

- \vec{x} : position, \vec{v} : velocity, \vec{a} : acceleration

$$\vec{x} \cdot \frac{d}{dt} = \vec{v} ; \quad \vec{v} \cdot \frac{d}{dt} = \vec{a} \quad \boxed{\text{eq. 1}}$$

$$\int \vec{a} \cdot dt = \vec{v} ; \quad \int \vec{v} \cdot dt = \vec{x}$$

in every 200ms [5Hz] Brake position sensor reads its position and save it on circular buffer. The relation between Deceleration and Brake Pos. is;

↳ Range $\Rightarrow 0 - 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ ↳ Range $\Rightarrow 0 - 100\%$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\text{Deceleration} - \text{Brake Position}}{10}$$

from eq. 1 we can obtain Velocity and its position, Therefore;

if the Deceleration Rate of Change is positive (increasing)

and

$$\frac{(\text{Current Decel} - \text{Last Decel})}{\Delta t \sim [200\text{ms}]} \Rightarrow \text{Rate of Change}$$

if Velocity Rate of Change is Negative (Decreasing)

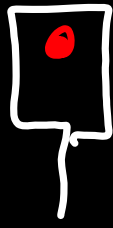
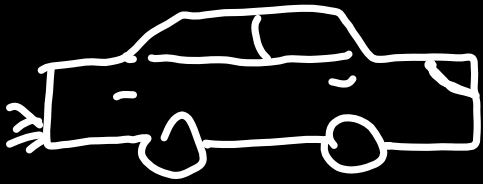
and

if Brake Position Rate of Change is Positive (increasing)

then

if (Pedal position ≥ 10)
 \rightarrow EMERGENCY WILL BE SENAD

Reason why I put the limit?



Red Light!

Assume the car is slowing down but there is no
EEBL case because everyone can see the light and
without Brake Position Limit at first case because
of the ~ Velocity \downarrow Deceleration \uparrow Brake Position \uparrow without
Pedal Limiter **WARNING** message may be sent and
this is an informal signal. Hence, there is no emer-
gency case. So, purpose is increasing system reli-
ability.

work flow

in real life
its much more
higher.

Read Sensor 5Hz



identify EEBL Case

MAX EMERG.
NO EMERG.
EMERGENCY



copy current specifications to
[speed, deceleration, position, eeb]

u8 buffer



send data over Network

All of the car have this system,
so we should implement system
to both case

