

BRAC UNIVERSITY
Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Examination: Quiz - 1
 Duration: 30 minutes

Semester: Fall 2024
 Full Marks: 15

CSE 340: Computer Architecture

Name: <u>Solution</u>	ID:	Section: <u>07</u>
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1. Given that Computer has a MIPS of 5, and it requires 5 seconds to execute a specific program, CPI is 2. Determine the number of total clock cycles for that program. [2]

Answer: $MIPS = 5$; 5M instructions run in 1s.

$$\begin{aligned} 1s &= 5M \text{ ins} \\ 5s &= (5 \times 5)M = 25M \text{ ins} \end{aligned} \quad \left| \quad \begin{aligned} \text{Clock Cycle} &= \text{Instruction Count} \times \text{CPI} \\ &= 25M \times 2 \\ &= 50M = 50,000,000 \text{ (Ans)} \end{aligned}$$

2. Suppose you have a brand new processor called "ProcessorX" which generates $4.5E12$ instructions while executing a program. The instructions are divided into classes as follows: 10% class A, 20% class B, 50% class C, and 20% class D. It comes with a clock rate of 2.5 GHz and CPIs of 1, 2, 3, and 3 respectively for each class of instructions. Find the increase in CPU time if the number of instructions is increased by 10% and the average CPI is increased by 5%. [5]

Answer:

	A	B	C	D
IC	4.5×10^{11}	9×10^{11}	2.25×10^{12}	9×10^{11}
CPI	1	2	3	3

$$IC_{new} = 4.95 \times 10^{12}$$

$$CPI_{new} = 2.73$$

$$CPU \text{ Time}_{new} = \frac{4.95 \times 10^{12} \times 2.73}{2.5 \times 10^9}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Avg. CPI} &= \frac{(4.5 \times 10^{11} \times 1 + 9 \times 10^{11} \times 2 + 2.25 \times 10^{12} \times 3 + 9 \times 10^{11} \times 3)}{4.5 \times 10^{12}} = 2.6 \\ CPU \text{ time} &= \frac{4.5 \times 10^{12} \times 2.6}{2.5 \times 10^9} = \frac{4680 \times 10^3}{2.5} = 1872 \text{ s} \end{aligned}$$

$$= 5405.4 \text{ s}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Increase} &= (5405.4 - 4680) \text{ s} \\ &= 725.4 \text{ s} \end{aligned}$$

3. Consider a computer running a program that requires 200 s, with 70 s spent executing R-type instructions, 85 s executed I/S type instructions, and 45 s spent executing branch instructions. Can the total time be reduced by 20% by reducing only the time for branch instructions? If yes, Determine the improvement factor. [3]

Answer: $T_{old} = 200 \text{ s}$

$$T_{affected} = T_{branch} = 45 \text{ s}$$

$$T_{unaffected} = (200 - 45) = 155 \text{ s}$$

$$T_{improved} = (200 \times 0.8) = 160 \text{ s}$$

$$160 = \frac{45}{n} + 155$$

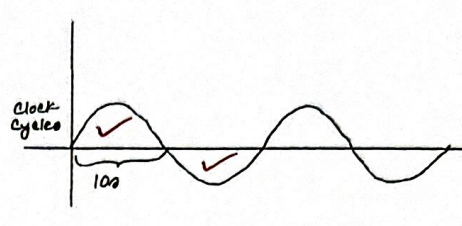
$$\Rightarrow \frac{45}{n} = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 9$$

Yes.

$$\text{Improvement Factor} = 9 \text{ (Ans)}$$

4.

ADD X₂₀, X₂₁, X₂₂ — 1 ADD X₂₀, X₂₁, X₂₁ — 2 SUB X₂₀, X₂₁, X₂₂ — 3 SUB X₂₀, X₂₁, X₂₂ — 4 ADD X₂₀, X₂₁, X₂₂ — 5 ADD X₂₀, X₂₁, X₂₂ — 6 LD X₂₀, 10(X₂₁) — 7 ADD X₂₀, X₂₁, X₂₂ — 8 SD X₂₁, 10(X₂₀) — 9	
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CPI for Add, Sub, LD, SD instructions are 3, 2, 4, 5.

- Find the number of instructions in the above code. [1] — 9
- Find the average CPI. [1]
- Find the clock cycle time. [1]
- Find the time to execute this program. [2]

a) 9 instructions

b)

Inst	Add	Sub	LD	SD
CPI	3	2	4	5
I.C	5	2	1	1

$$\text{Average C.P.I} = \frac{(3 \times 5) + (2 \times 2) + (4 \times 1) + (5 \times 1)}{9}$$

$$= 3.11$$

c)

Clock Cycle Time = Time taken to complete 1 clock

$$= (10 + 10) = 20 \text{ ns}$$

d) CPU time = 9 × 3.11 × 20

$$= 560 \text{ ns}$$