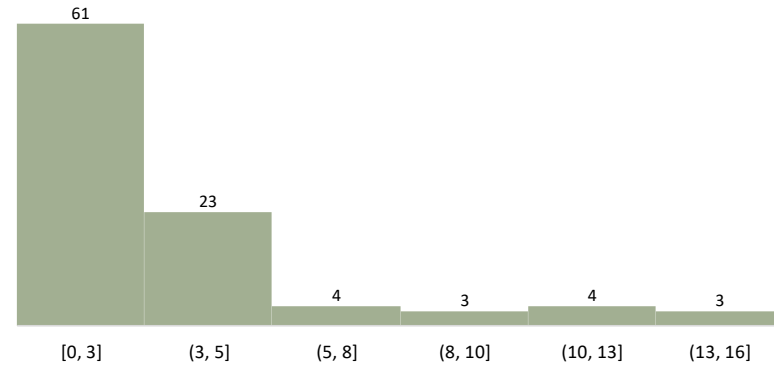
Distribution by Food: Vitamin C



This is distribution plot for Vitamin C for each food listed. Most of the food ranging 0 - 26 mg of Vitamin C with total count of 74.

Red Bell Peppers represent the high reading of Vitamin C with value of 190 mg.

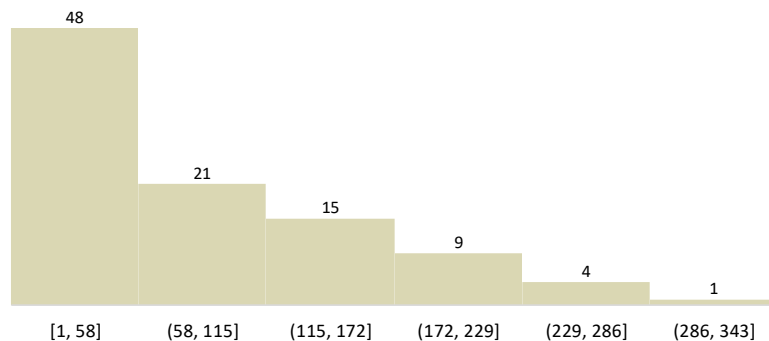
Distribution by Food: Fiber



This is distribution plot for Fiber for each food listed. Most of the food ranging around 0 - 3 g of Fiber with total count of 61.

Lentils, Black Beans and Avocado represent the high reading of Fiber with value ranging 13 - 16 g.

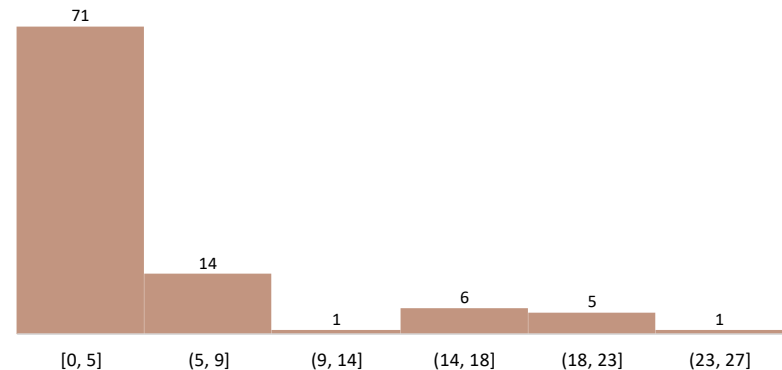
Distribution by Food: Calories



This is distribution plot for Calories for each food listed. Most of the food ranging 1 - 58 Calories with total count of 48.

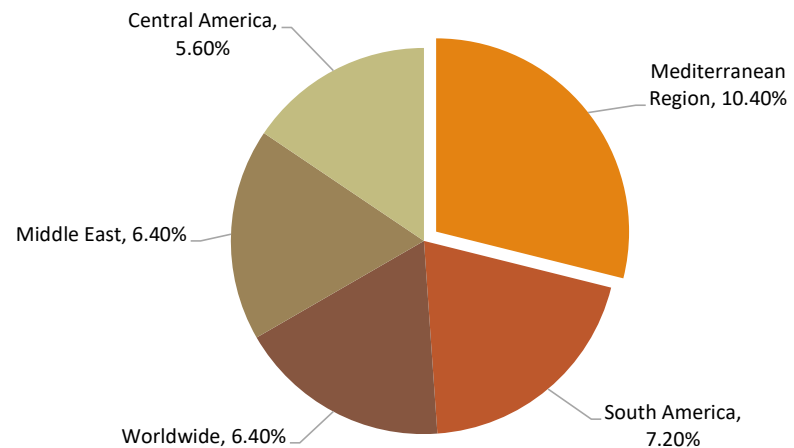
Avocado represent the high reading of Calories with value of 320.

Distribution by Food: Protein



This is distribution plot for Protein for each food listed. Most of the food ranging 0 - 5 g of Protein with total count of 71.

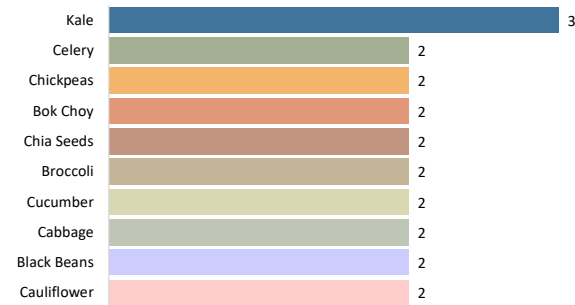
Sardines represent the high reading of Protein with value ranging 23 - 27 g.



ANALYSIS - TOP 98 HEALTHY FOOD

By: Nizam Jaafar

By Food: Top 10 Count of Nutritional Content per 100g

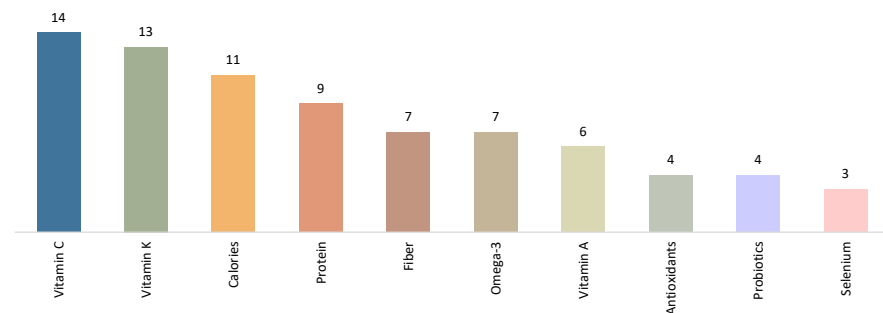


Go into analysis of nutritional content found in a top 98 healthy food - as shown in the chart above, Kale is a leader of food that contains the highest distinct nutrients per 100 gram serving with 8 distinct nutrients.

The other top 9 with a count of 2 distinct nutrients per serving of 100g, showcasing a diverse range of beneficial nutrients.

Lastly, for other 88 foods ranging from 1 to 2 contents.

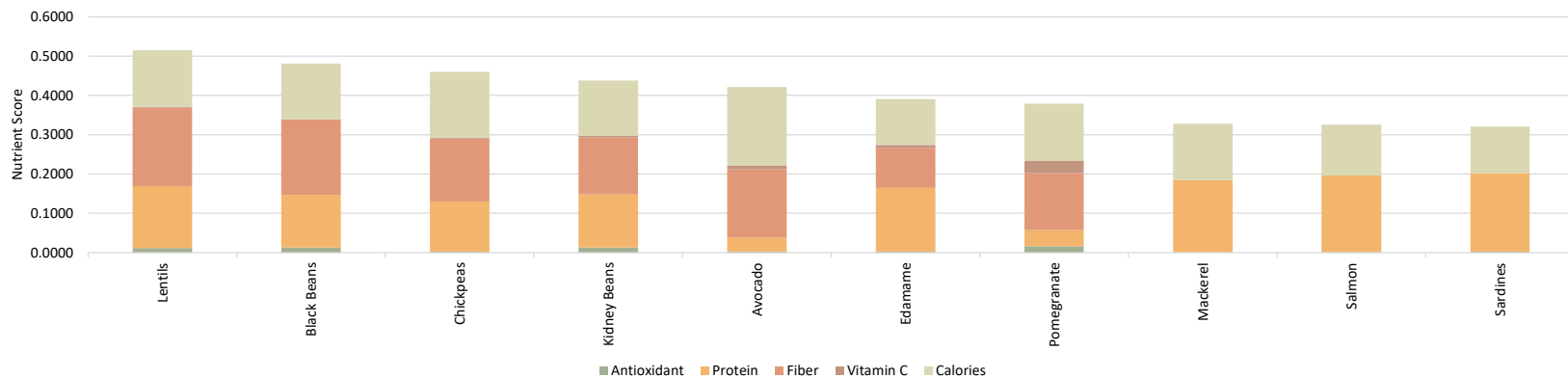
By Nutritional Content: No. of Food



By nutritional content, the type of nutrition that is found the most in a single plate of food is coming from Vitamin C with a total of 14 foods, followed by Vitamin K at 13 of counts and at third, Calories with 11 foods.

As we go deeper into the analysis, by category of nutrition in this top 10 list, we can conclude that Vitamin is accountable for most of the nutrition that can be found in the top 98 healthy foods.

By Weightage: Top 10 Healthiest Food



To find the food that can provide the most benefit to health, we did a weightage scoring based on the essential nutrients as presented in the dataset - Antioxidant, Protein, Fiber, Vitamin C and Calories. The numbers for each nutrient are then converted into normalized values with the formula of:

Normalized Value = Actual Number / Max Number

Weightage score is then calculated by segregating the weightage of each nutrient to 0.2 per nutrient with a return of value 1 for all 5 nutrients. To conclude the scoring, the formula being used is (n is the type of nutrient):

Weightage Score = $(n1 * 0.2) + (n2 * 0.2) + (n3 * 0.2) + (n4 * 0.2) + (n5 * 0.2)$

The outcome after calculating the weightage scoring and ranking is as what is being shown in the above chart for the top 10 foods - Lentils is the most healthiest food based on the final scoring due to its balanced content of essential nutrients. Black Beans at number 2 and Chickpeas at number 3, which these two foods have high protein and fiber content.

Pomegranate has the most nutrient contents of Vitamin C and also Antioxidant. This is due to Pomegranate being a fruit which, in general, fruits are often rich with these two nutrients.

Fish like Mackerel, Salmon and Sardines, are high in Protein and Calorie but lack of Antioxidant, Fiber and Vitamin C, which is directly resulting in lower overall scores based on the weightage set.

Conclusion: To have a broad spectrum of nutritional contents, a person must commit to balancing different types of food from fish, fruit & legumes (plant-based foods), etc.