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Use Cases for Power Quality Data Analysis: Case Study for the Estonian Transmission System

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Agenda

Motivation

Use Cases for Power Quality Data Analysis

Case Study: Estonian Transmission System

- Use case 1: Compliance with limits
- Use case 2: Seasonal variations
- Use case 3: Trend identification

Conclusions

Motivation

- Recent developments (e.g. increase in renewables) can have a significant impact on Power Quality (PQ)
- Increasing number of PQ measurement campaigns to monitor networks
- Resulting in vast amounts of measurement data
- Measurement data contains valuable information that is often underutilized

Power Quality Data Analysis

- Various use cases with potential benefits
- Turning measurement data into actionable information
- Allowing a proactive management to ensure adequate PQ

Power Quality Data Analysis

Overview of use cases

Use case defines measurement requirements:

- **Measurement locations**
 - Single-point or multi-point measurements
 - Selection of locations
- **Measurement parameters**
 - Voltage quality parameters
 - Current quality parameters
 - Aggregation interval
- **Measurement duration**
 - Short-term (days to weeks)
 - Medium-term (months to years)
 - Long-term (multiple years)

| # | Use Case | Minimum measurement duration | SP | MP |
|----|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|----|----|
| 1 | Events | Short-term | X | |
| 2 | Anomalies | Short-term | X | |
| 3 | Compliance with limits | Short-term | X | |
| 4 | Emission profiles | Short-term | X | |
| 5 | Correlation and propagation | Short-term | | X |
| 6 | Model parameter identification | Short-term | | X |
| 7 | Disturbance source identification | Short-term | | X |
| 8 | Seasonal variations | Medium-term | X | |
| 9 | Trend identification | Long-term | X | |
| 10 | Trend forecasting | Long-term | X | |

Single-point (SP)
Multi-point (MP)

Case Study: Estonian Transmission System

Data set

Measurement campaign

- 15 sites in Estonian transmission system
- Up to 7.5 years of measurement duration
- 27 voltage quality parameters:
 - Unbalance (UNB),
 - Long-term flicker (U_{plt}),
 - Total harmonic distortion (U_{thd}) and
 - Harmonic voltages (U₀₂-U₂₅)
- 10 min aggregation interval
- Individual planning levels

Data pre-processing

1. Calculation of 95th percentiles per week
2. Comparison with planning limits

| Site | Voltage level | Nominal voltage in kV | Measurement duration in weeks | Available data in % |
|------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| M01 | EHV | 330 | 340 | 96.2 |
| M02 | EHV | 330 | 223 | 98.9 |
| M03 | HV | 110 | 329 | 99.8 |
| M04 | HV | 110 | 290 | 99.9 |
| M05 | HV | 110 | 290 | 99.9 |
| M06 | HV | 110 | 343 | 99.9 |
| M07 | HV | 110 | 348 | 100 |
| M08 | HV | 110 | 343 | 99.9 |
| M09 | HV | 110 | 311 | 99.8 |
| M10 | HV | 110 | 280 | 99.7 |
| M11 | HV | 110 | 311 | 99.8 |
| M12 | HV | 110 | 395 | 39.2 |
| M13 | HV | 110 | 395 | 39.2 |
| M14 | HV | 110 | 51 | 98.2 |
| M15 | HV | 110 | 51 | 98.3 |

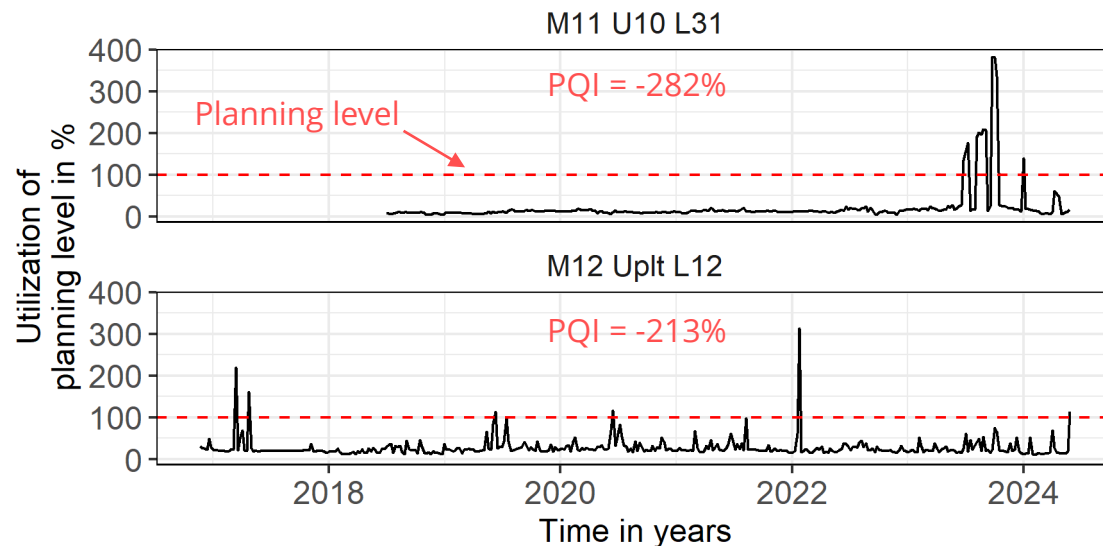
Case Study: Estonian Transmission System

Use Case 1: Compliance with limits

- Comparison of weekly 95th percentiles for different parameters using normalized a Power Quality index (PQI)

$$PQI = \left(1 - \frac{\text{value}}{\text{limit}}\right) \cdot 100\%$$

$$\begin{aligned} 50\% < \text{PQI} &\leq 100\% \\ 25\% < \text{PQI} &\leq 50\% \\ 0\% < \text{PQI} &\leq 25\% \\ \text{PQI} &\leq 0\% \end{aligned}$$



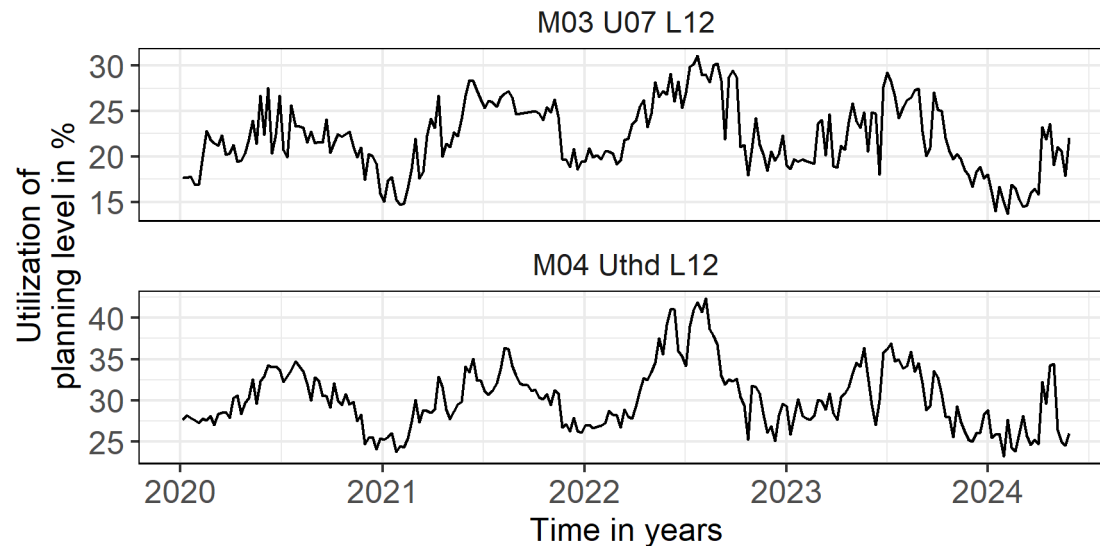
PQ indices by parameter and site
(minimum aggregation of all weeks)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|
| Uthd | 68 | 84 | 51 | 58 | 58 | 53 | 16 | 44 | -20 | -46 | 50 | 4 | -11 | 54 | 54 |
| Uplt | | 71 | 41 | 58 | 58 | -90 | 43 | 31 | 47 | 60 | 53 | -213 | -209 | 81 | 81 |
| UNB | 49 | 42 | 10 | 57 | 54 | -77 | 52 | 50 | 55 | 52 | 66 | 50 | 35 | 67 | 64 |
| U25 | 74 | 80 | 82 | 85 | 85 | 27 | 59 | 77 | 62 | -30 | 91 | 81 | 78 | 97 | 97 |
| U24 | 92 | 98 | 96 | 97 | 97 | 81 | 77 | 88 | 92 | 33 | 98 | | | 99 | 99 |
| U23 | 60 | 82 | 84 | 93 | 94 | 30 | 48 | 64 | 64 | -76 | 87 | 80 | 76 | 98 | 98 |
| U22 | 94 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 98 | 74 | 76 | 87 | 93 | 33 | 95 | | | 99 | 99 |
| U21 | 47 | 94 | 88 | 96 | 96 | 53 | 52 | 78 | 87 | -54 | 80 | | | 97 | 97 |
| U20 | 86 | 94 | 94 | 97 | 97 | 77 | 78 | 91 | 92 | 11 | 84 | | | 98 | 98 |
| U19 | 84 | 97 | 88 | 96 | 96 | 51 | 48 | 81 | 89 | -205 | 60 | 37 | 37 | 96 | 96 |
| U18 | 81 | 97 | 97 | 98 | 98 | 88 | 87 | 94 | 95 | 36 | 71 | | | 98 | 98 |
| U17 | 81 | 97 | 93 | 95 | 95 | 73 | 75 | 89 | 93 | -48 | 29 | 20 | 21 | 97 | 97 |
| U16 | 86 | 91 | 94 | 97 | 97 | 82 | 90 | 96 | 94 | 55 | 29 | | | 98 | 98 |
| U15 | -5 | 95 | 81 | 88 | 88 | 79 | 78 | 92 | 85 | 30 | -28 | | | 92 | 92 |
| U14 | 83 | 90 | 92 | 93 | 93 | 94 | 89 | 96 | 95 | 69 | 44 | | | 95 | 95 |
| U13 | 63 | 91 | 75 | 77 | 77 | 73 | 85 | 92 | 77 | 37 | 33 | 49 | 44 | 84 | 85 |
| U12 | 46 | 92 | 66 | 69 | 69 | 91 | 89 | 92 | 91 | 80 | 34 | | | 82 | 85 |
| U11 | 32 | 71 | 80 | 82 | 82 | 81 | 89 | 90 | 81 | 69 | 55 | 57 | 51 | 94 | 93 |
| U10 | -12 | 43 | -26 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 70 | 52 | 83 | 55 | -282 | | | 17 | 2 |
| U09 | -13 | 92 | 87 | 89 | 89 | 88 | 94 | 92 | 90 | 95 | 87 | | | 86 | 87 |
| U08 | -29 | -7 | 8 | 13 | 13 | 63 | 25 | 18 | 81 | 66 | 4 | | | 1 | 3 |
| U07 | 10 | 70 | 69 | 69 | 70 | 82 | 70 | 67 | -21 | 76 | 76 | 35 | 34 | 65 | 65 |
| U06 | 5 | 17 | 34 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 24 | 12 | -33 | 50 | 23 | | | 31 | 31 |
| U05 | 39 | 39 | 60 | 66 | 66 | 56 | 14 | 49 | 34 | 64 | 66 | 21 | 20 | 68 | 68 |
| U04 | 76 | 80 | 76 | 76 | 76 | 79 | 77 | 76 | 81 | 84 | 83 | | | 74 | 74 |
| U03 | 51 | 62 | 71 | 79 | 79 | 72 | 69 | 73 | 72 | 78 | 75 | | | 79 | 79 |
| U02 | 91 | 96 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 95 | 95 | 94 | 96 | 92 | 97 | | | 93 | 93 |
| | M01 | M02 | M03 | M04 | M05 | M06 | M07 | M08 | M09 | M10 | M11 | M12 | M13 | M14 | M15 |

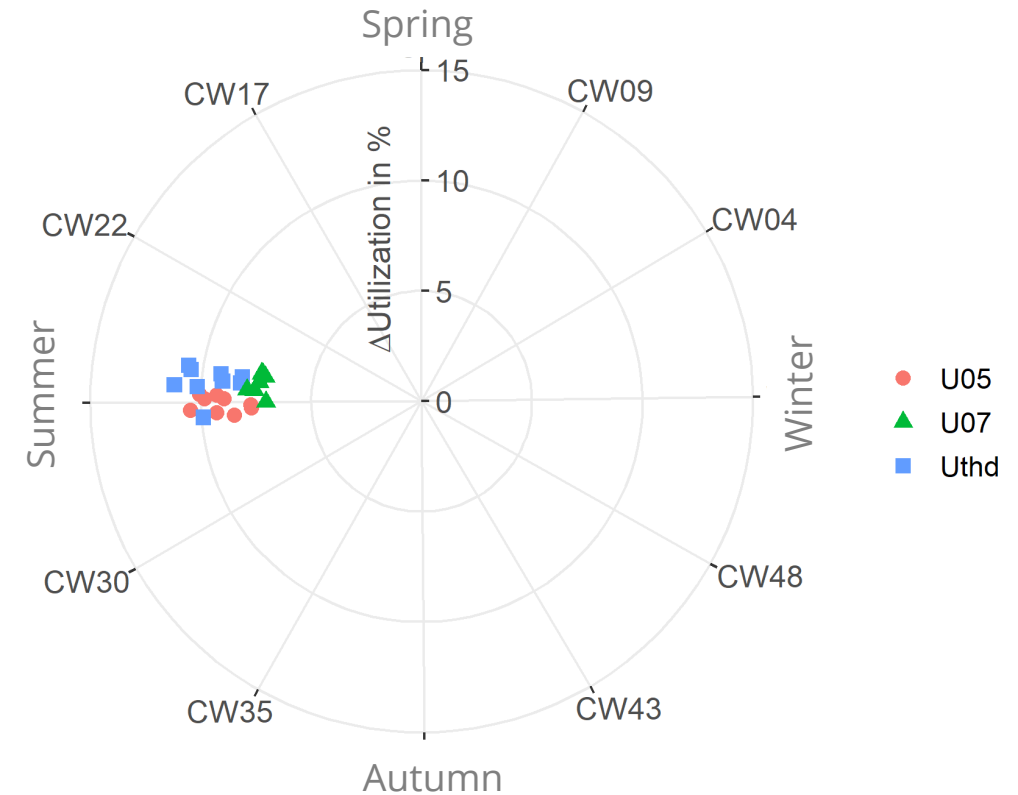
Case Study: Estonian Transmission System

Use Case 2: Seasonal variations

- Quantification of seasonal variations by analysing spectral components of time series
- Component with period of 52 weeks ("fundamental")
 - Amplitude indicates size of variations
 - Phase angle represents calendar weeks with highest levels



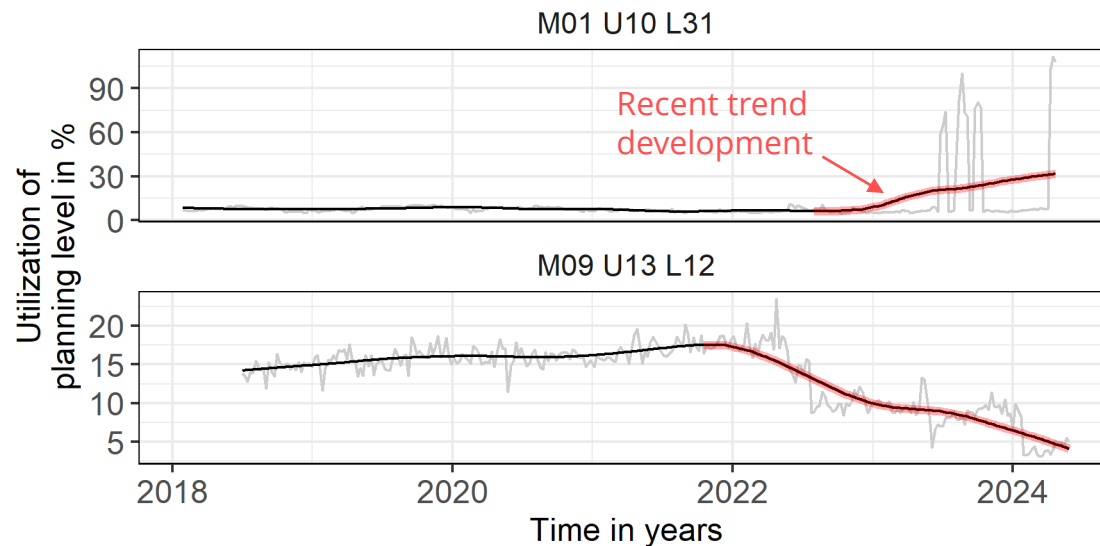
Polar plot of seasonal variations



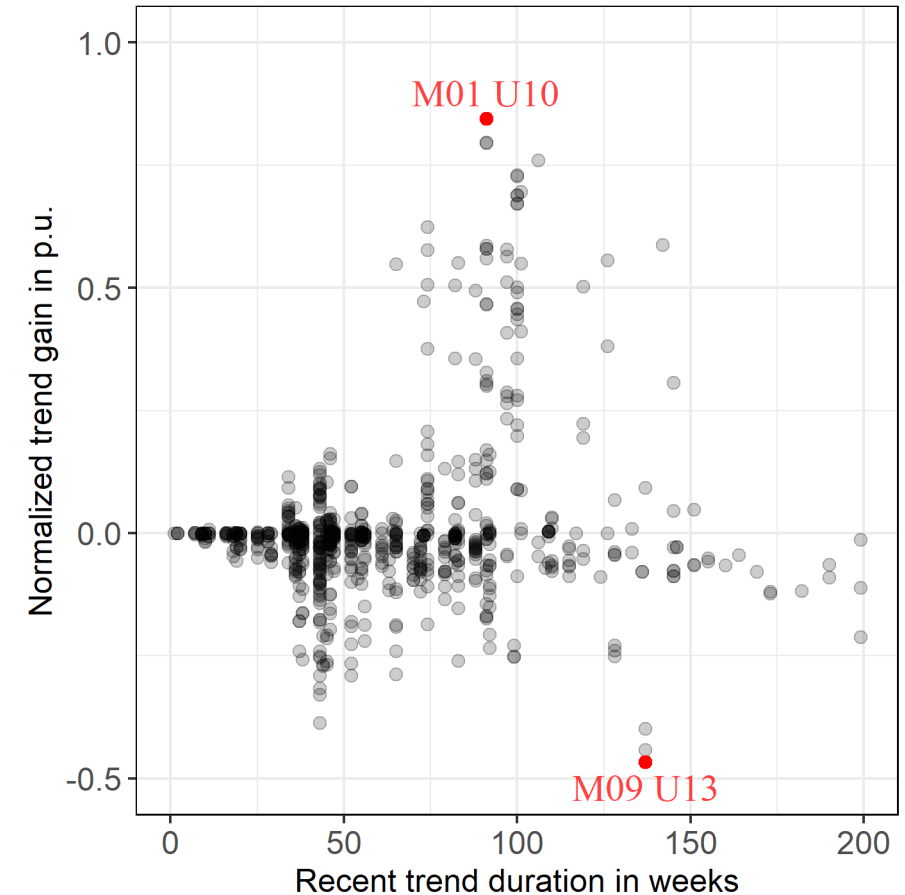
Case Study: Estonian Transmission System

Use Case 3: Trend identification (1)

- Extraction of trend component using time series decomposition
- Quantification of recent trend developments using:
 - Trend gain (increasing/decreasing tendencies)
 - Trend duration (after last turning point)



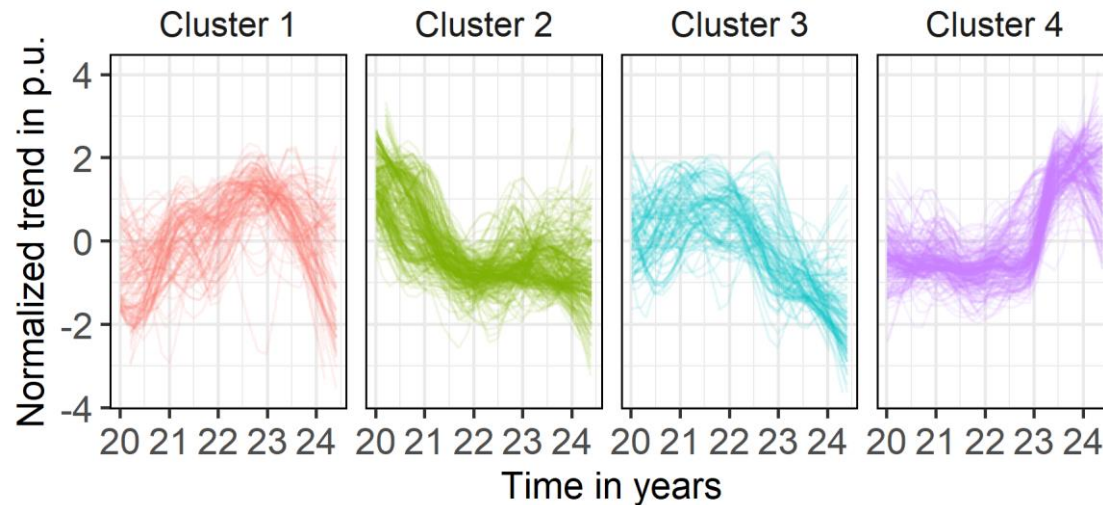
Overview of trend gain and duration



Case Study: Estonian Transmission System

Use Case 3: Trend identification (2)

- Multivariate analysis of trend components
- Clustering using k-means to group similar developments
 - Clusters 1 to 3 with recent decreasing tendencies
 - Cluster 4 with significant increasing tendencies



Resulting cluster assignments

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Uthd | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| Upl | | | | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| UNB | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 4 |
| U25 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| U24 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| U23 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| U22 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| U21 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| U20 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| U19 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| U18 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| U17 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| U16 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| U15 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| U14 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| U13 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| U12 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| U11 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| U10 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| U09 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| U08 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 4 |
| U07 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| U06 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| U05 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
| U04 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| U03 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| U02 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| | M01 | M02 | M03 | M04 | M05 | M06 | M07 | M08 | M09 | M10 |

Conclusions

- PQ measurements are necessary to monitor recent changes in the energy sector
- Use cases are important in the proper design of PQ monitoring campaigns
- PQ data analysis can reveal valuable insights
- Case study of the Estonian transmission system:
 - Compliance with limits most of the time, exceedance only in certain weeks (0.4% of all weeks)
 - Seasonal variations for THD, 5th and 7th harmonic with higher levels observed in summer
 - Recent trend developments show mostly stable or decreasing tendencies, though some parameters with recent increases (e.g. lower even harmonic orders for nearly all sites)
- Future work will address:
 - Automated data pre-processing (including data validation, data imputation)
 - Further development of multivariate analysis methods for PQ measurement data

Thank you for your attention!



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