

# NCERT 9.5.1

EE24BTECH11053 - S A Aravind Eswar

**Question:** Solve the differential equation given below with initial conditions  $x = 0$  and  $y = 0$ .

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = \sin x \quad (1)$$

## 0.1 Theoretical Solution

The Given equation can be written as,

$$y' + 2y = \sin x \quad (2)$$

Applying Laplace Transform on both sides,

$$\mathcal{L}\{y'\} + 2\mathcal{L}\{y\} = \mathcal{L}\{\sin x\} \quad (3)$$

$$\{sY - y(0)\} + 2\{Y\} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} \quad (4)$$

This can be reduced to the following form, and applying the initial condition,

$$Y = \frac{1}{(s + 2)(s^2 + 1)} \quad (5)$$

Decomposing the partial fraction,

$$Y = \left( \frac{2}{s^2 + 1} - \frac{s}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{s + 2} \right) \frac{1}{5} \quad (6)$$

Now, applying inverse transform, we get the solution,

$$y = \frac{2 \sin x - \cos x + e^{-2x}}{5} \quad (7)$$

## 0.2 Finite Differences

The Difference Equation is given by,

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \approx \frac{y_{i+1} - y_i}{h} \quad (8)$$

This can be written as,

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + \frac{dy}{dx} h \quad (9)$$

Given that,

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sin x - 2y \quad (10)$$

The Difference equation can be written as,

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + (\sin x_i - 2y_i) h \quad (11)$$

This can be implemented as an algorithm as following,

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**Algorithm 1** Finite Difference Algorithm

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Initial condition,  $x_0 \leftarrow 0$

$y_0 \leftarrow 0$

Number of iterations,  $iterations \leftarrow 20$

Step size,  $h = 0.25$

**for**  $i$  in range(1,  $iterations$ ) **do**

$y_i = y_{i-1} + (\sin x_{i-1} - 2y_{i-1}) h$

$x_i \leftarrow x_{i-1} + h$

**end for**

plot( $x, y$ )

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Below is verification:

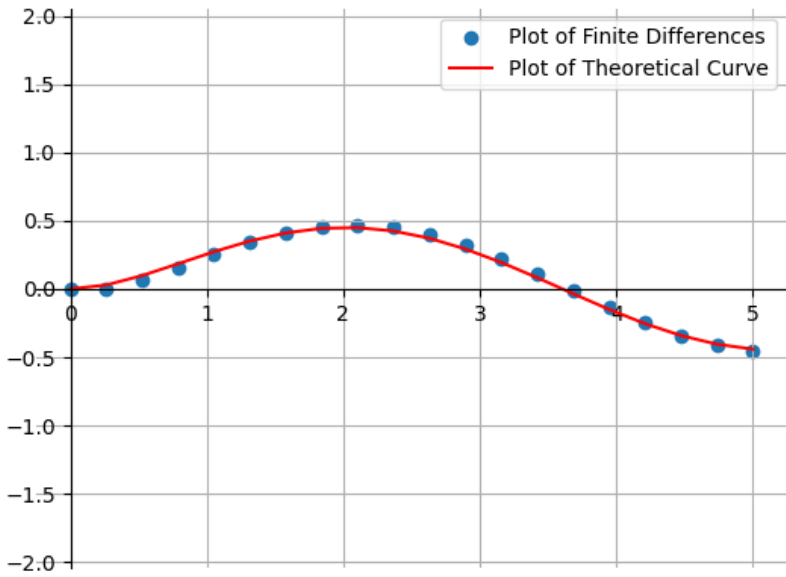


Fig. 0: Verification