BRAC UNIVERSITY Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Examination: Quiz - 3 Duration: 30minutes

Semester: Fall 2024 Full Marks: 15

CSE 340: Computer Architecture

Name: Solution ID: Section: 06

1. Given the number $A = 1.1011 \times 2^2 32500$; can this number be represented using a 34-bit IEEE-754 floating-point format, where the fraction field is 12 bits? You must provide a justification for your answer.

[2+1]Biased Exp. Range = 0 to 2-1 = 0 to 2097151 = 1 to 2097150 Tusabie :. The mumber can be represented.

2. Suppose you have two floating point numbers 3.14 and 2.15 stored respectively in f2 and f3 registers. Now you run the following code:

feq.s X3, f2, f3

Answer:

After running the code, what would be the value inside the X3 register?

Note: both values stored in f2 and f3 are in IEEE-754 single precision format. [1]

Answer: $f_2 \neq f_3$; So, $x_3 = 0$

3. Given two numbers 119₁₀ and 127₁₀. We want to multiply these two numbers using the Long Multiplication method. Answer the following questions: [4]

110 = (111 OIII) 7 bito 127= (111 1111) 76/to

- a. How many iterations are necessary to complete this multiplication?
- b. What would be the size of the product register?
- c. What would be the size of the multiplier register?
- d. What would be the size of the inputs of ALU?

Answer:

- a. X bita
- b. 14 bita
- C. Zbita
- d. 14 bita

4. Given a number, W = 0xA00A05002 in 36-bit IEEE-754 representation, where the size of the fraction field is 16 bits. Find the equivalent decimal number of the given number W.

A00A05002

= 1010 0000 0000 1010 0000 0101 0000 0000 0010 S' exponent fraction

Bias = 2 -1 = 362143

Biased Exponent = 010 0000 0000 1010 0000 1010

-: Actual Exponent = 131232 - 262143 = -130011

=> Decimal number = $(-1)^{1} \times (1+0.0101\ 0000\ 0000\ 0010) \times 2^{-130911}$ = $-1.0101\ 0000\ 0000\ 0010\ \times 2^{-130911}$

is too small small so, calculator won't be able to convert it.