ARM Processor Simulator

BY: MELCHISEDEK DULCIO

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Abstract | Introduction

The ARM Simulator is a semester project for the course Microprocessor Architecture, that is designed for students to demonstrate their understanding of the microprocessor architectures by developing an application that simulates the work of an ARM microprocessor. Since the project covered an entire semester's worth of work, this report summarizes what was accomplished the following sections:

- 1. Features: in addition to GUI overview, provides detail on which instructions, instruction addressing modes, and I/O capabilities are supported
- 2. Software Prerequisites: lists the OS and software needed for the application to run
- 3. Build & Test: shows how to compile the project along with compiling and running any unit tests
- 4. Configuration: shows how to configure files to turn logging on or off and redirecting the output to files of choice.
- 5. User Guide: demonstrates how to use the simulator, with details on how to create files to use with the simulator.
- 6. Software Architecture: provides a discussion on the design and layout of the program code.
- 7. Bug Report: discusses bugs that were present at the time of the assignment submission.
- 8. Appendices: provides insight on the development of the project and any lists significant source code.

Features

<u>Instructions Supported:</u>

1. Data Processing: MOV, MOVS, MVN, AND, ORR, EOR, BIC, MUL, ADD, SUB, RSB, CMP

2. Load / Store: LDR, STR, LDM, STM

3. Branch: B, BL, BX

4. Status Registers: MSR, MRS

5. Exception: SWI

Addressing Modes Supported:

1. Register shifted by Immediate

2. 12-bit Immediate

GUI Features:

- 1. ToolBar with the following buttons: load file, enable/disable trace, reset, add breakpoint, run, stop, step
- 2. Display panels: RAM with addressing functionality, disassembly view, console (fully functional I/O), stack view, processor mode view, NZCVI CPSR flags display, registers
- 3. Status bar: status of program, filename, checksum

Software Prerequisites

Platform:

1. Windows 10

Software Required:

- 1. Visual Studio 2017/2019
- 2. Developper Command Prompt for VS 2019
- 3. NUnit3 Console (for running unit tests)

Build & Test

How to Compile the solution from the command line:

NOTE: To use the Windows CMD, the user must have .NET frameworks added to the system environment variables.

- 1. Open the Windows command prompt (see *Note*) or the Developer Command Prompt for VS 2019 and navigate to the folder containing the solution for this project
- 2. Run the command *msbuild* to compile the solution, and the *executable* will be placed in the *bin\Debug*.

How to Compile and Run Unit Tests:

- 1. Open the Developer Command Prompt for VS 2019, also known as the `x64 Native Tools Command Prompt for VS 2019`.
- 2. Navigate to the ARMSimTests.dll in folder containing the ARMSimTests under bin/Debug.
- 3. Run `mstest /testcontainer:ARMSimTests.dll` and watch for the results.

Configuration

To configure the logging framework, locate the *armsim.exe.config* file that located in the folder as the executable file, and read the comment at the top that tells the user how to turn the logging on or off.

To redirect the logging output to a file, follow the comments in section in the config file labeled "This controls logging section output."

User Guide

The usage for ARMSim from the command line.

In the command line of your choice, preferably Developer Command Prompt for VS 2019, navigate to the location of the executable file, called *armsim.exe*.

The usage to the run the application is: *armsim.exe* [--mem memory-size] [--traceall] [[--exec] elf-file], where mem is the optional memory size specification for program, --exec indicates whether to start executing the file, --traceall indicate whether to produce a trace of all CPSR modes and elf-file is the executable the user wants to load its contents.

Features Detailed:

Toolbar:



- Buttons:
 - o Load File: Opens dialog to select file from a location.
 - o Trace: Enables or disables trace
 - o Reset: Zeroes out all registers and resets PC, CPSR to original state
 - o Break Point: Opens a window that prompts for an address
 - o Run: Steps through the program until halt instruction encountered
 - o Stop: Stops execution of a running programming
 - o Step: Fetches, decodes, and executes the single instruction pointed to by the PC.

Displays:

1. Memory: Display addressable RAM grid representation



2. Disassembly: Displays Disassembly of instructions before and after PC



3. Stack: Displays the couple top words of the stack

Stack View

Address Value

4. Registers: Displays registers' status



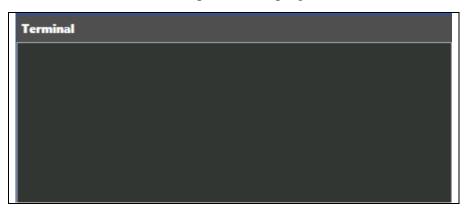
5. Processor modes: Show the current mode of the program running



6. CPSR: Displays the state of the NZCV and I bit of the CPSR register

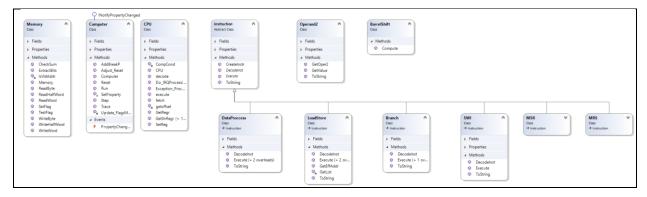


Terminal: Allows for user input I/O into program



Software Architecture

Design:



Classes and Relationships:

Memory

The Memory class is used in the Computer, CPU, and Instruction classes to simulate memory for RAM and our registers.

Computer

The Computer class holds instances of CPU, RAM (Memory), and registers (Memory) and defines the generic run, step, and reset that should be available with any computer simulator.

CPU

The CPU class is responsible for defining the standard fetch-decode-execute functions for a CPU to process an instruction and defines exception handling for the exception throwing instructions like SWI.

Instruction

Instruction is an abstraction of the different types of instructions. The CPU directly accesses this class to not have to mind the details of the different subclasses of Instructions and their subclasses. The Instruction class defines the following 3 instructions that each class must implement: DecodeInst(), decodes instruction when called; Execute(), executes instruction; ToString(), for representing the disassembly of the instruction.

Derived Classes: DataProcess, LoadStore, Branch, SWI, MSR, MRS

Operand2

The Operand2 class is used by various types of instructions that use and operand2 field in their instruction encoding.

Offset

The Offset class defines the different addressing modes for the instructions that access memory.

BarrelShift

The Operand2 and Offset classes use the BarrelShift class to perform bit shifting.

Analyis of Design

One of the bigger struggles of this project was knowing what to put where, and it calls for asking questions like, "Is _____ a type of _____?" or "Does _____ use ____?" The first question would answer whether or not inheritance would be used as in the case of the Instruction classes, and the second would answer whether it should be utility function or class as in the case of creating separate classes for Operand2, Offset, and BarrelShift. The rest of the design was simply then looking at the different components of the ARM microprocessor architecture and implementing each component.

To maintain model-view separation, I decided to use Databinding for the various components of the GUI to different component in Computer. The tricky part was careful coding to make sure that no race conditions were occurring, especially when using multithreading to allow for adding a breakpoint and running the program while having the main window remain responsive.

For the terminal I/O, I used an event handler to add set the IRQ pin variable in the CPU to high to notify the CPU that a character has been typed, that later sets the PC to the proper address in the vector table letting the OS take it from there. The console device itself is bound to a property that is updated when input handling is done by the loaded OS.

Bug Report

Files Analysis:

- 1. test1.exe no difference
- 2. test2.exe no difference
- 3. test3.exe no difference
- 4. btest.exe no difference
- 5. ctest.exe no difference
- 6. test1.exe no difference
- 7. branch.exe no difference
- 8. cmp.exe no difference
- 9. locals_no_io.exe no difference
- 10. quicksort_no_io.exe no difference
- 11. mersenne no io.exe no difference

Known issues:

- 1. There are times when a run has completed that the displays will not update until the user presses the step button.
- 2. The terminal cursor moves to the beginning of the text upon each update.

Appendix

Journal

Total Time: 115 hours

SubTotals * Loader - 22 hrs * GUI - 38 hrs * Execute I - 27 hrs * Execute II - 38 hrs

Current Phase: Execute II - 38 hours

Phase I: Loader 22

8/25/2020: 12:00 - 1:50 - writing functions for design requirement.

8/26/2020 5:50 -6:08/ 7:30-11:00 - Planned, and implemented to LoadElf

8/27/2020 3 hrs - Implemented the simulated RAM, but only some of the design requirements functions

8/28/2020 3 hrs - Implemented commandline parsing with the Options class.

8/29/2020 5 hrs - Implemented design requirements, wrote gui for RAM and wrote Unit Tests.

8/30/2020 1 hr - completed the SetFlag function. I realized I had been thinking about it the wrong way which is why it took me so long to solve.

8/31/2020 1 hr - research on Logging. I was having trouble getting the switch for logging to work.

9/3/2020 1 hr - Completed logging functionality and error handling since the night before I asked Colten if it had taken him a while to get the logging framework to work too, which he confirmed.

Phase 2: GUI 38

9/6/2020 3 hrs - I designed an icon, most of the time was spent messing around with different features and styles. I also set up the framework for the different design requirements near the end to implement soon.

9/7/2020 3 hrs - I spent some time trying to find the best container to design I want to have in it.

9/8/2020 5 hrs - I worked on Load File Feature, redesigning argument parsing, and implemented functions for the Design requirements

9/9/2020 5 hrs - I finished the Load File Feature and started learning how to work with the datagrid container I use to display the Table like data, such as Memory Cells, stack, and Disassembly, simply because Dr. Schaub had mentioned that my loader was slow and Colten Shipe mentioned that when his application's performance increased remarkably.

9/10/2020 8 hrs - Implemented the Registers Representations, and wasted 5 hours trying to figure out how to make the datagrid fill rows instead of columns, only to learn it could not be done simply.

9/11/2020 2 hrs - Implemented terminal panel, flags panel, fixing other issues with the window along the way. Also spent some time trying to figure out how to represent the data in the RAM array with a datagrid(failed miserably as of the time of writing this:()

9/12/2020 3 hrs - Taking Dr. Schaub's advice, I reworked my Memory Grid using the class example of the gridview, which to my surprise only took about an hour and half to figure out. I then figured out how to use StringFormatting for my grid.

9/13/2020 3 hrs - Tried to figure out how to overlay elements, but could not find anything simple enough.

9/14/2020 1 hr - designed play button, and added it to GUI for run, and tested run using it.

9/15/2020 2 hrs - I implemented the Disassembly Grid using the same design I used for the Memory, and also implemented the highlighting to indicate which instruction the PC is currently on(majority of time went into figuring out how to find the item I needed, which was ridiculously simple once one knows how to do it).

9/16/2020 3 hrs - The former entry is combined with this one.

9/17/2020 4 hrs - Implemented shortcuts, reworked panel to auto-adjusting(somewhat working not fully functional)

9/18/2020 4 hrs - Implemented breakpoint dialog, had to rework register panel to actually update when it is supposed to. Added images for buttons, worked some more on resizing, and implemented stack panel layout.

Notes: Due to my late submission of the Loader, I was not able to start as early as I had desired. Also, a lot of the time was spent not actually writing code, but rather researching how to get a specific feature I desired in my window. If that research time is taken out, the total amount of coding and debugging is closer to 25 hours.

Phase 3: SIM 1 27

9/18/2020 1 hr - created a draft for the Execute Phase 1

9/24/2020 6 hrs - organized the Instruction class into hierarchy, creating the different classes and subclasses * also completed the implementation of the MOV class Execute Function

9/28/2020 1 hr - completed detailed design work entirely

9/29/2020 2 hrs - implemented Operand2 Class and BarrelShifter class and subclasses

9/30/2020 - Part of the hours above was spent on that day.

10/1/2020 6 hrs - Implemented all DataProcessing instructions and started testing them. * Also implemented Tracing for the files;

10/2/2020 6 hrs - Completed Testing for all the DataProcessing(took 3 hrs); Started on LoadStore classes * Also implemented Exec, and debugged Tracing.

 $10/19/2020\ 3\ hrs-Wrote\ CMP\ instructions, and\ started\ on\ the\ Branch\ 10/20/2020\ 2\ hrs-wrote\ B,\ BL,\ BX\ instructions,\ BX\ instructio$

Phase 4: SIM 2 38

10/21/2020 7hrs - Worked on implementing Branching instructions class and the CMP dataprocessing instruction

10/22/2020 1 hr - Trying to understand conditional execution and implementation, implemented traceall and reset additional functionality.

10/25/2020 6 hrs - Completely implemented conditional execution and representation in disassembly after more hours of research

10/26/2020 2 hrs - researched exception handling

10/27/2020 5 hrs - worked on status register processing by implementing MRS, MSR, SWI, and MOVS after working on B-Level I/O only to realize that it would be best go directly to A-Level I/O

10/28/2020 7 hrs - debugged I/O problems for 3 hrs and worked on resizing the GUI to look, neither which were willing to cooperate.

11/2/2020 1 hr - troubleshooting I/O to no avail. All the code looks like it is doing what it is supposed to. The program is caught in a non-ending loop inside the swi 0x6a handler

11/3/2020 4 hrs - discovered where bug was after meticulously steping though each intruction to see where the code has stopped executing. Discovered 2 bugs: was changing SWI to the wrong exception mode, and movs was not updating CPSR register so the program could not switch modes which caused a loop. After fixing that, adjusted some variables and output started working.

11/4/2020 3 hrs - debugged input as it was not updating the Queue variable I had been using, and worked on the keyboard device so that it would accept capital letters, numbers, and return key.

11/5/2020 4 hrs - worked on GUI to fix resizing, finally managed to do so, while working on toolbar buttons to look more polished.

Though the work was not more than any of the other stages, there was certainly a lot more fine detail that if one was missed, the entire program is disfunctional, which is what happened to me at the very last stage. One variable I forgot to assign to the proper value costed me a couple days of work and late turn-in too, so I will be more careful next time.

```
//File: Branch.cs
//Desc: This file defines a class Branch that contains logic for the Branch in
structions.
//----
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
namespace armsim
    public class Branch : Instruction
       public List<string> strInst = new List<string>() {"b", "bl", "bx" };
       public const int TYPE = 0b100;
       public uint cond, typ, L, X, Rm = 18;
       public int PC_SOffset, indx = 0;
        //like will be a store of
       public override void DecodeInst() {
            cond = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 0, 3);
           typ = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 4, 6);
           L = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 7, 7);
           if(typ == 0)
               Rm = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 28, 31);
               indx = 2;
           else
               PC_SOffset = (((int) (Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 8, 31) << 8)) >> 8
) << 2;
               indx = (int)L;
       public virtual void Execute(int Rm) { }
       public override void Execute() {
           List<Branch> binst = new List<Branch>() { new B(), new BX() };
           DecodeInst();
           Branch br = binst[indx > 1 ? 1: 0];
           br.L = L;
           br.I_Reg = I_Reg;
           br.I_RAM = I_RAM;
           br.InstAddr = InstAddr;
           if(indx > 1) { br.Execute((int)Rm); }
           else { br.Execute(PC_SOffset); }
       public override string ToString()
           DecodeInst();
           ASMRepr = strInst[indx] + (Cond < Obl110 ? CondSufx[Cond] : "") + "\t
" + (indx > 1 ? CPU.GetStrRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rm) :
                (InstAddr + 8 + PC_SOffset).ToString());
           return ASMRepr;
```

Nov 06, 20 5:25

```
Computer.cs
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                                                                   Page 1/5
//File: Computer.cs
//Desc: This file defines a class Computer which contains all the logic and co
mponents of the
    ARM simulator.
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System. Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System. Security. Cryptography;
using System.Windows.Media;
using System.IO;
using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
using System.CodeDom.Compiler;
namespace armsim
   //Class that puts it all together
   public class Computer : INotifyPropertyChanged
       /// <summary>
       /// Define logic for Computer simulation
       /// </summary>
       ///
       public const int MB_Size = 32768;
       public event PropertyChangedEventHandler PropertyChanged;
       private List<int> Breakpoints = new List<int>();
       //----Tracing-----
       public static StreamWriter Tracelog = null;
       public string[] modes = { "SVC", "SYS", "IRQ" };
       //-----RAM, Registers, CPU------
       int req_num = 23 * 4; //16 norms + 1 CPSR(16), 1 SP_irq(17), 1 LR_irq(18
), 1 SPSR_irq(19), 1 SP_svc(20), 1 LR_svc(21), 1 SPSR_svc(22)
       private Memory ram;
       private Memory registers;
       private CPU cpu;
       public Memory CompRAM { get { return ram; } set { ram = value; } }
       public Memory Registers { get { return registers; } set { registers = va |
lue: } }
       public CPU CompCPU { get { return cpu; } set { cpu = value; } }
       //-----Status Bar: Filename, Program Status, CheckSum of R
       private string progName;
       private string progStatus;
       private int sum;
       public string ProgName { get { return progName; } set { progName = value
; SetProperty("ProgName"); } }
       public string ProgStatus { get { return progStatus; } set { progStatus =
value; SetProperty("ProgStatus"); } }
       public int SumRAM { get { return sum; } set { sum = value; SetProperty("
SumRAM"); } }
```

```
Computer.cs
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                                                                         Page 2/5
         //----Bindings for CPSR State-----
         public Dictionary<uint, string> proc_modes = new Dictionary<uint, string</pre>
             { Ob10011, "Supervisor" }, { Ob11111, "System" }, { Ob10010, "IRQ" } };
         private uint Curr_Mode;
         public string Proc_Mode { get { return proc_modes[Curr_Mode]; } set { Se
 tProperty("Proc_Mode"); } }
         public bool N_Flag { get { return registers.TestFlag(16 * 4, 0); } set {
  SetProperty("N_Flag"); } }
         public bool Z_Flag { get { return registers.TestFlag(16 * 4, 1); } set {
  SetProperty("Z_Flag"); } }
         public bool C_Flag { get { return registers.TestFlag(16 * 4, 2); } set {
  SetProperty("C_Flag"); } }
         public bool V_Flag { get { return registers.TestFlag(16 * 4, 3); } set {
  SetProperty("V_Flag"); } }
        public bool I_Flag { get { return registers.TestFlag(16 * 4, 24); } set
 { SetProperty("I_Flag"); } }
         //For toolbar and trace.
         public bool running = false, trace_closed = false, trace = true;
public bool Running { get { return !running; } set { SetProperty("Running)}
 "); } }
         public bool Enable_Trace { get { return trace; } set { trace = value; Se
 tProperty("Enable_Trace"); } }
         public bool CompTraceall { get; set; }
         public int Step_Cnt = 1;
         //-----Console-----
         public List<char> Input_Buffer = new List<char>();
         public StringBuilder ConsoleBuilder = new StringBuilder();
         public string Comp_Console { get { return ConsoleBuilder.ToString(); } s
 et { SetProperty("Comp Console"); } }
         public Computer(int size, string filename) {
            ram = new Memory(size);
             registers = new Memory(reg_num);
             cpu = new CPU(ram, registers);
             cpu.CPU_Console_Ref = ConsoleBuilder;
             cpu.CPU_Input_Buff = Input_Buffer;
             ProgName = filename == null ? "(None)" : filename ;
             Enable Trace = true:
             Tracelog = File.CreateText(Directory.GetCurrentDirectory() + "\tracelo
g");
        // perform fde cycle until fetch or breakpoint encountered returns 0
         public void Run() {
             uint val;
             trv
                 Running = true;
                 do
                     if (Breakpoints.Contains(CompCPU.PC)) { break; }
                     val = Step();
                 } while (val != 0);
```

```
Computer.cs
 Nov 06, 20 5:25
                                                                        Page 3/5
            catch (Exception) { }
            finally { ; }
            running = false;
            Running = true;
        //For updating Flags and Console
        void Update_FlagsMode()
            N Flag = true;
            Z_Flag = true;
            C_Flag = true;
            V_Flag = true;
            I_Flag = true;
            Curr_Mode = Memory.ExtractBits((uint)CompCPU.CPSR, 27, 31);
           Proc_Mode = Curr_Mode.ToString();
            Comp_Console = "";
        // 1 fde cycle
        public uint Step() {
            uint val = (uint)CompCPU.fetch();
            int pc = CompCPU.PC;
            Instruction inst = CompCPU.decode(val);
            try
                                           //Should Execute be in Task.Run()? be
                CompCPU.execute(inst);
cause of loop
              catch (OperationCanceledException) {
                val = 0;
            finally {; }
            if (val != 0 && CompCPU.IRQ && !Registers.TestFlag(16 * 4, 24))
                CompCPU.Do_IRQProcessing();
                CompCPU.IRQ = false;
            Update_FlagsMode();
            Trace (pc);
            if(val == 0) { Enable_Trace = false; }
            return val:
        //Zeroes out Registers and Memory
        public void Reset()
            CompRAM = new Memory(MB_Size);
            Registers = new Memory(reg_num);
            CompCPU = new CPU(ram, registers);
            CompCPU.CPU_Console_Ref = ConsoleBuilder;
            Input_Buffer.Clear();
            if(ConsoleBuilder.Length != 0)
                ConsoleBuilder.Append("\n");
            CompCPU.CPU_Input_Buff = Input_Buffer;
            CompCPU.SP = 0x7000;
            CompCPU.CPSR = 0x13;
            Step\_Cnt = 1;
```

```
Computer.cs
   Nov 06, 20 5:25
                                                                                                                                                                                               Page 4/5
                                if (!trace closed)
                                           Tracelog.Flush(); Tracelog.Close();
                                           trace closed = true;
                                if (Enable_Trace && trace_closed) {
                                           Tracelog = File.CreateText(Directory.GetCurrentDirectory() + "\tr
ace.log");
                                           trace closed = false;
                      //Adjusts if no OS loaded
                      public void Adjust_Reset()
                                if(CompRAM.ReadByte(0) != 0)
                                           CompCPU.PC = 0;
                                else
                                           CompCPU.CPSR = 0x1F;
                                Update_FlagsMode();
                      //Add a breakpoint address to a list of breakpoints if not already conta
 ined.
                      public void AddBreakP(int addr)
                                if (!Breakpoints.Contains(addr)) { Breakpoints.Add(addr); }
                      public void Trace(int pc)
                                 string format = "\{0.000000\} \{1:X8\} \{2:X8\} \{3\} \{19\} 0 = \{4:X8\} 1 = \{5:X8\} 2 = \{6:X8\} 3 = \{7:X8\} \}
X8} 4={8:X8} 5={9:X8} 6={10:X8}" +
                                              "7 = \{11:X8\} = \{12:X8\} = \{13:X8\} =
=\{18:X8\} ";
                                 int[] regs = new int[15];
                                for (int i = 0; i < 15; ++i) { regs[i] = CPU.GetRegr(Registers, i);
                                if (Enable_Trace)
                                           if (trace_closed) {
                                                      Tracelog = File.CreateText(Directory.GetCurrentDirectory() +
   "\\trace.log");
                                                      trace_closed = false;
                                           uint intcpsr = Memory.ExtractBits((uint)CompCPU.CPSR, 0, 3);
                                           uint mode = Memory.ExtractBits((uint)CompCPU.CPSR, 27, 31);
                                           string cpsr = Convert. ToString(intcpsr, 2). PadLeft(4, '0');
                                            //Check for traceall flag
                                           if(CompTraceall | mode == 0x1F)
                                                       int indxMode = (mode == 0x1F) ? 1 : (mode == 0x12 ? 2 : 0);
                                                      Tracelog.WriteLine(format, Step_Cnt, pc - 4, CompRAM.CheckSu
m(CompRAM.Cells), cpsr, regs[0], regs[1],
                                                                 regs[2], regs[3], regs[4], regs[5], regs[6], regs[7], re
gs[8], regs[9], regs[10], regs[11],
```

```
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                                    Computer.cs
                                                                        Page 5/5
                        regs[12], regs[13], regs[14], modes[indxMode]);
                    Tracelog.Flush();
                    ++Step_Cnt;
            else
                if (!trace_closed)
                    Tracelog.Flush();
                    Tracelog.Close();
                    trace_closed = true;
        //Event handler for the ProperyChanged event Notifying the object bound
of the change in the source in its parameters.
       protected void SetProperty(string source)
            PropertyChangedEventHandler handle = PropertyChanged;
            if(handle != null)
                PropertyChanged(this, new PropertyChangedEventArgs(source));
```

```
CPU.cs
 Nov 06, 20 5:25
                                                                        Page 1/3
//File: CPU.cs
//Desc: This file defines a class CPU which defines all the logic for the CPU
actions and
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
using System.Text;
using System. Threading;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
namespace armsim
    public class CPU
        /// <summary>
        /// contains logic for CPU class.
        /// </summary>
        public Memory CPU_Registers; // { get; set; }
        public Memory CPU_RAM; //{ get; set; }
        public StringBuilder CPU_Console_Ref;
        public List<char> CPU_Input_Buff;
        public bool IRQ { get; set; }
     // need to change the return true statement
        public CPU(Memory ram, Memory reg)
            CPU_RAM = ram;
            CPU_Registers = reg;
        //Read word from RAM by val in PC reg
        public uint fetch() {
            uint val = (uint)CPU_RAM.ReadWord(PC);
            PC += 4;
            return val;
        // Create an instruction
        public Instruction decode(uint instr) {
            Instruction inst = Instruction.CreateInstr(instr, CPU_Registers, CPU
_RAM);
            inst.InstAddr = (uint)(PC - 4);
            inst.I_Console_Ref = CPU_Console_Ref;
            inst.I_Input_Buff = CPU_Input_Buff;
            return inst;
        // Pause 1 quarter second
        public void execute(Instruction instr) {
            if(CompCond(instr.Cond, (uint)CPSR))
                instr.Execute();
                                                    //will need to test Flag ins
tead.
        //Test flags for Conditional execution
        bool CompCond(uint cond, uint flags) //will need to come fix this to use
 TestFlag instead
```

```
Nov 06, 20 5:25
                                                                        Page 2/3
            bool[] compared = {
                (Memory.ExtractBits(flags, 1, 1) == 1), (Memory.ExtractBits(flag
s, 1, 1) == 0), //eq, ne
                (Memory.ExtractBits(flags, 2, 2) == 1), (Memory.ExtractBits(flag
s, 2, 2) == 0), //cs, cc
                (Memory.ExtractBits(flags, 0, 0) == 1), (Memory.ExtractBits(flag
s, 0, 0) == 0), //mi, pl
                (Memory.ExtractBits(flags, 3, 3) == 1), (Memory.ExtractBits(flag
s, 3, 3) == 0), //vs, vc
                (Memory.ExtractBits(flags, 2, 2) == 1) && (Memory.ExtractBits(fl
ags, 1, 1) == 0), //hi
                (Memory.ExtractBits(flags, 2, 2) == 0) | (Memory.ExtractBits(fl
ags, 1, 1) == 1), //ls
                (Memory.ExtractBits(flags, 0, 0) == Memory.ExtractBits(flags, 3,
3)), //ge
                (Memory.ExtractBits(flags, 0, 0) != Memory.ExtractBits(flags, 3,
3)), //lt
                ((Memory.ExtractBits(flags, 1, 1) == 0) && (Memory.ExtractBits(f
lags, 0, 0) == Memory. ExtractBits(flags, 3, 3))), //gt
                ((Memory.ExtractBits(flags, 1, 1) == 1) || (Memory.ExtractBits(f
lags, 0, 0) != Memory.ExtractBits(flags, 3, 3))) //le
           };
            if (cond < 14)
                return compared[cond];
            return true;
        //Calls Exception Processing with the correct mode.
        public void Do_IRQProcessing()
            Exception Process (CPU Registers, Ob10010);
        //Processes all exceptions
        public static void Exception_Process(Memory reg, uint mode)
            uint cpsr = (uint) GetRegr(reg, 16);
            int pc = GetRegr(reg, 15);
            pc -= 4;
            int modespsr = mode == 0b10010 ? 19 : 22;
            int vector addr = mode == 0b10010 ? 0x18 : 0x8;
            SetReg(reg, modespsr, (int)cpsr); //save to spsr_mode;
            cpsr = ((cpsr >> 5) << 5) | mode; //Change mode bits to mode
            SetReg(reg, 16, (int)cpsr); //changed the order to do updating mode
bits first
            SetReg(reg, 14, pc); //then update lr_mode
            reg.SetFlag(16 * 4, 24, true); //set I-bit in CPSR
            SetReg(reg, 15, vector_addr); //set PC to address in table
        //finds the offset in the registers array based on the current mode.
        static int getoffset (uint mode, int num)
            int[] banked = { 13, 14 };
            //checking for mode requested and asking which one
            if (mode == 0b10011)
                num = (banked.Contains(num)) ? num + 7 : num;
            }else if (mode == 0b10010)
```

CPU.cs

```
CPU.cs
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                                                                            Page 3/3
                 num = (banked.Contains(num)) ? num + 4 : num;
            return num;
        //for getting register values;
        public static int GetRegr(Memory reg, int num) {
            uint mode = Memory.ExtractBits((uint)) reg.ReadWord(16 * 4), 27, 31);
            num = getoffset(mode, num);
            return num == 15 ? reg.ReadWord((num * 4)) + 4 : reg.ReadWord((num
* 4));
        //for setting registers
        public static void SetReg(Memory reg, int nreg, int val) {
            uint mode = Memory.ExtractBits((uint)) reg.ReadWord(16 * 4), 27, 31);
            nreg = getoffset(mode, nreg);
            reg.WriteWord(val, (nreg * 4));
        //----For string processing of registers-----
        static List<string> regs = new List<string>()
            "r0", "r1", "r2", "r3", "r4", "r5", "r6", "r7", "r8", "r9", "r10", "r11", "ip", "sp", "lr", "pc", "CSPR", "sp_irq", "lr_irq", "SPSR_irq", "sp_svc", "lr_svc", "SPSR_svc"
        public static string GetStrRegr(Memory reg, int ind)
            uint mode = Memory.ExtractBits((uint)) reg.ReadWord(16 * 4), 27, 31);
            ind = getoffset (mode, ind);
            return regs[ind];
        public static string GetStrRegr(int ind)
            return regs[ind];
        //Register Properties
        public int IP { get { return CPU_Registers.ReadWord(0x30); } set { CPU R
egisters.WriteWord(value, 0x30); } }
        public int SP { get { return CPU_Registers.ReadWord(0x34); } set { CPU_R
egisters.WriteWord(value, 0x34); } }
        public int R14 { get { return CPU_Registers.ReadWord(0x38); } set { CPU_
Registers.WriteWord(value, 0x38); } }
        public int PC { get { return CPU_Registers.ReadWord(0x3C); } set { CPU_R
egisters.WriteWord(value, 0x3C); } }
        public int CPSR { get { return CPU_Registers.ReadWord(0x40); } set { CPU
_Registers.WriteWord(value, 0x40); } }
```

```
DataProccess.cs
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                                                                       Page 1/7
//File: DataProcess.cs
//Desc: This file defines a class DataPrcess with subclasses that contains log
ic for the
//
            dataprocessing instructions.
using NUnit.Framework.Constraints;
using System;
using System.CodeDom;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.IO.Ports;
using System.Ling;
using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
using System.Security.Cryptography;
using System.Security.Policy;
using System.Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
namespace armsim
    //INSTRUCTIONS: MOV(), MVN(), ADD(), SUB(), RSB(),
    // AND(), ORR(), EOR(), BIC(), MUL()
    //Offsets: cond = 0 - 3, type = 4-6(I=6), Opcode = 7-10, S = 11-11, Rn=12-15
, Rd=16-19, oper2 = 20-31,
    //all child class will have their own TYPE so DATA; In comments shift_operan
d refers to the Operand2 type
    public class DataProccess : Instruction
       public List<string> strInst = new List<string>()
            "and", "eor", "sub", "rsb", "add",
            null, null, null, null, null, "cmp", null,
            "orr", "mov", "bic", "mvn", "mul"
       public const int TYPE = 0b0;
       public uint cond, typ, opcode, Rn, Rm, Rs, bit7, bit4;
       public bool regimm, sbit;
       public Operand2 Oper2;
        //See general definition in parent(Instruction)
        public override void DecodeInst() {
           cond = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 0, 3);
                   = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 4, 6);
           bit7 = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 24, 24);
           bit4 = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 27, 27);
           if (typ == 0 && bit7 == 1 && bit4 == 1)
                opcode = 0x10;
                                                           //for convenience, I
suppose.
               Rd = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 12, 15);
               Rs = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 20, 23);
               Rm = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 28, 31);
           else
                regimm = Convert.ToBoolean(Memory.ExtractBits(typ, 31, 31)); //t
rue == 1; false = 0;
               opcode = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 7, 10);
                sbit = Convert.ToBoolean(Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 11, 11)); //sa
me as regimm;
                Rn = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 12, 15);
               Rd = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 16, 19);
```

```
DataProccess.cs
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                                                                        Page 2/7
                Oper2 = Operand2.GetOper2(regimm, Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 20, 3
1));
                Oper2.Oper2Regs = I_Reg;
        //override for MUL execute.
        public virtual void Execute(uint Rd, uint Rm, uint Rs) {; }
        //override for execute which all subclasses, except for MUL, use.
        public virtual void Execute(uint Rn, uint Rd, Operand2 oper2) {; }
        //calls subclasses execute method that takes an operand2, registers
        public override void Execute() {
            List<DataProccess> dpinst = new List<DataProccess>()
                new AND(), new EOR(), new SUB(), new RSB(), new ADD(),
                null, null, null, null, null, new CMP(), null,
                new ORR(), new MOV(), new BIC(), new MVN(), new MUL()
            DecodeInst();
            DataProccess instR = dpinst[(int)opcode];
            instR.I_Reg = I_Reg;
            instR.sbit = sbit;
            if (opcode == 0x10) {
                instR.Execute(Rd, Rm, Rs);
                instR.Execute(Rn, Rd, Oper2);
        public override string ToString()
            DecodeInst();
            ASMRepr = strInst[(int)opcode] + (sbit ? ((opcode != 10)? "s": ""):
"") + (Cond < 0b1110 ? CondSufx[Cond] : "") +
                "\t" + CPU.GetStrRegr(I_Reg, (opcode == 10 ? (int)Rn : (int)Rd));
            if (strInst[(int)opcode] == "mul")
                ASMRepr += "," + CPU.GetStrRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rm) + "," + CPU.GetS
trRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rs); //check on that
            } else if(new List<string>() { "mov", "mvn", "cmp" }.Contains(strIns
t[(int)opcode]))
                ASMRepr += ", " + Oper2.ToString();
            else
                ASMRepr += "," + CPU.GetStrRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rn) + "," + Oper2.To
String();
            return ASMRepr;
    class CMP : DataProccess
        public new const int TYPE = 0b1010;
        //Update flags after Rn - shifter_operand
        public override void Execute(uint Rn, uint Rd, Operand2 oper2)
            uint rnval = (uint)CPU.GetReqr(I_Req, (int)Rn), op2val = (uint)oper2
.GetValue();
            int val = (int) (rnval - op2val);
```

```
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                                DataProccess.cs
                                                                      Page 4/7
  class SUB: DataProccess
      public new const int TYPE = 0b0010;
      //Rd := Rn - shifter operand
      public override void Execute(uint Rn, uint Rd, Operand2 oper2)
           int val = CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rn) - oper2.GetValue();
          CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rd, val);
  class RSB: DataProccess
      public new const int TYPE = 0b0011;
      //Rd := shifter_operand - Rn
      public override void Execute(uint Rn, uint Rd, Operand2 oper2)
           int val = oper2.GetValue() - CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rn);
          CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rd, val);
  class MUL: DataProccess
      //Rd := Rm * Rs;
      public override void Execute(uint Rd, uint Rm, uint Rs) {
          int first = CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rm);
          int second = CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rs);
          long res = (first * second) & 0xFFFFFFF;
          CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rd, (int)res);
  class AND: DataProccess
      public new const int TYPE = 0b0000;
        // Rd := Rn AND shifter_operand(oper2)
      public override void Execute(uint Rn, uint Rd, Operand2 oper2)
        int val = CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rn) & oper2.GetValue();
        CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rd, val);
  class ORR: DataProccess
      public new const int TYPE = 0b1100;
      // Rd := Rn OR shifter_operand
      public override void Execute (uint Rn, uint Rd, Operand2 oper2)
           int val = CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rn) | oper2.GetValue();
          CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rd, val);
  class EOR: DataProccess
      public new const int TYPE = 0b0001;
       //Rd := Rn EOR shifter_operand
      public override void Execute(uint Rn, uint Rd, Operand2 oper2)
           int val = CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rn) ^ oper2.GetValue();
```

```
DataProccess.cs
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                                                                       Page 5/7
           CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rd, val);
   }
   class BIC: DataProccess
       public new const int TYPE = 0b1110;
       //Rd := Rn AND NOT(shifter_operand)
       public override void Execute(uint Rn, uint Rd, Operand2 oper2)
            int val = CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rn) & (~oper2.GetValue());
           CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rd, val);
    //----Passed my IS A test-----
   public class Operand2
       public uint OperBits { get; set; }
       public Memory Oper2Regs { get; set; }
       public string Oper2_Repr{ get; set; }
       //public List<string> Oper2_Str_Regs { get; set; }
       private string[] repr_shifts = new string[] { "lsl", "lsr", "asr", "ror" };
       public string[] Repr_shifts { get { return repr_shifts; } }
        //creates an Operand2 object for the DP instruction based on the operand
 type bits to use.
       public static Operand2 GetOper2(bool regimm, uint bits)
           Operand2 oper2;
           if (regimm)
               oper2 = new Oper2 RORImm();
            else if (Convert.ToBoolean(Memory.ExtractBits(bits, 27, 27)))
               oper2 = new Oper2 RegSReg();
            }else
               oper2 = new Oper2_RegSImm();
           oper2.OperBits = bits;
           return oper2;
        //Uses BarrelShift to get value for Operand2
       public virtual int GetValue() { return 0; }
       public override string ToString() { return ""; }
   public class Oper2 RegSReg : Operand2
       public int req, req2;
       public uint shift;
       public override int GetValue()
           reg = (int)Memory.ExtractBits(OperBits, 28, 31);
           shift = Memory.ExtractBits(OperBits, 25, 26);
           reg2 = (int) Memory. ExtractBits (OperBits, 20, 23);
           return (int) BarrelShift.Compute(shift, (uint) CPU.GetRegr(Oper2Regs,
reg), (uint) CPU. GetRegr (Oper2Regs, reg2));
       public override string ToString()
```

```
DataProccess.cs
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                                                                      Page 6/7
           GetValue();
           return CPU.GetStrRegr(reg) + "." + Repr shifts[shift] + "" + CPU.Ge
tStrRegr(reg2);
   public class Oper2_RegSlmm : Operand2
       public uint reg, imm, shift;
       public override int GetValue()
           reg = Memory.ExtractBits(OperBits, 28, 31);
           shift = Memory.ExtractBits(OperBits, 25, 26);
           imm = Memory.ExtractBits(OperBits, 20, 24);
           return (int) BarrelShift.Compute(shift, (uint) CPU.GetRegr(Oper2Regs,
(int)reg), imm);
       public override string ToString()
           GetValue();
           if(imm > 0)
               return CPU.GetStrRegr((int)reg) + "," + Repr_shifts[shift] + "#
" + imm.ToString();
           else
               return CPU.GetStrRegr((int)reg);
   public class Oper2 RORImm : Operand2
       uint rot, num;
       public override int GetValue()
           rot = Memory.ExtractBits(OperBits, 20, 23) * 2;
           num = Memory.ExtractBits(OperBits, 24, 31);
           return (int)BarrelShift.Compute(0x11, num, rot);
       public override string ToString()
           return "#" + GetValue().ToString();
   //----Does not pass IS A test, therefore the LSL, LSR, ASL,
ASR are functions of BarrelShift-----
   public class BarrelShift
       //based on the bitpattern of code, do bitwise operations and return the
results.
       public static uint Compute(uint code, uint toShift, uint displcmnt)
           switch (code)
               case 0: // 1sl
                   return (toShift << (int)displcmnt);</pre>
               case 1: // lsr
                   return (toShift >> (int)displcmnt);
               case 2: // asr
                   return (uint) ((int) (toShift) >> (int) displcmnt);
               default: // ror
```

```
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DataProcess.cs

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uint high = Memory.ExtractBits(toShift, (31 - displcmnt), 31

(int) (32 - displcmnt);

uint low = toShift >> (int) displcmnt;

//used in ROR_IMM Oper2

return (high | low);

}

}

}
```

```
Instruction.cs
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                                                                          Page 1/4
//File: Instruction.cs
//Desc: This file defines a class Instruction which is the base class for all
the instructions
         implemented.
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Diagnostics;
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System. Windows. Input;
namespace armsim
    public abstract class Instruction
        /// <summary>
        /// Defines base class for all Instructions
        /// </summary>
        public string[] CondSufx = {
            "eq", "ne", "cs", "cc", "mi", "pl", "vs", "vc", "hi", "ls", "ge", "lt", "gt", "le"
        public uint Rd, Cond;
                                                        //Destination Register com
mon for all instructions
        public string ASMRepr { get; set; }
                                               //String represention of the ins
truction
                                                 //Holds the actual numerical val
        public uint Inst { get; set; }
ue of the instruction
        public uint InstAddr { get; set; }
        public Memory I_Reg { get; set; }
                                                              //Memorv reference f
or registers
        public Memory I_RAM { get; set; }
                                                              //Memory reference f
or RAM
        public StringBuilder I_Console_Ref { get; set; }
        public List<char> I_Input_Buff { get; set; }
        public char I_Last_Char { get; set; }
        //Logic for which type of instruction to create and returns the Instruct
ion
        public static Instruction CreateInstr(uint instr, Memory reg, Memory ram
            uint typebits = Memory.ExtractBits(instr, 4, 6);
            uint[] bx = { Memory.ExtractBits(instr, 7, 11), Memory.ExtractBits(i
nstr, 24, 27), Memory.ExtractBits(instr, 12, 23) };
            Instruction I_Instr;
            if(typebits == 0b111 && Memory.ExtractBits(instr, 7, 7) == 1){
                 I_Instr = new SWI();
            \} else if((typebits == 0b101) | (typebits == 0 && bx[0] == 18 && bx
[1] == 1 \&\& bx[2] == 0xFFF)){
                I_Instr = new Branch();
            }else if(typebits > 0b1) {
                I_Instr = new LoadStore();
            }else{
```

```
Instruction.cs
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                                                                        Page 2/4
                uint sbit = Memory.ExtractBits(instr, 11, 11);
                uint opcode = Memory.ExtractBits(instr, 7, 10);
                if (sbit == 0 && opcode > 0b111 && opcode < 0b1100)
                    uint bit10 = Memory.ExtractBits(instr, 10, 10);
                    I_Instr = (bit10 == 0b1) ? new MSR() as Instruction: new MRS
();
                else
                    I Instr = new DataProccess();
            I_Instr.I_RAM = ram;
            I_Instr.I_Reg = reg;
            I_Instr.Inst = instr;
            I_Instr.Cond = Memory.ExtractBits(instr, 0, 3);
            return I_Instr;
        //General defintion: Extracts the bits Executes needs to run and stores
them in variables.
       public abstract void DecodeInst();
        //General definition: Uses bits extracted by DecodeInstr to execute the
sub classes intructions
       public abstract void Execute();
        //General definition: returns ASMRepr - will be adjusting later to remov
e duplicates
       public override string ToString() {
            return ASMRepr;
   public class SWI: Instruction
        /// <summarv>
        /// Implements the SWI Arm Instruction Logic
        /// </summary>
       public uint cond, typ, swinum; //condition bits, type bits, and swinumb
er
       public bool I_Reading { get; set; }
       //See general definition
       public override void DecodeInst() {
            typ = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 4, 7);
            swinum = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 8, 31);
        //Simply throws an exception for the Step function to know SWI has execu
ted.
       public override void Execute() { //
            DecodeInst();
            if (swinum == 0x11)
                throw new OperationCanceledException(); //halt
            CPU.Exception_Process(I_Reg, 0b10011);
        //See general definition
```

```
Instruction.cs
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                                                                        Page 3/4
        public override string ToString() {
            ASMRepr = "svc"+ (Cond < 0b1110 ? CondSufx[Cond] : "") + "t0x" + swin
um. ToString("X8");
            return ASMRepr;
    //for saving status register
    class MRS : Instruction
        //uint Rd;
        bool Rbit;
        public override void DecodeInst()
            Rd = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 16, 19);
            Rbit = Convert.ToBoolean(Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 9, 9));
        public override void Execute()
           DecodeInst();
            uint mode = Memory.ExtractBits((uint)CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, 16), 27, 31)
            int which = 16;
            if (mode == 0b10010)
                which = 19;
            else if (mode == 0b10011)
                which = 22;
            CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rd, CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (Rbit ? which : 16)));
        public override string ToString()
            DecodeInst():
            //Update StrReg to reflect the state for the
            ASMRepr = "mrs" + (Cond < 0b1110 ? CondSufx[Cond] : "") + "\t" + CPU.
GetStrRegr(I_Req, (int)Rd) + "," + (Rbit ? "SPSR," : "CPSR,");
            return base. ToString();
    //For restoring status register
    class MSR: Instruction
        public uint cond, Rm;
       public bool regimm, Rbit; //Rbit tells me whether or not I am dealing w
ith SPSR or CPSR
        public uint imm_val;
        public override void DecodeInst()
            cond = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 0, 3);
            Rbit = Convert.ToBoolean(Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 9, 9));
            regimm = Convert.ToBoolean(Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 6, 6));
           Rm = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 28, 31);
            imm_val = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 20, 31);
           Operand2 temp = new Oper2_RORImm() { OperBits = imm_val };
            imm_val = (uint) temp.GetValue();
```

```
Instruction.cs
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                                                                        Page 4/4
        public override void Execute()
            DecodeInst();
            uint operand = regimm ? imm_val : (uint)CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rm);
            if (Rbit == false)
                CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, 16, (int) operand);
            else
                uint mode = Memory.ExtractBits((uint)CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, 16), 27,
31);
                if (mode == 0b10010 | mode == 0b10011)
                    int indx = mode == 0b10010 ? 19 : 22;
                    CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, indx, (int)operand);
        public override string ToString()
            DecodeInst();
           ASMRepr = "msr" + (Cond < 0b1110 ? CondSufx[Cond] : "") + "\t" + (Rbi)
t ? "SPSR, " : "CPSR, ") +
                (regimm ? "#" + imm val.ToString(): CPU.GetStrRegr(I Reg, (int)R
m));
            return ASMRepr;
```

```
LoadStore.cs
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                                                                      Page 1/5
//File: LoadStore.cs
//Desc: This file defines a class LoadStore that contains logic for the LoadSt
ore instructions.
//----
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Diagnostics;
using System.Linq;
using System.Runtime.InteropServices;
using System. Security. Cryptography;
using System.Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
namespace armsim
    public class LoadStore : Instruction
        /// <summary>
        /// Defines attributes and methods for LoadStore
        /// </summary>
        string[] StrInstr = new string[] { "str", "ldr", "strb", "ldrb", "stm", "ldm",
 "push", "pop" };
        public const int TYPE = 0b010;
        public uint typ, P, U, B, W, L, Rn; //Rd inherited
        public bool I;
        public Offset LsOffset;
        public List<int> Reglist;
       public int indx = 0;
       // Extracts the bits Executes needs to run and stores them in variables.
       public override void DecodeInst() {
           typ = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 4, 6);
           I = Convert.ToBoolean(Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 6, 6));
           P = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 7, 7);
           U = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 8, 8);
           B = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 9, 9);
           W = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 10, 10);
           L = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 11, 11);
           Rn = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 12, 15);
           if(typ != 4)
               Rd = Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 16, 19);
               LsOffset = Offset.GetOffset(I, Memory.ExtractBits(Inst, 20, 31))
               LsOffset.Offset_Regs = I_Reg;
               LsOffset.U = (int)U;
           else
               Reglist = GetList(Inst);
                              //----See comment below
               L += 4;
about index
        public virtual void Execute(uint Rn, List<int> reglist) {; }
       public virtual void Execute(uint Rn, uint Rd, Offset offst) {; }
        public override void Execute() {
```

```
LoadStore.cs
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                                                                 Page 2/5
          DecodeInst();
          ), new STM(), new LDM() };
          LoadStore ls = instr[(int)(L < 4 ? L : L - 2)]; //-----
--using L to index may not be the best idea-
           ls.I RAM = I RAM;
           ls.I_Reg = I_Reg;
           ls.I_Console_Ref = I_Console_Ref;
           ls.I_Last_Char = I_Last_Char;
          ls.I_Input_Buff = I_Input_Buff;
          ls.P = P; ls.U = U; ls.B = B; ls.W = W;
          if (typ != 4)
              ls.Execute(Rn, Rd, LsOffset);
           else
              ls.Execute(Rn, Reglist);
       public override string ToString()
                                      //----FD (IA) -----
          DecodeInst():
----FD (DB) ----
           1 \&\& U == 0 \&\& W == 1));
           int indx = (int)(L < 4 ? (L + (B == 1 ? 2 : B)) : (L + (!pushpop ? 0))
: 2)));
          ASMRepr = StrInstr[indx] + (Cond < 0b1110 ? CondSufx[Cond] : "") + "
\t";
          if (typ != 4)
              ASMRepr += CPU.GetStrRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rd) + ",[" + CPU.GetStrReg
r(I_Req, (int)Rn) + LsOffset.ToString() + "|" + (W == 1 ? "!" : "");
          else
              string strReglist = "";
              for (int i = 0; i < Reglist.Count; ++i)</pre>
                  strReglist += (i == 0 ? "" : ",") + CPU.GetStrRegr(I_Reg, Re
glist[i]);
              ASMRepr += (pushpop ? "" : CPU.GetStrRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rn) + (W =
= 1 ? "!" : "") + ",") + "{" + strReglist + "}";
          return ASMRepr;
       public int GetEffAddr(uint rn, Offset offst)
           long EA = (CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)rn) + (U == 1 ? offst.GetValue()
: -offst.GetValue())) & 0xFFFFFFF;
          return (int) EA;
       List<int> GetList(uint list)
          List<int> reglst = new List<int>();
          for (int cnt = 0; cnt < 16; ++cnt)
              if (Memory.ExtractBits(list, (uint)(31 - cnt), (uint)(31 - cnt))
== 1)
```

```
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                    reglst.Add(cnt);
            return reglst;
    public class LDR: LoadStore
        //Loads word from memory address:
        public override void Execute(uint Rn, uint Rd, Offset offst) {
            //LDR <Rd>, <addressing_mode>
            int EA = GetEffAddr(Rn, offst);
                                                    //((int)Rn + (U == 1 ? offst
.GetValue(): -offst.GetValue())) & 0xFFFFFFF;
            if(EA == 0x100001)
                //check after check if input buff is empty
                I_Last_Char = I_Input_Buff.Count != 0 ? I_Input_Buff[I_Input_Buf
f.Count - 1] : (char) 0;
                CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rd, Convert.ToInt32(I_Last_Char));
            else
                if (B == 1)
                    CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rd, I_RAM.ReadByte((uint)EA));
                else
                    CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rd, I_RAM.ReadWord(EA)); //Remember t
o check what memreads return if invalid EA
                if (W == 1)
                    CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rn, EA);
    public class STR: LoadStore
        //stores word to memory address:
        public override void Execute (uint Rn, uint Rd, Offset offst)
            int EA = GetEffAddr(Rn, offst);
                                                   //((int)Rn + (U == 1 ? offst.
GetValue() : -offst.GetValue())) & 0xFFFFFFF;
            if(EA == 0x100000)
                I_Console_Ref.Append((char)CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rd));
            else
                if (B == 1)
                    byte b = Convert.ToByte(CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rd) & 0xFF);
                    I_RAM.WriteByte(b, EA);
                else {
                    I_RAM.WriteWord(CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rd), EA);
                if (W == 1)
                    CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rn, EA);
        }
```

```
public class STM : LoadStore
      //pushes register list onto stack
      public override void Execute(uint Rn, List<int> Reglist)
          int EA = CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rn);
          EA -= (4 * Reglist.Count);
          if (W == 1)
              CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rn, EA);
          foreach (int i in Reglist)
              int val = CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, i);
              I_RAM.WriteWord(val, EA);
              EA += 4;
  //pops values from stack to registers in list
  public class LDM : LoadStore
      public override void Execute(uint Rn, List<int> Reglist) {
          int EA = CPU.GetRegr(I_Reg, (int)Rn);
          foreach (int i in Reglist)
              int val = I_RAM.ReadWord(EA);
              CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, i, val);
              EA += 4;
          if (W == 1)
              CPU.SetReg(I_Reg, (int)Rn, EA);
  //Defines logic for getting Offset-----
  public class Offset
      public uint OffBits;
      public Memory Offset_Regs { get; set; }
      public string Offset_Repr { get; set; }
      public int U = 0;
      private string[] repr_shifts = new string[] { "lsl", "lsr", "asr", "ror" };
      public string[] Repr_shifts { get { return repr_shifts; } }
      //creates an Operand2 object for the DP instruction based on the operand
type bits to use.
      public static Offset GetOffset(bool regimm, uint bits)
          Offset offst;
          if (regimm)
              offst = new Offset_Reg();
          else
              offst = new Offset_Imm();
          offst.OffBits = bits;
          return offst;
      //Uses BarrelShift to get value for OffSet
      public virtual int GetValue() { return 0; }
      public override string ToString() { return ""; }
```

```
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    public class Offset_lmm : Offset
        public override int GetValue()
            return (int)OffBits;
        public override string ToString()
            int offbits = GetValue();
            return offbits > 0 ? ",#" + (U == 1 ? "" : "-") + offbits.ToString()
 : "";
    public class Offset_Reg : Offset
        public uint reg, imm, shift;
        public override int GetValue()
            reg = Memory.ExtractBits(OffBits, 28, 31);
            shift = Memory.ExtractBits(OffBits, 25, 26);
            imm = Memory.ExtractBits(OffBits, 20, 24);
            return (int)BarrelShift.Compute(shift, (uint)CPU.GetRegr(Offset_Regs
, (int)reg), imm);
        public override string ToString()
            return "," + (U == 1 ? "" : "-") + CPU.GetStrRegr((int)reg) + (imm >
0 ? "," + Repr_shifts[shift] + "#" + imm.ToString() : "");
```

```
Memory.cs
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//File: Memory.cs
//Desc: This file defines a class Memory that contains logic for representing
Computer Memory.
//----
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using System. Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
using System.Diagnostics;
using System.Reflection.Emit;
namespace armsim
    public class Memory
        //TraceSwitch memTrace = new TraceSwitch("MemoryTrace", "Switch for the
memory class");
       private byte[] ram;
       public byte[] Cells { get { return ram; } } //property for the class to
        //Constructor for RAM Simulation
       public Memory(int size)
            ram = new byte[size];
        //Validates that address is appropriate; type: 0 =short(16), 1=word(32)
        bool IsVldAddr(int addr, int type)
           if (type == 0) { return addr % 2 == 0; }
           return addr % 4 == 0;
        // All 3 receive a 32-bit address and returns the number of bits request
ed that are currently in the address, or -1 for incorrect address
       public int ReadWord(int addr)
        { //Question: what happens when I read the end of the file? Should I val
idate that the address in the memory location (?)
           if (IsVldAddr(addr, 1))
               return (int) ((Cells[addr + 3] << 24) + (Cells[addr + 2] << 16) +
 (Cells[addr + 1] << 8) + Cells[addr]);
           return -1;
       public short ReadHalfWord(int addr)
           if (IsVldAddr(addr, 0))
                return (short) ((Cells[addr + 1] << 8) + Cells[addr]);</pre>
           return 0;
       public byte ReadByte(uint addr) { return ram[addr]; } //Occurred to me th
at this could be used to read bytes ;)
        // All 3 receive a 32-bit address and the number of bits requested that
are currently in the address, or -1 for incorrect address
        //as long as there is space, this ok, but that is not always so. Must fi
x when writing unit tests. -Sone
       public void WriteWord(int val, int addr)
```

```
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            if (IsVldAddr(addr, 1))
                int op = 0x000000FF;
                int byt;
                for (int i = 0; i < 4; ++i)
                    bvt = (val >> (8 * i)) & op;
                    WriteByte (Convert. ToByte (byt), addr + i);
        public void WriteHalfWord(short val, int addr)
            if (IsVldAddr(addr, 0))
                int op = 0 \times 0000000FF;
                int byt2 = val & op;
                int byt1 = (val >> 8) & op;
                WriteByte (Convert. ToByte (byt2), addr);
                WriteByte(Convert.ToByte(byt1), addr + 1);
        public void WriteByte(byte val, int addr) { ram[addr] = val; }
        //Flags dealings
        public bool TestFlag(int addr, int bit)
            int num = ReadWord(addr);
            return ((num >> (31 - bit)) & 0x00000001) == 1;
        public void SetFlag(int addr, int bit, bool flag)
            int num = ReadWord(addr);
            int flagged = flag ? num | (0x0000001 << (31 - bit)) : num & (\sim (0x00)
00001 << (31 - bit)));
            WriteWord(flagged, addr);
        //Extracts bits from number
        public static uint ExtractBits(uint word, uint startBit, uint endBit)
            word = word << (int)startBit;</pre>
            word = word >> (int)((31 - endBit) + startBit);
            return word;
        //Computes Checksum of memory cells
        public int CheckSum(byte[] mem)
            int cksum = 0;
            for (int i = 0; i < mem.Length; ++i)
                cksum += mem[i] ^ i;
            return cksum;
```