

# Worksheet 1

## MSc/ICY SOFTWARE WORKSHOP

Non-Assessed Exercise. Hand in: Thursday 6 October 2016 2pm.

Follow the submission guidelines on

<https://birmingham.instructure.com/files/3232090>.

**Exercise 1: (Basic)** The area  $A$  of the circle is computed by  $\pi \cdot r^2$ . Write a **Java**-program that makes this computation, initialize the variable  $r$  to 5 and print the result. Which types do you use for the variables  $A$  and  $r$ ? (Hint: Use `Math.PI` and compute  $r^2$  as  $r * r$ .)

**Exercise 2: (Basic)**

- (a) Write a **Java**-program that converts masses given in the imperial system into kilograms. Make use of the following conversions:

1 ton	2240 pounds
1 hundredweight	112 pounds
1 quarter	28 pounds
1 stone	14 pounds
1 ounce	1/16 pounds
1 drachm	1/256 pounds
1 grain	1/7000 pounds
1 pound	0.45359237 kilograms

- (b) A person's weight corresponds to 11 stones and 6 pounds. Concretely the weight is stored by the two variables `stones = 11`; and `pounds = 6`; (all other variables such as `tons` are 0). Use your program to determine how many kilograms this is.

**Exercise 3: (Medium)** A capital of £ 100 is invested at a fixed interest rate of 2.3 per cent. The interest is added to the capital at the end of each year. Use the formula

$$\text{total} = \text{capital} * (1 + 0.01 * \text{interest\_rate})^{\text{years}}$$

to print the balance after each of the first 5 years and after 500 years.

**Exercise 4: (Advanced)** In the following **e1** and **d1** represent the fraction  $\frac{e1}{d1}$  and correspondingly **e2** and **d2** the fraction  $\frac{e2}{d2}$ , where **e1** and **e2** are integers and **d1** and **d2** positive integers. Write a Java program which computes numbers **es**, **ds** and **ep**, **dp**, which stand for the sum and the product of the two fractions, respectively. (E.g.,  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{6}$ , and  $\frac{1}{2} * \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{6}$ .)

Note that addition and multiplication on fractions are defined by:

$$\frac{e1}{d1} + \frac{e2}{d2} = \frac{e1 * d2 + e2 * d1}{d1 * d2} \quad \frac{e1}{d1} * \frac{e2}{d2} = \frac{e1 * e2}{d1 * d2}$$

Test your program for  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}$ ,  $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{4}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2} * \frac{2}{3}$ , and  $\frac{1}{4} * \frac{2}{3}$ .

**Exercise 5: (Advanced)**

The time is 11:49. We represent the time by two variables **hours** and **minutes**, that is, **hours** = 11; and **minutes** = 49;. Write a Java program that computes the angle between the hour hand and the minute hand on a traditional analogue clock. Angles should be measured counterclockwise from hour to minute hand. The result should be rounded and normalized so that it is between 0 and 359 (inclusively). For instance the angles at 3:00 and 9:00 hours should be 90° and 270°, respectively:



(Hint: 1 minute  $\simeq 6^\circ$ , 1 hour  $\simeq 30^\circ$ . Start from 12 o'clock.)

Note that your program must be able to compute the output for arbitrary inputs, in which hours may take values from 0 through 24 and minutes from 0 to 60. Furthermore, note that the hour hand moves also when the minute hand moves, e.g., at 0:20 the hour hand will have moved by  $10^\circ$ . Do not forget to write comments which explain why your program is correct.

Test your program for the following times: 9:00, 3:00, 18:00, 1:00, 2:30, and 4:41 (with results 270°, 90°, 180°, 30°, 255°, and 254°, respectively).