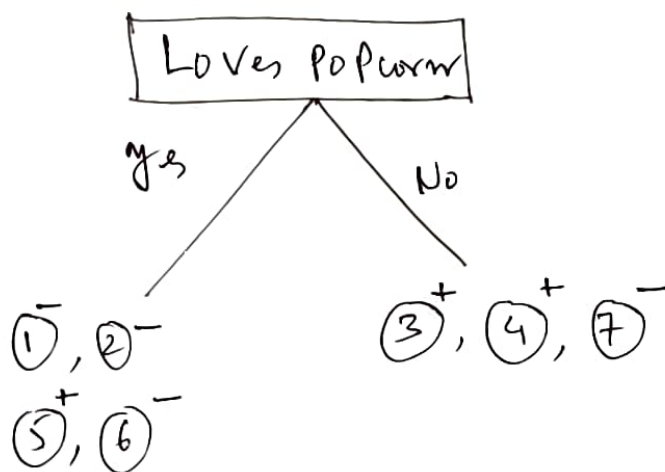
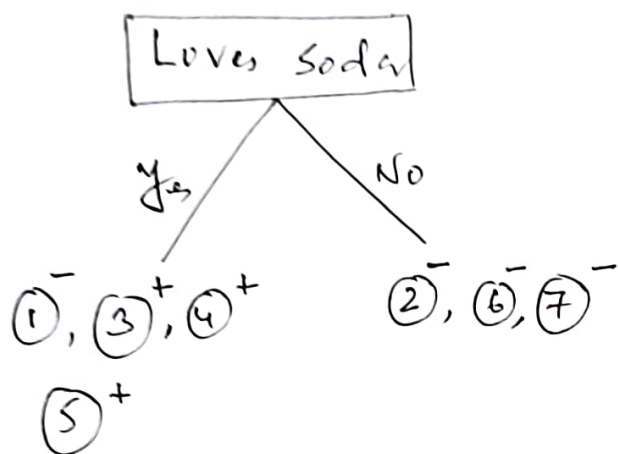


	Loves Popcorn	Loves Soda	Age	Loves Troll 2
①	Yes	Yes	7	No
②	Yes	No	12	No
③	No	Yes	18	Yes
④	No	Yes	35	Yes
⑤	Yes	Yes	38	Yes
⑥	Yes	No	50	No
⑦	No	No	83	No



$$\begin{aligned}
 G(\text{Loves Popcorn}) &= \frac{4}{7} \left\{ 1 - \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 \right\} \\
 &\quad + \frac{3}{7} \left\{ 1 - \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 \right\} \\
 &= 0.405
 \end{aligned}$$

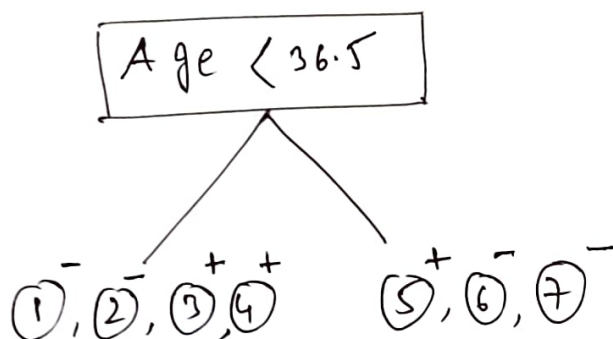
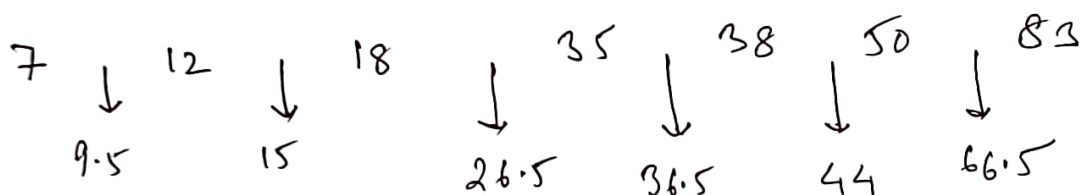


$$G(\text{Loves Soda})$$

$$= \frac{4}{7} \left\{ 1 - \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 \right\} + \frac{3}{7} \left\{ \left(\frac{0}{3}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{3}{3}\right)^2 \right\}$$

$$= 0.214$$

Age



$$G(\text{Age} < 36.5)$$

$$= \frac{4}{7} \left\{ 1 - \left(\frac{2}{4}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{2}{4}\right)^2 \right\} + \frac{3}{7} \left\{ 1 - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 \right\}$$

$$= 0.476$$

$$\text{Age} < 9.5 \\ 0.429$$

$$\text{Age} < 15 \\ 0.343$$

$$\text{Age} < 26.5 \\ 0.476$$

$$\text{Age} < 36.5 \\ 0.476$$

$$\text{Age} < 44 \\ 0.343$$

$$\text{Age} < 66.5 \\ 0.429$$

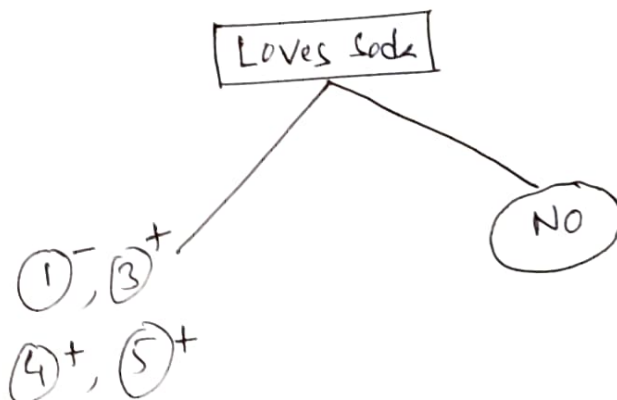
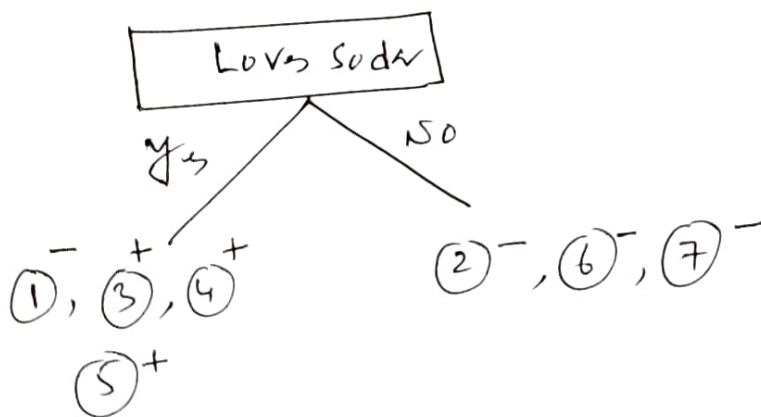
$$\text{Age} < 15 \text{ / } \text{Age} < 44 \rightarrow \text{Winner}$$

Now

$$G(\text{Loves Soda}) = 0.214$$

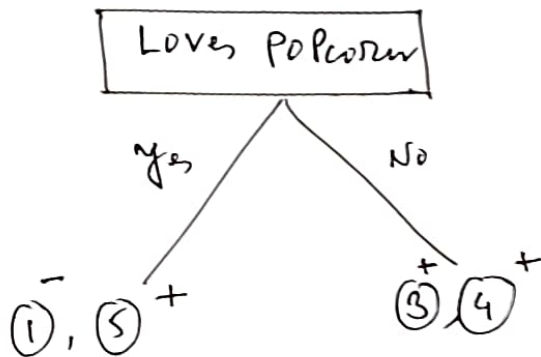
$$G(\text{Loves Popcorn}) = 0.405$$

$$G(\text{Age} < 15) = 0.343$$



	Loves Popcorn	Loves Soda	Age	Loves Troll 2
①	Yes	Yes	7	No
③	No	Yes	18	Yes
④	No	Yes	35	Yes
⑤	Yes	Yes	38	Yes

~~Loves Popcorn~~

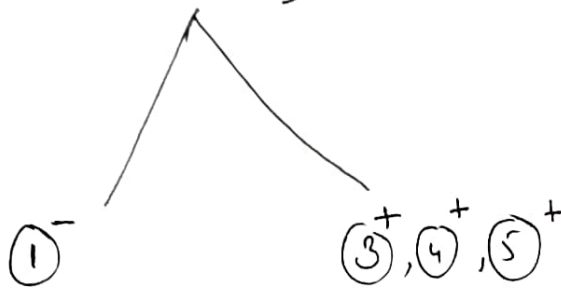


$$G(\text{Loves Popcorn}) = 0.25$$

Age

7	18	35	38
↓	↓	↓	
12.5	26.5	36.5	

~~G~~ (Age < 12.5)



$$\begin{aligned}
 G(\text{Age} < 12.5) &= \frac{1}{4} \left\{ 1 - \left(\frac{0}{1}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{1}\right)^2 \right\} \\
 &\quad + \frac{3}{4} \left\{ 1 - \left(\frac{3}{3}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{0}{3}\right)^2 \right\} \\
 &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

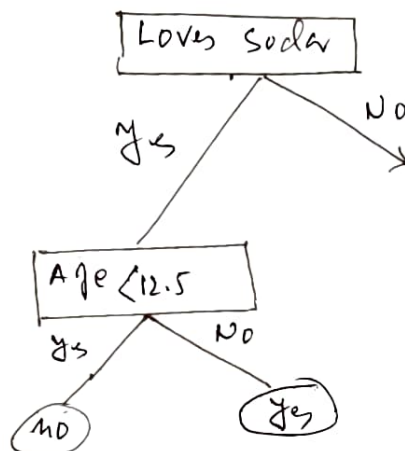
Calculate $G(\text{Age} < 26.5)$ and $G(\text{Age} < 36.5)$

$G(\text{Age} < 12.5) = 0$ is the minimum

$$G(\text{Loves Popcorn}) = 0.25$$

$$G(\text{Age} < 12.5) = 0$$

$G(\text{Age} < 12.5)$ is the winner



To Avoid over fitting we may put a restriction on the number of examples in a ~~leaf~~^{node}. If a ~~leaf~~^{node} contains, i.e., 10 or less examples, this ~~leaf~~^{node} should not be extended further and converted to a leaf. The majority class in the leaf will determine the label of the leaf.

The cross validation approach may be used to find out the appropriate number of examples.

The other more effective approach for avoiding over fitting is tree pruning.