



Module 2 Day 7

Integration Testing

What makes an application?

- Program Data

- ✓ Variables & .NET Data Types
- ✓ Arrays
- ✓ More Collections (list, dictionary, stack, queue)
- ✓ Classes and objects (OOP)

- Program Logic

- ✓ Statements and expressions
- ✓ Conditional logic (if)
- ✓ Repeating logic (for, foreach, do, while)
- ✓ Methods (functions / procedures)
- ✓ Classes and objects (OOP)
- ❑ Frameworks (MVC)

- Input / Output

- User

- ✓ Console read / write
- ❑ HTML / CSS
- ❑ Front-end frameworks (HTML / CSS / JavaScript)

- Storage

- ✓ File I/O
- ❖ Relational database
- ❑ APIs

DAO, the main points

- All DB access is in DAO, isolating DB code from the rest of the application
- The DAO pattern has us creating an interface, and then implementing it
 - `ITableDAO`
 - `TableSqlDAO`
- DAO has a private field for *connection string*, passed in the constructor
- DAO does *object-to-relational mapping*
- `SqlCommand.ExecuteReader` is called to execute a query and retrieve a result set
- Use parameter placeholders in your query for variable data passed in
 - `SELECT * FROM city WHERE countryCode = @countryCode;`
 - `cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@countryCode", countryCode);`

DAO, the secondary points

- AppSettings.json stores configuration (connection string)
- DAO's created up front and passed into menus (like a vending machine)
- Nullable columns and nullable C# data types
 - See Country.CapitalId
- @@Identity or Scope_Identity
- ExecuteNonQuery()
 - When there are no results to be returned
 - E.g., Update or Delete
- ExecuteScalar()
 - When exactly one row and one column is expected
 - E.g., "Select Count(*) from table" or "Select @@identity"

Types of Testing

- Unit Testing

- Verifies parts of an application independently from other parts (isolated)
- Narrow scope (focused)
- Tests many cases (deep)
- Fast!

- Integration Testing

- Verifies interactions between multiple components
- Broader scope
- More difficult to test thoroughly

- End-to-end Testing (E2E)

- Verifies interaction from end-user through a transaction and back to end-user
- Broadest scope
- Most difficult to test all possible combinations of scenarios
- Slowest to run (for both setup and execution)

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DAO Integration Testing

- DAO testing is an example of an Integration Test
 - DAO often relies on outside resources (DBMS), thus *integration*
- Any type of test should be:
 - *Repeatable*: If the test passes/fails on first execution, it should pass/fail on second execution if no code has changed.
 - *Independent*: A test should be able to be run on its own, independent of other tests.
 - *Obvious*: When a test fails, it should be as obvious as possible why it failed.

Testing DAOs

- Test Select, Insert, Update and Delete to verify the expected change
 - Existence or non-existence of rows
 - RowsAffected meets expectations
- Insert a set of test data so we know our starting state
- Next test should run with clean, known data
- This can be done in a few ways
 - We are going to use Transactions for easy cleanup



Let's
Code