Predicting the 2026 FIFA World Cup Winner through Machine Learning Analysis

Hacettepe University VBM 683 - Machine Learning

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Introduction

- FIFA World Cup Overview
 - One of the most prominent international football tournaments
 - Played every four years since 1930
- Recap of the 2022 FIFA World Cup
 - Location: Qatar
 - Final: Argentina vs. France
 - Champion: Argentina
- Upcoming 2026 FIFA World Cup
 - 48 teams
 - No information about groups and qualified teams yet
 - 16 cities among North America countries:
 - Canada
 - Mexico
 - USA

Objectives

The primary objectives are to:

- Utilize machine learning techniques to analyse historical data of international games and develop predictive models for determining the winner of 2026 FIFA World Cup.
- Conduct a comprehensive evaluation of the developed prediction models to identify and select the best-performing model, including the assessment of performance metrics.

Paul, the Octopus

From Tentacles to Terabytes

• Predicted 12 out of 14 games correctly. Accuracy = ~85.7%.

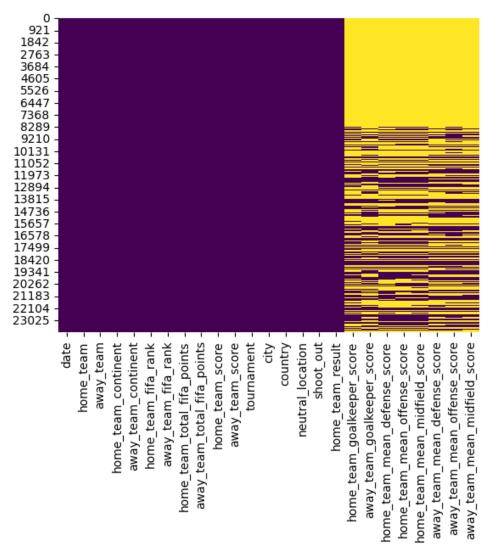


Data Source

- Retrieved from kaggle (https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/brenda89/fifa-world-cup-2022/data)
- International games from August 1993 to June 2022
- 23921 games (rows) x 25 features (columns) including:
 - Date
 - Teams and Their Continents
 - Fifa Ranks
 - Total FIFA Points
 - Goals Scored
 - Tournament
 - Location
 - Penalty Shootouts
 - Result
 - Average Player Position Strength

Data Preprocessing

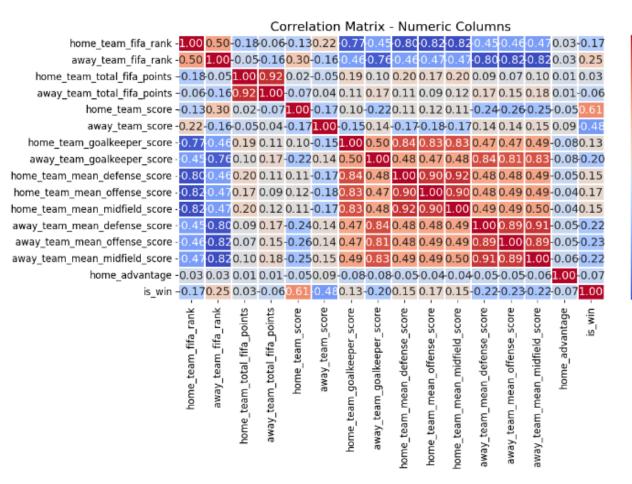
- Checked for Duplicate Data
- Transformed Data Types
- Checked Missing Values
 - Heatmap Visualization



Heatmap Visualization of the Dataset

Feature Engineering

- New Features Added
 - Home Advantage (Binary)
 - Is Win? (Binary)
- Correlation Matrix Examined



Correlation Matrix of Numerical Features

- 1.00

0.75

- 0.50

- 0.25

0.00

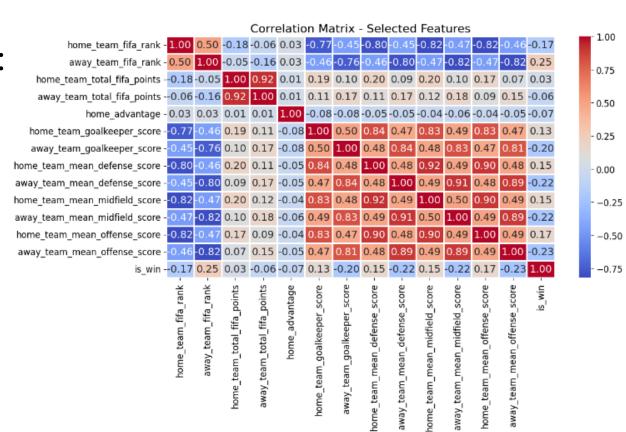
- -0.25

-0.50

-0.75

Feature Engineering

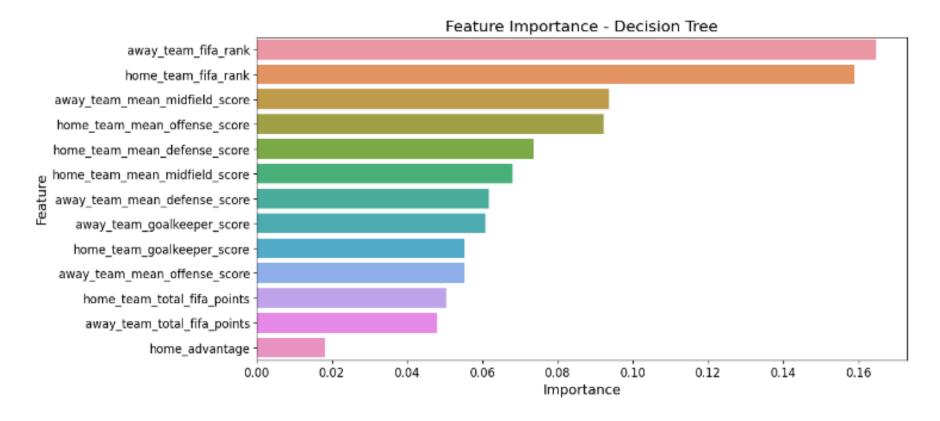
- Following Features were Selected:
 - Home and Away Team FIFA Ranks
 - Home and Away Team Total FIFA Points
 - Home Advantage
 - Home and Away Team Position Scores



Correlation Matrix of Selected Features

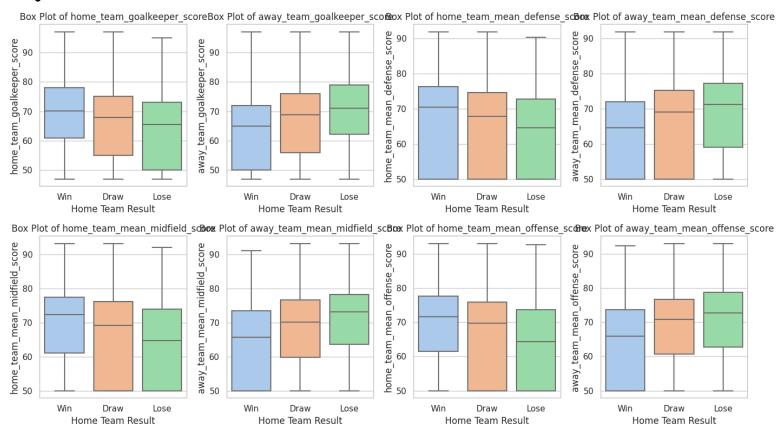
Feature Engineering

• Feature Importance for Decision Tree



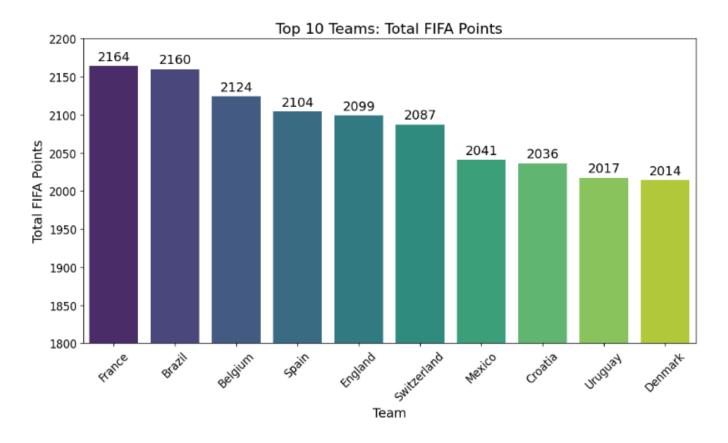
Feature Engineering

- Boxplots
 - Each Player Position Score vs. Home Team Result

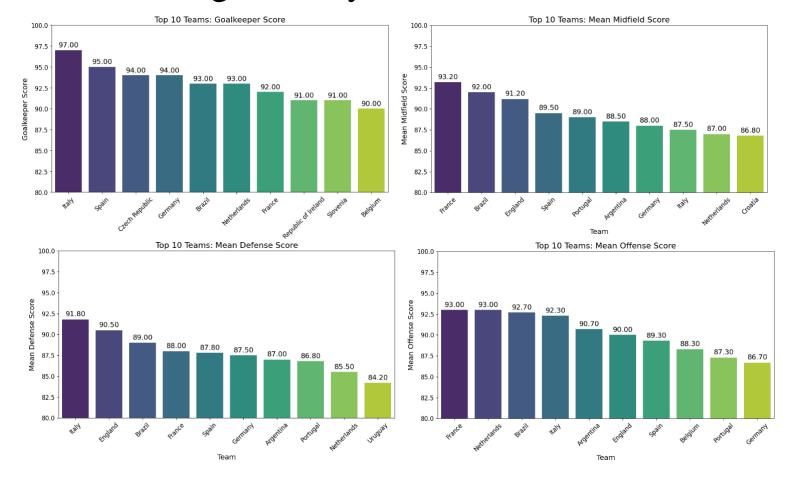


- Top 10 Teams with Highest Total FIFA Ranks
- Top 10 Teams with Highest Player Position Scores
- Top 10 Teams with Highest Win Rates
- Distribution of Home Team Results

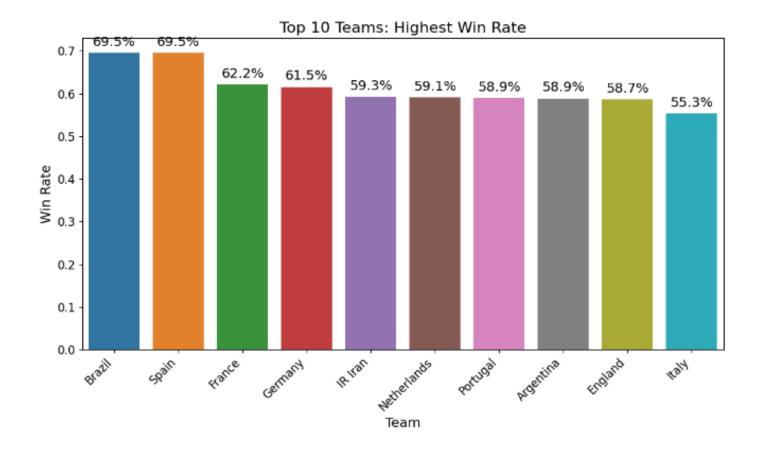
• Top 10 Teams with Highest Total FIFA Ranks



• Top 10 Teams with Highest Player Position Scores

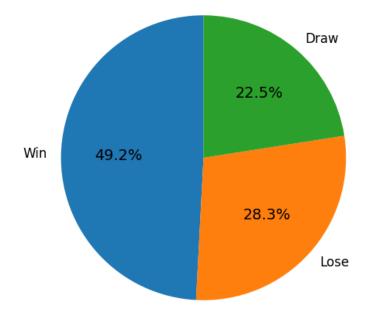


• Top 10 Teams with Highest Win Rates



• Distribution of Home Team Results

Distribution of Home Team Results



Methodology

- Classification Models (sklearn)
 - Decision Tree sklearn.tree.DecisionTreeClassifier
 - Neural Network sklearn.neural_network.MLPClassifier
 - Bayes Classifier sklearn.naive_bayes.GaussianNB
 - Support Vector Machines (SVM) sklearn.svm.SVC
 - Deep Learning sklearn.neural_network.MLPClassifier
- Dataset Training & Testing (train_test_split)
 - 80% for training
 - 20% for testing

Methodology

- Performance Metrics
 - Confusion Matrix
 - Accuracy, Precision, Recall, F-Measure
 - Precision vs. Recall Curve
 - Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) Curve

Results & Discussion

Confusion Matrix

TABLE I. CONFUSION MATRIX - DECISION TREE MODEL

	Predicted			
_		Win	Not Win	
Actual	Win	1422	950	
	Not Win	896	1517	

TABLE II. CONFUSION MATRIX - NEURAL NETWORK MODEL

	Predicted			
		Win	Not Win	
Actual	Win	1927	445	
Ą	Not Win	1117	1296	

TABLE I. CONFUSION MATRIX

	Predicted Class			
Actual Class		Class = YES	Class = NO	
	Class = YES	TP	FN	
	Class = NO	FP	TN	

TABLE III. CONFUSION MATRIX - BAYES CLASSIFIER MODEL

	Predicted			
Actual		Win	Not Win	
	Win	1622	750	
	Not Win	767	1646	

TABLE IV. CONFUSION MATRIX – SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINES MODEL

	Predicted			
		Win	Not Win	
Actual	Win	1620	752	
	Not Win	729	1684	

TABLE V. CONFUSION MATRIX - DEEP LEARNING MODEL

	Predicted			
		Win	Not Win	
Actual	Win	864	1508	
	Not Win	245	2168	

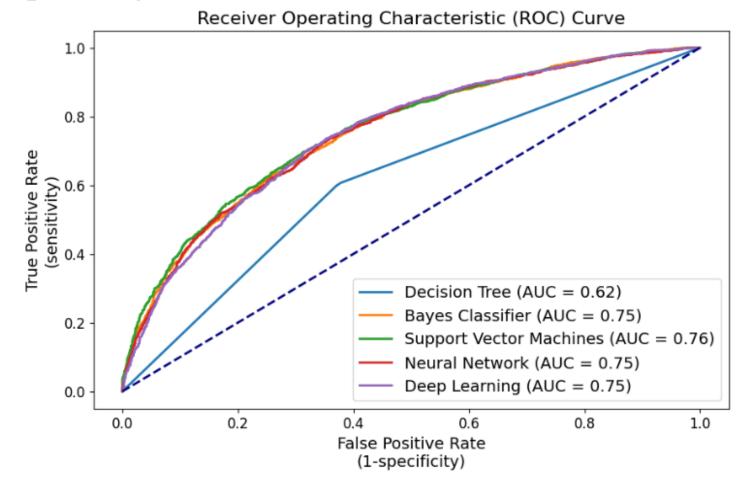
Results & Discussion

• Accuracy, Precision, Recall, F-Measure

Model	Accuracy (%)	Precision (%)	Recall (%)	F-Measure (%)
Decision Tree	60.86	60.69	59.70	60.19
Neural Network	66.96	70.03	58.31	63.63
Bayes Classifier	68.30	67.89	68.38	68.14
Support Vector Machines	69.05	68.97	68.30	68.63
Deep Learning	69.13	70.92	63.95	67.26

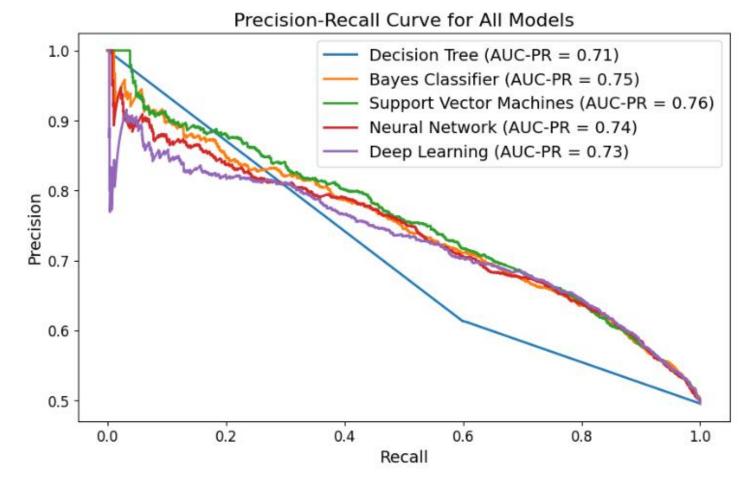
Results & Discussion

• Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) Curve



Results & Discussion

• Precision vs. Recall



Results & Discussion

- Support Vector Machines (SVM) model
 - Accuracy = 69.05%
 - Precision = 68.97%
 - Recall = 68.30%
 - F-Measure = 68.63%
 - AUC = 76%
 - AUC-PR = 75%

Overall – Balanced Performance!

Methodology

- Prediction model created based on SVM
- Assumption: Top 48 teams based on their total FIFA points qualified for the 2026 FIFA World Cup.



Methodology

- Number of iterations = 10,000
- Random shuffling of teams at each stage to consider uncertainty
- Stages:
 - Group Stage
 - Round of 32
 - Round of 16
 - Quarterfinals
 - Semifinals
 - Final

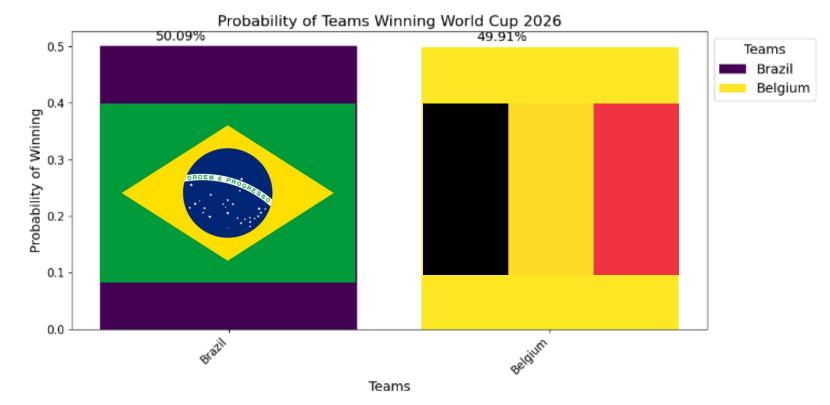
Results & Discussion

• Brazil: 50.09%

• Belgium: 49.91%

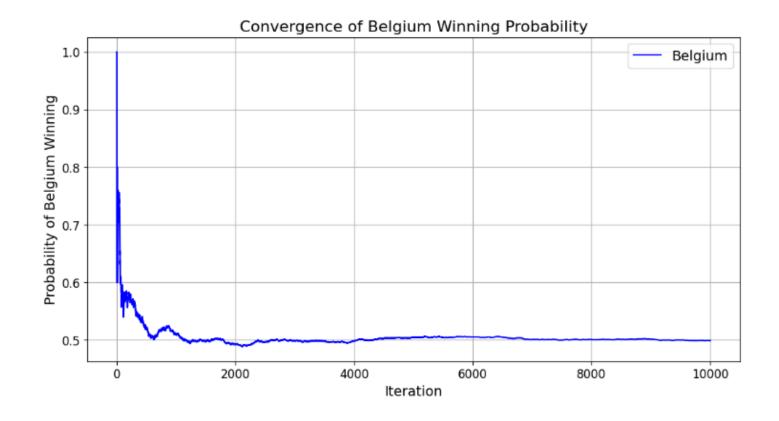






Results & Discussion

• Convergence Graph



Conclusion

- Objective:
 - To predict the winner of 2026 FIFA World Cup according to historical data using machine learning techniques
- Steps Implemented:
 - Data Collection and Preprocessing
 - Exploratory Data Analysis
 - Evaluation of Prediction Models
 - SVM Selected for Balanced Performance
 - Simulation of the Tournament
 - Random Shuffling with 10,000 iterations
 - Competitive Results Between Brazil (50.09%) and Belgium (49.91%)



Future Work

- Addressing Missing Data
- Enhanced Data Exploration and Feature Engineering
- Exploring other Machine Learning Classification Models
- Hyperparameter Tuning
- Inclusion of Year Information
- Considering Games that Resulted in Draw
- Excluding Friendly Games from the Dataset
- Revisiting the Simulation After the Qualified Teams and Groups are Officially Published

THANK YOU!

#This is not an investment advice!