

Identifying Low-Income Communities in the Boston-Metro Area in Need of Increased Transit Access

Michael Dowd : GIS Final Project – MIT Fall 2012



Outline

- 1. Question
- 2. Summary
- 3. Significance
- 4. Study Area
- 5. Data
- 6. Methodology
- 7. Findings
 - Transit Score
 - Low Income Block Groups
 - Selected Neighborhoods
- 8. Policy Implications
- 10. Further Research



Summary

- **Project Description**

A transit score was created to allow analysis of transit accessibility in the Boston Metro area, specifically the MBTA RTA Zones A & B. This score was then examined as it related to low Income block groups to identify areas in need of greater transit access. Selected areas with a concentration of low income block groups with transit scores less than 40 (scale of 100) were then briefly examined. Finally, the Score is discussed in regard to the impact of future transit development and possible policy considerations.

- Low Income Block Group Map – Slide 14
- Transit Score – Slide 13
- Selected Area Maps – Slide 17 & Appendix.

- **Conclusions**

The transit score is a useful tool for visualizing transit accessibility in the area. Used in conjunction with other demographic measures, such as income as in this case, it allows for the identification of areas where specific transit interventions may be justified.

Interventions could include:

- Transit Expansion
- Service Alterations
- Service Integration
- Targeted Subsidies for alternative modes

- In addition it can be used to investigate the relationship between transit accessibility/proximity on demographic factors, economic indicators, and environmental measures.
- Please see Slide 19 for suggestions of further research.



Question

- What communities in the Boston Metro-Area are in need of greater transit access?

How is need defined?

Income?

Education?

Employment/Unemployment?

Access to personal transportation?

Travel Time?

In “Need” defined: Block groups with median incomes $\leq 80\%$ of county median income.



Significance

Why is transit access important?

- Transit Allows for Access to:
 - Work
 - Social Connections
 - Services
 - Recreation

Good transit access creates opportunities.



Study Area

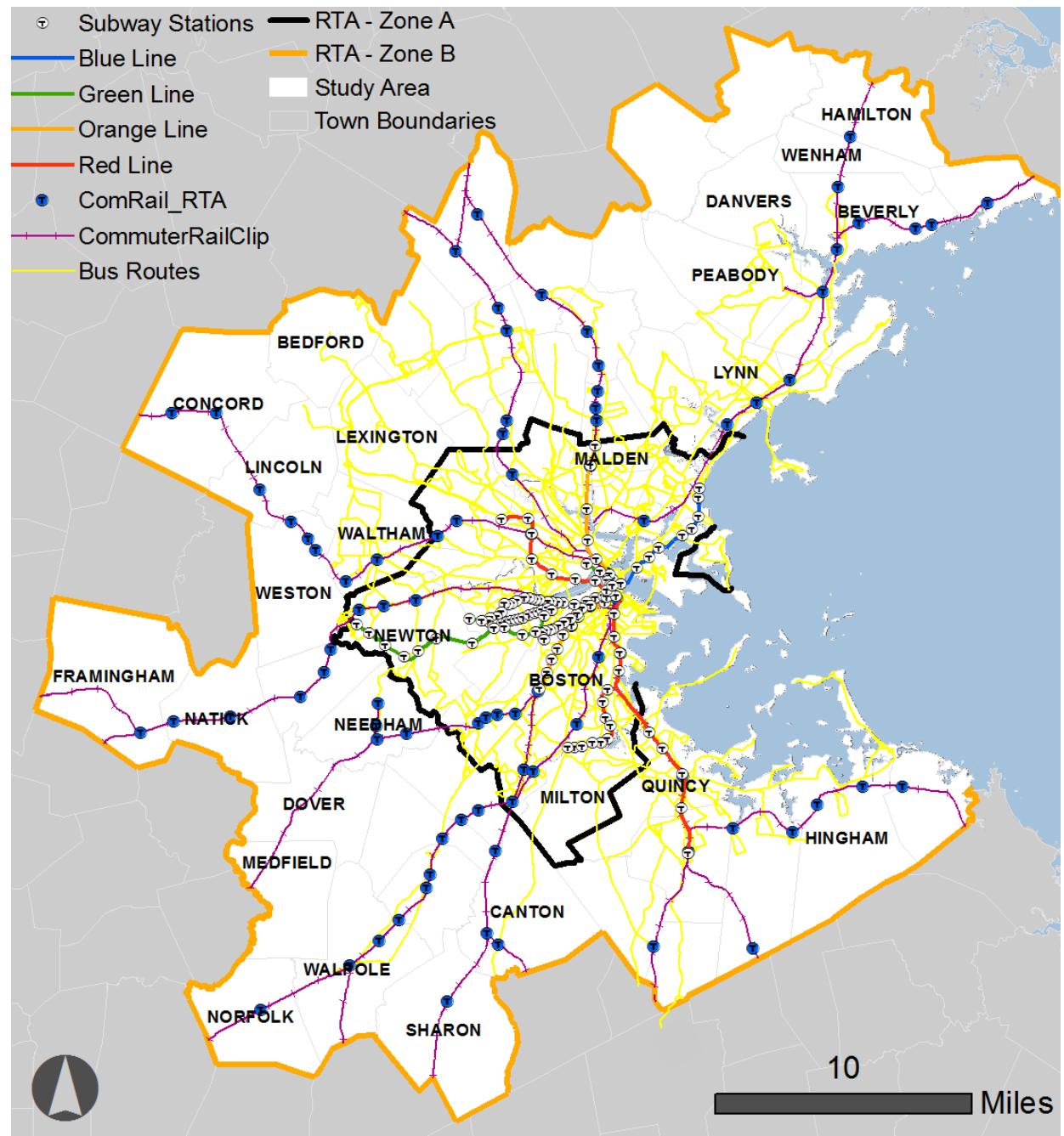
Boston Metro-Area defined:
The MBTA Regional
Transportation
Authority Zones A & B

Modes of Transit Included:

- Subway
- Bus
- Commuter Rail

Modes of Transit Excluded:

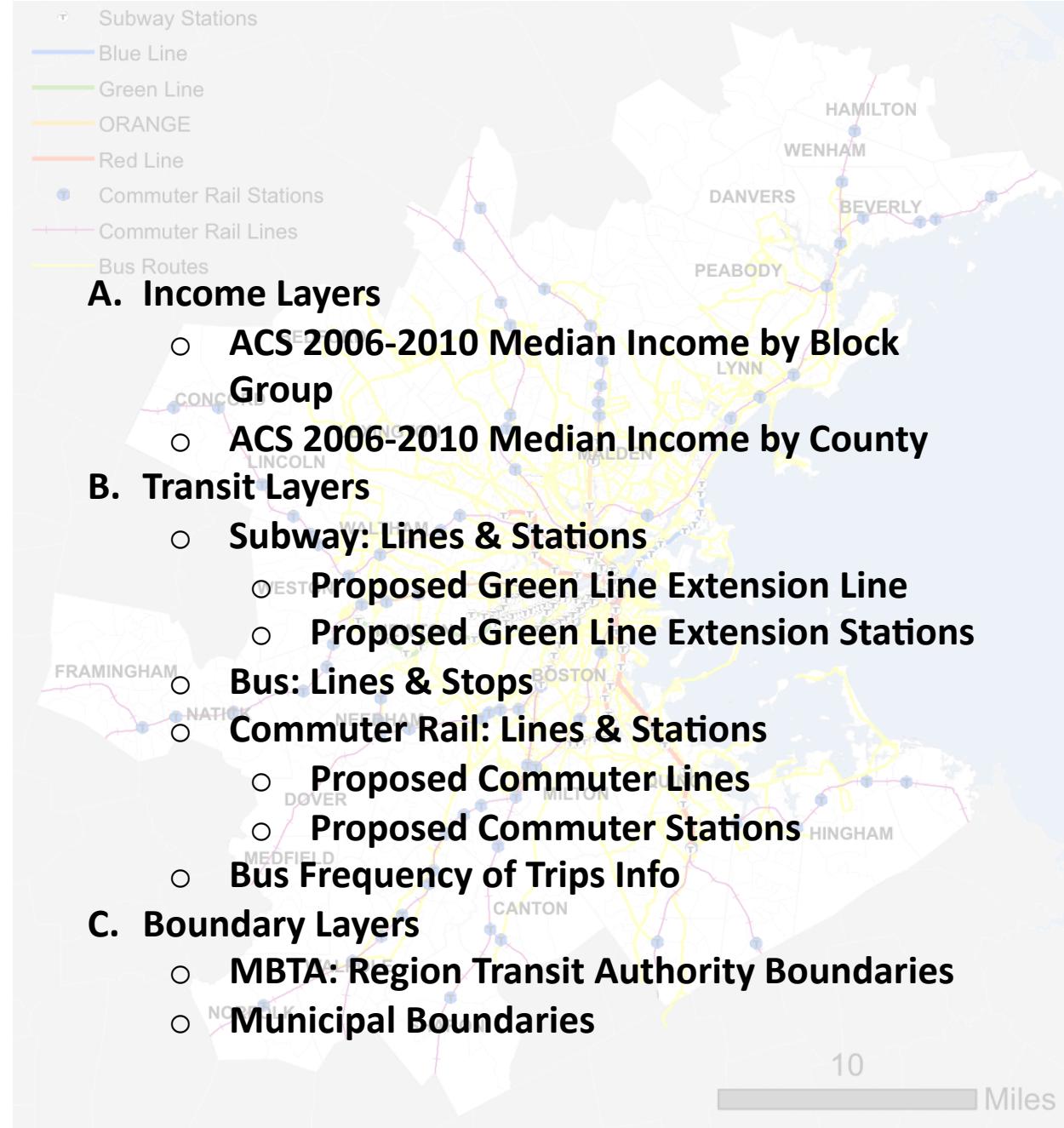
- Private Buses
- Ferries
- Shuttles



Data:

Source:

- US Census
- MassGIS
- MBTA
- MAPC
- MassDOT



Methodology (in brief)

Low Income Block Groups

Step 1:

Collect income data and join to block group

Step 2:

Determine percent of block group median income by county median income.

Step 3:

Clip to RTA Boundary

Step 4:

Map Results

Transit Score

Step 1:

Collect and map:

- Subway: Stations & Lines
- Commuter Rail: Stations & Lines
- Bus Stops & Lines

Step 2: Determine Range of Scores

- Scale of 0-100
- Subways: 40
- Buses: 35
- Commuter Rail: 25

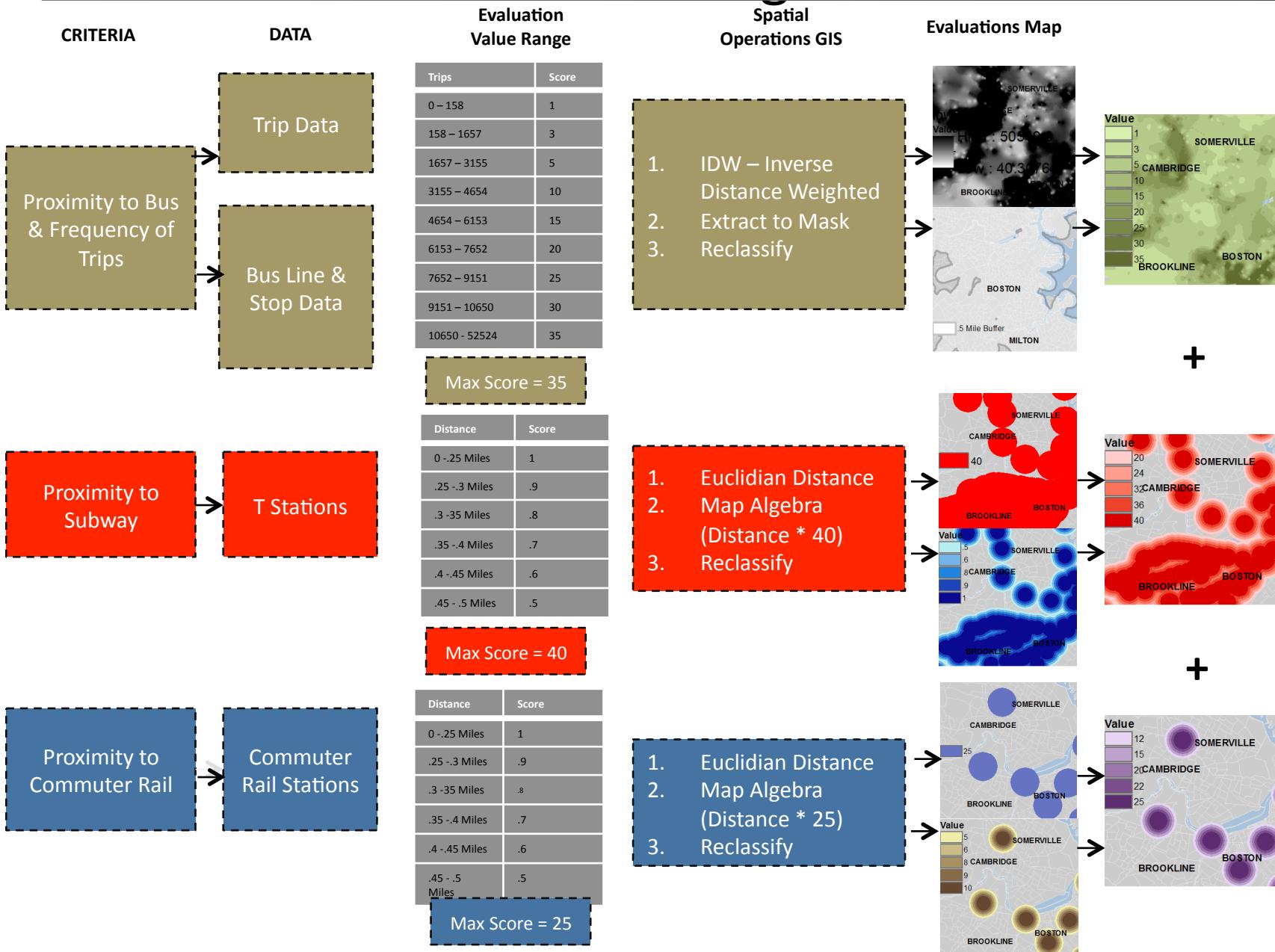
Step 3: Determine Bus Trip Frequency

- Acquire trip data
- Input in Excel
- Join to bus stops

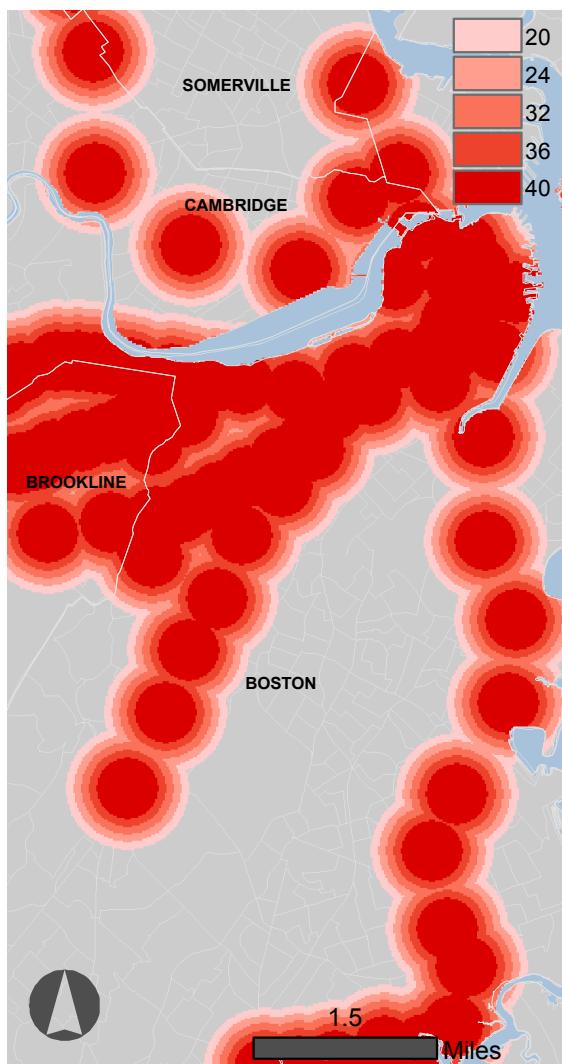
Step 4: Next Slide →



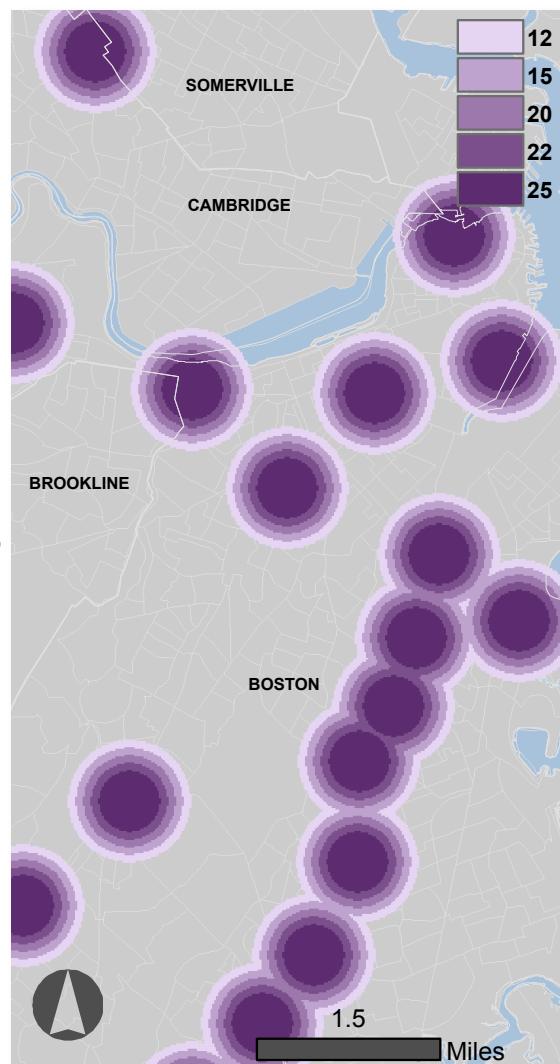
Transit Score: Workflow Diagram



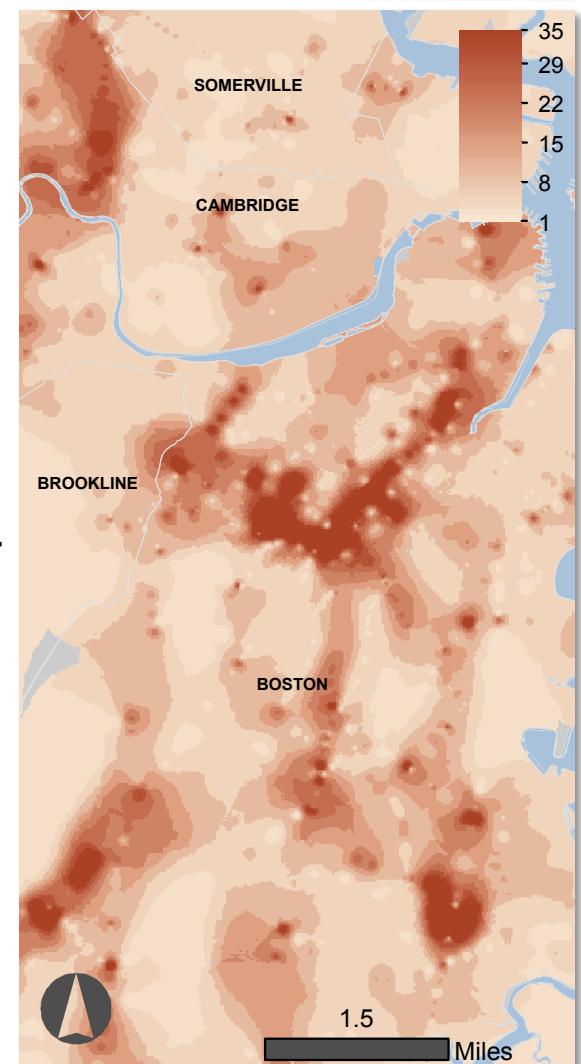
Transit Score : Creation



Subway Raster (40)



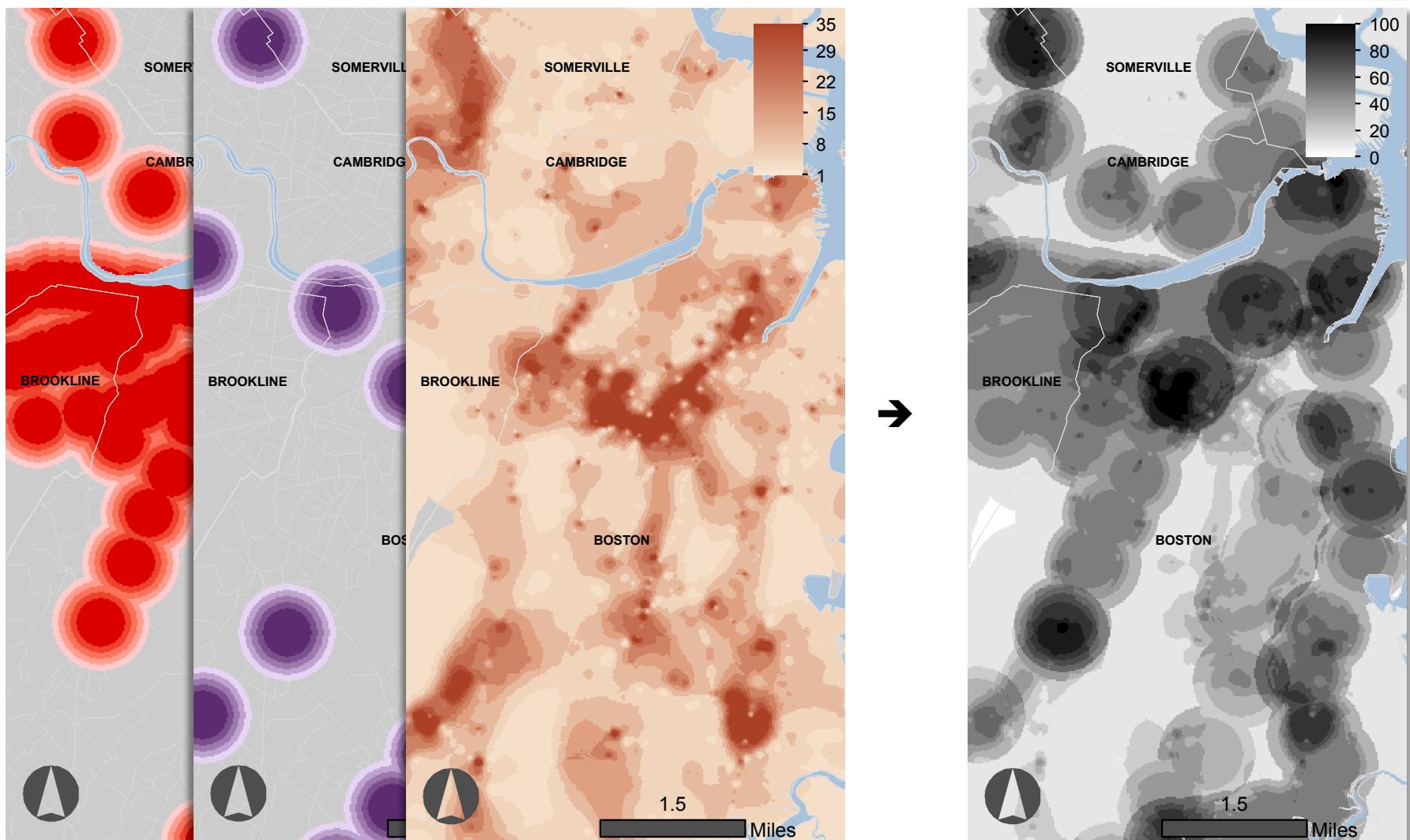
Commuter Rail Raster (25)



Bus Raster (35)



Transit Score : Creation



Subway Raster + Commuter Rail Raster + Bus Raster =

Transit Score



Findings



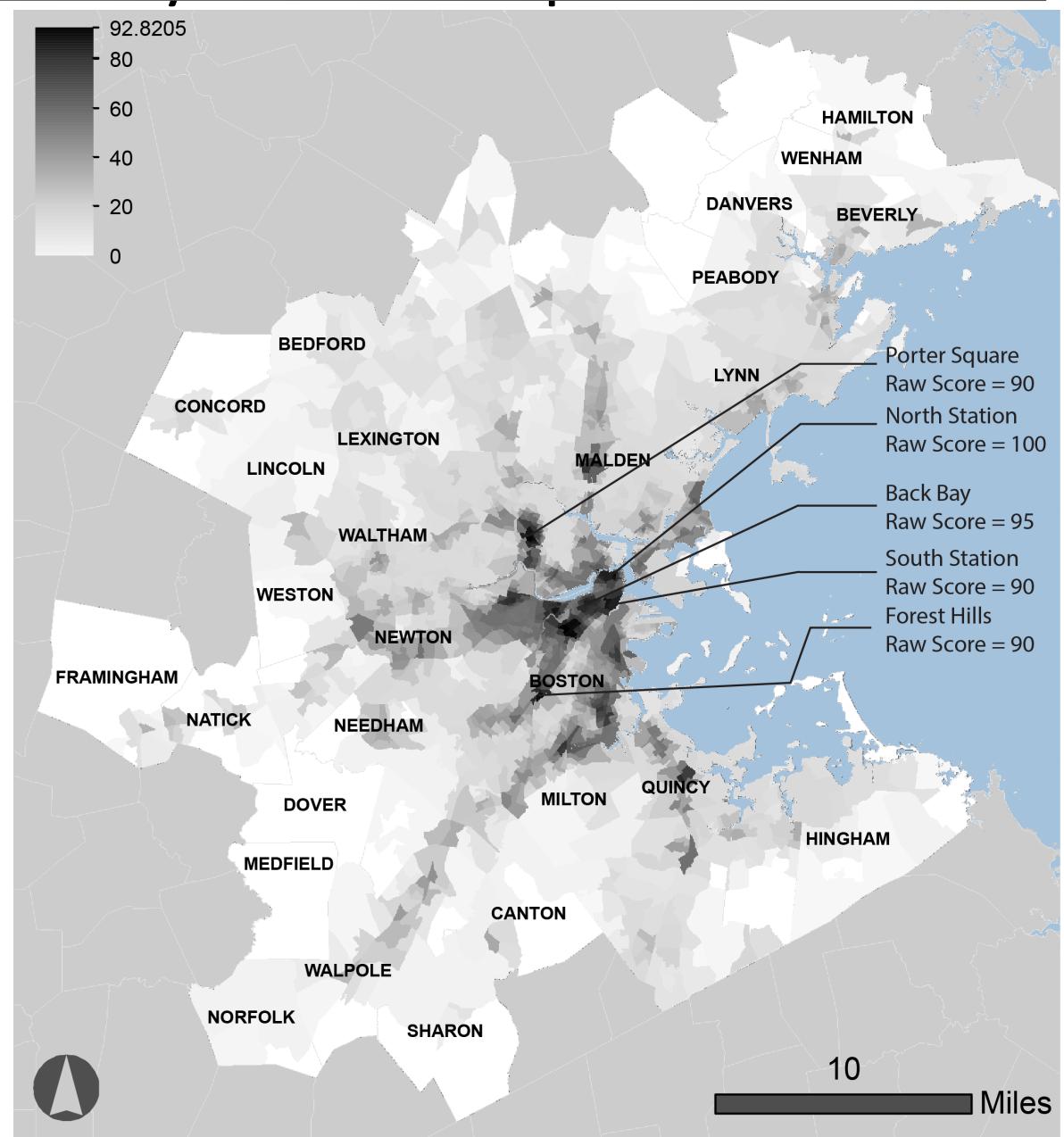
Transit Score : Mean by Block Group

Verifying Accuracy:

Highest Transit

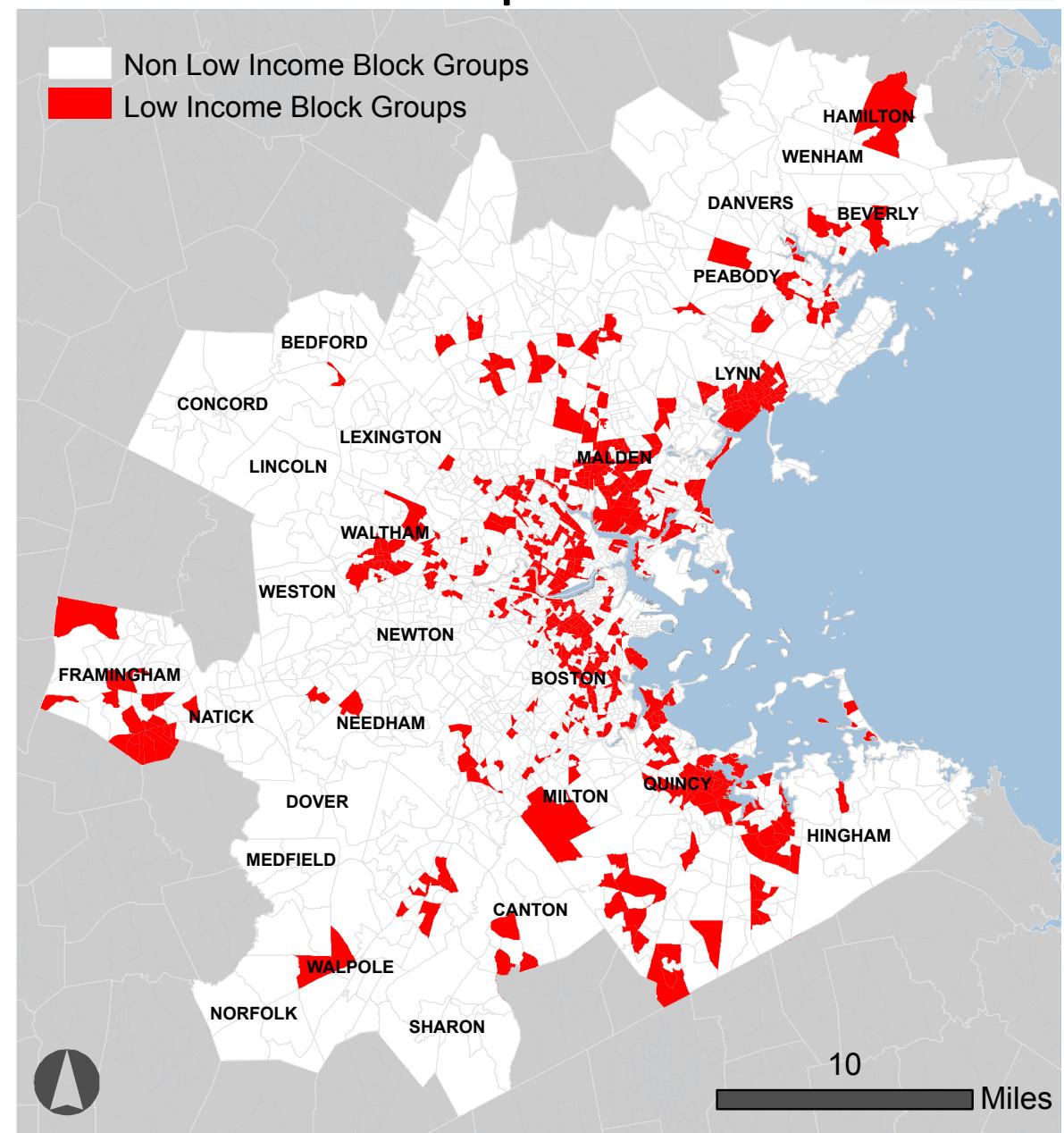
Scores:

- North Station
- South Station
- Forest Hill Station
- Back Bay/Copley
- Porter Square Station



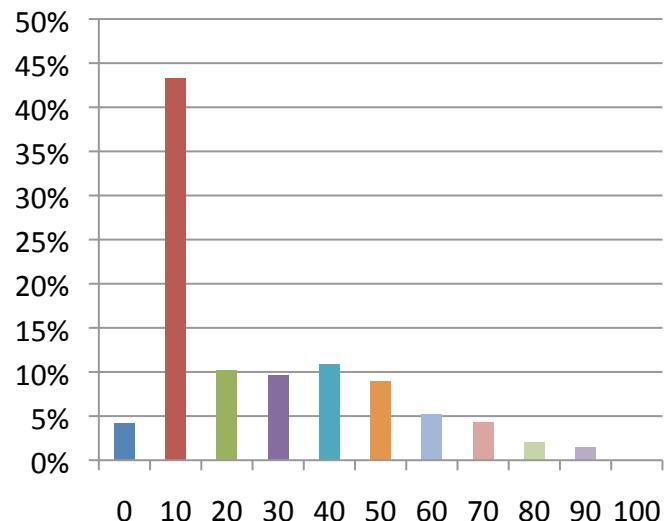
Findings: Low Income Block Groups

The population of low income block groups is equal to 26% of population of the study area.



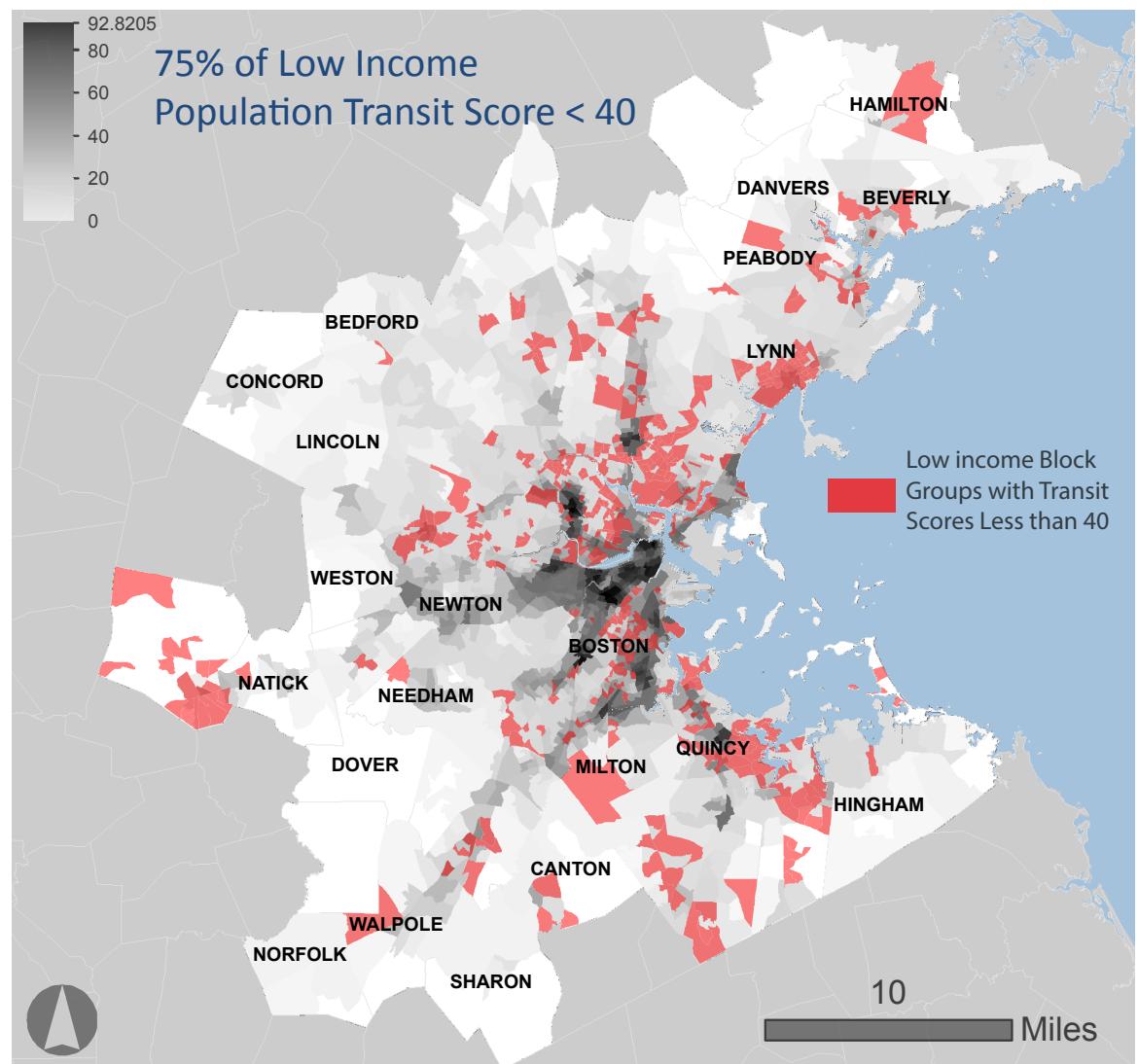
Low Income Block Groups Transit Score < 40

Low Income Block Groups Transit Score Distribution



What constitutes low accessibility in this index?

TS < 40



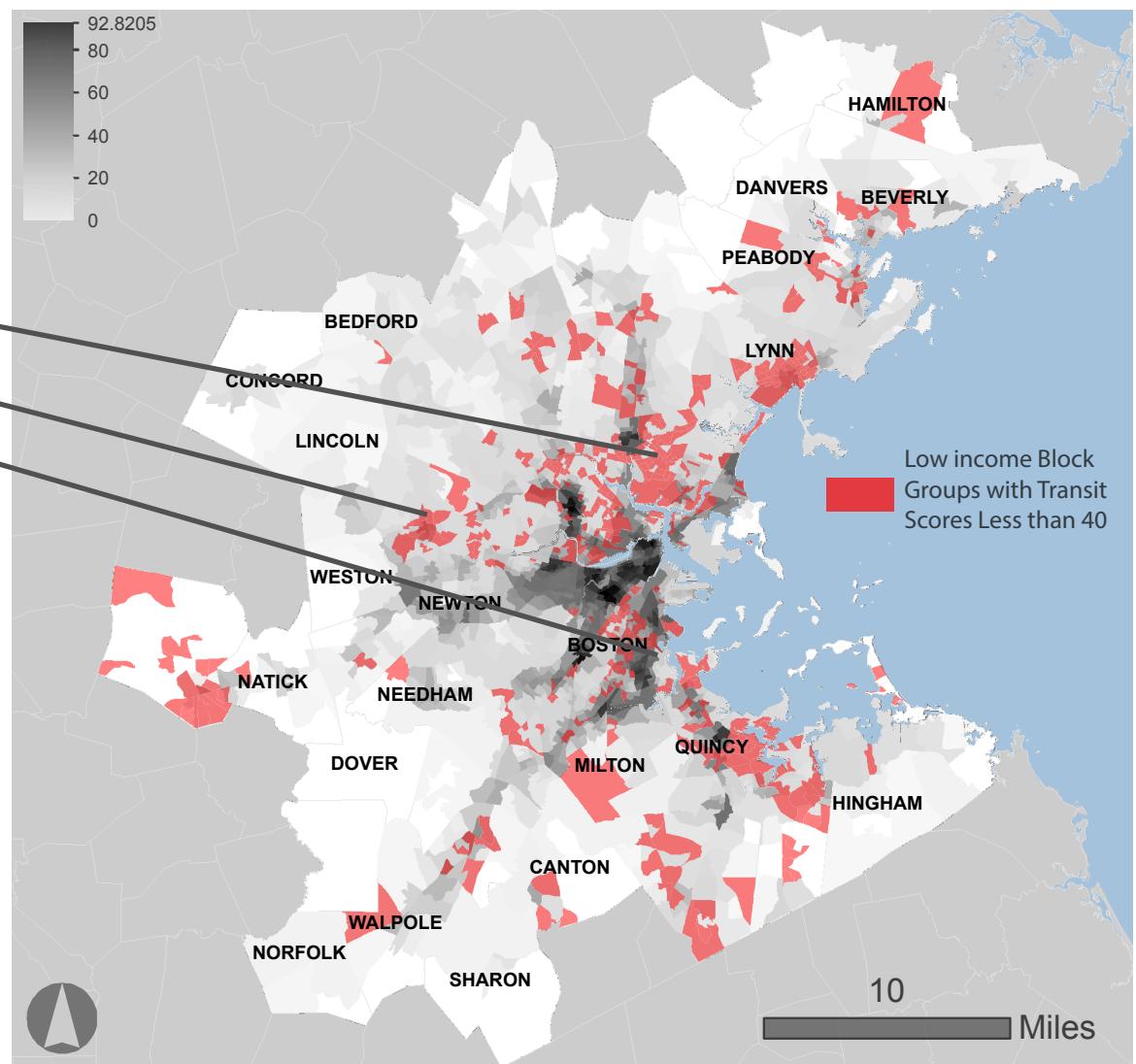
Low Income Block Groups Transit Score < 40

Selected Areas:

Somerville/Medford*

Waltham*

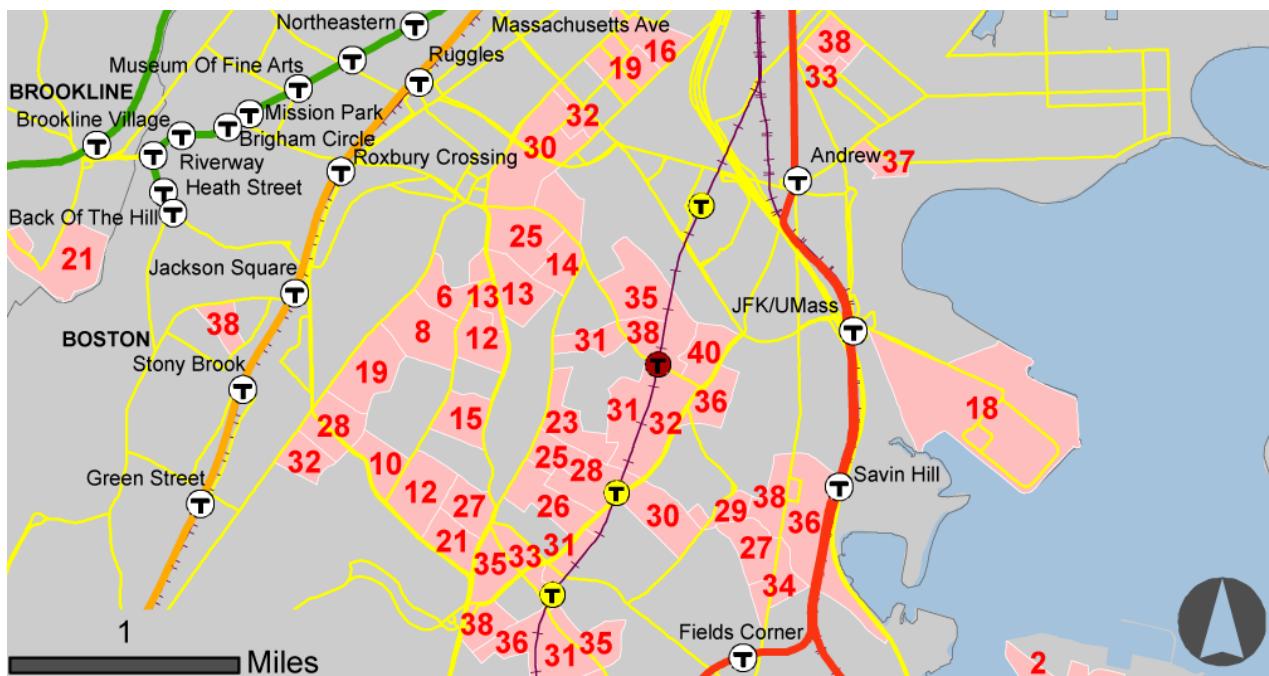
South End/Roxbury



* Waltham & Somerville/
Medford Maps Located in
Appendix



Selected Area : South End/Roxbury



Red Numbers Indicate Transit Score

Subway Stations

Commuter Rail Stations

Blue Line

Commuter Rail Lines

Green Line

Bus Routes

Orange Line

Proposed Commuter Line Stations

Red Line

Proposed Green Line Stations

Low Income/Transit Score Less than 40

- Silver Line does not offer comparable access
- Expanded commuter rail will increase access
- Consider free transfers from Commuter Rail to Subway/Bus for inner core residents.
- Support introduction of light rail into the area.



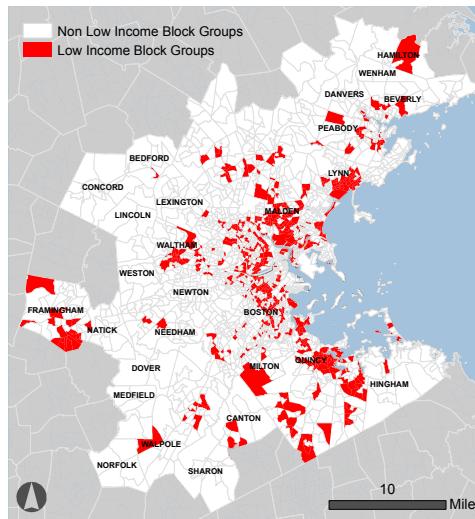
Conclusion

Transit Score Use for Policy/Operations:

1. Identify areas with limited transit access
2. Research implications of transit accessibility
 - a) Demographics
 - b) Mode Choice
 - c) VMT
3. Prioritize areas in need of possible:
 - a) Transit Expansion
 - b) Service Alteration
 - c) Service Integration

Uses Beyond Policy

- Citizen information tool



Further Research

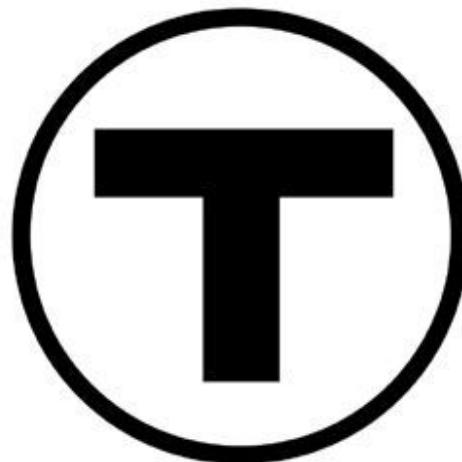
1. Frequency of All Modes
 - Subway
 - Commuter Rail
2. Relation to Vehicle Ownership Rates
3. Comparison to Other Measures Of Transit Accessibility
4. Travel Time
5. Destination Factors
6. Density
7. Interviews
 - Transit Experience
 - Perceived Accessibility



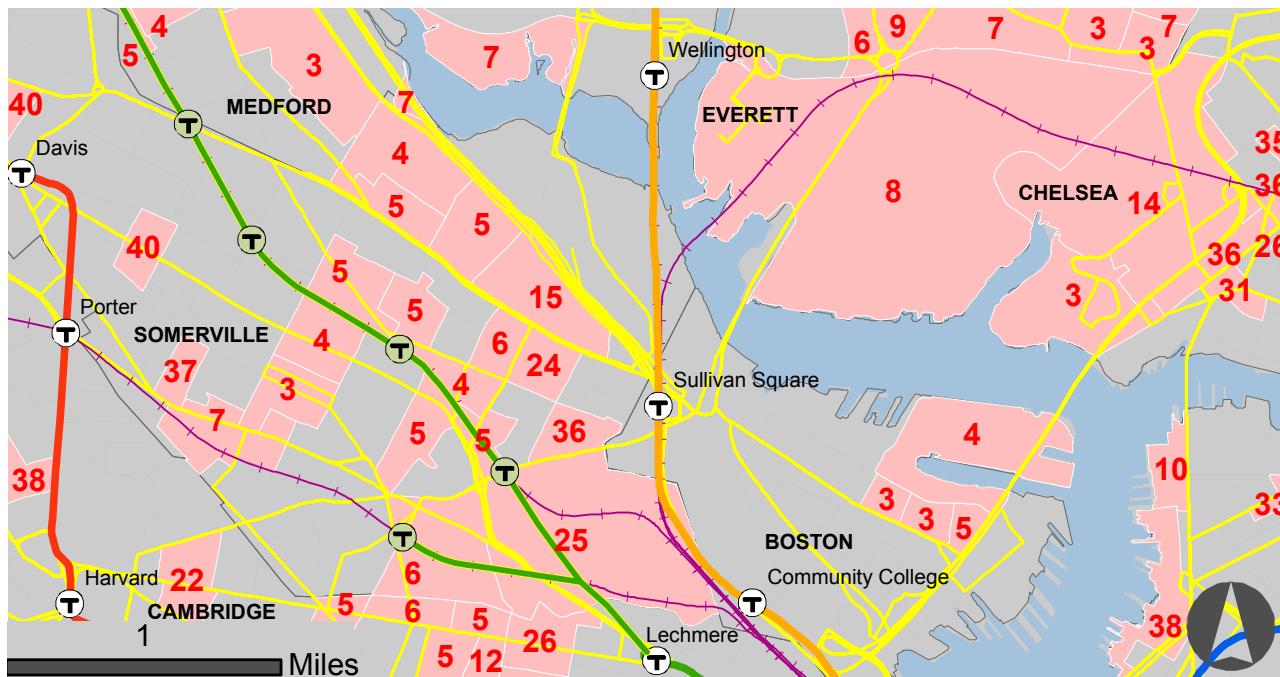
Thank You



Appendix



Selected Area : Somerville/Medford



Red Numbers Indicate Transit Score

Subway Stations

Commuter Rail Stations

Blue Line

Commuter Rail Lines

Green Line

Bus Routes

Orange Line

Proposed Commuter Line Stations

Red Line

Proposed Green Line Stations

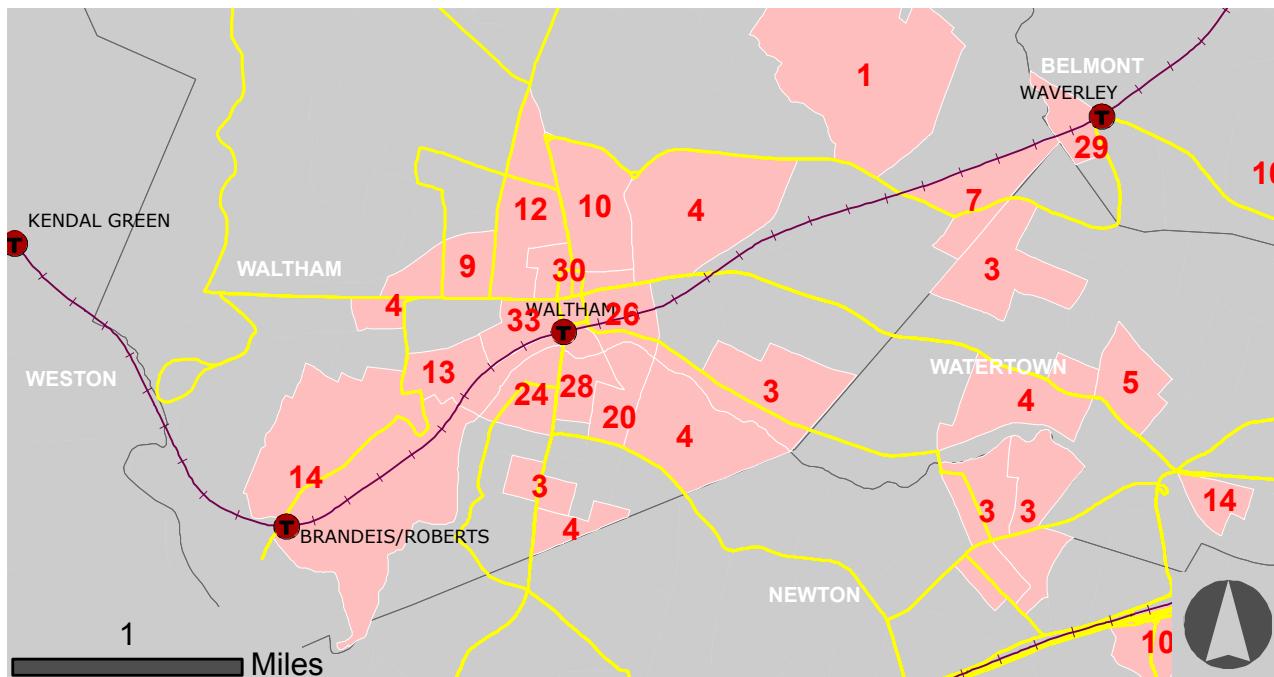
Low Income/Transit Score Less than 40

- Green Line Extension will Increase Transit access in this area.

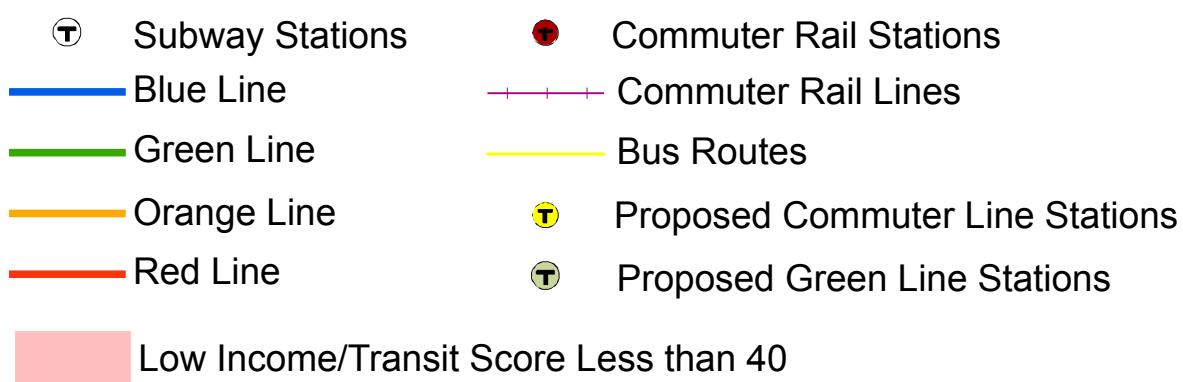
- Bus routes should be created/adjusted to maximize access to the new line



Selected Area : Waltham



- Subsidize commuter rail passes for low income suburban residents.
- Support policies that assist/sustain personal vehicle transport.



Methodology

- 1. Determine Low Income Block Groups
 - Block Group Median Income
 - County Median Income
 - Determine Percentage of Block Group Median Income by County Median Income
 - Isolate Block Groups at or below 80% of Median Income
 - Clip to RTA Boundary
- 2. Subway & Commuter Rail Scores
 - Subway layers
 - Use Subway Stations for Euclidian distance analysis
 - Assign Stations Score
 - Map Algebra
 - Reclassify
 - Commuter Rail
 - Use Commuter Rail Stations for Euclidian distance analysis
 - Assign Stations Score
 - Map Algebra
 - Reclassify



Methodology

- 3. Bus Stops & Lines
 - Determine which Bus Lines operate at which stop
 - Spatial Join Bus Lines to Bus Stop Points (One to Many)
 - Dissolve Stops by route
 - Determine number of trips per stop
 - Using MBTA trip frequency document
 - Input into Excel
 - Clean Data
 - Import table into ArcMap
 - Determine Frequency of Trips
 - Join trip table to Bus Stops
 - Create Unique Identifier (X/Y)
 - Dissolve by unique identifier
 - Run IDW tool on points
 - Extract to Mask
- 4. Create Transit Score – See Work Flow Diagram



Methodology

- 5. Transit Score Operations
 - Determine Mean Transit Score by Block Group
 - Output Zonal statistics by table
 - Join to block groups
- 6. Isolate Low Income Block Groups with Low Transit Score
 - Select by Attribute Transit score < 40
 - Export Selected Items

