

NCERT 10.4.3.6

EE24BTECH11053 - S A Aravind Eswar

Question: The diagonal of a rectangular field is 60 metres more than the shorter side. If the longer side is 30 metres more than the shorter side, find the sides of the field.

0.1 Theoretical Method:

Let,

longer side = l

shorter side = b

Given,

$$\sqrt{l^2 + b^2} = b + 60 \quad (1)$$

$$l = b + 30 \quad (2)$$

Substituting,

$$b^2 - 60b - 2700 = 0 \quad (3)$$

Solving,

$$b = 90 \quad (4)$$

$$b = -30 \quad (5)$$

But as length cannot be negative,

$$b = 90 \quad (6)$$

From this,

$$l = 120 \quad (7)$$

0.2 Fixed Point iterations:

The most primitive method to calculate roots, Given,

$$x^2 - 60x - 2700 = 0 \quad (8)$$

Rearranging, we get,

$$x = \frac{2700}{x} + 60 \quad (9)$$

$$x = g(x) \quad (10)$$

Now applying Fixed point iteration, $x_{n+1} = g(x_n)$, we get,

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{2700}{x_n} + 60 \quad (11)$$

Taking initial guess as 150, we get,

$$x_n = 89.99999999957511 \quad (12)$$

Tolerance = 10e-10

Number of iterations = 23

0.3 Newton's iterations:

The equation for Newton-Raphson Method is given by,

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{f(x_n)}{f'(x_n)} \quad (13)$$

Given,

$$f(x_n) = x_n^2 - 60 x_n - 2700 \quad (14)$$

$$f'(x_n) = 2 x_n - 60 \quad (15)$$

We get,

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{x_n^2 - 60 x_n - 2700}{2 x_n - 60} \quad (16)$$

Taking initial guess,

$$x_0 = 150 \quad (17)$$

We get,

$$x_n = 90.000000000000007 \quad (18)$$

Tolerance = 10e-10

Number of iterations = 5

0.4 Secant Method:

Even though Newton's Method will suffice in this case, it has a few drawbacks. To fix them, we will also look at Secant Method.

We will need 2 initial guesses for this method.

The equation for Secant method is given by,

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{f(x_n)(x_n - x_{n-1})}{f(x_n) - f(x_{n-1})} \quad (19)$$

Substituting,

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{(x_n^2 - 60 x_n - 2700)(x_n - x_{n-1})}{(x_n^2 - 60 x_n - 2700) - (x_{n-1}^2 - 60 x_{n-1} - 2700)} \quad (20)$$

Taking initial guesses as,

$$x_0 = 150 \quad (21)$$

$$x_1 = 50 \quad (22)$$

We get,

$$x_n = 90.0 \quad (23)$$

Tolerance = $10e-10$

Number of iterations = 7

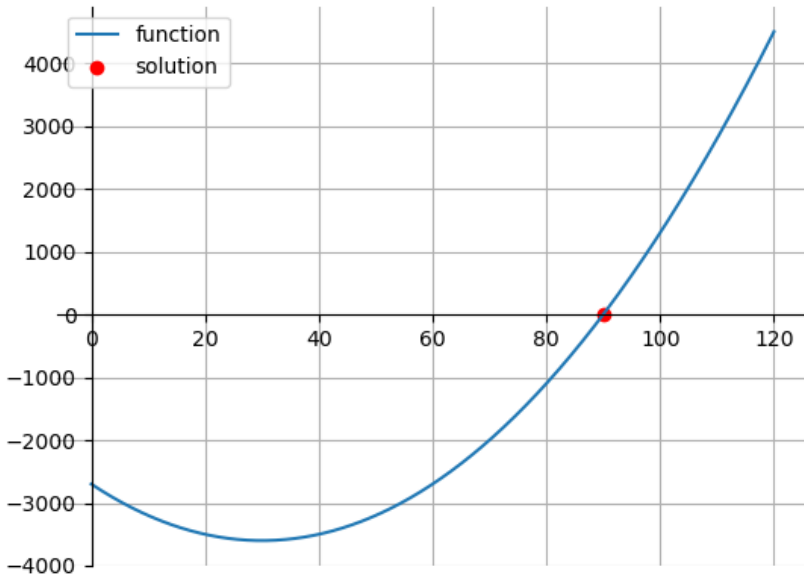


Fig. 0: Verification