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Conditional Statements in Python

Conditional statements in Python allow you to execute code based on certain conditions. These conditions are defined using logical expressions, and the result can be either True or False. Python provides several types of conditional statements, including if, else, and elif.

1. The if Statement

The if statement allows you to execute a block of code if a certain condition is true.

Syntax:

```
if condition:
    # Block of code to execute if condition is True
```

2. The else Statement

The else statement allows you to execute a block of code if the condition in the if statement evaluates to False.

Syntax:

```
if condition:
    # Block of code to execute if condition is True
else:
    # Block of code to execute if condition is False
```

3. The elif Statement

The elif statement allows you to check multiple conditions and execute a block of code as soon as one of the conditions is True. It is short for "else if".

Syntax:

```
if condition1:
    # Block of code to execute if condition1 is True
elif condition2:
    # Block of code to execute if condition2 is True
else:
    # Block of code to execute if both conditions are False
```

4. Nested if Statements

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You can nest if statements within another if statement. This allows you to check additional conditions only if the outer condition is True. Nested if statements can be used to create complex conditional logic.

Syntax:

```
if outer_condition:
    # Block of code to execute if outer_condition is True
    if inner_condition:
        # Block of code to execute if inner_condition is True
    else:
        # Block of code to execute if inner_condition is False
else:
    # Block of code to execute if outer_condition is False
```

5. One-Line Conditional Statements

Python allows you to write simple conditional statements in a single line using a shorthand syntax. This is particularly useful for short expressions.

Syntax:

```
# One-Line if Statement
if condition: action

# One-Line if-else Statement
action_if_true if condition else action_if_false
```

Note:

When checking for values:

- Less Than: Start from the minimum number and work upwards.
- Greater Than: Start from the maximum number and work downwards.