

# Green University of Bangladesh

Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE) Faculty of Sciences and Engineering (FSE) Semester: (Fall, Year: 2024), B.Sc. in CSE (Day)

# **University Management System**

Course Title: Database System Lab Course Code: CSE-210 Section: 223-D7

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Project Report Status		
Marks:	Signature:	
Comments:	Date:	

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# Chapter 1

# Introduction

### 1.1 Overview

A University Management System in Java using MySQL helps manage student and staff records, enter marks, handle examination details, update teacher and student details, manage courses, grades, student leave, teacher leave, and course fees. It also efficiently manages course admissions. The system includes functionalities such as registration, exam handling, and displaying details. It improves data organization and accessibility, making administrative tasks easier and faster for university staff and students. [1] [2] [3] [4]

### 1.2 Motivation

Building a University Management System in Java with MySQL simplifies administrative tasks for staff and students. By organizing student and staff records, managing exams, and handling course admissions, it streamlines processes, making them more efficient. With easy access to information and streamlined functionalities like registration and fee management, the system enhances productivity, ensuring smoother operations within the university environment.

### 1.3 Problem Definition

### 1.3.1 Problem Statement

The current university administration lacks an efficient system for managing student and staff records, handling exams, admissions, and fee management. This leads to disorganized data, delays in administrative tasks, and inefficiencies in managing academic\_processes.

# 1.3.2 Complex Engineering Problem

A University Management System involves applying MySQL database expertise to design and implement a robust system. This necessitates understanding relational databases, normalization, and transaction management for seamless operations.

Table 1.1: Summary of the attributes touched by the mentioned projects.

Name of the P Attributess	Explain how to address
P1: Depth of knowledge required	For the University Management System project, thorough comprehension of relational databases, normalization, and transaction management is crucial. Proficiency in MySQL will be employed to ensure effective data storage and retrieval mechanisms.
P2: Range of conflicting requirements	Navigating a range of conflicting requirements is essential, balancing the diverse needs of stakeholders while maintaining system coherence and functionality in the University Management System project.
P3: Depth of analysis required	Thorough analysis is necessary to craft a normalized database structure, enhance query speed, and guarantee efficient storage of transactional data for optimal performance.
P4: Familiarity of issues	The primary challenge lies in crafting a database schema that is both secure and scalable. This entails safeguarding sensitive user data while optimizing performance through database normalization and indexing principles.
P5: Extent of applicable codes	The database queries and stored procedures will be expertly crafted, reusable, and highly efficient. Our codebase will strictly adhere to industry best practices in database development.
<b>P6:</b> Extent of stakeholder involvement and conflicting requirements	Engaging with stakeholders to grasp their data access requirements, ensuring the database schema satisfies security and performance criteria.
P7: Interdependence	Making sure the Java application works well with the database design, so the front and back parts fit together smoothly.

# 1.4 Design Goals/Objectives

The main aim of the project's database part is to create, set up, and make better a MySQL database for the Internet Banking System. The main targets are:

- Making a neat database layout to keep data consistent and avoid repetition.
- Adding safety measures to store sensitive details securely.
- Speeding up database searches and transactions for better performance.
- Following industry rules and the best ways to manage databases.

# 1.5 Application

The "University Management System" project offers practical solutions benefiting educational institutions, faculty and students through streamlined processes and efficient data management.

### **Admin Login**

Access granted: Admin login verified, enabling privileged system control and management functionalities.

#### **New student Information**

The admin interface facilitates adding new student information, managing fees, storing student details, displaying results, and facilitating actions like semester drop/add and course enrollment. It ensures seamless administrative control over student-related processes in adherence to admission guidelines.

### **New Faculty Information**

The admin interface allows for adding new faculty information, managing their details, assigning courses, and tracking their leave and performance, ensuring efficient faculty management within the university system.

### **Examination Information**

Manage exam schedules, student marks, and result publication for efficient examination oversight.

# Chapter 2

# Design/Development/Implementation of the Project

### 2.1 Introduction

Welcome to our "University Management System", a secure and convenient platform for all academic needs. This section explores the design, development, and implementation of the University Management System database project. The key to a secure, efficient, and reliable university management experience is the successful integration of MySQL as the database management system. In today's fast-paced academic environment, we recognize the importance of providing seamless administrative services accessible anytime, anywhere. Our system manages student and faculty information, course enrollment, fee payments, and examination details efficiently. Experience streamlined administration, advanced security, and exceptional service. Join us today and simplify university management.

# 2.2 Project Details

### 2.2.1 Database Management

The database is crucial for ensuring the functionality and reliability of our University Management System. Database management tasks include maintaining student and staff records, academic history, and overall system efficiency. The Admin Panel work is:

- **Student Management:** The database stores student information, including details collected during the registration process. It also manages student results, handles semester drops, and tracks active semesters.
- **Faculty Management:** Faculty accounts, including activation or deactivation and other account-related tasks, are managed and updated in the database.
- **Performance Monitoring:** Database tables store metrics such as response time, resource utilization, and transaction throughput to identify and resolve performance bottlenecks..

• **Database Management:** The database administrator is responsible for tasks such as backups, optimization, and monitoring to ensure efficient system performance.

### 2.2.2 Data Integrity Measures

Ensuring data integrity is a fundamental aspect of database design. The University Management System employs the following measures:

- **Triggers:** Triggers are employed in the salary management system within the teacher table to automatically execute salary-related tasks.
- **Primary Key Constraints:** Used to uniquely identify records in tables, primary keys ensure each row has a distinct identifier, such as student IDs and teacher IDs.
- Foreign Key Constraints: Establish relationships between tables; for example, student and teacher IDs are used as foreign keys in the student leave and teacher leave tables, preventing orphaned records and enhancing database coherence.
- **Join Operations:** Right joins are used to retrieve student leave details by connecting roll numbers in the leave table with the student table. Similarly, left joins are used to link teacher leave details with the teacher table. Results are also displayed using left joins to connect related tables.
- Event-Based Mechanisms: The system leverages event-based mechanisms to automatically execute SQL statements at specified intervals, aiding in tasks such as database maintenance and scheduled operations.
- Auto-Increment Attributes: Particularly useful for primary key fields, autoincrement attributes ensure that each new record is automatically assigned a unique identifier, streamlining data insertion.

# 2.2.3 Admin Section Functionality

Increment I have created a University management system project. After joining the admin section, he can do many functions. He can manage the project student, faculty, semester drop, admission work, semester fee. There are also some more function. Where you want notepad note calculator work about it can take exit from the project. I have given its Schema below:

Username

Password

#### **New Information**

#### New Faculty Information

Name (varchar Not Null) Father's Name(varchar) (not null)

Employee id(PK)

Adress (varchar) Phone (Unige) (varchar) Email Id (Uniqe) Class X (varchar)(not null) Class XII(varchar)(not null)

Education(Not Null)(varchar) Department (Not Null)(varchar)

Salary (trigger)

Aadhar No (varchar)

#### New student Information

Name (Not Null) (varchar) Father's Name:(varchar)(not null)

Roll No (PK) Date of Birth:

Adress (varchar) Phone (Uniqe) (varchar)

Email Id (Unige) Class X(varchar)

Class XII (varchar) Aadha No (varchar)

Course (Not Null)(varchar) Branch(varchar)(not null)

#### **View Details**

#### View Teacher Details

Search by employee id (Search Dynamic in database)(select)

Search Print Add Update Back

Name Dep Adress Phone Email Class\_x Class\_xii adhar Course employee id department salary

#### View Student Details

**Undate Students Details** 

Search by Roll Number (Search Dynamic in database)(select)

Print Add Update

Name Dep Adress Phone Email Class\_x Class\_xii adhar Roll Number Course branch

### **Update Details**

Name

### **Update Teacher Details**

Search by Employee id (Search Dynamic in database) (update)

Name Father's Name Date of Birth Employee id Adress (Alter) Phone (Alter) Email Id (Alter) Class X Class xii Aadha No (No Update)(trigger)

Date of Birth Roll No. Phone (Alter)

Adress (Alter)

Email Id (Alter) Class X

Aadha No (No Update) (trigger)

Search by Roll Number (Search Dynamic in database)(update)

Father's Name

Class XII (Alter) Brach (Alter)

#### Apply Leave

Education

Teacher Leave Employee id (FK) Date Time

Class XII (Alter)

Student Leave Roll number (FK) Date Time

Teacher Leave Details Search Employee Id (Ljoin) Search Print Back Employee id Date time

Course

Semester amount

Student Leave Details Seach Roll Number (R join) Search Print Back Roll Number Date

### Examination

### **Examination Details**

Result (join)

Name dep address phone email class x class xii aadhar roll no course Branch

**Enter Marks** Select Roll Number (FK) Select Semester Enter Subject (varchar) Enter Marks (varchar)

# Fee Details

#### Students Fee Forms Fee Structure

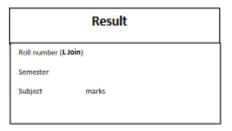
**Leave Details** 

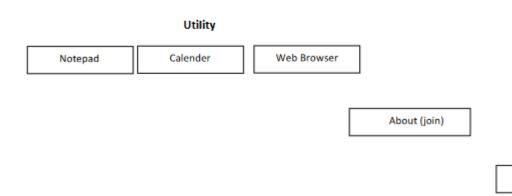
Select Roll Number (FK) Name Fathers Name

Course (varchar)

Branch

Semester Total Payble (Join) pay fee





Exit

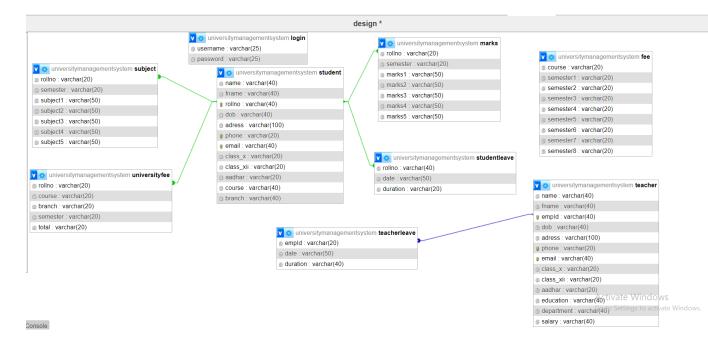
# 2.1 Implementation

All the implementation details of our project are included in this section, along with many subsections.

# 2.1.1 Database Connectivity

Integration with MySQL is achieved through JDBC (Java Database Connectivity). The application establishes a connection pool to efficiently manage database connections and minimize overhead. [5]

### ER Diagram:



Let's highlight all the work between the relationships that have been created,

# 2.2 Algorithms

### 1. Initialize the system

- Create an Admin account with a unique username and password.
- Create necessary data structures, such as lists or databases, to store user accounts, transaction history, and other relevant information.

### 2. Admin Page

- Admin logs in using their username and password.
- Admin, If your password is wrong it will declare wrong
- If your admin password is correct then you can go to main page

### 3. New Information

- New information does two things. One Add student entry and Second Add teacher entry.
- Insert student details and teacher details into the database.
- Auto-Generate Unique Student and Teacher ID.

### 4. Apply Leave

- If a student drops a semester, it can be removed if running semester and displays updated status.
- Work updates: half-day or full-day off will be notified.
- Semester drop dates for students and leave dates for teachers will be recorded and maintained.

#### 5. Examination

- Student marks will be recorded by subject and semester according to student roll number.
- Display will be student all details
- Roll based students can see the results.

### 6. Update Details

- Update details by selecting the student's roll number.
- Update details by selecting the employee roll number.
- Details can be viewed separately for students and faculty in the 'View Details' section.

### 7. Fee Details

- Database stores limited-semester courses like BTack, Bsc, Msc, and others. See the fee structure
- Students will select the semester according to the course
- Students submit course fees based on roll number; fees calculated automatically according to fee structure

# Chapter 3

# **Performance Evaluation**

### 3.1 Simulation Environment/ Simulation Procedure

For our "University management system" project, I need to install and configure a few components. Here's a step-by-step guide to the experimental setup and environment installation:

### 3.1.1 Software Installation

- Install MySQL as my database management system.
- Downloaded and included "Xampp" for Java-MySQL interaction.
- Installed Java Development Kit (JDK) from the official Oracle website.
- Chose and installed Apache NetBeans IDE for Java development from the official NetBeans website. https://netbeans.apache.org
- Considered using frameworks like Java Swing/AWT for advanced functionalities.

### 3.1.2 Project Configuration

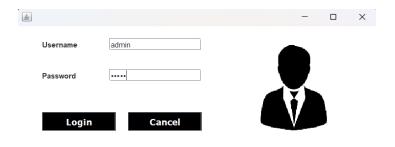
- **Set Up Database Connection**: Configured the "Xampp to establish a connection between the Java application and the MySQL database.
- **Design User Interface**: Utilized Java Swing / AWT frameworks to create an intuitive user interface for the "Internet Banking System".
- Implement User Functionality: Coded the functionalities required for user operations such as depositing money, withdrawing money, fund transfers, and ATM card services with OTP verification.
- Create Admin Functionality: Implemented the admin features allowing account approval, access to user details, and transaction history.

# 3.2 Results Analysis/Testing

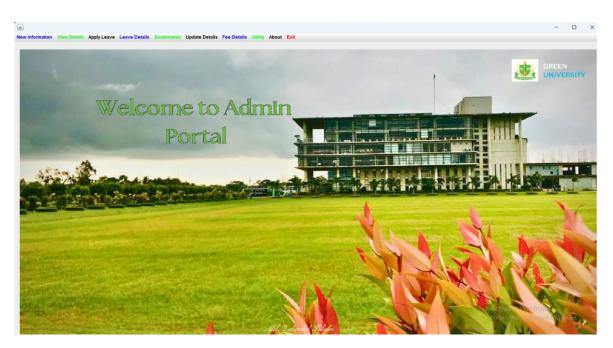
In the "University Management System" project, main sector is working on student all details and teacher details. An Admin will have to add students and teachers, show details. Updating details. Working on student results. A university can be run very nicely be doing everything like collecting the student semester fee.

# 3.3 Admin Section

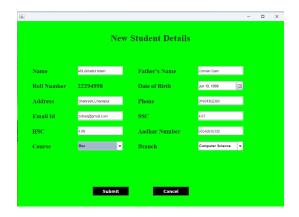
# 3.3.1 Admin Login



# 3.3.2 Admin Homepage:



### 3.3.3 New Student Information



#### Store in Database:



### 3.3.4 New Faculty Information

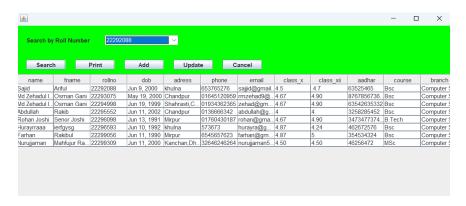


#### Store in Database,

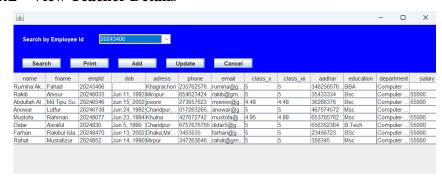


### 3.4 View Details

### 3.4.1 View Student Details

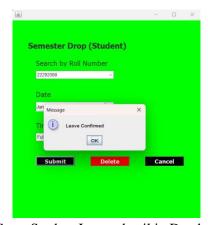


### 3.4.2 View Teacher Details



# 3.5 Apply Leave

### 3.5.1 Student Leave



Store Student Leave detail in Database



### 3.5.2 Teacher Leave

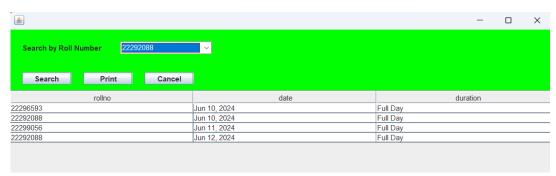


### Store in database Teacher Leave Details

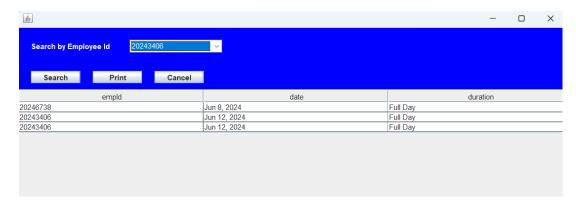


# 3.6 Leave Details

# 3.6.1 Student Leave Detail use Join Operation

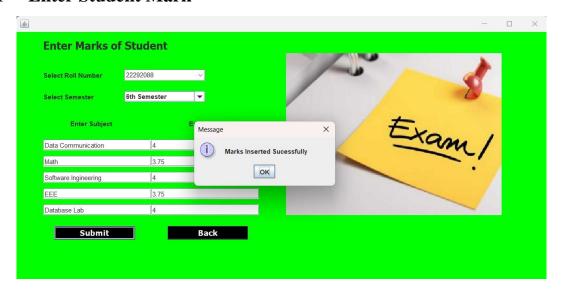


# 3.6.2 Teacher Leave Detail use Join Operation

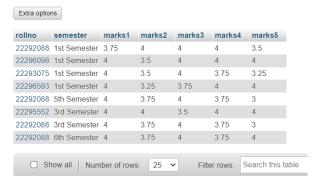


### 3.7 Examination

### 3.7.1 Enter Student Mark



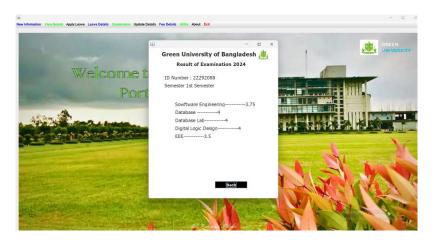
#### Student mark store in Database



### 3.7.2 Examination Result

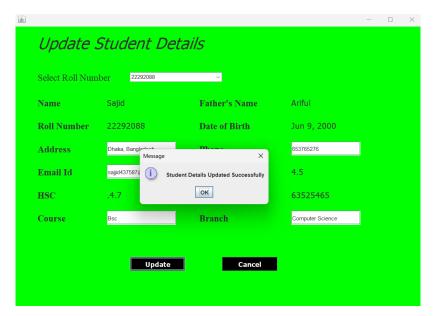


After select the Result follow for Student roll number then show the Subject wise Student Result use Join Operation



# 3.8 Update Details

# 3.8.1 Update Student Details



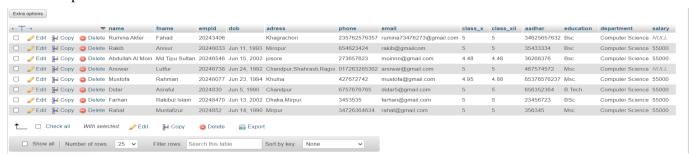
After update in Student details then store ine database



# 3.8.2 Update Teacher Details

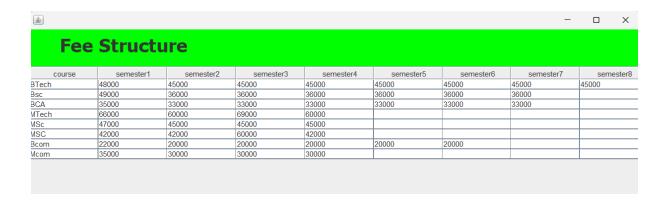


### After update in Teacher details then store ine database

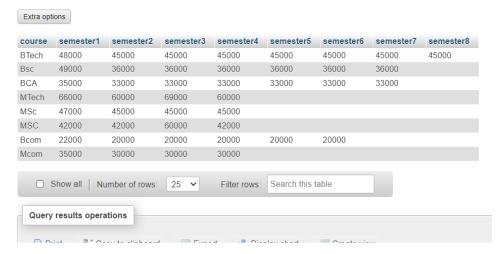


# 3.9 Fee Details

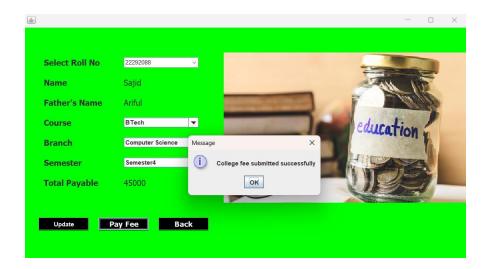
### 3.9.1 Fee Structure show



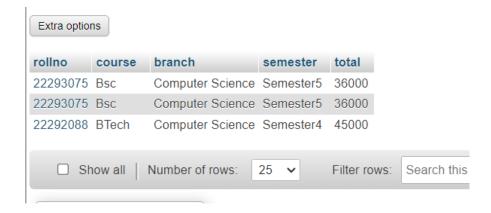
### **Fee Structure in Database:**



### 3.9.2 Student fee form



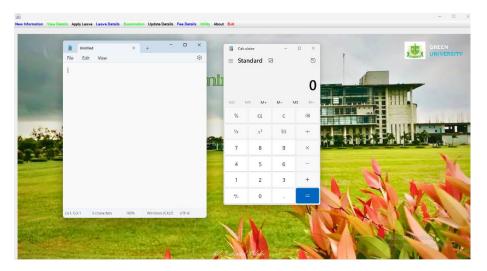
Show details after selecting student roll number and then select course, branch and semester then automatically generate semester fee value which collects the data of fee structure table in databse.



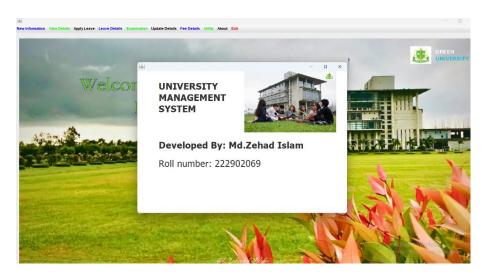
# **3.10 Utility**

# 3.10.1 Notepad and Calculator

If the admin wants to, the notepad and calculator can be started from the portal and work.



# **3.11** About



# 3.12 Database Queries

### 3.12.1 All Query That We Used in Our Project

#### 1. New student Information:

```
create table student( name varchar(40) not null, fname varchar (40) not null,
  rollno varchar(40) primary key, dob varchar(40),
  adress varchar(100), phone varchar(20) unique,
  email varchar(40) unique,
  class_x varchar(20) not null,
  class_xii varchar(20) not null, aadhar varchar(20),
  course varchar(40) not null, branch varchar (40) not null),
  salary varchar(40);
```

### 2. New Faculty Information:

```
create table teacher( name varchar(40) not null, fname varchar (40) not null, empId varchar(40) primary key, dob varchar(40), adress varchar(100), phone varchar(20) unique, email varchar(40) unique, class_x varchar(20) not null, class_xii varchar(20) not null, aadhar varchar(20), education varchar(40) not null, department varchar (40) not null);
```

#### 3. Student Details

```
select name,fname,rollno,dob,adress,phone,email,class_x,class_xii,aadhar,course,branch from stude
where aadhar>100;
select * from student
select * from student where rollno = '"+crollno.getSelectedItem()+"'"
```

#### 4. Teacher Details

```
select name,fname,empId,dob,adress,phone,email,class_x,class_xii,aadhar,
education,department,salary from teacher where aadhar>1000

select * from teacher

select * from teacher where empId = '"+cEmpId.getSelectedItem()+"'";
```

#### 5. Student Leave

```
create table studentleave(rollno varchar(40),FOREIGN key(rollno)REFERENCES student(rollno), date
insert into studentleave values('"+rollno+"', '"+date+"', '"+duration+"')";
select * from student
delete from studentleave where rollno = '" + rollno + "'"
```

### 6. Teacher Leave

```
    create table teacherleave(empId varchar(20),FOREIGN KEY(empId)REFERENCES teacher(empId), date varchar(50),duration varchar(40));
    insert into teacherleave values('"+rollno+"', '"+date+"', '"+duration+"'
    select * from teacher
    delete from teacherleave where empId = '" + empId + "'"
```

### 7. Update Teacher Details

```
    select * from teacher where empId='"+cEmpId.getSelectedItem()+"'";
    update teacher set adress='"+address+"', phone='"+phone+"', email='"+email+"', education='"+course+"', department='"+branch+"' where empId='"+empId+"'"
```

### 8. Enter Marks

```
    select name,fname,rollno,dob,adress,phone,email,class_x,class_xii,aadhar,course,branch from student where aadhar>100
    create table subject(rollno varchar(20),foreign key(rollno) references student(rollno), semester varchar(20), subject1 varchar(50),subject2 varchar(50),subject3 varchar(50),subject4 varchar(50),subject5 varchar(50));
    create table marks(rollno varchar(20),foreign key(rollno) references student(rollno), semester varchar(20), marks1 varchar(50),marks2 varchar(50),marks3 varchar(50),marks4 varchar(50),marks5 varchar(50));
    insert into subject values('"+crollno.getSelectedItem()+"', '"+cbsemester.getSelectedItem()+"', '"+tfsub1.getText()+"', '"+tfsub2.getText()+"', '"+tfsub3.getText()+"', '"+tfsub4.getText()+"', '"+tfmarks1.getText()+"', '"+tfmarks2.getText()+"', '"+tfmarks3.getText()+"', '"+tfmarks4.getText()+"', '"+tfmarks5.getText()+"', '"+tfmarks4.getText()+"', '"+tfmarks5.getText()+"')";
```

### 9. Examination Details

select name, fname, rollno, dob, adress, phone, email, class\_x, class\_xii, aadhar, course, branch from student where aadhar > 100

#### 10. **Fee Structure**

```
    create table fee(course varchar(20), semester1 varchar(20), semester2 varchar(20), semester3 varchar(20), semester4 varchar(20), semester5 varchar(20), semester6 varchar(20), semester7 varchar(20), semester8 varchar(20));
    select * from fee
```

### 11.Student fee form

```
    select * from student
    select * from student where rollno='"+crollno.getSelectedItem()+"'"
    select * from student where rollno='"+crollno.getSelectedItem()+"'"
    select * from fee where course = '"+course+"'"
    create table universityfee(rollno varchar(20), FOREIGN KEY (rollno) REFERENCES student(rollno) course varchar(20) not null, branch varchar(20), semester varchar(20) not null, total varchar(20));
    insert into collegefee values('"+rollno+"', '"+course+"', '"+branch+"', '"+semester+"', '"+total+"'
```

# **Trigger Operation:**

```
Create trigger salaryt

BEFORE INSERT on teacher

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

if new.salary<50000 THEN SET new.salary=55000;

end if;

end $$
```

# Join Operation That We Applied in My Java Code:

### 12. Student Leave Details show Right Join

```
    SELECT studentleave.rollno,studentleave.date,studentleave.duration FROM student RIGHT JOIN studentleave ON student.rollno = studentleave.rollno
    select * from studentleave where rollno = '"+crollno.getSelectedItem()+"'"
```

### 13. Teacher Leave Details show Left Join

```
    select teacherleave.empId,teacherleave.date, teacherleave.duration from teacherleave left join teacher on teacherleave.empId = teacher.empId
    select * from teacherleave where empId = '"+cEmpId.getSelectedItem()+"'"
```

### 14. Student Mark show use Left Join

### 3.13 Results Overall Discussion

The university management system project uses a database to manage all operations. Admins can log in to control various functions like adding students and teachers, viewing their details, managing leave requests, and handling examinations by entering and displaying student marks. Admins can also update student and teacher information, manage fee details including course fees and student fee forms, and access utilities like a notepad and calculator. Additionally, the system provides an "About" section for general information. If incorrect data is entered, the system will show errors. This project centralizes all admin tasks, ensuring efficient and error-free management using a database.

### 3.13.1 Complex Engineering Problem Discussion

The university management system project addresses complex engineering challenges by centralizing administrative tasks using a robust database. Key issues include ensuring data integrity, managing concurrent user access, and maintaining security for sensitive information. The system must handle various functionalities like adding and updating student and teacher records, managing leave and fee details, and processing examination results, all while providing real-time error detection for incorrect data entries. Efficient database design and user interface development are critical to ensure seamless and secure operations, this a comprehensive and challenging engineering problem.

# **Chapter 4**

# **Conclusion**

### 4.1 Discussion

The "University Management System" project aims to offer an efficient and user-friendly platform for managing university affairs. It includes features like student and teacher registration, course management, attendance tracking, exam scheduling, and result processing. The system, developed using Java technologies, prioritizes security and follows industry standards. The project report outlines its goals, design, and functions, demonstrating its capacity to streamline university processes and improve administrative efficiency.

### 4.2 Limitations

The University Management System in Java using MySQL, despite its comprehensive features, faces several limitations. It relies heavily on manual data entry, increasing the risk of human error. Scalability is another concern; as the number of students and faculty grows, performance might degrade without optimization. Additionally, security measures, though present, need constant updating to counter evolving threats. The system's dependency on MySQL may also limit flexibility with other databases. Finally, the initial setup and maintenance require significant technical expertise, which might not be readily available in all institutions.

# 4.3 Scope of Future Work

For future work and extension of the "University management System" project, several areas can be considered to enhance its functionality use Admin. Here are some potential plans for further development:

### **4.3.1** Enhanced Automation:

• Implement advanced automation to reduce manual data entry errors.

# 4.3.2 Scalability:

• Optimize the system to handle larger databases efficiently as the university grows..

# **4.3.3** Security Improvements:

• Continuously update security protocols to protect against new threats.

## 4.3.4 Database Flexibility:

• Incorporate compatibility with various database management systems beyond MySQL.

### 4.3.5 User Interface:

• Improve the user interface for better accessibility and user experience.

# **4.3.6** Mobile Application Developments:

• Develop mobile applications for easier access by faculty admin.

### 4.3.7 Advanced Analytics:

• Integrate analytics for data-driven decision-making and performance tracking.

# References

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