**Question:** Find the value of x if the distance between points  $\mathbf{A} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ , and  $\mathbf{B} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$  is 5 units.

## **Solution:**

Symbol	Value	Description
A	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	Point A
В	$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$	Point B
d	5	Distance between points
		A and B
$e_1$ and $e_2$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	Standard basis vectors

TABLE 0: Given Values

Given,

$$||AB|| = d \qquad (0.1)$$

1

$$||AB||^2 = d^2 (0.2)$$

$$AB^{\mathsf{T}}AB = d^2 \qquad (0.3)$$

$$(I(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}))^{\mathsf{T}} (I(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})) = d^{2} \qquad (0.4)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}) + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}) \end{pmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}} \begin{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}) + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}) \end{pmatrix} = d^{2}$$
(0.5)

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{\mathsf{T}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}) + (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{\mathsf{T}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}) = d^2 \qquad (0.6)$$

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{e}_{1} \mathbf{e}_{1}^{\mathsf{T}} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}) + (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{e}_{2} \mathbf{e}_{2}^{\mathsf{T}} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}) = d^{2}$$
 (0.7)

$$\left\|\mathbf{e_1}^{\mathsf{T}} \left(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\right)\right\|^2 + \left\|\mathbf{e_2}^{\mathsf{T}} \left(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\right)\right\|^2 = d^2 \qquad (0.8)$$

$$\mathbf{e_1}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{e_1}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{A} + \sqrt{d^2 - (\mathbf{e_2}^{\mathsf{T}}(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}))}$$
 (0.9)

Solving,

$$x = 3$$
 (or)  $x = -3$  (0.10)

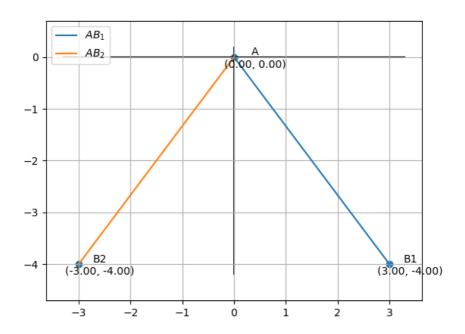


Fig. 0.1: Points A,B,C and D