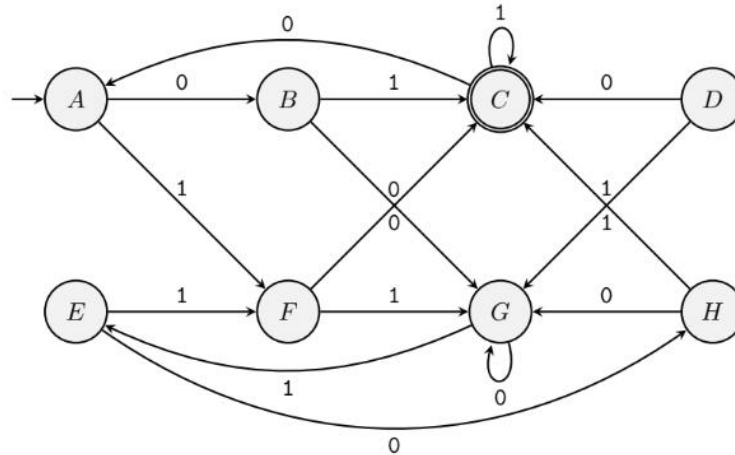


There are a total of six problems. You have to solve **any five** of them.

**Problem 1 (CO1): DFA Minimization (10 points)**

Minimize the following DFA. You must **show** all the steps of the minimization algorithm.



**Problem 2 (CO3): Nonregular Languages (10 points)**

Let  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ . Consider the following language.

$$L = \{w \in \Sigma^* : w = 0^n 1^m 0^k \text{ where } n = m \text{ or } m \neq k\}$$

- (a) Use the pumping lemma to **demonstrate** that  $L$  is not regular. (8 points)
- (b) **Find** a string  $w \in L$  such that there exist  $x, y, z \in \Sigma^*$  with  $y \neq \varepsilon$  such that  $w = xyz$  and  $xy^i z \in L$  for all  $i \geq 0$ . Does this contradict the pumping lemma? (2 points)

**Problem 3 (CO2): Derivations, Parse Trees and Ambiguity (10 points)**

Take a look at the grammar below and solve the following problems.

$$A \rightarrow A1 \mid 0A1 \mid 01$$

- (a) **Give** a leftmost derivation for the string 001111. (3 points)
- (b) **Sketch** the parse tree corresponding to the derivation you gave in (a). (2 points)
- (c) **Demonstrate** that there are two more parse trees (apart from the one you already found in (b)) for the same string. (4 points)
- (d) **Find** a string  $w$  of length six such that  $w$  has exactly one parse tree in the grammar above. (1 point)

**Problem 4 (CO2): Chomsky Normal Form (10 points)**

**Convert** the following grammar into Chomsky Normal Form. You must show work. Here **a**, **b**, **c** are terminals and the rest are variables.

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow \mathbf{b}X\mathbf{a}Y|ZX\mathbf{b} \\ X &\rightarrow \mathbf{a}Y | \mathbf{b}Y | Y \\ Y &\rightarrow X | \mathbf{c} | \varepsilon \\ Z &\rightarrow Z\mathbf{a}X \end{aligned}$$

**Problem 5 (CO4): The CYK Algorithm (10 points)**

**Apply** the CYK algorithm to determine whether the string **abcaa** can be derived in the following grammar. You must show the entire CYK table. Here **a**, **b**, **c** are terminals and the rest are variables.

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow CA \\ A &\rightarrow AA | AD | \mathbf{a} \\ B &\rightarrow AB | BC | \mathbf{b} \\ C &\rightarrow CA | BC | \mathbf{c} \\ D &\rightarrow \mathbf{a} \end{aligned}$$

**Problem 6 (CO2): Models Recognizing CFLs (10 points)**

Let  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ . Consider the following language.

$$L = \{w \in \Sigma^* : w = 0^n 1^n \text{ where } n \text{ is odd}\}$$

- (a) **Construct** a context-free grammar that generates  $L$ . (5 points)
- (b) **Design** a pushdown automaton that recognizes  $L$ . (5 points)