

$$1) F = \frac{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r A V^2}{2d^2} = \frac{(8.854 \times 10^{-12})(1)(500 \times 10^{-6})^2 (100)^2}{2(10 \times 10^{-6})^2} = 110.675 \mu N$$

$$2) \bar{V} = 100V$$

$$V_{rms} = \frac{100}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$F = \frac{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r A V_{rms}^2}{2d^2} = \frac{(8.854 \times 10^{-12})(1)(500 \times 10^{-6})^2 (100)^2}{4(10 \times 10^{-6})^2} = 55.34 \mu N$$

$$3) V_{PI} = \sqrt{\frac{8kd^3}{27A\epsilon_r\epsilon_0}} = \sqrt{\frac{8(50)(10 \times 10^{-6})^3}{27(500 \times 10^{-6})^2(1)(8.854 \times 10^{-12})}} = 81.81V$$

$$4) F = Kx$$

$$\frac{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r A V^2}{2(d-x)^2} = Kx$$

$$V = \sqrt{\frac{2(d-x)^2 Kx}{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r A}} = \sqrt{\frac{2(10 \times 10^{-6} - 1 \times 10^{-6})^2 (50)(1 \times 10^{-6})}{(8.854 \times 10^{-12})(1)(500 \times 10^{-6})^2}} = 60.49V$$

$$5) f_{d1} = \frac{f_s}{1 + \frac{x}{c}} = \frac{20,000}{1 + \frac{10}{331}} = 19,413 \text{ KHz at moving object}$$

$$f_d = \frac{f_{d1}}{1 + \frac{x}{c}} = \frac{19,413}{1 + \frac{10}{331}} = 18,844 \text{ KHz back at source}$$

$$6) f_{d1} = \frac{f_s}{1 + \frac{x}{c}} = \frac{20,000}{1 - \frac{10}{331}} = 20,623 \text{ KHz at moving object}$$

$$f_d = \frac{f_{d1}}{1 + \frac{x}{c}} = \frac{20,623}{1 - \frac{10}{331}} = 21,265 \text{ KHz back at source}$$