

Activity 1

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1 AIM

- 1) At least 6 Lissajous figures should be plotted on the oscilloscope and justify the pattern you see on CRO with theory.
- 2) How do you capture one-time event on CRO - show with an example

2 APPARATUS REQUIRED

- 1) Oscilloscope (Digital with two channels)
- 2) Function Generator (with two channels)
- 3) Two probes
- 4) Two connection wires

3 THEORY

3.1 Lissajous figures

Lissajous curves are defined as a parametric curve given by,

$$x = A \sin(at + \delta), y = B \sin(bt) \quad (1)$$

which describe the superposition of two perpendicular oscillations in x and y directions of different angular frequency.

We can use an oscilloscope to project a Lissajous curve. We can send signal 1 to the top-bottom plates of the oscilloscope and signal 2 to the left-right plates. This achieves the given parametric equation.

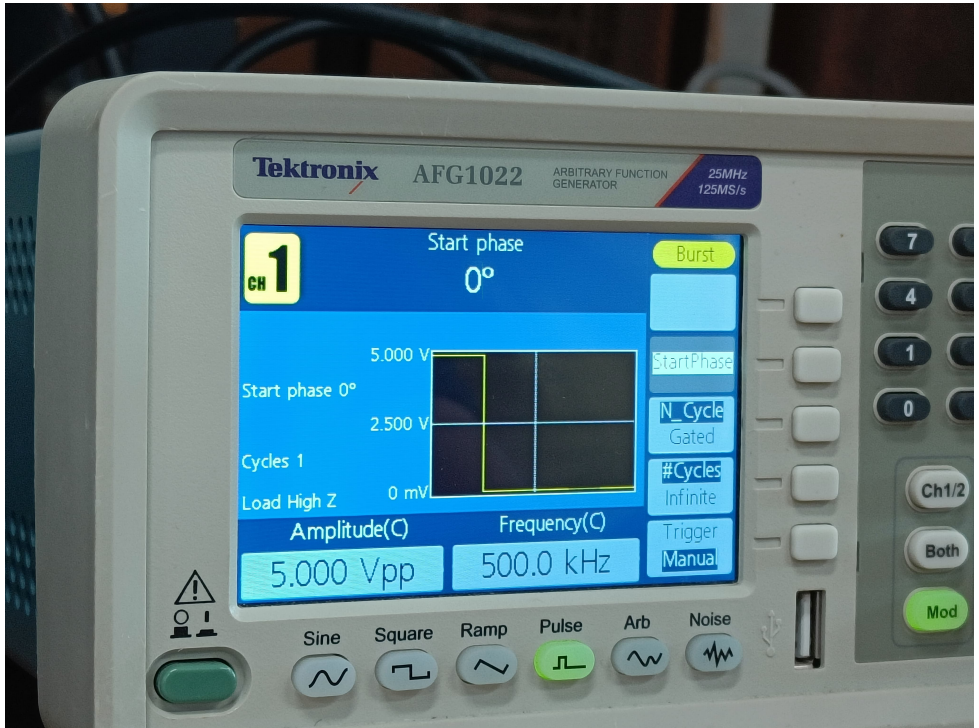
4 PROCEDURE

4.1 Lissajous figures

- 1) Take a Function generator and an oscilloscope with 2 channels.
- 2) Connect channel 1 of function generator with channel 1 of the oscilloscope and channel 2 of function generator to channel 2 of oscilloscope.
- 3) Set channel 1 and channel 2 of the function generator to desired functions
- 4) Change the display mode of the oscilloscope to x-y mode
- 5) Observe the shapes produced by the oscilloscope

4.2 Capturing an event

- 1) Use the function generator to trigger a pulse signal on manual trigger
- 2) Set the trigger level in the CRO to an appropriate level (0.1V)
- 3) Set the Run control to single
- 4) Observe that it says WAIT on the top left of the CRO
- 5) Trigger the signal from the function generator
- 6) Observe the CRO output



5 OBSERVATION