

Math

Cat \equiv Catalan

$$\text{Cat}(0) = 1$$

$$\text{Cat}(n) = \frac{\binom{2n}{n}}{n+1}$$

$$\text{Cat}(m) = \frac{4m-2}{m+1} \cdot \text{Cat}(m-1)$$

$$\text{Cat}(k) = \sum_{i=0}^{k-1} \text{Cat}(i) * \text{Cat}(k-1-i)$$

- number of distinct binary trees with n vertices.
- number of expressions with n pairs of matched parentheses.
- number of different ways $n+1$ factors can be completely parenthesized.

- counts the number of ways a convex polygon of $n+2$ sides can be triangulated.
- counts the number of monotonic paths along the edges of an $n \times n$ grid, which do not pass above the diagonal.

starts in the lower left corner, finishes in the upper right corner, and consists of edges pointing rightwards or upwards.

Counting Derangements

$$A_n = (n-1) * (A_{n-1} + A_{n-2})$$

$$A_n = n! \sum_{i=0}^n \frac{(-1)^i}{i!}$$

$$A_n = \lfloor \frac{n!}{e} + \frac{1}{2} \rfloor$$

Number of odd numbers in n^{th} row of pascal triangle
 $=$ (number of 1's in binary of n)
 2

$$\text{gcd}(x, y) = \text{gcd}(x, x-y)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{gcd}(x+k, y+k) = \text{gcd}(x+k, x-y) \Rightarrow \text{gcd}(x_1+k, x_2+k, \dots, x_n+k) = \text{gcd}(x_1+k, x_1-x_2, \dots, x_1-x_n)$$

$$(1^b + 2^b + \dots + a^b) \% a = \begin{cases} 0 & a \text{ is odd} \\ (\frac{a}{2})^b & a \text{ is even} \end{cases}$$

DP \rightarrow Speed-up with Matrix Power

$$\begin{aligned} \text{fib}(n) + \text{fib}(n+1) &= \text{fib}(n+2) \\ \text{fib}(n-1) + \text{fib}(n) &= \text{fib}(n+1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{②} \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \text{fib}(n+1) \\ \text{fib}(n) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \text{fib}(n+2) \\ \text{fib}(n+1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a=b=c=1, d=0$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{③} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^p \begin{bmatrix} \text{fib}(n+1) \\ \text{fib}(n) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \text{fib}(n+1+p) \\ \text{fib}(n+p) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$O(\log(p))$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\text{set } n=0$$

$$\begin{aligned} a^n + b^n &= (a+b)(a^{n-1} + b^{n-1}) - (a \cdot b)(a^{n-2} + b^{n-2}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^p = \begin{bmatrix} \text{fib}(p+1) & \text{fib}(p) \\ \text{fib}(p) & \text{fib}(p-1) \end{bmatrix}$$