Heart Failure

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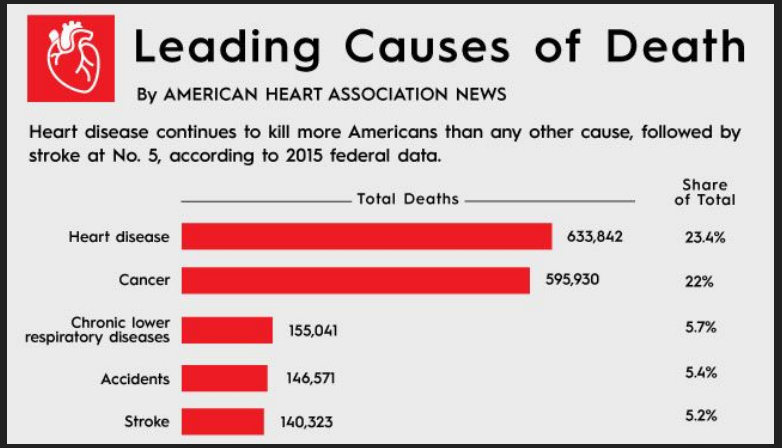
The Problem



Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

- Cardiovascular Disease is the #1 cause of death Globally.
- Heart Failure is commonly associated with Cardiovascular Diseases.

The Solution

- Use a machine learning model to predict if a patient will develop Heart Disease

The Data

About this file

The data contains 918 observations with 12 attributes.

# Age 	
age
	∆ Sex
	sex
		∆ ChestPainType
		chest pain type
			# RestingBP
			resting blood pressure
				# Cholesterol
				serum cholesterol
					# FastingBS
					fasting blood sugar
						∆ RestingECG
						resting electrocardiogram results
							# MaxHR
							maximum heart rate achieved
								✓ ExerciseAngina
								exercise induced angina
									# Oldpeak
									oldpeak = ST
										∆ ST_Slope
										the slope of the peak exercise ST segment
											# HeartDisease
											target

28 – 77	M 79% F 21%	ASY 54% NAP 22% Other (219) 24%	0 – 200	0 – 603	0 – 1	Normal 60% LVH 20% Other (178) 19%	60 – 202	true 371 40% false 547 60%	-2.6 – 6.2	Flat 50% Up 43% Other (63) 7%	0 – 1
40	M	ATA	140	289	0	Normal	172	N	0	Up	0
49	F	NAP	160	180	0	Normal	156	N	1	Flat	1
37	M	ATA	130	283	0	ST	98	N	0	Up	0
48	F	ASY	138	214	0	Normal	108	Y	1.5	Flat	1
54	M	NAP	150	195	0	Normal	122	N	0	Up	0
39	M	NAP	120	339	0	Normal	170	N	0	Up	0
45	F	ATA	130	237	0	Normal	170	N	0	Up	0
54	M	ATA	110	208	0	Normal	142	N	0	Up	0
37	M	ASY	140	207	0	Normal	130	Y	1.5	Flat	1
48	F	ATA	120	284	0	Normal	120	N	0	Up	0
37	F	NAP	130	211	0	Normal	142	N	0	Up	0
58	M	ATA	136	164	0	ST	99	Y	2	Flat	1
39	M	ATA	120	204	0	Normal	145	N	0	Up	0
49	M	ASY	140	234	0	Normal	140	Y	1	Flat	1
42	F	NAP	115	211	0	ST	137	N	0	Up	0
54	F	ATA	120	273	0	Normal	150	N	1.5	Flat	0
38	M	ASY	110	196	0	Normal	166	N	0	Flat	1
43	F	ATA	120	201	0	Normal	165	N	0	Up	0
60	M	ASY	100	248	0	Normal	125	N	1	Flat	1
36	M	ATA	120	267	0	Normal	160	N	3	Flat	1
43	F	TA	100	223	0	Normal	142	N	0	Up	0

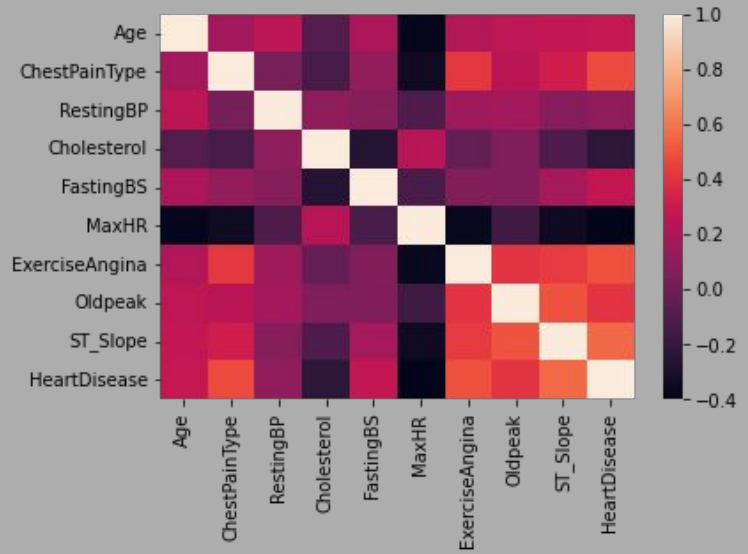
Taken from https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/fedesoriano/heart-failure-prediction

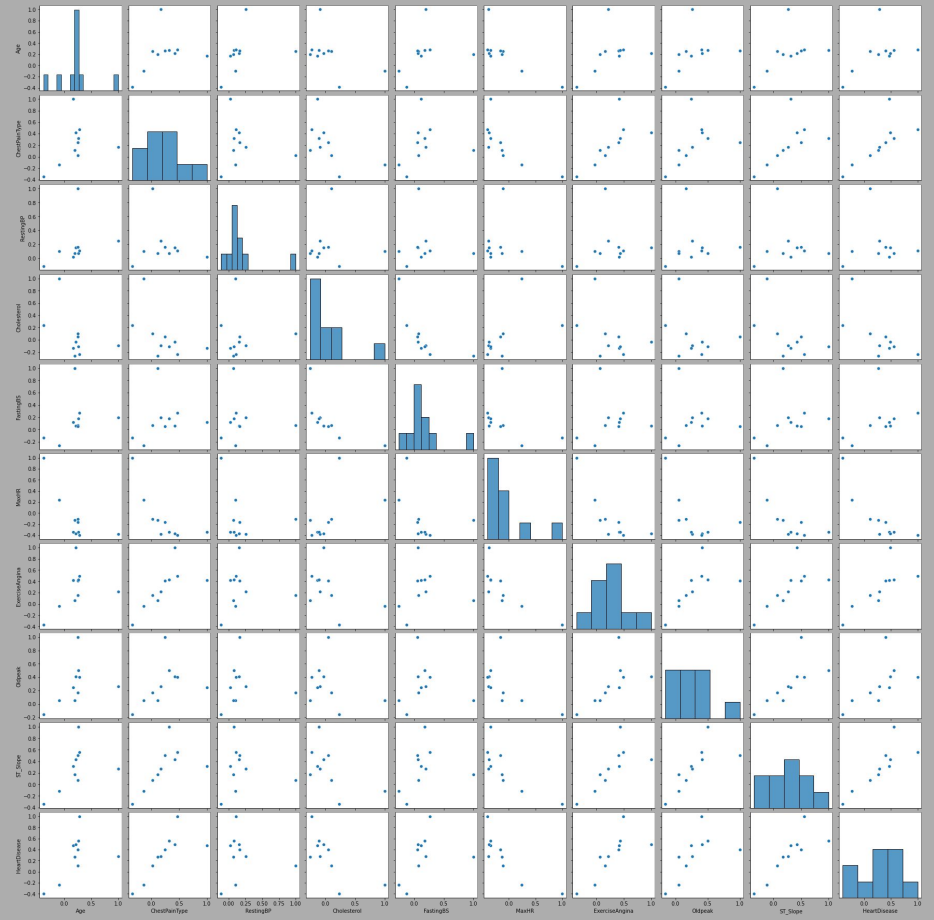
Data Wrangling

- Dataset included 918 rows and 12 columns.
- Convert categorical columns to numerical.
- Imputed missing Cholesterol values with average.

Exploratory Data Analysis

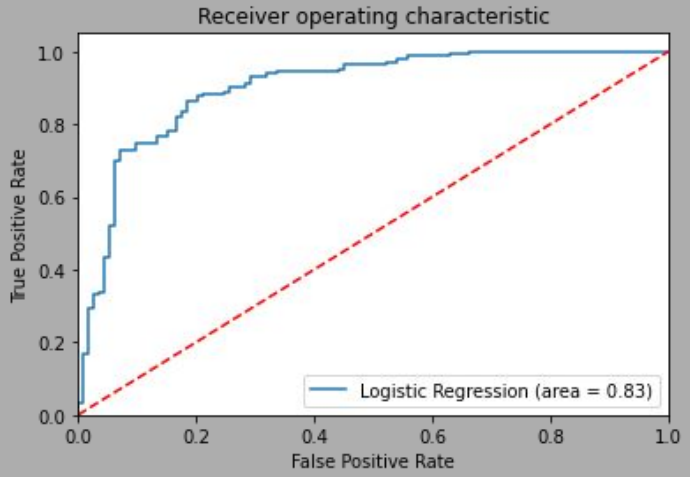
- Look for correlations
- Look at distributions
- Look for collinearity
- Look for strong identifying features

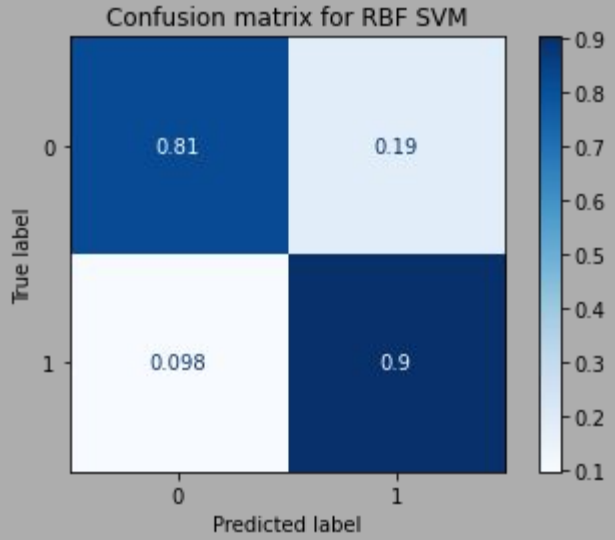

Age
ChestPainType
RestingBP
Cholesterol
FastingBS
MaxHR
ExerciseAngina
Oldpeak
ST_Slope
HeartDisease
1.0
0.8
0.6
0.4
0.2
0.0
−0.2
−0.4



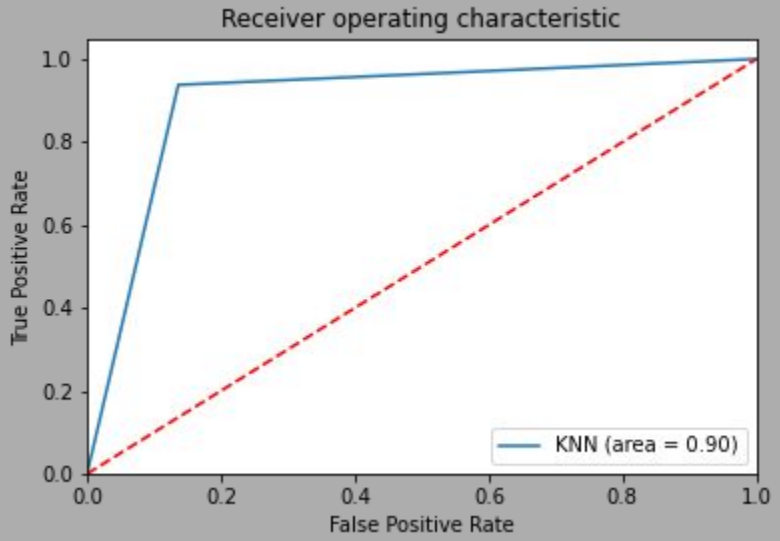
Modeling

- Logistic Regression
- SVM
- Trees
- Random Forest
- KNN


Receiver operating characteristic
True Positive Rate
False Positive Rate
Logistic Regression (area = 0.83)
0.0
0.2
0.4
0.6
0.8
1.0


Confusion matrix for RBF SVM
True label
Predicted label
0.81
0.19
0.098
0.9
0
1
0.9
0.8
0.7
0.6
0.5
0.4
0.3
0.2
0.1

Tuning Model



- Hyperparameter Tuned KNN Model
  - n_neighbors=17
  - leaf_size=1
  - p=1

Takeaways

Performance Metrics

- Accuracy: 0.9021739130434783
- Balanced accuracy: 0.9005681818181819
- Precision score: 0.8823529411764706
- Recall score: 0.9375

- Use Tuned KNN Model
- Accuracy - 90%
- Recall - 94%
- Less false negatives = more early detection

Future Research

- Feature Engineering
- Data Collection
- Re-Tuning Model