NCERT 8.3.19

EE24BTECH11053 - S A Aravind Eswar

Question: The area bound by the y-axis, $y = \cos x$ and $y = \sin x$ when $0 \le x \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ is

0.1 Theoretical Solution:

Solving $y = \cos x$ and $y = \sin x$ in the given interval, we can find that they intersect at $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$ Thus, the area can be written as the following integral,

$$A = \int_0^{\pi/2} \min\{\sin x, \cos x\} \, dx \tag{1}$$

$$A = \int_{0}^{\pi/4} \sin x \, dx + \int_{\pi/4}^{\pi/2} \cos x \, dx \tag{2}$$

Evaluaating the integral, we get,

$$A = 2 - \sqrt{2} \tag{3}$$

0.2 Trapeziodal rule:

Let,

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) \, dx = A \tag{4}$$

The interal can be approximated as,

$$A \approx \frac{\Delta x}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{N} \left(f(x_{k-1}) - f(x_k) \right) \tag{5}$$

where,

$$\Delta x = \frac{b - a}{N} \tag{6}$$

Then the update equation can be written as,

$$A_{n+1} = A_n + \Delta x \frac{f(x_{n+1} + f_n)}{2} \tag{7}$$

Substituting,

$$A_{n+1} = A_n + \Delta x \frac{\min{\{\sin x_n, \cos x_n\} + \min{\{\sin x_{n+1}, \cos x_{n+1}\}}}{2}$$
 (8)

$$x_{n+1} = x_n + \Delta x \tag{9}$$

Performing the sum interatively,

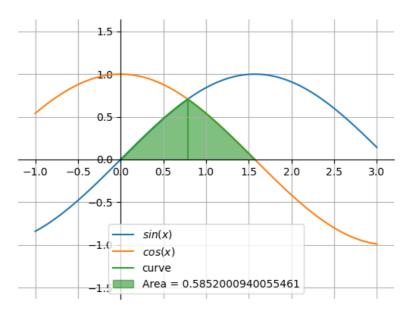


Fig. 0: Verification