

# Exercise 1

Madeline Blasingame

205412802

10/8/2021

$$a. \text{var}(\bar{Y} + \hat{\beta}_1) = \text{var}(\bar{Y}) + \text{var}(\hat{\beta}_1) + 2 \text{cov}(\bar{Y}, \hat{\beta}_1)$$

$$\bar{Y} = \frac{1}{n} \sum Y_i$$

$$\text{we know: } \text{var}(\hat{\beta}_1) = \frac{\sigma^2}{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}$$

$$\text{var}(\bar{Y}) = \text{var}\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum Y_i\right) =$$

$$\frac{1}{n^2} \sum \text{var}(Y_i) = \frac{1}{n^2} \sum \sigma^2$$

$$\text{we know: } 2 \text{cov}(\bar{Y}, \hat{\beta}_1) = 0$$

$$= \frac{n \sigma^2}{n^2} = \frac{\sigma^2}{n}$$

$$\text{var}(\bar{Y} + \hat{\beta}_1) = \frac{\sigma^2}{n} + \frac{\sigma^2}{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}$$

$$b. E(\bar{Y} + \hat{\beta}_1)^2 =$$

$$\text{Rule: } \text{var}(X) = E(X^2) - E(X)^2$$

$$E(X^2) = \text{var}(X) + E(X)^2$$

$$\text{var}(\bar{Y} + \hat{\beta}_1) + [E(\bar{Y} + \hat{\beta}_1)]^2$$

$$\text{var}(\bar{Y} + \hat{\beta}_1) + [E(\bar{Y}) + E(\hat{\beta}_1)]^2 = \frac{\sigma^2}{n} + \frac{\sigma^2}{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2} + [\hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_i + \hat{\beta}_1]^2$$

Seen above

$\hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_i$

$\hat{\beta}_1$

$$\frac{\sigma^2}{n} + \frac{\sigma^2}{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}$$

$$c. \text{var}(\hat{Y}_i - e_i) = \text{var}(\hat{Y}_i - (Y_i - \hat{Y}_i)) = \text{var}(\hat{Y}_i - Y_i + \hat{Y}_i) =$$

$$\text{var}(2\hat{Y}_i - Y_i) = \text{var}(2\hat{Y}_i) + \text{var}(Y_i) - 2 \text{cov}(\hat{Y}_i, Y_i)$$

$$= 4 \text{var}(\hat{Y}_i) + \text{var}(Y_i) - 2 \text{cov}(\hat{Y}_i, Y_i)$$

$$\parallel$$

$$\sigma^2$$

Note:  $\text{cov}(y_i, \hat{y}_i) = \text{cov}(y_i, x_i \hat{\beta}_1) = x_i \text{cov}(y_i, \hat{\beta}_1) = x_i \text{cov}(y_i, \frac{\sum x_j y_j}{\sum x_j^2})$

$$= \frac{x_i}{\sum x_j^2} \text{cov}(y_i, \sum x_j y_j) = \frac{x_i}{\sum x_j^2} \sum_j x_j \text{cov}(y_i, y_j)$$

$$= \frac{x_i}{\sum x_j^2} \left[ x_i \text{cov}(y_i, y_i) + \sum_{j \neq i} x_j \text{cov}(y_i, y_j) \right] \stackrel{0}{=} \frac{x_i^2}{\sum x_j^2} \text{cov}(y_i, y_i)$$

$$= \frac{x_i^2}{\sum x_j^2} \sigma^2$$

Note:  $\text{var}(\hat{y}_i) = \sigma^2 \sum \left( \frac{1}{n} + (x_i - \bar{x}) k_j \right)^2 = \sigma^2 \sum \left[ \frac{1}{n^2} + (x_i - \bar{x})^2 k_j^2 + \frac{2}{n} (x_i - \bar{x}) k_j \right]$

$$= \sigma^2 \left( \frac{1}{n} + \frac{(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2} \right)$$

$$4 \text{var}(\hat{y}_i) + \text{var}(y_i) - 2 \text{cov}(\hat{y}_i, y_i) =$$

$$4 \sigma^2 \left( \frac{1}{n} + \frac{(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2} \right) + \sigma^2 - \frac{x_i^2}{\sum x_j^2} \sigma^2$$

d.  $\hat{y}_i = \sum h_{ij} y_j$   $\hat{y}_i = \bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_1 (x_i - \bar{x})$

$$\bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_1 (x_i - \bar{x}) = \sum h_{ij} y_j$$

$$n \sum y_j + \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x}) y_i}{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2} (x_i - \bar{x}) = \sum h_{ij} y_j$$

## Exercise 2

$$a. y_i - \bar{y} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 (x_i - \bar{x}) + \epsilon_i$$

$$y_i - \bar{y} \sim N(\beta_0 + \beta_1 (x_i - \bar{x}), \sigma^2)$$

$$L = \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{((y_i - \bar{y}) - \beta_0 - \beta_1 (x_i - \bar{x}))^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

$$\log(L) = \ell = -\frac{n}{2} \ln(2\pi\sigma^2) - \frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum (y_i - \bar{y}) - \beta_0 - \beta_1 (x_i - \bar{x})^2$$

$$\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial \beta_0} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum (y_i - \bar{y}) - \beta_0 - \beta_1 (x_i - \bar{x}) = 0$$

$$\underbrace{\sum (y_i - \bar{y})}_0 - \sum \beta_0 - \beta_1 \underbrace{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})}_0 = 0$$

$$- \sum \beta_0 = 0$$

$$- n \hat{\beta}_0 = 0$$

$$\hat{\beta}_0 = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial \beta_1} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum (y_i - \bar{y}) - \beta_0 - \beta_1 (x_i - \bar{x}) (x_i - \bar{x}) =$$

$$\frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum (y_i - \bar{y})(x_i - \bar{x}) - \beta_0 \sum (x_i - \bar{x}) - \beta_1 \sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2 = 0$$

$$\sum (y_i - \bar{y})(x_i - \bar{x}) = \beta_1 \sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2$$

$$\beta_1 = \frac{\sum (y_i - \bar{y})(x_i - \bar{x})}{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}$$

b. non-centered:

$$\sum e_i^2 = \sum (Y_i - \hat{Y}_i)^2 = \sum (Y_i - \hat{\beta}_0 - \hat{\beta}_1 x_i)^2 = \sum (Y_i - \bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_1 (x_i - \bar{x}))^2$$

centered:

$$\sum e_i^2 = \sum (Y_i - (\hat{Y}_i - \bar{y}))^2 = \sum (Y_i - \hat{\beta}_0 - \hat{\beta}_1 x_i + \bar{y})^2$$

c. Let  $Q_1 = \frac{(n-2) S_e^2}{\sigma^2}$  with  $Q_1 \sim \chi^2_{n-2}$

Then:  $S_e^2 = \frac{\sigma^2}{n-2} Q_1$

$$M_{S_e^2}(t) = M_{\frac{\sigma^2}{n-2} Q_1}(t) = M_{Q_1}\left(\frac{\sigma^2}{n-2} t\right)$$

$$M_{S_e^2}(t) = \left(1 - \frac{2\sigma^2}{n-2} t\right)^{-\frac{n-2}{2}} \quad \text{therefore}$$

$$S_e^2 \sim T\left(\frac{n-2}{2}, \frac{2\sigma^2}{n-2}\right) \quad \text{and} \quad \text{var}(S_e^2) = \frac{2\sigma^4}{n-2}$$

### Exercise 3

$$a. \quad E \left[ \frac{\bar{Y}}{s_e} \right] = E(\bar{Y}) E \left[ \frac{1}{s_e} \right]$$

//  
 $\hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_i$

$$E \left( \frac{1}{s_e} \right) = E(s_e^2)^{-1/2} \quad K = -1/2$$

$$= \frac{T \left( \frac{n-2}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{2\sigma^2}{n-2} \right)^{-1/2}}{T \left( \frac{n-2}{2} \right)}$$

$$E \left[ \frac{\bar{Y}}{s_e} \right] = (\hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_i) \left[ \frac{T \left( \frac{n-2}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{2\sigma^2}{n-2} \right)^{-1/2}}{T \left( \frac{n-2}{2} \right)} \right]$$

$$b. \quad E \left[ \frac{\beta_1^2}{s_{SE}} \right] = E[\beta_1^2] E \left[ \frac{1}{s_{SE}} \right] = E[\beta_1^2] E \left[ \frac{1}{s_{e_i^2}} \right]$$

$$c. \quad y_i = \frac{\theta}{2} x_i^2 + \epsilon_i \quad \rightarrow \quad y_i \sim N \left( \frac{\theta}{2} x_i^2, \sigma^2 \right)$$

Therefore the likelihood function equals:

$$L = \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-1/2 \sigma^2 (y_i - \frac{\theta}{2} x_i^2)^2}$$

$$\log(L) = l = -\frac{n}{2} \ln(2\pi\sigma^2) - \frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum (y_i - \frac{\theta}{2} x_i^2)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial l}{\partial \theta} = -\frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum (y_i - \frac{\theta}{2} x_i^2) \left( -\frac{1}{2} x_i^2 \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum -\frac{1}{2} x_i^2 y_i + \frac{\theta}{4} x_i^4 \quad -\frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{\theta}{2} x_i^4 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum x_i^2 y_i - \frac{\theta}{2\sigma^2} \sum x_i^4 = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum x_i^2 y_i - \frac{\theta}{2\sigma^2} \sum x_i^4 = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum x_i^2 y_i = \frac{\theta}{2\sigma^2} \sum x_i^4$$

$$2 \sum x_i^2 y_i = \theta \sum x_i^4$$

$$\hat{\theta} = \frac{2 \sum x_i^2 y_i}{\sum x_i^4}$$

idk maybe it follows a normal distribution

# Exercise 4

a.  $\text{Min } Q = \sum \epsilon_i^2$

$$\text{Min } Q = \sum (y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 x_i)^2 =$$

$$\sum y_i^2 - 2\beta_0 \sum y_i - 2\beta_1 \sum x_i y_i + n\beta_0^2 + 2\beta_0 \beta_1 \sum x_i + \beta_1^2 \sum x_i^2$$

$$\frac{2Q}{2\beta_1} = -2 \sum x_i y_i + 2\beta_0 \sum x_i + 2\beta_1 \sum x_i^2 = 0$$

$$2 \sum x_i y_i - 2\beta_0 \sum x_i = 2\beta_1 \sum x_i^2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = \frac{\sum x_i y_i - \beta_0 \sum x_i}{\sum x_i^2}$$

$$\frac{2Q}{2\beta_0} = -2 \sum y_i - 2n\beta_0 + 2\beta_1 \sum x_i = 0$$

$$2n\beta_0 = 2\beta_1 \sum x_i - 2 \sum y_i$$

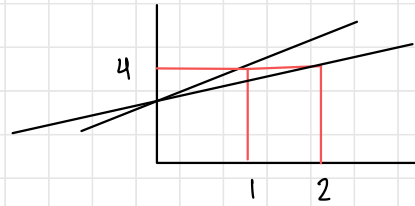
$$\hat{\beta}_0 = \frac{2\beta_1 \sum x_i - 2 \sum y_i}{2n}$$

b.  $R^2 = 1 - \frac{\sum \epsilon_i^2}{\sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2} = 1 - \frac{\sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}{\sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2} = \frac{\sum (y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 x_i)^2}{\sum (y_i - n \sum y_i)^2}$

c.  $\hat{y}_i = \sum h_{ij} y_j \quad y_i = \beta_1 x_i + \epsilon_i$

# Exercise 5

a.  $\beta_0^* = \hat{\beta}_0$  and  $\beta_1^* = \frac{\hat{\beta}_1}{z_i}$



$$\frac{4}{1} \rightarrow \frac{2}{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

b.  $R^2 = 1 - \frac{\sum e_i^2}{\sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2}$

$$\hat{y}_i = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_i = \bar{y} + \hat{\beta}_1 (x_i - \bar{x})$$

↪ "Fitted value"

Model 1:  $R^2 = 1 - \frac{\sum (y_i - \hat{\beta}_0 - \hat{\beta}_1 x_i)}{\sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2} = 1 - \left[ \frac{\sum y_i - n \hat{\beta}_0 - \hat{\beta}_1 \sum x_i}{\sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2} \right]$

Model 2:  $R^2 = 1 - \frac{\sum (y_i - \beta_0^* - \beta_1^* x_i)}{\sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2} = 1 - \frac{\sum (y_i - \hat{\beta}_0 - \frac{\hat{\beta}_1}{z_i} x_i)}{\sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2}$

$$= 1 - \left[ \frac{\sum y_i - n \hat{\beta}_0 - \frac{\hat{\beta}_1}{z_i} \sum x_i}{\sum (\hat{\beta}_0 + \frac{\hat{\beta}_1}{z_i} x_i - \bar{y})^2} \right]$$

c.  $\beta_1^* = \frac{\hat{\beta}_1}{z_i} \rightarrow \text{var}(\beta_1^*) = \text{var}\left(\frac{\hat{\beta}_1}{z_i}\right) = z_i^2 \text{var}(\hat{\beta}_1)$

$$= z_i^2 \frac{\sigma^2}{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}$$