

trigger.txt

```
CREATE TABLE CLIENT_MASTER
(
CLIENT_NO VARCHAR2(6) PRIMARY KEY,
NAME VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
ADDRESS1 VARCHAR2(30),
ADDRESS2 VARCHAR2(30),
CITY VARCHAR2(15),
STATE VARCHAR2(15),
PINCODE NUMBER(6),
BAL_DUE NUMBER(10, 2)
);
```

--INSERT DATA IN CLIENT\_MASTER

```
CREATE TABLE AUDITCLIENT
(
CLIENT_NO VARCHAR2(6),
NAME VARCHAR2(20),
BAL_DUE NUMBER(10, 2),
OPERATION VARCHAR2(8),
USERID VARCHAR2(20),
ODATE DATE
);
```

--DON'T INSERT ANY DATA IN AUDITCLIENT

PROBLEM: Create a transparent audit system for a table CLIENT\_MASTER. The system must keep track of the records that are being deleted or updated. The functionality being when a record is deleted or modified the original record details and the date of operation are stored in the audit table, then the delete or update is allowed to go through.

SOLUTION:

-----  
This trigger is fired when an update or delete is fired on the table client\_master. The trigger first checks for the operation being performed on the table. Then depending on the operation being performed, a variable is assigned the value 'update' or 'delete'. Previous values of the modified record of the table client\_master are stored into appropriate variables declared. The contents of these variables are then inserted into the audit table auditclient.

```
CREATE TRIGGER audit_trial
AFTER UPDATE OR DELETE ON client_master
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
oper varchar2(8);
client_no varchar2(6);
name varchar2(20);
bal_due number(10, 2);
BEGIN
IF updating THEN
oper := 'update';
END IF;

IF deleting THEN
oper := 'delete';
END IF;
```

```
trigger.txt
client_no := :old.client_no;
name := :old.name
bal_due := :old.bal_due;
INSERT INTO auditclient
VALUES(client_no, name, bal_due, oper, user, sysdate);
END;
```

# EXCEPTION\_INIT-Pragma.txt

```

/*
create table Employee(
ID          VARCHAR2(4 BYTE)          NOT NULL,
First_Name  VARCHAR2(10 BYTE),
Last_Name   VARCHAR2(10 BYTE),
Start_Date  DATE,
End_Date    DATE,
Salary      Number(8, 2),
City        VARCHAR2(10 BYTE),
Description VARCHAR2(15 BYTE)
);
*/

DECLARE
    e_MissingNull EXCEPTION;
    PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT(e_MissingNull, -1400);
BEGIN
    INSERT INTO Employee (id) VALUES (NULL);
EXCEPTION
    WHEN e_MissingNull then
        DBMS_OUTPUT.put_line('ORA-1400: Cannot insert NULL');
END;
/

```

for.txt

```
DECLARE
i number(2);
BEGIN
FOR i IN 1..10 LOOP
dbms_output.put_line(i);
END LOOP;
END;
/
```

For-Cursor-Loop.txt

```
DECLARE
cursor c is select * from number_table;
BEGIN
  for num_row in c loop
    insert into doubles_table values(num_row.num*2);
  end loop;
END;
/
```

## Function.txt

--Creating a function

```
create or replace function rating_message(rating IN NUMBER) return VARCHAR2
AS
BEGIN
IF rating > 7 THEN
return 'You are great';
ELSIF rating >= 5 THEN
return 'Not bad';
ELSE
return 'Pretty bad';
END IF;
END;
/
```

--Calling a function

```
declare
paul Rate:=9;
Begin
dbms_output.put_line(ratingMessage(paul Rate));
end;
/
```

--create or replace function squareNumber(num in number) Return number

```
--IS
--begin
--dbms_output.put(' Square of ' || num || ' is: ');
--return num*num;
--end;
--/
```

--USE 1

```
--begin
--dbms_output.put_line(' ===== ');
--dbms_output.put_line(squareNumber(3.5));
--dbms_output.put_line(' ===== ');
--end;
--/
```

--USE 2

```
--declare
--n number;
--begin
--n := &enter_a_number;
--dbms_output.put_line(' ===== ');
--dbms_output.put_line(squareNumber(n));
--dbms_output.put_line(' ===== ');
--end;
--/
```

```
DECLARE
    a number;
    msg varchar2(50);
BEGIN
    a: =&percentage;
    i f a >= 60 then
        msg := 'Fi rst cl ass';
    el sei f a >=50 then
        msg := ' Second cl ass';
    el sei f a >=40 then
        msg := ' Thi rd cl ass';
    el se
        msg := ' Fai l cl ass';
    end i f;
    dbms_output.put_line(msg);
END;
/
```

named-exception-handlers.txt

```
DECLARE
    num_row number_table%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
    select *
    into num_row
    from number_table;
    dbms_output.put_line(1/num_row.num);
EXCEPTION
    WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
        dbms_output.put_line(' No data! ');
    WHEN TOO_MANY_ROWS THEN
        dbms_output.put_line(' Too many! ');
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
        dbms_output.put_line(' Error' );
END;
/
```



```
CREATE TABLE ITEM_MASTER
(
ITEMID NUMBER(4) PRIMARY KEY,
DESCRIPTION VARCHAR2(20),
BAL_STOCK NUMBER(3)
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE ITEM_TRANSACTION
(
ITEMID NUMBER(4),
DESCRIPTION VARCHAR2(20),
QTY NUMBER(3)
);
```

Based on the ITEMID in the ITEM\_TRANSACTION table a check is made in the ITEM\_MASTER table to see if the ITEMID exists in the ITEM\_MASTER table or not.

1. If the ITEMID does not exist then an insert operation is performed and the ITEMID along with the DESCRIPTION and QTY is inserted into the required columns of the ITEM\_MASTER table.
2. If the ITEMID exists then a modify operation is performed and the qty is updated with the BAL\_STOCK column of the table ITEM\_MASTER where ITEMID of table ITEM\_MASTER is same as that of ITEM\_TRANSACTION.

To achieve this, a package composition of:

1. A function, which will check, for the existence of ITEMID in the table ITEM\_MASTER. The function must have one argument which receives a value for which a matching pattern of ITEMID in the table ITEM\_MASTER. The function will return value '1' indicating that a match is found and a value '0' indicating that no match is found. This value returned by the function can be used to perform the above operation.
2. A procedure that shall insert values in the ITEM\_MASTER table in case the ITEMID does not exist in the ITEM\_MASTER table.
3. A procedure that shall update values in the ITEM\_MASTER table in case the ITEMID already exists in the ITEM\_MASTER table.

-----  
Package Specification:  
-----

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE check_data AS
    FUNCTION f_itemidchk(vitemidno IN number) RETURN number;
    PROCEDURE proc_update(vitemidno IN number, quantity IN number);
    PROCEDURE proc_insert(vitemidno IN number, quantity IN number, descrip IN
varchar2);
END check_data; -- End of package specification
```

-----  
Package Body:  
-----

```

Package.txt
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE check_data IS
    FUNCTION f_item_dchk(vi_tem_dno IN number) RETURN number IS
        dummy_item number(4);
    BEGIN
        SELECT item_id INTO dummy_item
        FROM item_master WHERE item_id = vi_tem_d;
        RETURN 1;
    EXCEPTION
        WHEN no_data_found THEN
            RETURN 0;
    END;
    -- End of function

    PROCEDURE proc_insert(vi_tem_dno IN number, quantity IN number, descrip IN
varchar2) IS
    BEGIN
        INSERT INTO item_master(item_id, bal_stock, description)
        VALUES(vi_tem_dno, quantity, descrip);
    END;
    -- End of procedure

    PROCEDURE proc_update(vi_tem_dno IN number, quantity IN number) IS
    BEGIN
        UPDATE item_master SET item_master.bal_stock = quantity
        WHERE item_id = vi_tem_dno;
    END;
    -- End of procedure
END check_data;
-- End of package body

```

-----  
Calling the package in the PL/SQL code block:  
-----

```

DECLARE
    CURSOR scannable IS
        SELECT item_id, qty, description
        FROM item_transaction;
    vi_tem_dno number(4);
    descrip varchar2(30);
    quantity number(3);
    val_exists number(1);
BEGIN
    OPEN scannable;
    LOOP
        FETCH scannable INTO vi_tem_dno, quantity, descrip;

        EXIT WHEN scannable%NOTFOUND;

        val_exists := check_data.f_item_dchk(vi_tem_dno);
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(TO_CHAR(val_exists));

        IF val_exists = 0 THEN
            check_data.proc_insert(vi_tem_dno, quantity, descrip);
        ELSE
            check_data.proc_update(vi_tem_dno, quantity);
        END IF;
    END LOOP;

    CLOSE scannable;

    COMMIT;
END;

```

## Procedure.txt

```
/*
• Modes:
- IN: procedure must be called with a value for the parameter.
Value cannot be changed
- OUT: procedure must be called with a variable for the
parameter. Changes to the parameter are seen by the user
(i.e., call by reference)
- IN OUT: value can be sent, and changes to the parameter
are seen by the user
• Default Mode is: IN
*/

--Creating the procedure
/*
create or replace procedure num_logged
(person IN mylog.who%TYPE, num OUT mylog.logon_num%TYPE) IS
BEGIN
select logon_num
into num
from mylog
where who = person;
END;
/
*/

--Calling the procedure

declare
howmany mylog.logon_num%TYPE;
begin
num_logged('pete', howmany);
dbms_output.put_line(howmany);
end;
/
```

Raise-a-User-Defined Exception.txt

```
DECLARE
    less_than_target EXCEPTION;
    sman_no salesman_master.salesman_no%TYPE;
    tgt_sales salesman_master.tgt_to_get%TYPE;
    act_sales salesman_master.ytd_sales%TYPE;
    comm_rate salesman_master.rate_of_commission%TYPE;
BEGIN
    SELECT salesman_no, rate_of_commission, tgt_to_get, ytd_sales
        INTO sman_no, comm_rate, tgt_sales, act_sales
        FROM salesman_master
        WHERE salesman_no = &sman_no;

    IF act_sales < tgt_sales THEN
        RAISE less_than_target;
    ELSE
        INSERT INTO commission_payable
        VALUES(sman_no, sysdate, act_sales * comm_rate/100);
    END IF;
EXCEPTION
    WHEN less_than_target THEN
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Salesman No ' || sman_no || ' is not entitled
to get commission');
```

Raise-user-defined-exception.txt

```
DECLARE
    e_number1 EXCEPTION;
    cnt NUMBER;
BEGIN
    select count(*)
    into cnt
    from number_table;

    IF cnt = 1 THEN RAISE e_number1;
    ELSE dbms_output.put_line(cnt);
    END IF;
EXCEPTION
    WHEN e_number1 THEN
        dbms_output.put_line('Count = 1');
END;
/
```

--Creating Sequence

```
Create Sequence mySeq  
Start with 10  
Increment By 5  
Maxvalue 1000  
Cycle;
```

--Altering a sequence

```
Alter Sequence mySeq  
Increment By 3;
```

--Using Sequence

```
Insert Into myTable values(mySeq.Nextval , ' col 2' );
```

--Dropping Sequence

```
Drop Sequence mySeq;
```

Simple-Cursor-Loop.txt

```
DECLARE
    cursor c is select * from number_table;
    cVal c%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
    open c;
    LOOP
        fetch c into cVal;
        EXIT WHEN c%NOTFOUND;
        insert into doubles values(cVal.num*2);
    END LOOP;
END;
/
```

## SQL TO SEE DIFFERENT TYPE OF OBJECTS

```
select object_name, object_type
from user_objects
where object_type in ( 'TABLE', 'PROCEDURE', 'FUNCTION', 'PACKAGE', 'PACKAGE BODY' )
and rownum < 50;
```

## SQL TO SEE SOURCE OF AN OBJECT

```
SELECT TEXT
FROM ALL_SOURCE
WHERE NAME = ' SQUARENUMBER' ;
```

```
SET LINESIZE 132
SET LONG 4000
SELECT TRIGGER_BODY from user_triggers where trigger_name = ' FOO_TRIGGER'
```



while.txt

```
declare
a number(2);
begin
a:=1;
while a<=10
loop
dbms_output.put_line(a);
a:=a+1;
end loop;
end;
/
```