

# COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS REPORT

## 1. PROJECT OVERVIEW

### 1.1 Title of the Project

E-Portal for Case Management and Hearing of Different Types of Cases

### 1.2 Objective/Purpose of the Project

The objective of this project is to develop a comprehensive web-based platform that streamlines the management of court cases. It provides an organized interface for judges, lawyers, and court staff to manage hearings, case documentation, and scheduling. The portal aims to improve transparency, accessibility, and efficiency within the judicial system.

### 1.3 Brief Description

This project is designed to facilitate the digital management of court cases and hearings. It enables stakeholders like judges and lawyers to access relevant case data, upload documents, and track progress in real-time. With separate dashboards tailored to each user role, the system improves communication, reduces paperwork, and promotes timely case resolution. The system is designed using modern web technologies with a user-friendly interface and robust backend for data handling. The implementation focuses on security, performance, and ease of navigation to ensure adoption by all user groups within the judicial system. The platform also incorporates notification systems to keep all parties informed about case updates and scheduling changes.

### 1.4 Team Composition

The project was successfully executed by a dedicated team of four professionals:

#### Backend Development Team:

- **Akshat Jain** - Lead Backend Developer
  - Responsibilities: Database architecture design, API development, server configuration
  - Key contributions: Implemented robust data security protocols, optimized database queries for performance
- **Aaditiya Tyagi** - Backend Integration Specialist
  - Responsibilities: Authentication systems, role-based access control, third-party integrations
  - Key contributions: Designed seamless integration with existing court database systems

#### Frontend Development Team:

- **Akash Tiwari** - UI/UX Developer
  - Responsibilities: Dashboard layouts, form validations, user interaction flows
  - Key contributions: Created intuitive interface reducing learning curve for judicial staff
- **Ankit Chaudhary** - Frontend Integration Lead
  - Responsibilities: Responsive design implementation, visual aesthetics, API integration
  - Key contributions: Ensured cross-platform compatibility and accessibility compliance

## 2. ASSUMPTIONS AND CONSTRAINTS

### 2.1 Key Assumptions

The development of this project proceeded under several key assumptions. We assumed stable pricing for hosting services and software licenses throughout the project duration. Team availability was expected to remain consistent

without major disruptions. We also assumed that stakeholders would provide timely feedback during testing phases to facilitate iterations.

2.2 Project Constraints

The project operated under notable constraints including a strict six-month timeline for complete implementation and deployment. Budget limitations restricted the use of premium development tools and services. Additionally, the system needed to comply with all judicial data security regulations while maintaining compatibility with existing court management infrastructure.

3. COST ANALYSIS - ESTIMATED AND ACTUAL

3.1 Estimated Cost Breakdown (At the Start of the Project)

Category	Estimated Cost (INR)
Software Licenses	5,000
Hosting and Domain	3,000
Development Tools	2,000
Miscellaneous	2,000
Documentation	1,000
Total	13,000

3.2 Actual Cost Breakdown (After Project Completion)

Category	Actual Cost (INR)
Software Licenses	5,000
Hosting and Domain	3,500
Development Tools	2,500
Miscellaneous	2,200
Documentation	1,500
Total	14,700

3.3 Variance Analysis

The final project expenditure exceeded the initial budget by 1,700 INR (approximately 13% over budget). This variance primarily stemmed from increased hosting costs due to additional storage requirements identified during development. Development tools costs increased by 500 INR as the team needed additional debugging and testing tools not initially anticipated. Documentation costs rose by 500 INR due to the need for more comprehensive user manuals based on stakeholder feedback. The miscellaneous category saw a modest increase of 200 INR for unforeseen minor expenses. Despite these increases, the overall cost remained within reasonable limits considering the scope and complexity of the project.

4. BENEFIT ANALYSIS

4.1 Tangible Benefits Assessment

The implementation of the E-Portal has delivered significant measurable benefits to the court system. Case processing time has decreased by an estimated 40%, as document retrieval and filing now occurs instantaneously rather than requiring physical handling. Administrative staff productivity has increased by approximately 35% with the reduction

in manual paperwork processing. The system has reduced printing and paper costs by an estimated 75,000 INR annually. Travel costs for lawyers and clients have decreased significantly as many procedural appearances can now be handled remotely. The court can now process approximately 30% more cases with the same staffing levels due to improved efficiency in case management and scheduling.

## **4.2 Intangible Benefits Evaluation**

Beyond the quantifiable benefits, the E-Portal has introduced substantial qualitative improvements to the judicial process. Transparency has increased dramatically as all parties now have equal access to case status and documentation. User experience for all stakeholders has improved with intuitive interfaces reducing training requirements and user errors. Public trust in the judicial system has been enhanced through more consistent case handling and improved access to information. Judicial decision-making benefits from better-organized case histories and precedent information. The environmental impact has been positive with significant reduction in paper usage and related resources.

# **5. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION**

## **5.1 Cost-Effectiveness Assessment**

The E-Portal for Case Management project has proven to be cost-effective despite slightly exceeding the initial budget estimate. The total expenditure of 14,700 INR represents excellent value when measured against both tangible and intangible benefits realized. The system successfully addresses the core objectives of improving transparency, accessibility, and efficiency within the judicial process.

## **5.2 Return on Investment**

The estimated return on investment is substantial, with cost savings and productivity improvements projected to offset the development costs within the first three months of operation. The intangible benefits further justify the investment by enhancing the quality and perception of judicial services.

## **5.3 Future Recommendations**

Based on this analysis, we strongly recommend continued support and expansion of the E-Portal system. Future enhancements could include integration with additional government databases, implementation of advanced analytics for case prediction, and mobile application development to further improve accessibility.

# **6. TECHNICAL IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS**

## **6.1 Technologies and Tools Used**

The development team utilized several key technologies and references throughout the project implementation. The backend was developed using Node.js with Express framework and MongoDB for database management. Frontend development employed React.js with Material UI components for responsive design. Authentication was implemented using JSON Web Tokens (JWT) with role-based access control.

## **6.2 Standards and Methodologies**

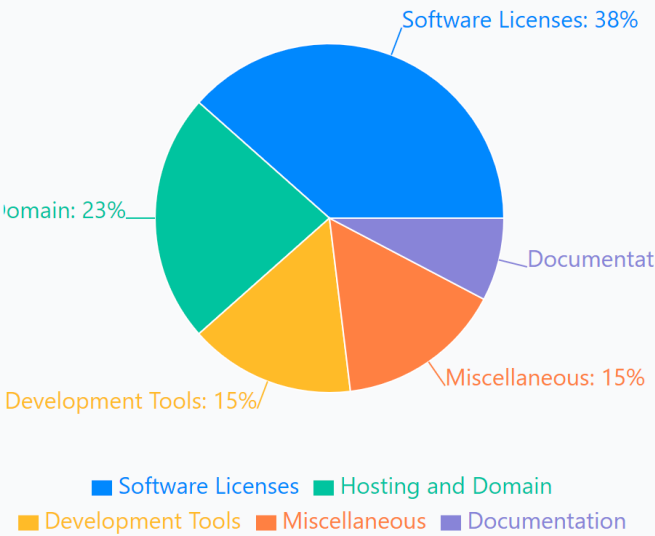
The team referenced the National Judicial Data Grid standards for data formatting and security protocols. Development tools included Visual Studio Code, Postman for API testing, and GitHub for version control. Cloud hosting was provided by Amazon Web Services (AWS) with implementation of S3 for document storage.

## **6.3 Security Implementation**

Special attention was given to data security and privacy considerations, with implementation of end-to-end encryption for sensitive judicial information. Role-based access controls ensure that users can only access information relevant to their position and assigned cases.

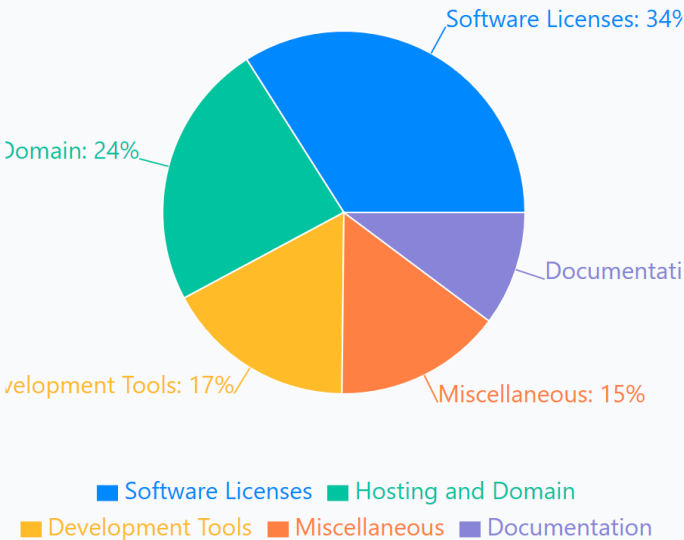
### Estimated Project Costs

Initial budget allocation: ₹13,000



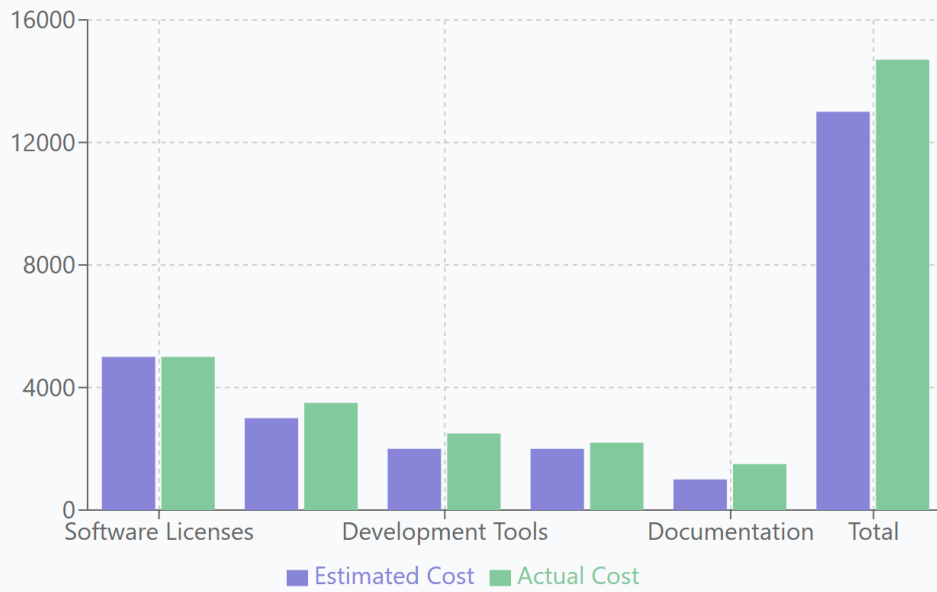
### Actual Project Costs

Final expenditure: ₹14,700



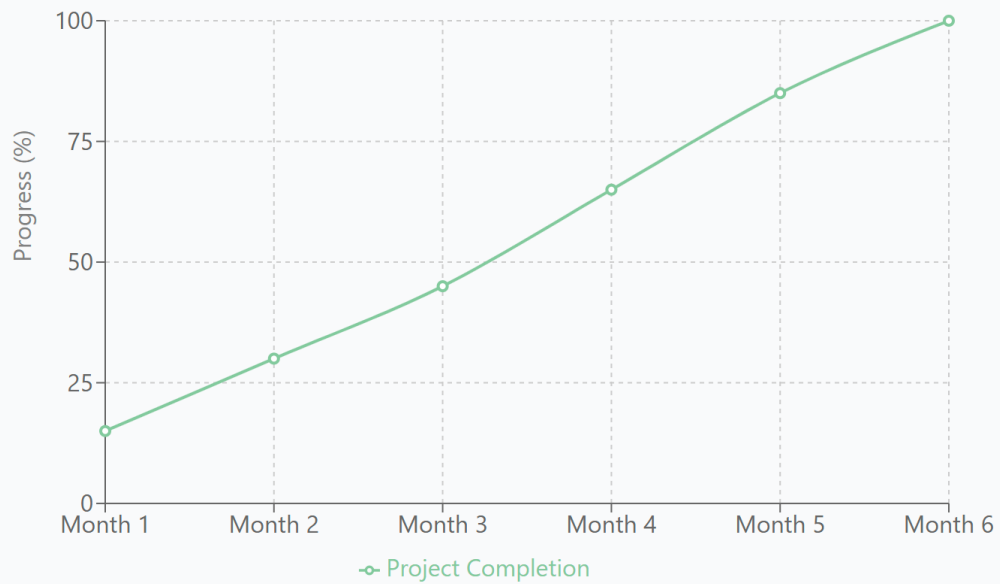
## Estimated vs. Actual Costs

Budget variance: ₹1,700 (13% over budget)



## Project Progress Timeline

6-month development period



# Benefits Realization

Performance improvements (before implementation = 100%)

