

试卷8 2024秋河南期末王朝霞一模

八年级语文

王朝霞

命题人:朝霞文化产品研发中心 周梦娜 马泉泉

时间:120分钟 满分:120分

一、积累与运用(共23分)

“山川之美,古来共谈。”河或汹涌,或涓涓;山或巍峨,或灵秀。山川有千姿百态的美,人们寄托在其中的精神也各不相同。校刊决定出一期“览大好河山,感人文精神”栏目,请你参与。

【版块一:栏目前言】

1. 校刊编辑部想为此栏目征集一段前言来介绍祖国大好河山,小河写了一段文字准备投稿,但里面有一些字词他拿不准,请你帮他判断。(共4分)

前 言

中国地大物博,名山大川不胜枚举。从北国的长白山到南疆的桂林山水,从西陲的天山山脉到东海岸边的雁荡山,每一处都有其独特的_____ (蕴 韵)味。我爱黄河的迂回曲折,我爱长江的奔流不息,我爱大渡河的波澜壮阔,我爱东岳泰山的峰峦叠_____ (嶂 障),我爱西岳华山的嶙峋险峻,我爱黄山的薄雾缭绕……每一座山峰都是一幅生动的画卷,每一道河流都是一段悠扬的乐章。让我们共赴这场美的盛宴,感受祖国河山之锦绣壮美,体会河山精神之源远流长。

- (1)语段中的两个加点字应该怎么读?请写出正确的读音。(2分)

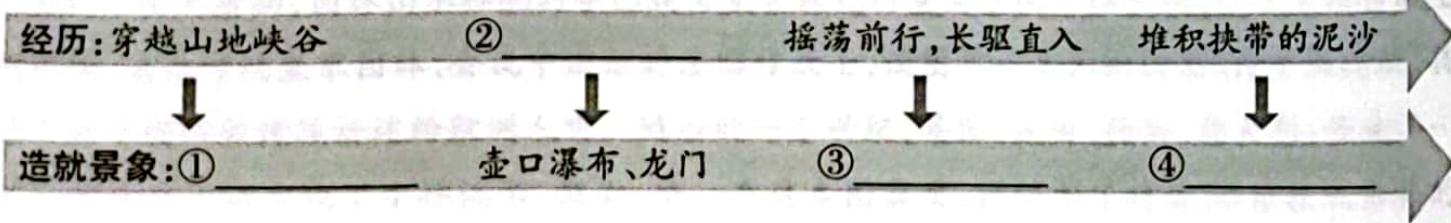
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- (2)语段中两个横线处应分别选用哪个字?请在横线上工整书写。(2分)

【版块二:黄河篇】

2. 校刊编辑部搜集了关于黄河的资料,请你阅读资料并根据提示,把思维导图上的信息补充完整。(4分)

从雪山到海洋,黄河经历了一路惊险传奇。先是穿越山地峡谷,在忽宽忽窄的河道中穿行,急流之后她以放松的流淌方式,造就出富饶的河套平原;随后她急转朝南,飞流直下,将黄土高原的泥沙裹挟而去,于激流奔涌的壶口形成滔滔瀑布,于两岸断崖绝壁间形成险要龙门;继而摇荡前行,过三门峡,长驱直入,横贯华北平原,将河道逐年抬高,形成世界著名的“地上悬河”;在她奔向大海的前夕,又将挟带而来的泥沙堆积成一块块新生的陆地,任那里绿芽萌发,草木葳蕤。



【版块三:长江篇】

3. 校刊编辑部搜集了一段与长江有关的文字,放在了长江版块,但是中间有几句的顺序排版时

弄乱了。请你重新排列出最恰当的顺序，将句子序号依次填在横线上。(3分)

长江流经11个省，_____。_____，_____，_____。可以说，长江文化是一个时空交织的多层次、多维度的文化复合体。

- ①各具特色的区域文化交汇融合、互联互通
- ②孕育了青藏地区的藏羌文化、长江上游的巴蜀文化、长江中游的楚湘文化等
- ③形成了一条独具特色的文化聚集带
- ④汇集为兼容并蓄、意蕴深厚的长江文化

【版块四：泰山篇】

4. 校刊编辑部在泰山版块想图文并茂地展现泰山的精神内涵。现需要给下面这段找好的文字材料配一幅图，插画部提供了A、B两幅备选图，你建议选择其中哪一幅？请结合画面内容，简要说明理由。(4分)

泰山与中华民族情感、民族意志、民族心理的形成息息相关，其山之精神特征，已成为中华民族精神的重要标识。“泰山精神”包含“会凌绝顶”的攀登意志、“重如泰山”的价值取向、“不让土壤”的博大胸怀、“捧日擎天”的光明追求、“国泰民安”的美好寄托。



A

B

【版块五：文人篇】

5. 校刊编辑部想探究山水给予中国古代文人的灵感和情思，请你将空缺的古诗文名句补充完整。(8分)

中国文人流连钟情于山水，山水给予中国文人太多的灵感与情思。《三峡》中的“①_____，隐天蔽日”是郦道元对山峡壮阔的描绘，《答谢中书书》中的“夕日欲颓，②_____”是陶弘景笔下灵动的美景，《野望》中的“③_____，④_____”是王绩勾勒的夕阳晕染下秋意颇浓的山野之美，《黄鹤楼》中的“⑤_____”是崔颢抒写的浓烈乡愁，《饮酒》(其五)中的“⑦_____”是陶渊明陶醉自然的悠然自得。

⑥_____”是崔颢抒写的浓烈乡愁，《饮酒》(其五)中的“⑦_____”是陶渊明陶醉自然的悠然自得。

⑧_____”是陶渊明陶醉自然的悠然自得。

二、现代文阅读(共27分)

(一) 阅读下文，完成6~9题。(共16分)

那个乘着风雪而来的“陌生人”

汤素兰

- ①在我童年的记忆里，父亲是每到年关乘着风雪而来的“陌生人”。
- ②这个“陌生人”总会带回一口“宝箱”。打开箱子，里面塞满了好看的布料和我们平时从未见过的糖果，当然，还有最重要的东西——钱。当天晚上，父亲把要上交给生产队买工分和口粮的

钱留出来，把供养爷爷奶奶的钱留出来，把大年初二出门的盘缠留出来，然后把剩下为数不多的钱全部交给母亲。这笔钱，是母亲和我们兄妹三人的生活开销。

③因为交通不便利，也是为了省钱，他一般都是每年正月初二出门，腊月二十八回家。父亲常年不在家，回村时也很少串门吃酒。这在礼尚往来的乡村显得格格不入。乡邻们私下里评价他“小气”“把钱看得太重”。然而，在那个物资短缺、粮食不够吃的年代，正是父亲的“小气”给了我们较为殷实的生活。他不仅让我们衣食无忧，也让我的母亲比村里其他女人更早戴上手表，踩上缝纫机，让我们在没有电视机的年代听上了收音机。

④那台收音机的神奇作用，在许多年后显现了出来。我在收音机里听到过一个故事——《会说话的猪》。那时的我没想到猪还会说话，有计谋，对我们人类有那么多意见！这个故事令我震惊，也许，我的童话想象就是那时萌生的。

⑤高中时，我是宁乡七中的学生，而高考考场设在六中。高考前一天下午，学校用一辆辆大卡车把我们送往考点。正是七月酷暑，大卡车没有车篷，乡村公路上尘土飞扬。到达考点后，一身尘土的我们立即扑向水龙头，洗脸，洗手，洗去身上的尘垢。将自己洗得清清爽爽回到学生宿舍休息时，我才发现，手表不见了！

⑥为了让我考试时方便看时间，母亲将她心爱的手表给了我。那时候，手表是家里的“三大件”之一，不知道父亲需要攒多久的钱才能买到。那几天，我白天考试，夜里哭泣，吃不下任何东西。考最后一门时，我浑身发抖，因为我害怕回家。

⑦我最后一个走出教室，在走廊上居然看到了父亲。个子矮小的父亲手里拎着几个梨。原来，老师担心我出事，把丢手表的事情打电话告诉了父亲。父亲从外地赶了回来。看见父亲，我的眼泪再次溢满眼眶。父亲递给我一个梨，我接过来，用小得不能再小的声音说：“我把手表丢了。”“丢了不要紧，再买就是，你吃梨。”父亲说。我咬了一口梨，将清甜的梨汁和眼泪一并吞下。

⑧学校的车已经开走了。我跟着父亲去镇上搭汽车回家，我们沿着河堤走，迎面的是正在西落的太阳，我们的家就在太阳将要落下的大山深处。路上，父亲再没有说一句话，甚至没有问我考得怎样。把挣钱和时间看得无比重要的父亲，得知我丢了手表，特意从外地赶来接我回家。我牢牢地记着这件事。这是一个确证——在父亲的心中，我也是重要的。

⑨我考上了大学，父亲很高兴。他背着一口亲手打制的樟木箱，和母亲一起送我到长沙上学。

⑩直到六十多岁，父亲才结束了在外奔波的生活，安居老家。

⑪我毕业后在出版社当编辑，因为写作，有了一点小名气。有一次，母校请我去做讲座，我提前一天开车回家看望父母，第二天上午去学校，讲座结束便回了长沙。后来听母亲说，那天父亲蹬着自行车骑行了三十多里，到学校去听我的讲座。可是父亲到学校时，讲座已经结束了，他只看到了欢迎我的横幅。

⑫“他怎么不跟我说？我要是知道他感兴趣，我开车一并带上他就是了。”我抱怨道。“他去的时候也没跟我说，是回来后才说的。”母亲说。父亲从未跟我说过这件事，我也未跟父亲提起。但从此以后，我只要出了新书，便会带一本回去给父亲，让他了解我的工作。父亲接过书，脸上总是笑眯眯的。

⑬父亲去世后，前来吊唁的人群中，有一个从村里考上大学，如今很有成就的年轻人拉着我说：

“我小的时候，桂阿公经常到我家来，每次来总是会带一本书送给我。我们乡里的小孩，哪里有课外书看，看书全靠桂阿公。”村里的孩子都叫我父亲“桂阿公”。

⑭原来如此。难怪我在整理父亲的遗物时，没有看到我给他的那些书。我想起了我童年时代父亲带回的那台收音机。我希望父亲送给村里孩子的那些书，也像当年的收音机一样，能起到神奇的作用。

6. [教材P28思考探究第一题改编] 本文是一篇回忆性散文，文中记录了“我”与父亲之间的几件事，请你为每件事拟一个小标题。(4分)

(教材共) 风景已暮寒，一

【首尾呼应：一处照应】

7. 乡邻们评价父亲“小气”“把钱看得太重”，你是否认同这个评价？请结合全文内容，谈谈你的理解。(4分)

言 著

那晚娘山山头的梨花，冰山森林的枫叶，挑山白桦的嫩芽，都映衬不出大山的雄伟，那片大山中重叠的山峰，弯曲凹凸的山脊，和(伟 峨)——山峰的脊背连成一片，山的峰如丘陵般，翻山越岭的山峰是西望峰，(朝 东)——麦香飘向山谷，青翠的山峰高耸入云，风儿吹过山峰，风儿吹过大山，毫不

8. 阅读下面句子，根据括号中的要求回答问题。(4分)

(1) 我咬了一口梨，将清甜的梨汁和眼泪一并吞下。(从“我”的眼泪中能读出“我”怎样的心理？)

你，温暖我们的心灵；温暖我们的一句评语，暖(心)你，一句问候，一回(心)你，一句鼓励，一

风拂叶；有时候，(农人)。是许多年后，你依然记得那个字眼，那个眼神，那个微笑，那个瞬间。(C)
请以“一句话的力量”为题目，写一篇记叙文。

【寓贬赞：二处照应】

- (2) 我跟着父亲去镇上搭汽车回家，我们沿着河堤走，迎面的是正在西落的太阳，我们的家就在太阳将要落下的大山深处。(运用了什么描写方法？有怎样的表达效果？)

家中重叠的山峰，冰山森林的枫叶，挑山白桦的嫩芽，都映衬不出大山的雄伟，那片大山中重叠的山峰，弯曲凹凸的山脊，和(伟 峨)——山峰的脊背连成一片，山的峰如丘陵般，翻山越岭的山峰是西望峰，(朝 东)——麦香飘向山谷，青翠的山峰高耸入云，风儿吹过山峰，风儿吹过大山，毫不
9. 有人认为本文标题《那个乘着风雪而来的“陌生人”》不如改为《父亲》更好，你怎样认为呢？请谈谈你的看法。(4分)



专项4 主题型默写

锁定期末高频考点,快速掌握

1. [杭州市]本期“古代文人的山水人生”专栏的前言由小语撰写,请你帮他补全古诗文。

山水是古代文人寻求精神独立和生命自由的安居之所,也是古代文人寄托情思的意象。山水之中,即便是夕阳西下,陶弘景看到眼前“①_____”,②_____”(《答谢中书书》)鱼儿在水中竞相嬉戏之景,也要感叹此处为仙境;崔颢游览黄鹤楼,尽管眼前是“③_____”

“④_____”(《黄鹤楼》)一派欣欣向荣的景象,但是乐景衬哀情,诗人感慨岁月易逝、物是人非,思乡之情油然而生;陶渊明弃官归隐,在山水美景中,以“⑤_____”

“⑥_____”[《饮酒》(其五)]道出了内心的闲适自得;面对富春江的奇山异水,吴均写下了“⑦_____”,望峰息心;⑧_____”,窥谷忘反”(《与朱元思书》)的名句,劝友人放下争名夺利之心,忘情于山水大美之中。让我们一起走进本期“古代文人的山水人生”,去感受山水的精神意蕴吧!

2. [徐州市]下面是小文写的古诗文阅读感悟,请你补全空缺的部分。

诗人常常借景抒情,赋予客观景物以主观感情色彩。白居易的“①_____”,②_____”(《钱塘湖春行》)借莺、燕表现内心的欣喜;苏轼用“庭下如积水空明,③_____”(《记承天寺夜游》)创设空灵之境,表达内心的复杂情感;王绩用“④_____”,⑤_____”(《野望》)的萧瑟恬静的秋景道出孤独抑郁的心境;杜甫的“感时花溅泪,⑥_____”(《春望》)中以春日花鸟传达忧国思家之情;郦道元用“⑦_____”,⑧_____”(《三峡》)表达了对水清、树茂、山高、草盛之景的赞美。

3. 下面是小语学完本学期的古诗文后做的梳理,请你补全句子。

古诗文中对偶手法的运用,使诗句既富有音律美,又富

有意蕴。吴均的《与朱元思书》中“泉水激石,①_____”;好鸟相鸣,②_____”绘声绘色地描写了山林美景,组成一部奇妙的大自然交响曲;晏殊的《浣溪沙》(一曲新词酒一杯)中“③_____”,④_____”声韵和谐地唱叹花落春逝,蕴含着惋惜与欣慰交织的生活哲理,含蓄深婉;王维的《使至塞上》中“⑤_____”,⑥_____”以景物自比,传达出漂泊无定的内心感受;杜甫的《春望》中“⑦_____”,⑧_____”写山河破碎的苍凉,表达了无尽的亡国之愁、离别之恨。

4. 下面是班主任在学期末的班会上要进行的“青春寄语”发言,请你补充完整。

俯首是秋,仰首是春,一转眼本学期即将结束,我们的初中生活也过去了一半。在接下来的学习生活中,愿你眼中有关,用“天将降大任于是人也,必先苦其心志,①_____”,饿其体肤,空乏其身,②_____”(《生于忧患,死于安乐》)的心态面对挫折;愿你心中有力量,拥有“何夜无月?何处无竹柏?③_____”(苏轼《记承天寺夜游》)的旷达和坚守走出逆境;愿你在忙碌之余,也有发现“微动涟漪,④_____”(欧阳修《采桑子》(轻舟短棹西湖好))生活之美的惬意情怀;愿你胸怀正义,以“富贵不能淫,⑤_____”,⑥_____”(《富贵不能淫》)的品格守望初心;愿你心中有家国,用“⑦_____”,⑧_____”(李贺《雁门太守行》)的满腔赤诚报效祖国。愿你们都成长为更好的自己。

5. 小豫要为“我爱家乡河南”活动写一段结束语,请你帮他补充完整。

家乡,是每一个人生命的源头和精神的摇篮。家乡的自然风光、风土人情总牵动着人们的内心。信步郑州园博园,我们感受到了白居易笔下“乱花渐欲迷人眼,①_____”(《钱塘湖春行》)的花草映衬之美;移步长垣的黄河湿地,水鸟振翅纷飞,我们仿佛看到了李清照笔下“②_____”,③_____”,④_____”(《如梦令》(常记溪亭日暮))的情景。虽然我们的家乡缺少点

郦道元笔下“至于夏水襄陵，⑤_____”（《三峡》）的汹涌水势，但我们不乏王维笔下“⑥_____，⑦_____”（《使至塞上》）的壮观雄奇的风景。愿你在赏景时有“⑧_____，悠然见南山”（陶渊明《饮酒》（其五））的闲适心情，一路风景，走走停停。

6. **真实任务情境** 求同存异是阅读古诗文常见的一种方法，请把下面的对话补充完整。

小文：我发现古诗文特别注重遣词，以表现特别的效果。《答谢中书书》中“夕日欲颓，①_____”，一个“竞”字，尽写夕阳下鱼儿灵动的生命活力；李清照《渔家傲》中“②_____，③_____”几个动词的嵌入，表现了一幅辽阔壮美的海天图。

小河：我发现写“鸟”的诗句很多，情感各不相同。杜甫的《春望》中“④_____，⑤_____”两句移情于物，见花落泪，闻鸟惊心，表达了感时伤怀之情；《钱塘湖春行》中“几处早莺争暖树，⑥_____”描绘出莺和燕的动态，体现了诗人对这些充满生机的小生命的由衷喜爱和对春天的由衷赞美。

7. 请根据下表提供的信息，将内容补充完整。

主题	古诗文名句	出处
自然	郦道元游览三峡时，描绘了“①_____，隐天蔽日”的山高岭连的雄伟景象；王维极目远眺，勾勒出“②_____，长河落日圆”的雄浑瑰丽的塞外风光图。	《三峡》 《使至塞上》
怀乡	崔颢登临黄鹤楼，欣赏美景之后却生出“③_____？④_____”的淡淡思乡之愁；李白在船上看着那一江的流水，心底涌上“⑤_____，⑥_____”的依依不舍之情。	《黄鹤楼》 《渡荆门送别》
思辨	杜牧以小见大，用“⑦_____，⑧_____”暗指曹、孙双方的“势”与“运”；孟子观点鲜明地指出决定战争胜负的三要素及其关系的句子是：⑨_____，⑩_____。	《赤壁》 《得道多助，失道寡助》

提分专练 2 任务型阅读



○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○

A(话题:Unit 10 决策)

主题:人与自我——处理问题的方法和建议

If you have some problems, what will you do? Will you ask your parents, your teachers or your friends for help? 1 Here are some good suggestions(建议) for you.

Ask someone for help. You'd better tell others about your bad feelings. Remember that many people will love to help you. Don't be hard on yourself. When you have problems, find someone you trust and ask him or her for help.

Do something relaxing. 2 Speaking out your feelings loudly is a good way. For example, when you feel angry, you can say "I am so angry!" loudly. After that, you may feel relaxed. You can also take some exercise, listen to music, keep a diary, play with a pet, go for a walk and so on. 3

Be calm(平静的). When you have problems, you should learn to be calm. Don't be nervous. 4 Don't rush to make decisions. You should try to understand more about your problems with the help of others. Then you can find good ways to deal with them.

5 If you smile at yourself and keep a good mood, you may find the problems are becoming smaller and smaller. This means that you are able to solve the problems more quickly.

So, dear friends, if you have problems, do as I told you. Everything will be fine.

根据材料内容,从下面五个选项中选出能填入文中空缺处的最佳选项,使文章意思通顺、内容完整。

- A. You can do something to make yourself feel relaxed.
- B. Don't be afraid of the problems.
- C. What's more, smiling always helps a lot.
- D. Do you know how to deal with your problems in a right way?
- E. These things can help you get a better feeling.

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

B(话题:Unit 7 未来的生活)

主题:人与社会——科学与技术

People are living longer and longer now. That's good news. However, getting old can bring a lot of problems. 6 When there are many elderly people in society, finding care is difficult. There aren't enough people to do this job.

Today, technology is helping us with this problem. New robots can give elderly people all kinds of care.

The simplest care robots are like pets. 7 They bring real joy to elderly people, and no one has to feed them.

Some care robots use AI. They can help elderly people with many things. 8 They make video calls to family. Also, if the robot's owner is in trouble, the robot will call someone for help.

Other care robots do physical jobs. 9 Japanese hospitals use these robots now. The people there like them a lot.

Many of these robots don't just help elderly people do things. They also help them feel useful and independent(独立的). Some companies make their robots look weak. 10 That way, people will care for the robots while the robots care for them.

根据材料内容,从下面五个选项中选出能填入文中空缺处的最佳选项,使文章意思通顺、内容完整。

- A. The robots tell people to take medicine,do exercise, and see the doctor.
- B. Many people get sick and need care.
- C. They look like they need care.
- D. They pick things up, help people walk ,and lead groups in dances.
- E. When you touch them,they will move or make animal sounds.

6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

C(话题:Unit 9 邀请)

主题:人与社会——文化习俗

With the holidays coming up, lots of people will be having parties. Want to make sure you are a good host/hostess or guest? 11

● When inviting guests to your party, send invitations to their homes instead of handing them out at school. 12

● Wait for all your guests to arrive before starting any activities. If people at the party don't know each other, make sure you introduce everyone.

● 13 After the party, be sure to send a handwritten thank-you card to each guest, telling them how much you like their gifts.

● When you receive an invitation to a party, be sure to let the host/hostess know if you can come.

● Arrive on time. Bring a gift to a birthday party. 14 Adults often bring some dessert or a bottle of wine to a party, even if the host/hostess tells them that he/she doesn't need anything. Young people don't have to do this, but it's always polite to ask.

● Be friendly to the other guests. Remember to say "Please" and "Thank you"! 15

根据材料内容,从下面五个选项中选出能填入文中空缺处的最佳选项,使文章意思通顺、内容完整。

- A. When you leave, thank the host/hostess for the party.
- B. If it's a holiday party, ask the host/hostess if there's something you can bring.
- C. In this way, you won't hurt the feelings of the classmates you don't invite.
- D. Here is some good advice.
- E. If your guests bring gifts for you, thank each one when you open their gifts.

11. _____ 12. _____ 13. _____ 14. _____ 15. _____

D(话题:Unit 4 你居住的城镇)

主题:人与社会——家乡和社会的变迁

Shibanyan, a beautiful town in Henan province, is a popular place for art lovers. Every summer, art students from all over the country come here to practice painting.

The town sits in the hills and forests. 16 They are used to the old-fashioned way of life, getting up with the chickens to do farm work and going to bed soon after sunset.

Shibanyan leans on the Taihang Grand Canyon(倚靠太行大峡谷), so it's easy to get rocks here. 17 In recent years, the rock houses have become the town's main feature. And many visitors come here to take a look at the special houses.

18 As a result, some locals left their homes to find jobs in other places. However, things began to change in the 1990s. At that time, a group of teachers and students from art schools found this beautiful town and made it a base for painting. 19 And the town is still working hard to build itself into China's "painting valley".

Shibanyan has become a place for tourists to better understand the natural lifestyle as well. The main tourist season here is usually from April to October. 20 Moreover, they can pick fresh fruit and make delicious fruit cakes.

根据材料内容,从下面五个选项中选出能填入文中空缺处的最佳选项,使文章意思通顺、内容完整。

- A. In fact, Shibanyan used to be a poor town.
- B. The local people built their houses with the rocks.
- C. Now, there are 141 painting bases in Shibanyan.
- D. There are less than 10,000 people living in the town.
- E. Tourists can try planting vegetables during their stay.

16. _____ 17. _____ 18. _____ 19. _____ 20. _____

提分专练4 语篇填空



• • • • •

A

第一节(话题:Unit 6 人生目标) 阅读短文,从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词,每词限用一次。

主题:人与自我——学习与生活

pilot	talent	wonder	travel	near
although	mind	future	maybe	advise

I'm writing this in my room. It's 1 midnight, but I can't sleep. I am 2 what my life will be like in ten years! Every day, my parents ask me, "What do you want to be when you grow up?" The problem is; I don't know! My mom always likes to 3 me, "Be a doctor!" But to be a doctor, you have to study for a long, long time, and that's not my idea of fun. My dad says, "Be a 4!" He knows I'm scared of flying! And I have to be really good at math. 5 I like math, I'm not good at it.

Well, I don't 6 being a rock star. You don't have to be very smart, at least not smart in things like math and science. I am 7 in singing. 8 one day, I will become successful and famous. Also, I'm going to 9 all over the world.

Now I'm getting tired, so I'm going to bed. I can think about my 10 in bed. I get my best ideas when I'm lying down. Decisions, decisions, decisions!

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____
6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

第二节(话题:Unit 3 个人特征) 阅读短文,根据语篇要求填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。

主题:人与社会——社会服务与人际沟通

The outgoing people like to meet lots of people and have more fun in life. Being outgoing is not as hard 11 you think. Even shy people can be outgoing.

We know 12 is easy to start becoming outgoing with your

best friend. The real challenge(挑战) comes when you meet new friends. Smile more, and usually they will smile back. You may begin your talks 13 this way. A smile is a good start. If you want to make interesting talks, you should read news online because there must 14 something fun online.

Another way to become more outgoing is to go out. This is 15 most important step of all. Go to a park, beach, club, party or other places, and you may make new friends there.

11. _____ 12. _____ 13. _____ 14. _____ 15. _____

B

第一节(话题:Unit 5 娱乐活动) 阅读短文,从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词,每词限用一次。

主题:人与社会——文学、艺术与体育

from	make	why	famous	short
prepare	find	close	group	different

China began to make cartoons in the 20th century. Here are three 1 cartoons in Chinese history.

Princess Iron Fan is the first Chinese animated feature film. It was directed by the Wan Brothers in Shanghai in 1941. It is 2 than the cartoon *Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs*. The story came 3 a popular Chinese story.

Baby Tadpoles Look for Their Mother is a short Chinese cartoon. It tells about the adventures(冒险) of a 4 of tadpoles(蝌蚪) looking for their mother. It is the first Chinese ink animation and it is 5 from Western cartoons.

Why Is the Crow Black-Coated is the first Chinese cartoon in color. Shanghai Animation Film Studio 6 it in 1955. It tells the story about 7 the crow was black. While the other animals were 8 for the winter, the crow only thought about showing off his beautiful tail(尾巴). When the winter came, the crow was cold and homeless. One day, he 9 a wild fire in the forest. He came 10 to the fire to keep warm. Unluckily, he burned(烧伤) his tail. Then he became a black crow.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____
6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

第二节(话题:Unit 7 未来的生活) 阅读短文,根据语篇要求填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。

主题:人与社会——科学与技术

You may see robots in some movies. The robots in these movies are faster, smarter and stronger 11 people.

In real life, you can see robots everywhere. Robots are often used 12 do dangerous and boring jobs in factories. In people's homes, robots can help to clean the windows and the floor. They can take meals from the kitchen to the sick people's room in American hospitals. They can remember maps easily 13 they won't lost way. Some people use a robot to help them get better because they can't move. And finally they could walk around 14 a normal man.

People will improve robots 15 the development of science year after year. Scientists are working hard to make robots walk and jump like humans.

11. _____ 12. _____ 13. _____ 14. _____ 15. _____

C

第一节(话题:Unit 1 度假) 阅读短文,从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词,每词限用一次。

主题:人与自我——生活与学习

on	we	together	read	drive
word	happy	have	ticket	remember

My family went on a trip last Saturday. We didn't spend much money but really 1 a good time. In the morning, my father 2 us to a science center in our city. We didn't spend any money on the 3 because the center was free. There is a children's area in the science center. My brother and I saw different kinds of animals and did some interesting things. We both had a lot of fun playing 4 in the science center. Then we went to a park near the science center in 5 car. My parents put up the tent first, and then we had a picnic 6. After the picnic, my father started to 7 newspapers and my mother played games with me.

In the afternoon we got back home. I turned 8 the computer and copied all the photos we took. My mother even wrote some

9 on each photo. She hoped those would help us 10 the happy time.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

第二节(话题:Unit 2 业余生活) 阅读短文,根据语篇要求填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。

主题:人与自我——生活方式

“Early to bed and early to rise makes a man healthy, wealthy and wise.” This is an old saying. It means that we had better go to bed early at night and get 11 early in the morning. This is true. We should have enough sleep 12 keep healthy. Children should have 13 least eight hours' sleep every night. 14 they don't have enough sleep, they won't study well at school. The body also needs exercise. Walking, running, jumping, swimming and playing games 15 all good exercise. Exercise helps to keep the body strong. It also helps the blood to flow inside the body. The head needs blood, so exercise helps us to think better.

11. _____ 12. _____ 13. _____ 14. _____ 15. _____

D

第一节(话题:Unit 9 邀请) 阅读短文,从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词,每词限用一次。

主题:人与社会——文化体验

you	old	because	shop	send
time	meaning	everything	wait	from

Birthdays are important in everyone's life, especially for children. For about 365 days children 1 for that important day. On that day, they will become one year 2 than before.

Birthdays are also the best 3 to have a party with your friends and family. To have a 4 and special birthday party, you need to prepare lots of things. You need to have enough time to get 5 ready for the party. You may want your friends to come to the party 6 you want to share your happiness with them. The best way is to 7 birthday invitations to them. Birthday invitations will make them remember your birthday.

You can buy birthday invitations in 8 or on the Internet.

Nowadays you can choose 9 many kinds of birthday invitations. You can make birthday invitations by 10 if you have time. You can also draw pictures to make the birthday invitations more beautiful.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____
6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

第二节(话题:Unit 4 环境) 阅读短文,根据语篇要求填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。

主题:人与自然——家乡的自然环境

When I was 8, I lived in a far away mountain village with 11 grandparents. It's called Anle. It's about 80 kilometers away from the city of Xiangtan in Hunan. Now, I live in Guangzhou with my parents. But I really miss living in the village.

There were many things I could do there. I never felt bored. In summer, I looked 12 crabs (螃蟹) in a small river. When I moved a stone, a crab came out. I held its pincers (螯) and then put it in a bucket. And 13 autumn, I liked to go to a nearby hill. I climbed up trees and helped to pick chestnuts (板栗) for my grandparents.

I also liked the villagers, as they were very hospitable (好客的). There was 14 old man living near my home. One day, when I passed his house after school, he gave me some biscuits. I went inside his house and found that he was very poor, 15 few belongings (物品) other than a cow. But he was still kind to me.

This is my hometown where my childhood memories were made. I miss it and my grandparents as well.

11. _____ 12. _____ 13. _____ 14. _____ 15. _____

E

第一节(话题:Unit 8 食物) 阅读短文,从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词,每词限用一次。

主题:人与自我——饮食与健康

choose	it	a	fall	try
good	of	reply	and	city

Sometimes choosing where to eat in Suzhou is something of a challenge. No matter how good the food tastes at a chosen restaurant, one may always wonder, "Is there anything 1 on the next

street?" However, I've found the answer to this question. If I'm asked to name my favorite place to eat in Suzhou, I will 2 right away, "Song He Lou Restaurant". Why is Song He Lou so special among hundreds 3 restaurants? Well, for me 4 comes down to a perfect balance of delicious food, pleasant atmosphere (氛围) and 5 near-perfect place.

Before coming to Suzhou, I was told by my friends from other 6 in China that the food could be too sweet. For the first few months I 7 to eat in Sichuan or Hunan style restaurants instead of eating much local food. However, after 8 in love with the city, I came to realize that the food is so closely connected with its local culture. So I asked a local friend to recommend (推荐) the best place to 9 real local style food. She came up with the suggestion of Song He Lou.

For a first-time visitor, "Song Shu Gui Yu" and "Xie Fen Tofu" are excellent choices. Suzhou has now become my home 10 I have a lifetime to enjoy each and every dish on the menu.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____
6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

第二节(话题:Unit 10 决策) 阅读短文,根据语篇要求填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。

主题:人与自我——处理问题的方法和建议

Today Dave has a problem. He was not happy. Actually Dave was upset today. He kept thinking about the mistake he made in the soccer game. Because he was careless, his team lost the game 11 the end.

Dave's mother was an understanding woman. 12 Dave arrived home, she saw that he was sad. After she knew the whole story, she told her son winning 13 losing was not important. She advised Dave to talk to his teammates (队友). She added that the most important thing was to support (支持) each other in the team. What his mother said made Dave think a lot. He knew he shouldn't be angry 14 himself. He should try his best to solve his problems. At last he took his mother's advice. He apologized (道歉) to his teammates for his mistakes. 15 his surprise, his teammates still trusted him. They all hugged (拥抱) him. Dave was moved.

11. _____ 12. _____ 13. _____ 14. _____ 15. _____

提分专练5 补全对话



.....

A(话题:未来规划)

根据下面的对话情景,在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子,使对话的意思连贯、完整。

A: Hello, Tom! You look so well these days.

B: Thanks. I often play basketball after school.

A: 1. _____?

B: Oh, no. I don't want to be a basketball player. You know, I was not in good health before. 2. _____.

A: You are right. To keep healthy is the most important. 3. _____?

B: I want to be a math teacher when I grow up. It's my dream job.

A: I see. How are you going to do that?

B: 4. _____.

A: Oh, you're great. By the way, there will be a movie tonight. Can 5. _____?

B: Sure. I like watching movies. 6. _____?

A: At half past seven. OK?

B: OK. See you then.

B(话题:业余生活)

根据下面的对话情景,在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子,使对话的意思连贯、完整。

A: Hi, Mary. Do you exercise in your free time?

B: 1. _____ I like doing exercise very much.

A: What's your favorite exercise?

B: I like running best. I often play tennis, too.

A: 2. _____?

B: I often run before breakfast every day.

A: 3. _____?

B: I play tennis four times a week.

A: How long do you usually play it each time?

B: 4. _____? What about you?

A: Oh, I hardly ever played any sports two years ago. I didn't like doing exercise. But now I usually walk to school with my friends.

B: I'm glad to hear that. 5. _____.

A: You're right.

C(话题:邀请/邀约)

根据下面的对话情景,在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子,使对话的意思连贯、完整。

A:Hello! This is Jenny speaking. May I speak to Mary?

B:1. _____.

A:Well, tomorrow is Saturday. 2. _____?

B:I don't have a plan. Where can we go?

A:3. _____? I have three tickets there.

B:Yes, I know the White Beach. I hear that it's very beautiful. I really want to go there with you.

A:Great. Let's go there tomorrow!

B:4. _____?

A:Let's meet at the bus station.

B:OK. Can we meet there at 8:00 a.m.? Because I have to prepare breakfast.

A:Yes, no problem. See you tomorrow.

B:5. _____.

D(话题:度假经历)

根据下面的对话情景,在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子,使对话的意思连贯、完整。

A:Hi, Sally. Do you like traveling around the world?

B:Yes, I do. I like traveling to different places.

A:Where did you go on vacation?

B:1. _____. You know, Beijing is one of the most famous cities in China.

A:Yeah, Beijing is the capital of China. 2. _____?

B:Yes, I did. I went to the Great Wall with some Chinese friends.

A:What do you think of it?

B:3. _____. As far as I know, there are no other man-made objects as big as it. It is the longest wall in the world.

A:Wow, that's amazing! 4. _____?

B:Everything tasted really good! There is lots of delicious food in Beijing. And I bought some Beijing duck for my parents.

A:5. _____?

B:Yes. Everyone had a good time there.

E(话题:食物制作)

根据下面的对话情景,在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子,使对话的意思连贯、完整。

A: How time flies! The summer vacation is already over.

B: Yes, that's right. Did you learn anything interesting during your vacation?

A: 1. _____ I learned how to make snacks (小吃) by myself.

B: 2. _____?

A: Sandwiches. I love sandwiches.

B: That sounds great. 3. _____?

A: Sure, no problem. Today I'd like to teach you to make a ham (火腿) sandwich.

B: OK. Is it difficult to make it?

A: Oh, no. 4. _____ First, get a piece of bread. Then put some mayonnaise (蛋黄酱) on it. Next, put some ham, lettuce and tomatoes on it.

B: Is that all?

A: No. After that, put another piece of bread on top of it. Now a sandwich is ready!

B: I see. 5. _____.

F(话题:课外活动)

根据下面的对话情景,在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子,使对话的意思连贯、完整。

A: Hi, Nick. Are you free next week? Let's go shopping together.

B: Hmm... 1. _____.

A: Really? What are you going to do next week?

B: 2. _____ So I have no time to go with you.

A: 3. _____?

B: I have soccer lessons three times a week and basketball lessons twice a week.

A: Wow! 4. _____?

B: Because my parents expect me to get better grades in P. E. But I'm so tired to take these sports lessons.

A: Come on! Parents always want the best for us. 5. _____

_____.

B: I think you are right.

鹤壁市2023—2024学年上期期末教学质量调研测试



时间:100分钟 分数:120分

一、听力理解(20小题,每小题1分,共20分)

第一节 听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话读两遍。



扫码听录音

- () 1. How often should the woman take the medicine?
A. Once a day. B. Twice a day. C. Three times a day.
- () 2. Why does Alan like shopping on the Internet?
A. Because it's interesting. B. Because the things online are better.
C. Because the things online are cheaper.
- () 3. When will the concert start?
A. At 6:00 p.m. B. At 7:00 p.m. C. At 8:00 p.m.
- () 4. How does Dora like yogurt?
A. She likes it a little. B. She likes it very much. C. She doesn't like it.
- () 5. In which subject did Henry get an A?
A. English. B. Geography. C. Math.

第二节 听下面几段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答第6至第7两个小题。

- () 6. Why does Jill ask Rick for help?
A. She doesn't know the meaning of a word.
B. She doesn't know how to buy a dictionary online.
C. She doesn't know how to use the online dictionary.
- () 7. Where may Jill and Rick be?
A. At Jill's home. B. In the classroom. C. On the playground.

听下面一段对话,回答第8至第9两个小题。

- () 8. Where is Johnny going?
A. To the concert. B. To the museum. C. To the cinema.
- () 9. What is Johnny's dream?
A. He wants to be a singer. B. He wants to be an actor.
C. He wants to be a headmaster.

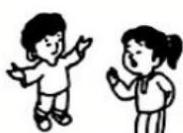
听下面一段独白,回答第 10 至第 12 三个小题。

- () 10. What does Jenny like to eat?
A. Biscuits, candy and apples. B. Strawberries, beef and fish.
C. Chocolate, sugar and ice-cream.
- () 11. What was wrong with Jenny last week?
A. She had a toothache. B. She had a cancer. C. She had a fever.
- () 12. How did Jenny feel when the doctor told her that many of her teeth were bad?
A. Mad. B. Tired. C. Afraid.

听下面一段对话,回答第 13 至第 15 三个小题。

- () 13. What's the relationship between the speakers?
A. Classmates. B. Doctor and nurse. C. Mother and son.
- () 14. How much money did the girl get in her dream?
A. One thousand dollars. B. One million dollars. C. Ten million dollars.
- () 15. What will the boy do if he has so much money?
A. He will give it to the poor. B. He will buy a house and a car.
C. He will travel around the world.

第三节 听下面一篇短文。按照你所听内容的先后顺序将下列图片排序。短文读两遍。



A



B



C



D



E

16. _____ 17. _____ 18. _____ 19. _____ 20. _____

二、阅读理解(20 小题,每小题 2 分,共 40 分)

阅读下面四篇语言材料,然后按文后要求做题。

A

It's World Environment Day!

The city library prepares some surprises for you on June 5th.

Tell stories

You can share stories about scientists or technology(科技) for saving the environment. It's OK if you are not good at telling stories.

Age: 13—17 years old

Place: in the hall of the first floor

Time: 8:00 a. m. —9:30 a. m.

Raise(筹集) money

You are welcome to be volunteers(志愿者) for this activity. We will use all the money to help animals in danger.

Age: over 15 years old

Place: in Room 3 of the third floor

Time: 10:00 a. m. —11:30 a. m.

Read books	Watch movies
<p>We have books on nature for you to read.</p>	<p>We have some movies about serious environmental problems.</p>
<p>Come to read in our reading club. You can share your ideas here with others.</p>	<p>Age: over 10 years old</p>
<p>Age: all ages</p>	<p>Place: in the movie center of the fifth floor</p>
<p>Place: in Room 4 of the fourth floor</p>	<p>Time: 4:30 p. m. — 7:30 p. m.</p>
<p>Time: 2:00 p. m. — 4:30 p. m.</p>	<p>The room can hold up to 50 people. So please call us one day earlier if you want to come.</p>

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

- () 21. Mike is refused to take part in the storytelling activity probably because _____
- A. he is fifteen years old B. he arrives at 10:30 a. m.
 C. he is not good at telling a story D. he goes to the hall of the first floor
- () 22. How long does the money-raising activity last?
- A. For two hours. B. For three hours.
 C. For two and a half hours. D. For one and a half hours.
- () 23. Jerry will be free at 2:30 p. m., which activity can he join in?
- A. He can tell a story. B. He can be a volunteer.
 C. He can read in the club. D. He can watch a movie.
- () 24. When should we call the library to see a movie?
- A. On June 5th. B. On June 3rd. C. On June 4th. D. On June 2nd.
- () 25. Which of the following is TRUE?
- A. Even little kids can read in the club.
 B. The movie is about the history of the library.
 C. The library raises money to clean the city.
 D. The storytelling activity is on the second floor.

B

Long long ago, there was a colorful bird living in the forest. She had two sisters.

One night, the queen (王后) of a country had a dream—a colorful bird flew after her. The next morning, she asked the king to hunt (猎杀) the colorful bird so that she could make a colorful hat. The king sent all of the hunters in his country to look for the colorful bird. One hunter found the colorful bird. When the hunter saw her, she was drinking water by the river.

When the bird saw the hunter, she tried to fly away. Unluckily, the hunter caught her with a net. She

shouted to other birds at once so that they could fly away. Every bird flew away, but her two sisters didn't.

The hunter saw the colorful bird's sisters. He asked them, "Why didn't you fly away?" They answered, "The colorful bird is our sister. We love each other."

The two birds' love for their sister touched the hunter's heart, so he let the colorful bird fly. After the king and the queen learned about the three birds' story, they decided not to kill the colorful bird.

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

- () 26. What did the colorful bird do in the queen's dream?
- A. She killed the king. B. She killed the queen.
C. She slept in the forest. D. She flew after the queen.
- () 27. Why didn't the colorful bird's sisters fly away?
- A. The hunter caught them. B. They were too scared.
C. They loved the colorful bird. D. They were too tired to fly.
- () 28. Which question could best help us find out the writer's purpose(目的)?
- A. Did the writer hope to keep a bird?
B. Did the writer want us to have fun?
C. Did the writer teach us to hunt birds?
D. Did the writer tell us a story of love?
- () 29. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
- A. The queen wanted to save the colorful bird.
B. The colorful bird lived with the king and the queen.
C. While the colorful bird was drinking water, a hunter saw her.
D. A colorful bird flew so quickly that the hunter couldn't catch her.
- () 30. Where may we read this passage?
- A. In the story column(栏) of a magazine. B. In the food column of a magazine.
C. In the travel column of a magazine. D. In the sports column of a magazine.

Of all the things we eat and drink, water is the most important. We can live without food for some days, but if we don't have water for three or four days, we may die. Do you know water well? Let me tell you.

The Blue Planet is another name of the earth. That's because about three-fourths of the earth is covered by water. People think we are not short of water. In fact, they are wrong. Most of the water is salt water. Only about 3% is fresh water that we can drink.

You might think that most of the fresh water on the earth is in the lakes and rivers. In fact, less than

1% of the fresh water can be found in these places. Around 70% of the earth's fresh water is ice in the polar(极地的) places. They are far from us. And the water there is tough to carry.

The second most fresh water on the earth is groundwater. Some places don't have fresh water from rivers and lakes, so the people there use groundwater for drinking and other uses. But because people use chemicals(化学制品) in farming and factories, some groundwater is polluted.

The earth has little usable water. Luckily, each of us can do something to save water. People are saving water wisely in their own cities. If we work together, we will have a better world.

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

- ()31. What percentage of the earth is covered by water?
A. About 25%. B. About 75%. C. About 43%. D. About 85%.
- ()32. What does the underlined word "tough" in Paragraph 3 mean?
A. Difficult. B. Common. C. Dangerous. D. Easy.
- ()33. Which one can lead to the pollution to groundwater according to the passage?
A. Rain. B. Ice. C. Salt. D. Chemicals.
- ()34. Which of the following is TRUE?
A. People are not short of water.
B. Most of the water on the earth is fresh water.
C. We can find most of the fresh water in the rivers on the earth.
D. About 70% of the earth's fresh water is ice in the polar places.
- ()35. What is the purpose of the passage?
A. Ask people to save water. B. Talk about the pollution.
C. Tell readers different kinds of water. D. Tell some things about fresh water.

D

When you are learning English, reading is very helpful. When you read, you can not only learn some new words, but also learn how to use them. When you read, it gives you a good example for writing. Here are some good reading tips.

Firstly, 36 Read something that you can understand. If it is too hard for you, it is not interesting.

Secondly, 37 If there are four or five new words on a page, don't use a dictionary. Instead, try to guess their meanings as you read, mark them with a pencil, then look them up in a dictionary when you finish reading, and write them down in your notebook, try to remember them.

Thirdly, 38 Fifteen minutes or half an hour every day is better than two hours every Sunday. For example, you can read before you go to bed or after you get up or at lunchtime.

Lastly, 39 You can choose a book or a magazine that you like. You can also read newspapers,

40 It's easy for you to understand.

根据材料内容,从下面五个选项中选出能填入文中空缺处的最佳选项,使文章意思通顺、内容完整。

- A. read what interests you.
- B. try to understand the new words.
- C. try to read at the right level(水平).
- D. and there are many English newspapers in China.
- E. try to read for a short time once a day.

36. _____ 37. _____ 38. _____ 39. _____ 40. _____

三、完形填空(15 小题,每小题 1 分,共 15 分)

先通读短文,掌握其大意,然后从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个可以填入相应空白处的最佳答案。

Jeff loved eating junk food and playing video games all day long. He didn't 41 and often stayed up late at night. As a result, he became heavy and unhealthy. One day, Jeff's doctor told him that he must 42 new habits if he wanted to stay healthy. Jeff was 43 and wondered what he would do.

"Well, you need to start eating healthier food and exercising," the doctor 44. "It's also important for you to get enough sleep." With these words, the doctor 45 him some guide books and a list of healthy food.

Jeff took the doctor's advice 46. He started to eat more fruit and vegetables and 47 junk food. He also exercised every day, 48 going for a run or going for a bike ride. He made sure to sleep eight hours every night and tried to do some reading or play music instead of playing video games.

At first, it was 49 for Jeff to go on his new lifestyle. "I miss my old hobbies," he 50 to his friend, Tom. "51 think about how much better you will feel if you keep it up," Tom said. "And we 52 exercise together to make it more fun."

Over time, Jeff became thinner. 53 was nice for him to feel better. In the end, he 54 that a healthy lifestyle was not only about physical health but also about mental(心理的) health. He thanked the doctor for making him 55 a happy and healthy life.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| () 41. A. speak | B. exercise | C. relax | D. talk |
| () 42. A. have | B. go | C. play | D. eat |
| () 43. A. worried | B. glad | C. relaxed | D. moved |
| () 44. A. arrived | B. heard | C. replied | D. invited |
| () 45. A. handed | B. borrowed | C. bought | D. kept |

- () 46. A. seriously B. angrily C. clearly D. widely
- () 47. A. get on B. look after C. put on D. cut down
- () 48. A. to B. like C. in D. on
- () 49. A. lazy B. hard C. exciting D. strict
- () 50. A. went B. listened C. said D. got
- () 51. A. Unless B. So C. But D. When
- () 52. A. can B. must C. need D. will
- () 53. A. This B. That C. It D. He
- () 54. A. forgot B. knew C. remembered D. guessed
- () 55. A. live B. order C. take D. become

四、语篇填空(15 小题,每小题 1 分,共 15 分)

第一节 阅读短文,从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词,每词限用一次。

write way make year that of good remember final as

As we will say goodbye to middle school, my classmates and I wanted to remember our experiences in middle school. We decided to create our own alumni book(同学录) to 56 the good times we had. As we worked on it, we found 57 it was a great way to remember our time in middle school. 58 we looked through old photos and remembered funny things that happened in the class, we all laughed. We 59 down our ideas for the future. And we gave the 60 wishes to each other.

One of the most important parts of 61 our alumni books was getting to work together. We helped each other with writing and drawing, and we shared our ideas. It was a great 62 to create something together. When we 63 finished our alumni books, we were so happy with the results. We created something to help us remember our time in middle school for 64 in the future.

As we will move onto high school, we know that we will always keep our memories(记忆) 65 middle school. And thanks to our alumni books, we will never forget the experiences and the people we met along the way.

56. _____ 57. _____ 58. _____ 59. _____ 60. _____
 61. _____ 62. _____ 63. _____ 64. _____ 65. _____

第二节 阅读短文,根据语篇要求填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。

Grace and her parents live on a small farm. From a young age, Grace does the work on the farm 66 her parents. At first, she didn't like it 67 all. But when she grew older, she began to know the meaning of hard work. One summer, her parents decided 68 let a group of young students do their summer work on their farm. They were all from the middle school. They hoped to learn about

farming. So Grace decided to teach them 69 to do the farm work. They planted trees and some vegetables. 70 was very hard to work at a high temperature, but it was also very meaningful. As the summer came to a close, Grace felt very happy because she helped others learn the meaning of hard work.

66. _____ 67. _____ 68. _____ 69. _____ 70. _____

五、补全对话(5 小题,每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

根据下面的对话情景,在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子,使对话的意思连贯、完整。

A: Hi! You didn't go to the picnic with us yesterday. What did you do then?

B: I watched a basketball match on TV with my father.

A: 71. _____?

B: It was really exciting. My favorite team won the game at last.

A: That was great. There will be a book sale this weekend at Xinhua bookstore. 72. _____?
_____?

B: I'd love to, but I'm going to visit my grandparents. How about Sunday morning?

A: 73. _____. How can we get there, by subway or by taxi?

B: Let's get there by subway. 74. _____.

A: You are right. 75. _____?

B: Let's make it eight.

A: OK. See you.

B: See you.

六、书面表达(20 分)

十年后,你的生活会是什么样的呢?假如本期学校英语报的征文题目是“*My life in ten years*”,请你根据下面的要点及要求,发挥想象,写一篇英语短文投稿。

要点:1. What will you be?

2. Where will you live?

3. What will you do in your free time?

要求:1. 文中不要出现所在学校的校名和师生姓名;

2. 词数 80 左右。

My life in ten years