# Package 'spNNGP'

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spNNGP	Function for fitting univariate Bayesian spatial regression models	
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R topics documented:		
NeedsCompilation yes		
Repository CRAN Needs Compilation yes		
Depends R (>= 1.8.0), coda, Formula Description Fits Gaussian univariate Bayesian spatial regression models using Nearest Neighbor Gaussian Processes (NNGP). License GPL (>= 2) Encoding UTF-8 URL http://blue.for.msu.edu/software.html Papagitagy: GRAN.		
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<b>Title</b> Spatial Regression Models using Nearest Neighbor Gaussian Processes		

## Description

The function spNNGP fits Gaussian univariate Bayesian spatial regression models using Nearest Neighbor Gaussian Processes (NNGP).

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#### Usage

```
spNNGP(formula, data = parent.frame(), coords, method = "response",
n.neighbors = 15,
    starting, tuning, priors, cov.model = "exponential",
    n.samples, n.omp.threads = 1, verbose=TRUE, n.report=100, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

formula a symbolic description of the regression model to be fit. See example below.

data an optional data frame containing the variables in the model. If not found in data,

the variables are taken from environment (formula), typically the environment

from which spNNGP is called.

coords an  $n \times 2$  matrix of the observation coordinates in  $R^2$  (e.g., easting and northing).

method a quoted keyword that specifies the type of NNGP sampling algorithm to use.

Supported method key words are: "response" and "sequential". See below

for details.

n.neighbors number of neighbors used in the NNGP.

starting a list with each tag corresponding to a parameter name. Valid tags are beta,

sigma.sq, tau.sq, phi, and nu. The value portion of each tag is the parameter's

starting value.

tuning a list with each tag corresponding to a parameter name. Valid tags are sigma.sq,

tau.sq, phi, and nu. The value portion of each tag defines the variance of the

Metropolis sampler Normal proposal distribution.

priors a list with each tag corresponding to a parameter name. Valid tags are sigma.sq.ig,

tau.sq.ig, phi.unif. Variance parameters, simga.sq and tau.sq, are assumed to follow an inverse-Gamma distribution, whereas the spatial decay phi and smoothness nu parameters are assumed to follow Uniform distributions. The hyperparameters of the inverse-Gamma are passed as a vector of length two, with the first and second elements corresponding to the *shape* and *scale*, respectively. The hyperparameters of the Uniform are also passed as a vector of length two with the first and second elements corresponding to the lower and

upper support, respectively.

cov.model a quoted keyword that specifies the covariance function used to model the spatial

dependence structure among the observations. Supported covariance model key words are: "exponential", "matern", "spherical", and "gaussian". See

below for details.

n. samples the number of posterior samples to collect.

n.omp. threads a positive integer indicating the number of threads to use for SMP parallel pro-

cessing. The package must be compiled for OpenMP support. For most Intelbased machines, we recommend setting n.omp.threads to up to the number of

hyperthreaded cores.

verbose if TRUE, model specification and progress of the sampler is printed to the screen.

Otherwise, nothing is printed to the screen.

n.report the interval to report Metropolis sampler acceptance and MCMC progress.

... currently no additional arguments.

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### **Details**

Model parameters can be fixed at their starting values by setting their tuning values to zero.

The no nugget model is specified by setting tau. sq to zero in the starting and tuning lists.

#### Value

An object of class spNNGP, which is a list comprising:

The return object will include additional data used for subsequent prediction and/or model fit evaluation.

### Author(s)

```
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```

## References

Datta, A., S. Banerjee, A.O. Finley, and A.E. Gelfand. (2016) Hierarchical Nearest-Neighbor Gaussian process models for large geostatistical datasets. Journal of the American Statistical Association, 111:800-812.

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:

rmvn <- function(n, mu=0, V = matrix(1)){
   p <- length(mu)
   if(any(is.na(match(dim(V),p))))
      stop("Dimension problem!")
   D <- chol(V)
   t(matrix(rnorm(n*p), ncol=p)
}

set.seed(1)

n <- 5000
coords <- cbind(runif(n,0,1), runif(n,0,1))
X <- as.matrix(cbind(1, rnorm(n)))

B <- as.matrix(c(1,5))
p <- length(B)</pre>
```

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```
sigma.sq <- 2
tau.sq <- 1
phi <- 3/0.5
D <- as.matrix(dist(coords))</pre>
R \leftarrow exp(-phi*D)
w \leftarrow rmvn(1, rep(0,n), sigma.sq*R)
y <- rnorm(n, X
n.samples <- 2000
starting <- list("phi"=3/0.5, "sigma.sq"=5, "tau.sq"=1)
tuning <- list("phi"=0.1, "sigma.sq"=0.1, "tau.sq"=0.1)</pre>
priors <- list("phi.Unif"=c(3/1, 3/0.01), "sigma.sq.IG"=c(2, 1), "tau.sq.IG"=c(2, 1))</pre>
cov.model <- "exponential"</pre>
n.report <- 500
verbose <- TRUE
m.1 \leftarrow spNNGP(y\sim X-1, coords=coords, starting=starting, n.neighbors=10,
               tuning=tuning, priors=priors, cov.model=cov.model,
               n.samples=n.samples, n.omp.threads=2, verbose=verbose, n.report=n.report)
plot(mcmc(m.1$p.beta.samples), density=FALSE)
plot(mcmc(m.1$p.theta.samples), density=FALSE)
## End(Not run)
```

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