

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY KARNATAKA SURATHKAL, MANGALORE - 575 025

Course Code – CS111

Course Name – Computer Programming Lab

Lab - 03
Date – May 25, 2021

Submitted To

Marwa Mohiddin Ma'am

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

National Institute of Technology Karnataka, Surathkal

Submitted By

Md Rakib Hasan

Roll – 201CS132

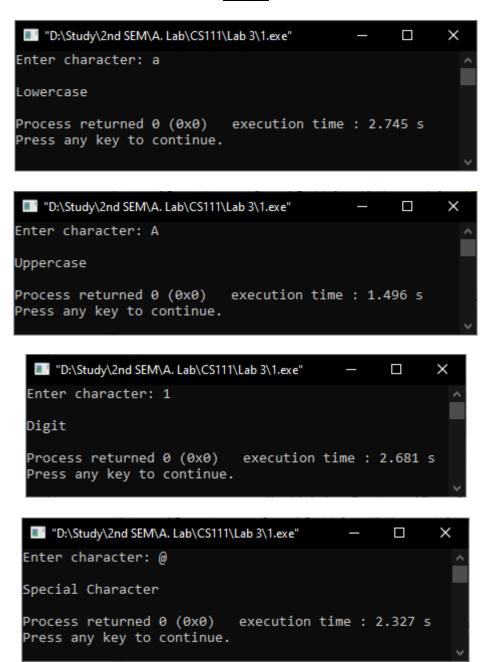
Department of Computer Science and Engineering

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Decision making- and Branching constructs} \\ \textbf{Question} - 1 \end{array}$

To determine whether a character entered is in lowercase, uppercase, digit or a special character

Answer

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    char ch;
    printf("Enter character: ");
    scanf("%c",&ch);
    if((ch>='0') && (ch<='9')) // number
        printf("\nDigit\n");
    else if ((ch>='a')\&\&(ch<='z')) //lowercase
        printf("\nLowercase\n");
    else if ((ch>='A') && (ch<='Z')) //uppercase
       printf("\nUppercase\n");
    else
                                  //otherwise special character
        printf("\nSpecial Character\n");
    return 0;
```



Question-2 Find the roots of quadratic equation

Answer

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
    float a, b, c;
    printf("Enter the value of a, b & c: ");
    scanf("%f %f %f", &a, &b, &c);
    if (a != 0)  //a^2 + b + c = 0 so a!=0
        float discriminate, root 1, root 2;
        discriminate = pow(b, 2) - 4 * a * c;
        if (discriminate >= 0)
        {
            root_1 = (-b + sqrt(discriminate)) / (2 * a);
            root 2 = (-b - sqrt(discriminate)) / (2 * a);
            printf("\nValue of x1 = %.2f\n", root 1);
            printf("Value of x2 = %.2f\n", root 2);
        else
            float real, imaginary;
            real = (-b) / (2 * a);
            imaginary = (sqrt(-(discriminate))) / (2 * a);
            printf("\nRoot 1 = %.2f + (%.2fi)\n", real, imaginary);
            printf("Root 2 = %.2f - (%.2fi)\n", real, imaginary);
    return 0;
```

```
"D:\Study\2nd SEM\A. Lab\CS111\Lab 3\2.exe" —  
Enter the value of a, b & c: 1 4 -5

Value of x1 = 1.00

Value of x2 = -5.00

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 61.990 s

Press any key to continue.
```

```
■ "D:\Study\2nd SEM\A. Lab\CS111\Lab 3\2.exe" — X

Enter the value of a, b & c: 2 2 1

Root 1 = -0.50 + (0.50i)
Root 2 = -0.50 - (0.50i)

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 4.869 s

Press any key to continue.
```

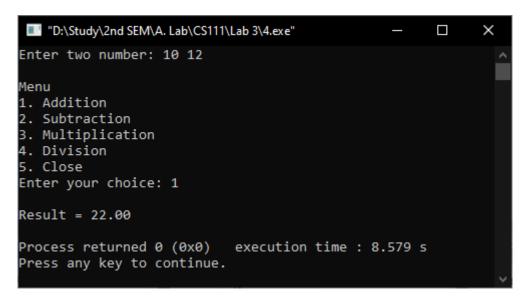
Question – 3

Write a menu driven program to demonstrate the simple arithmetic calculator

Answer

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    float num1, num2;
    printf("Enter two number: ");
    scanf("%f %f", &num1, &num2);
    printf("\nMenu\n");
    printf("1. Addition\n");
    printf("2. Subtraction\n");
    printf("3. Multiplication\n");
    printf("4. Division\n");
    printf("5. Close\n");
    int choice;
    printf("Enter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d",&choice);
    float result;
    switch(choice)
    {
    case 1:
        result = num1 + num2;
        break;
    case 2:
        result = num1 - num2;
        break;
    case 3:
        result = num1 * num2;
        break;
    case 4:
        result = num1 / num2;
        break;
    case 5:
        printf("\nClosed\n");
```

```
return 0;
default:
    printf("\nInvalid Input\n");
    return 0;
}
printf("\nResult = %.2f\n",result);
return 0;
}
```



```
■ "D:\Study\2nd SEM\A. Lab\CS111\Lab 3\4.exe" —  

Enter two number: 10 10  

Menu
1. Addition
2. Subtraction
3. Multiplication
4. Division
5. Close
Enter your choice: 3

Result = 100.00

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 7.544 s
Press any key to continue.
```

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Decision making and looping constructs} \\ \textbf{Ouestion} - 1 \end{array}$

Program to reverse the digits of a number and to find the sum of the digits

Answer

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int num;
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    int remainder, sum=0, reverse=0;
    while (num != 0)
    {
        remainder = num % 10; //separate last digit
        sum += remainder; //add
        reverse = reverse*10 + remainder; //reverse
        num /= 10;
    }
    printf("\nSum of the digits = %d\n",sum);
    printf("Reverse number = %d\n",reverse);
    return 0;
}
```

```
"D:\Study\2nd SEM\A. Lab\CS111\Lab 3\3_1.exe" — X

Enter a number: 12345

Sum of the digits = 15

Reverse number = 54321

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 2.987 s

Press any key to continue.
```

Question-2 Program to find factors of a given number Answer

#include<stdio.h> int main() { int num; printf("Enter a number: "); scanf("%d",&num); printf("Factors of %d = ",num); int i; for(i=1; i<=num; i++) { if(i==num) { printf("%d",i); //remove comma after last factor } else if (num%i==0) { printf("%d, ",i); } } return 0;</pre>

```
"D:\Study\2nd SEM\A. Lab\CS111\Lab 3\3_2.exe" — X

Enter a number: 50

Factors of 50 = 1, 2, 5, 10, 25, 50

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 5.646 s

Press any key to continue.
```

Question-3

Program to find the prime and non-prime numbers between a given range **Answer**

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
    int lower, upper, i, j, k=0, z=0, len, num, prime_num;
    printf("Enter the lower and upper bound: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &lower, &upper);
    len = (upper - lower)-
            //total number between upper and lower
1;
    int prime[len], not prime[len];
    num = lower+1;
    for(i=0; i<len; i++)</pre>
        if(num<2)</pre>
        {
            num = 2;  //lowest prime number is 2
            continue;
        prime_num = 1;  //prime number? 1 means yes
        for(j=2; j<num; j++)</pre>
        {
            if(num % j == 0)
                prime num = 0; // prime number? 0 means false
                break;
            }
        if(prime_num == 0)
        {
            not_prime[z] = num; // storing non-prime in an array
            Z++;
        }
        else
```

```
■ "D:\Study\2nd SEM\A. Lab\CS111\Lab 3\3_3.exe" — □ X

Enter the lower and upper bound: 10 20

Prime = 11 13 17 19

Not prime = 12 14 15 16 18

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 4.013 s

Press any key to continue.
```