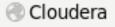
Atelier Hadoop

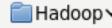
Application 1 : Manipulation du fichiers sous HDFS



Med EL ASSAD AU: 2021/2022









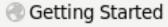












En octobre 2018, Cloudera et Hortonworks annonçaient leur fusion.

Quelques mois plus tard, en mars 2019, les deux entreprises dévoilaient <u>le</u>

fruit de leur alliance : la Cloudera Data Platform, premier cloud de

données d'entreprises (Enterprise Data Cloud).

Dans le cadre de l'événement annuel Cloudera Strata qui se déroulait cette semaine à New York, la CDP a enfin été lancée.

Hortonworks et Cloudera, les deux géants du Big Data, annoncent la fusion de leurs entreprises et de leurs plateformes. Ensemble, les deux firmes comptent combiner leurs atouts respectifs pour dominer les marchés du Data Management, du Machine Learning ou encore du Cloud hybride.

Depuis maintenant plusieurs années, trois vendeurs de distributions Hadoop se disputent le marché du Big

Data : MapR, Cloudera et Hortonworks.

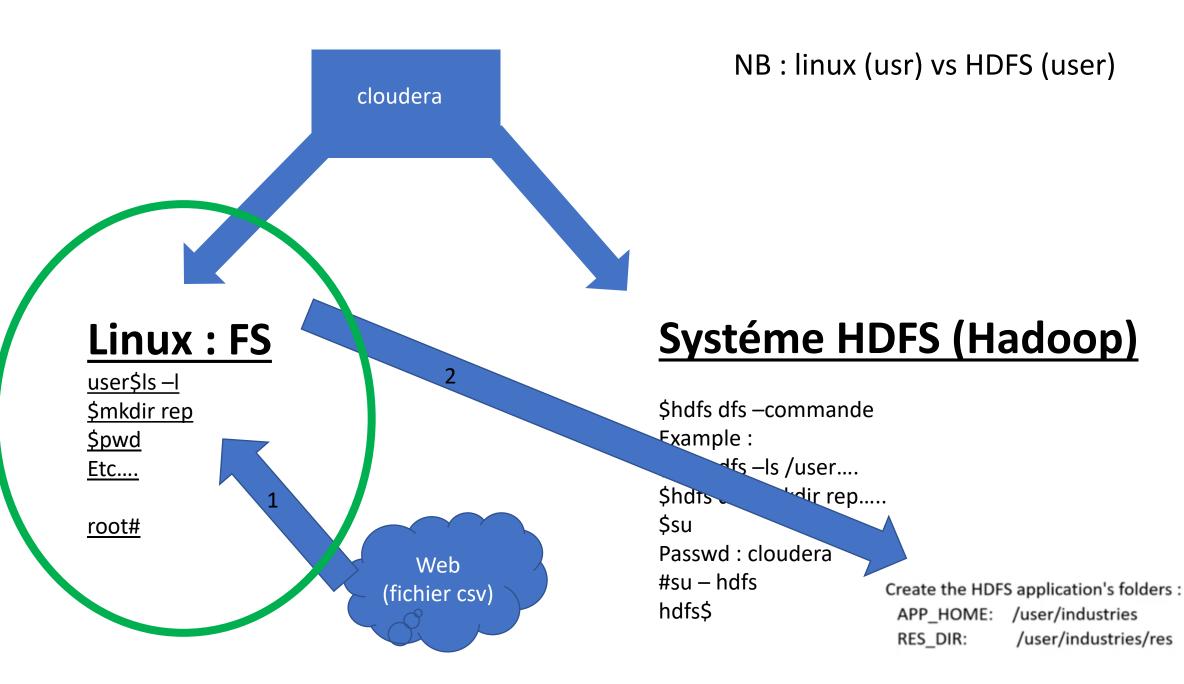
Pour se distinguer, Cloudera et MapR ont ait le choix de proposer des add-on propriétaires à leurs distributions Hadoop.

Hortonworks, de son côté, a préféré rester le plus fidèle possible à la version originale proposée par Apache en open-source.

Cependant, si MapR se démarque fortement par son système fichier propriétaire, les différences entre les écosystèmes de Cloudera et Hortonworks ont toujours été minimes. Aujourd'hui, les deux entreprises annoncent leur fusion.

Cette décision stratégique a pour but d'accélérer le développement du marché, de stimuler l'innovation, et de produire des bénéfices substantiels pour les clients, les partenaires et la communauté. Selon Tom Reilly, CEO de Cloudera, les deux entreprises sont très complémentaires.

Il estime notamment que les investissements d'Hortonworks dans le domaine du Data Management End-to-End vont compléter les investissements de Cloudera dans le Data Warehousing <u>et le Machine Learning</u>.



Besoins

Wind_10 Cloudera VMware | VBox Réseau (Vmnet 8 : NAT Git bash

Vmware →

Vmnet 0 : linux (mv) accés l'internet.

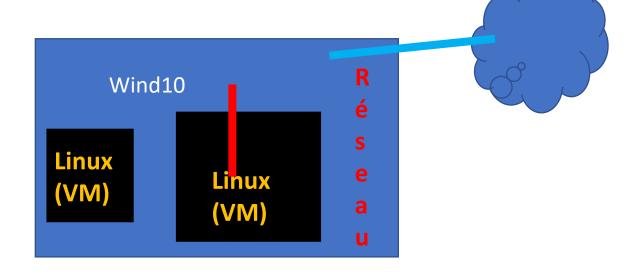
Carte wifi pont : bridge

Vmnet 1

Vmnet7

Vmnet8 (NAT : Network Adress Translation) :

+ieurs Machines



The main Hadoop HDFS command-lines:

We can perform Hadoop HDFS file operations like changing the file permissions, viewing the file contents, creating files or directories, copying file/directory from the local file system to HDFS or vice-versa, etc



Additional HDFS command-lines:

Performing additional HDFS file operations like moving a file, deleting a file, changing files permissions, setting replication factor, changing files ownership, ...



We have seen the main HDFS command lines:

Get hadoop version:

Hadoop version

Create directories:

hdfs dfs -mkdir /hdfs_path/Dir_Name

Download file to hdfs:

```
hdfs dfs -put <localSrc> <hdfs dest>
```

Hdfs dfs -copyFromLocal <localSrc> <hdfs dest>

Upload file from hdfs:

```
Hdfs dfs -get <hdfs Src> <Local dest>
```

Hdfs dfs -copyToLocal <hdfs Src> <Local dest>

List files and directories:

Hdfs dfs -ls [-R] /hdfs_path

Additional HDFS command-lines:

Moves the file or directory from the local filesystem to the destination in Hadoop HDFS:

hdfs dfs -moveFromLocal <localsrc> <HDFS dest>

Moves the file or directory from the HDFS to the destination in the local filesystem:

hdfs dfs -moveToLocal <hdfs src> <localdest>

Shows the last 1KB of a file on console or stdout:

hdfs dfs -tail [-f] </path_file> #The -f shows the append data as the file grows.

Removes the file or directory present in the specified path:

hdfs fs -rm [-R] <path>

Makes the trash empty:

hdfs dfs -expunge

Additional HDFS command-lines:

Changes the group of the file specified in the path:

hdfs dfs -chgrp <group> <path>

Changes the replication factor to a specific count for the file specified in the path:

hdfs dfs -setrep <rep Factor> <path>

If used for a directory, then it will recursively change the replication factor for all the files residing in the directory.

Prints a summary of the amount of disk usage of all files/directories in the path:

hdfs dfs -du -s /directory/filename

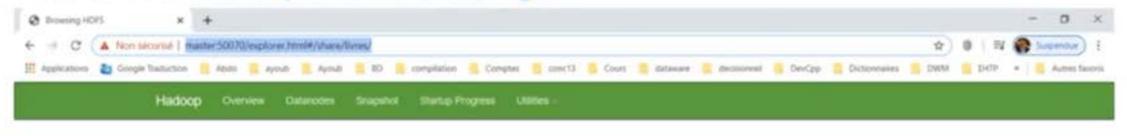
Shows the capacity, size, and free space available on the HDFS file system:

Hdfs dfs -df [-h] <path>

Check the health of the HDFS:

fsck <path> [-move | -delete | -openforwrite] [-files [-blocks [-locations | -racks]]]

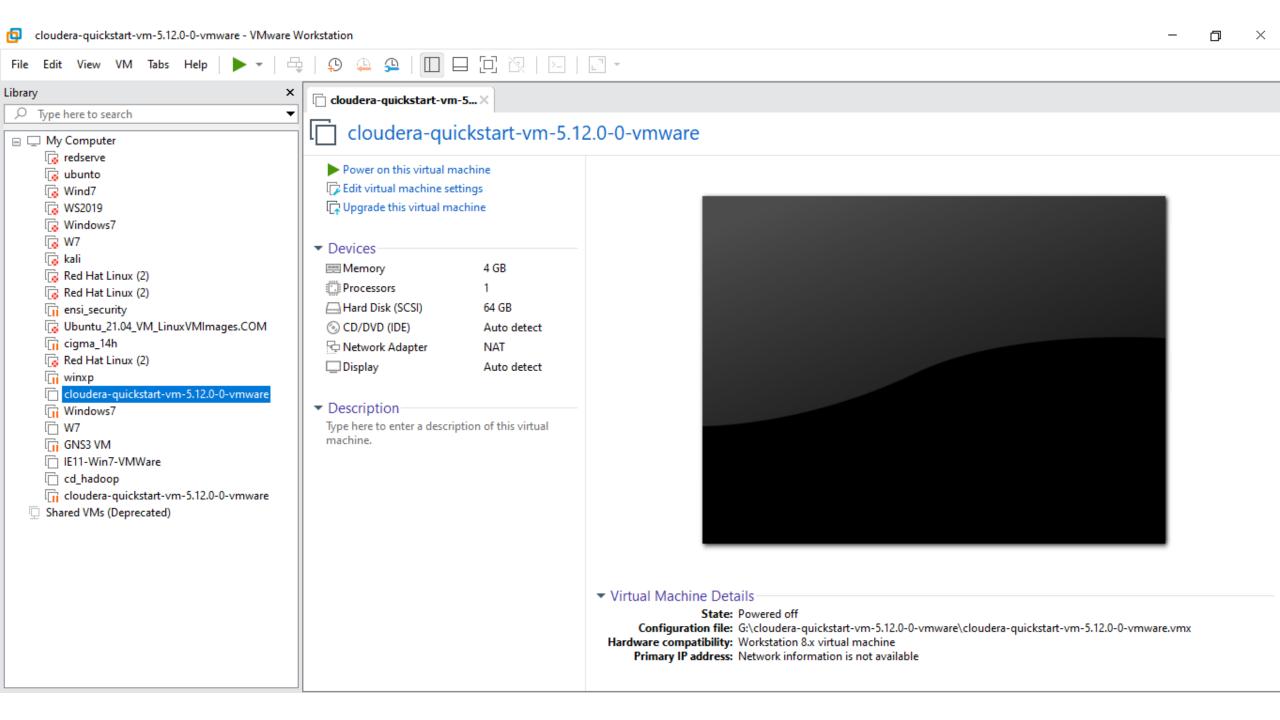
Web console to explore hdfs storage:



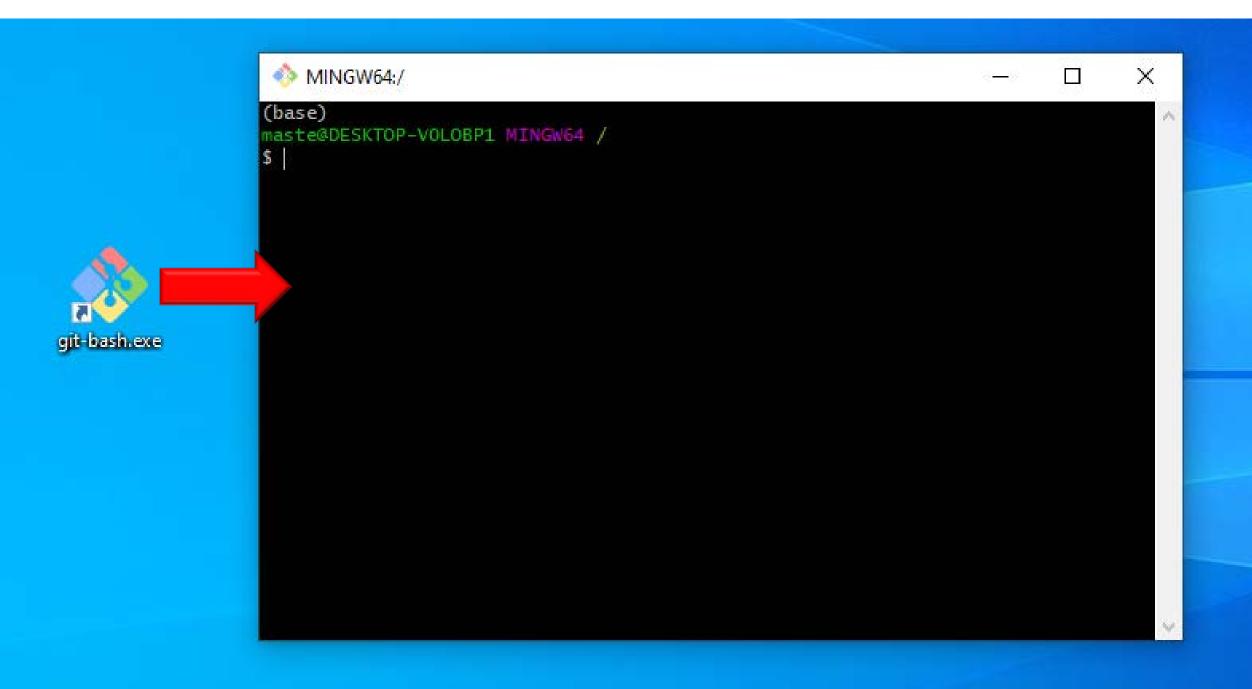
Browse Directory

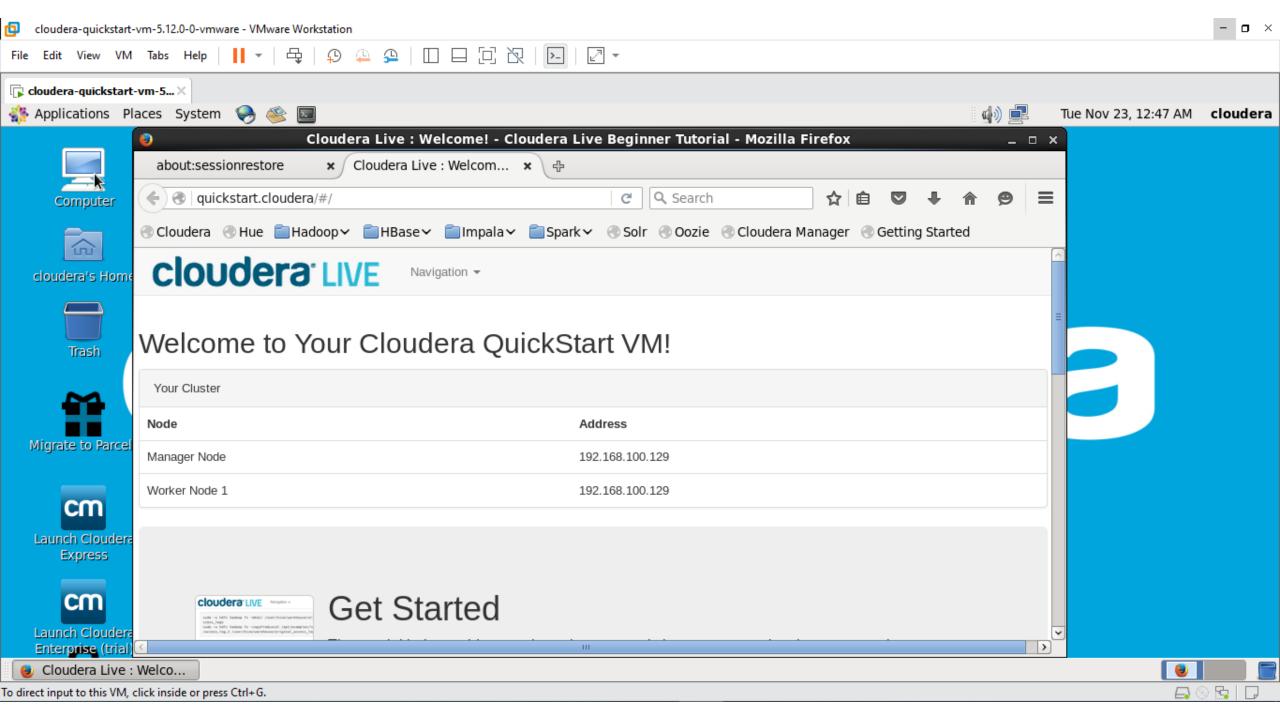


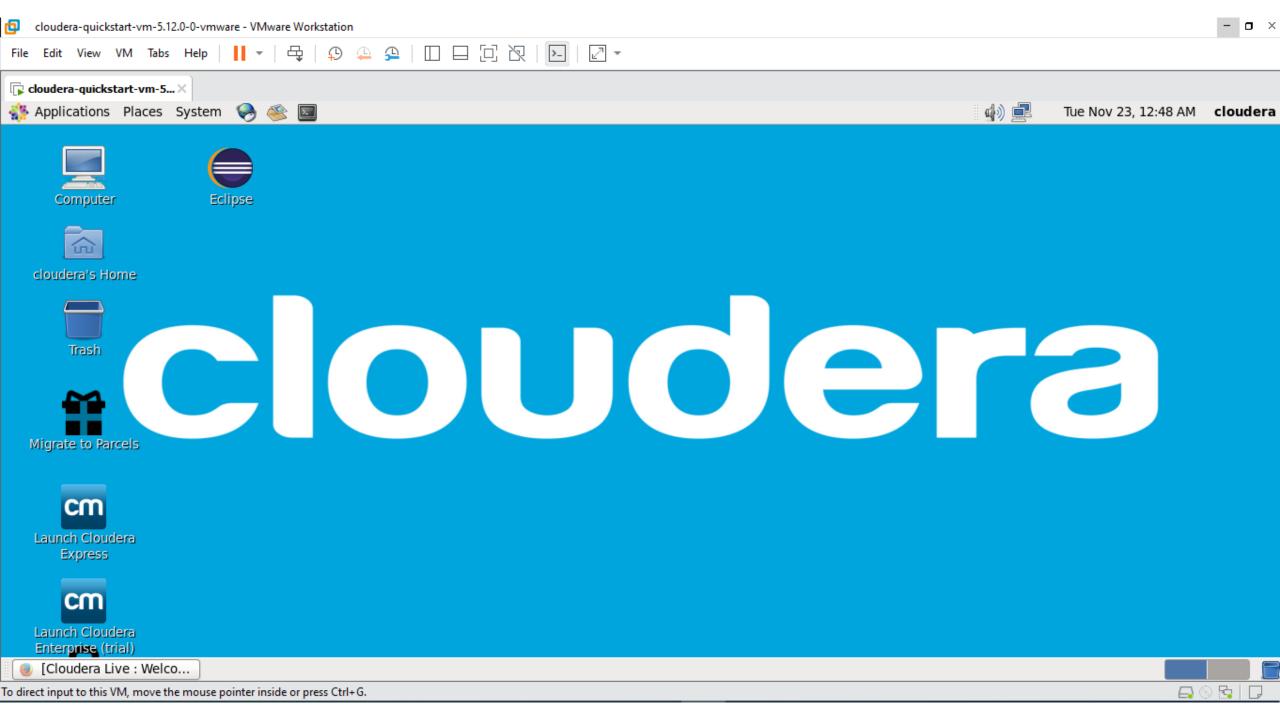
Hadsop, 2016.



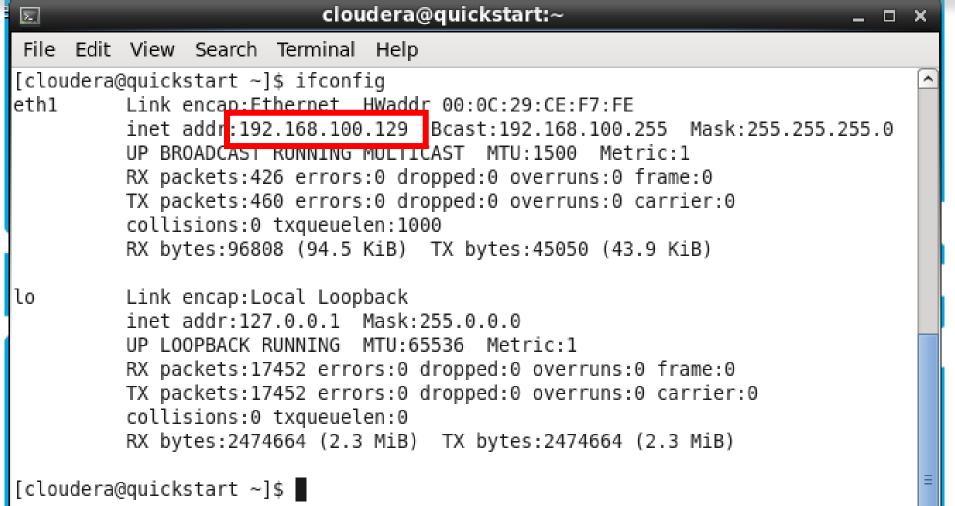
CentOS 6.7

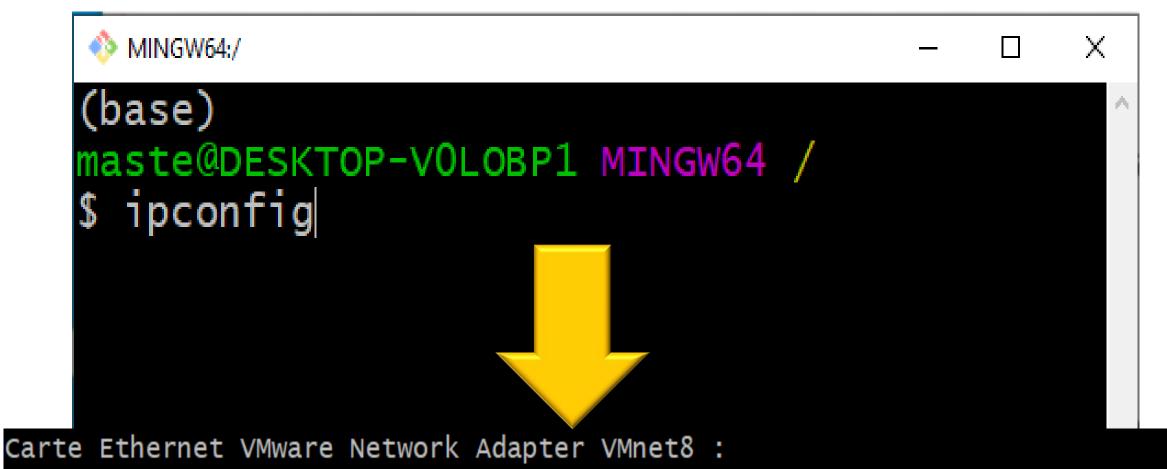


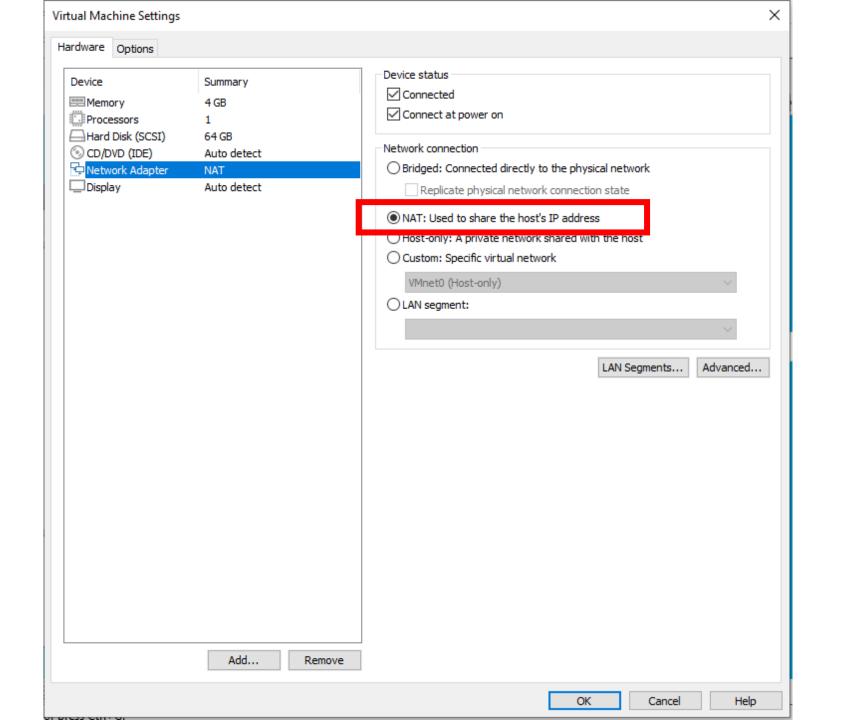


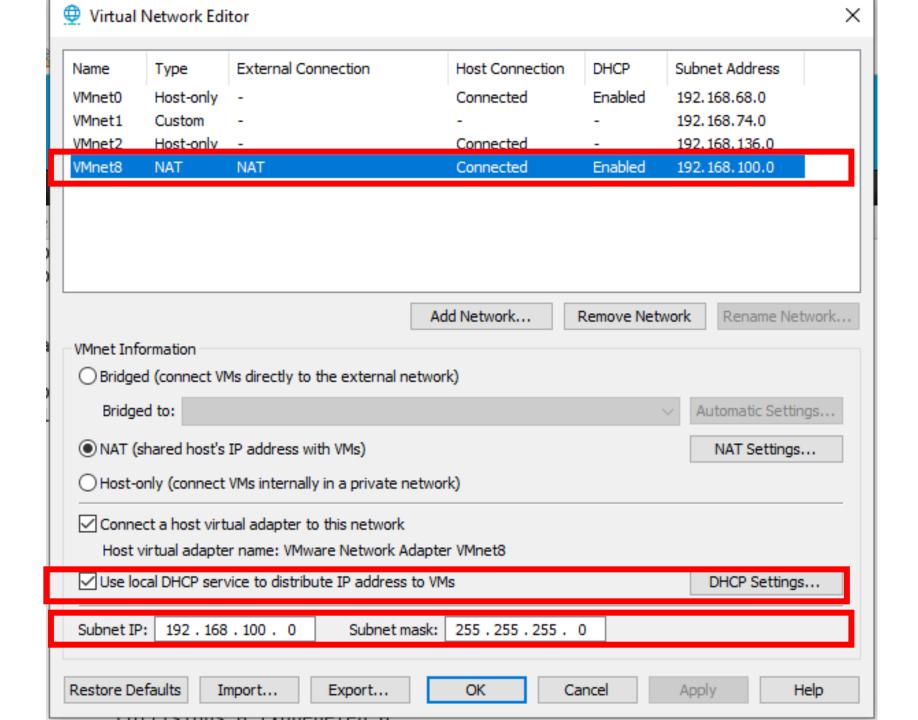












cloudera



Windows 10

Windows 10



```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ ping 192.168.100.1

PING 192.168.100.1 (192.168.100.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.100.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=128 time=0.668 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.100.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=128 time=0.305 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.100.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=128 time=0.311 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.100.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=128 time=1.27 ms
^C
--- 192.168.100.1 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3119ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.305/0.640/1.277/0.396 ms
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ ■
```

```
(base)

maste@DESKTOP-VOLOBP1 MINGW64 /

$ ping 192.168.100.129

Envoi d'une requate 'Ping' 192.168.100.129 avec 32 octets de donnmes :

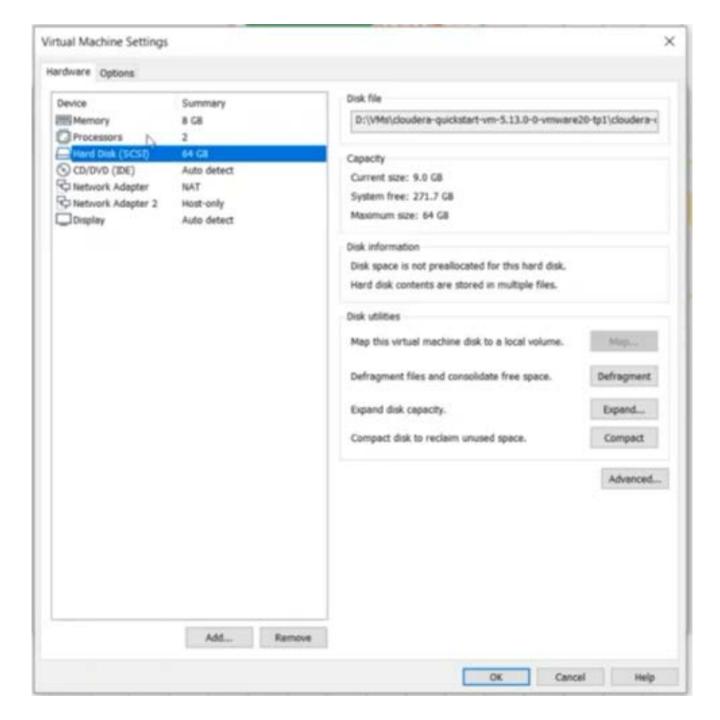
Ramponse de 192.168.100.129 octets=32 temps<1ms TTL=64

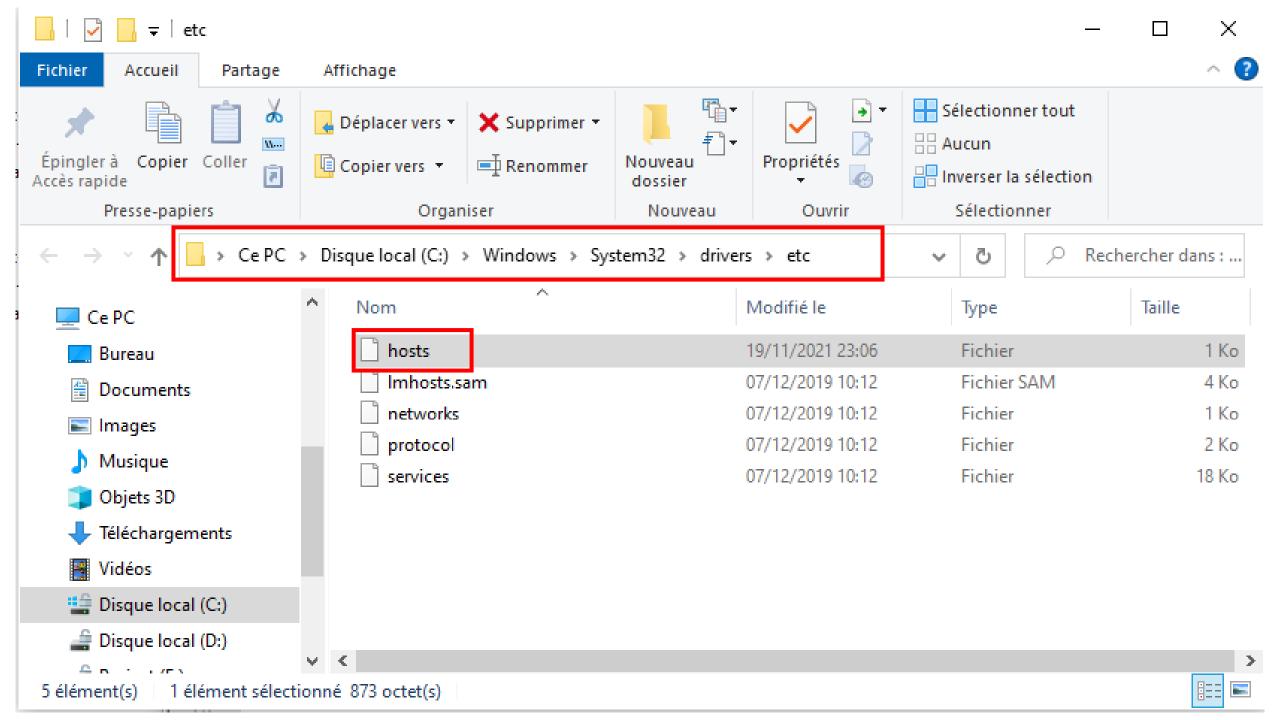
Statistiques Ping pour 192.168.100.129:

Paquets envoy = 4, reques = 4, perdus = 0 (perte 0%),

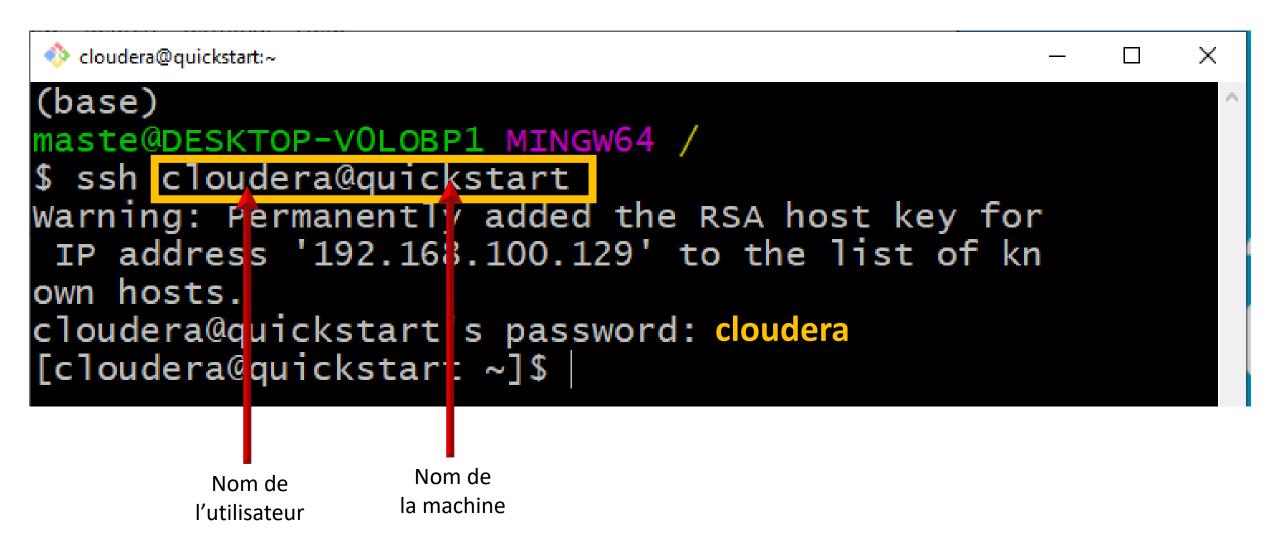
Dur approximative des boucles en millisecondes :

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Moyenne = 0ms
```



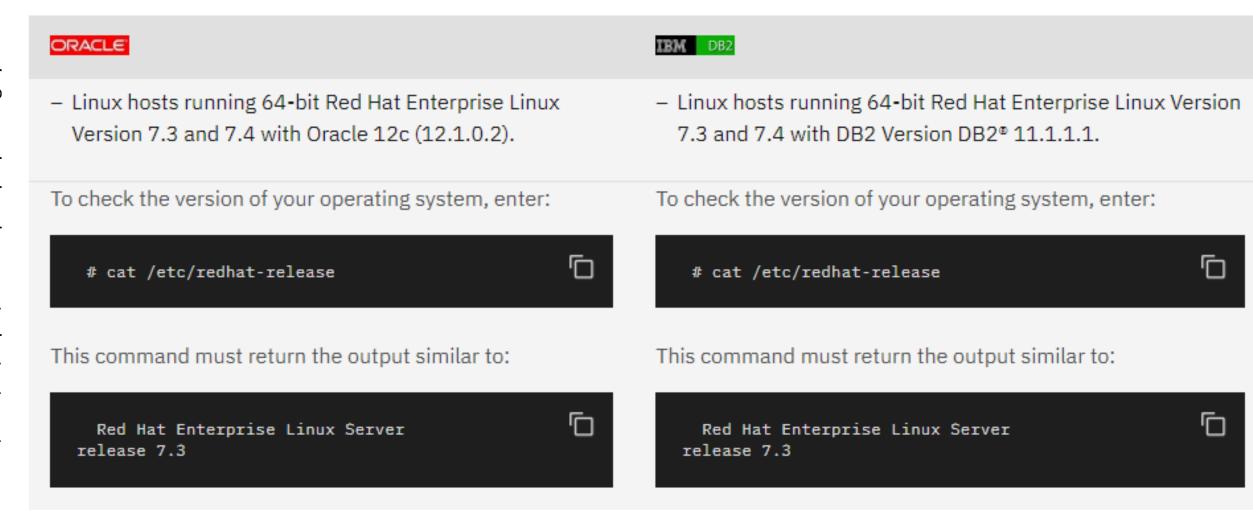


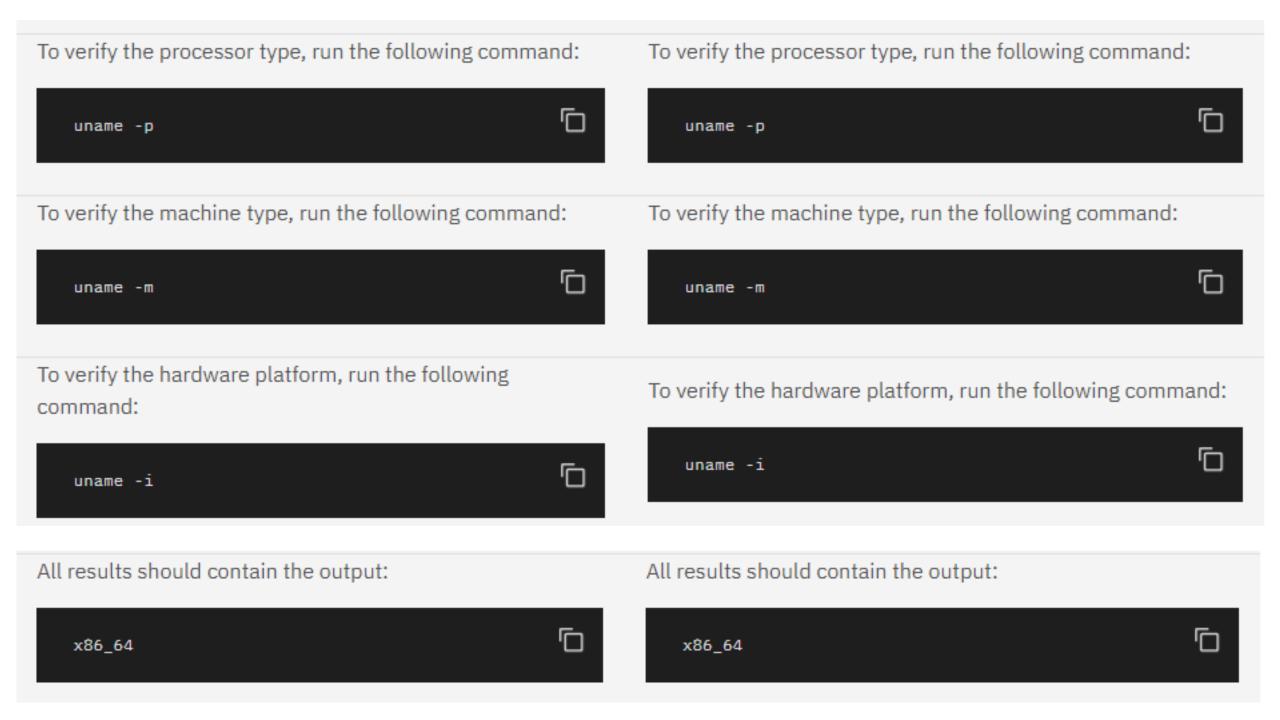
```
C:\Windows\System32\drivers\etc\hosts - Notepad++
Fichier Édition Recherche Affichage Encodage Langage Paramètres Outils Macro Exécution Modules d'extension Documents ?
                                      - 🛗 🍖 | 🔍 🔍 | 📭 🔄 🚍 | 🚍 - ¶ | 🍱 🐷 | 💹 🔑 🗀 🐵 | 🗨 🔳 🕟 🕪
🔚 hosts 🔀
      # Copyright (c) 1993-2009 Microsoft Corp.
      # This is a sample HOSTS file used by Microsoft TCP/IP for Windows.
      # This file contains the mappings of IP addresses to host names. Each
      # entry should be kept on an individual line. The IP address should
      # be placed in the first column followed by the corresponding host name.
      # The IP address and the host name should be separated by at least one
      # space.
 10
 11
      # Additionally, comments (such as these) may be inserted on individual
 12
      # lines or following the machine name denoted by a '#' symbol.
 13
 14
      # For example:
 15
 16
            102.54.94.97 rhino.acme.com
                                                    # source server
 17
              38.25.63.10 x.acme.com
                                                       # x client host
 18
      # localhost name resolution is handled within DNS itself.
 19
          127.0.0.1
 20
                          localhost
      # ::1
                          localhost
      127.0.0.1 localhost
 23
      192.168.100.128 quickstart
```



uname (short for unix name) est une commande Unix qui affiche les informations système sur la machine sur laquelle elle est exécutée

\$man uname « plus d'informations »



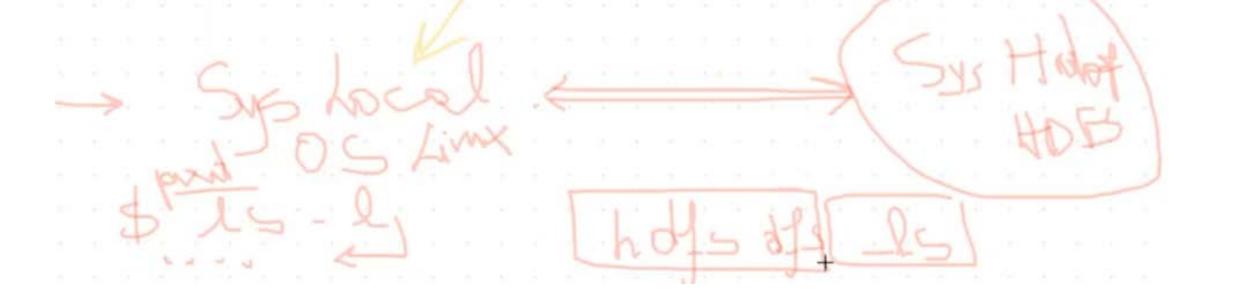


```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop version
Hadoop 2.6.0-cdh5.12.0
Subversion http://github.com/cloudera/hadoop -r dba647c5a8bc5e09b572d76a
8d29481c78d1a0dd
Compiled by jenkins on 2017-06-29T11:32Z
Compiled with protoc 2.5.0
From source with checksum 7c45ae7a4592ce5af86bc4598c5b4
This command was run using /usr/lib/hadoop/hadoop-common-2.6.0-cdh5.12.0
.jar
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ |
```

cloudera@quickstart:~

[cloudera@quickstart ~]\$ pwd /home/cloudera

```
cloudera@quickstart:~
                                                                        [cloudera@quickstart ~]$ uname -r
2.6.32-573.e16.x86_64
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ ls -l
total 188
-rwxrwxr-x 1 cloudera cloudera 5387 Jul 19 2017 cloudera-manager
-rwxrwxr-x 1 cloudera cloudera 9964 Jul 19
                                            2017 cm_api.py
drwxrwxr-x 2 cloudera cloudera 4096 Jul 19 2017 Desktop
drwxrwxr-x 4 cloudera cloudera 4096 Jul 19 2017 Documents
drwxr-xr-x 2 cloudera cloudera 4096 Nov 19 14:52 Downloads
drwxrwsr-x 9 cloudera cloudera 4096 Feb 19 2015 eclipse
-rw-rw-r-- 1 cloudera cloudera 53655 Jul 19
                                            2017 enterprise-deployment.json
-rw-rw-r-- 1 cloudera cloudera 50515 Jul 19
                                            2017 express-deployment.json
-rwxrwxr-x 1 cloudera cloudera 5007 Jul 19 2017 kerberos
                               4096 Jul 19
drwxrwxr-x 2 cloudera cloudera
                                            2017 lib
drwxr-xr-x 2 cloudera cloudera
                               4096 Nov 19 14:52 Music
-rwxrwxr-x 1 cloudera cloudera 4228 Jul 19 2017 parcels
drwxr-xr-x 2 cloudera cloudera 4096 Nov 19 14:52 Pictures
drwxr-xr-x 2 cloudera cloudera 4096 Nov 19 14:52 Public
drwxr-xr-x 2 cloudera cloudera
                               4096 Nov 19 14:52 Templates
drwxr-xr-x 2 cloudera cloudera
                               4096 Nov 19 14:52 Videos
drwxrwxr-x 4 cloudera cloudera
                               4096 Jul 19
                                           2017 workspace
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$
```



```
cloudera@quickstart:~
                                                                                \times
                                                                            [cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hdfs dfs -ls /
Found 6 items
             hdfs
                                           0 2017-07-19 06:29 /benchmarks
drwxrwxrwx
                      supergroup

    hbase supergroup

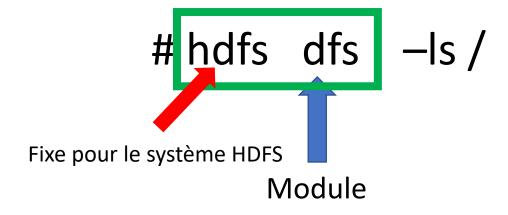
                                             2021-11-23 00:47 /hbase
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x
                                             2017-07-19 06:31 /solr
             - solr
                      solr
             hdfs
                                             2021-11-19 14:53 /tmp
drwxrwxrwt
                      supergroup
             hdfs
                                             2017-07-19 06:31 /user
drwxr-xr-x
                      supergroup
             hdfs
drwxr-xr-x
                                           0 2017-07-19 06:31 /var
                      supergroup
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$
```

Système local : OS = linux

Is -I

Système: hfds (hadoop)

Notre Système de stockage



"hdfs dfs -ls /" ou "hadoop hdfs -ls /"

hadoop hdfs : obsolète : l'utilisation de ce script pour exécuter la commande hdfs est obsolète. Utilisez plutôt la commande hdfs pour cela.

Usr (linux) diff user (hadoop)

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hdfs dfs -ls /user
Found 8 items
drwxr-xr-x - cloudera cloudera
                                           0 2017-07-19 06:28 /user/cloudera
            - mapred
                                           0 2017-07-19 06:29 /user/history
drwxr-xr-x
                       hadoop
                                           0 2017-07-19 06:31 /user/hive
drwxrwxrwx
            - hive
                       supergroup
drwxrwxrwx
            - hue
                                           0 2017-07-19 06:30 /user/hue
                       supergroup
            - jenkins
                                           0 2017-07-19 06:29 /user/jenkins
drwxrwxrwx
                       supergroup
            - oozie
                                           0 2017-07-19 06:30 /user/oozie
drwxrwxrwx
                       supergroup
                       supergroup
                                           0 2017-07-19 06:29 /user/root
drwxrwxrwx
            - root
drwxr-xr-x - hdfs
                                           0 2017-07-19 06:31 /user/spark
                       supergroup
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$
```

Remarque : supposons que nous travaillons beaucoup avec ce chemin : /user/hive/warehouse

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ MYPath=/user/hive
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hdfs dfs -ls $MYPath
```

```
cloudera@quickstart:~
「cloudera@quickstart ~]$ sudo jps
2475 NameNode
                  2-Pour gérer le Stockage de données
3337 RESTServer
4369 HRegionServer
5121
5159
3047 ResourceManager 3-Pour planifier des exécution
                             des taches
2736 Bootstrap
2556 SecondaryNameNode
3475 ThriftServer
5098 Bootstrap
9992 Jps
3570 RunJar
4222 Bootstrap
2278 DataNode
4243 HistoryServer
2363 JournalNode
2209 QuorumPeerMain
4877 Bootstrap
2873 NodeManager 4-Pour exécuter ces taches
2790 JobHistoryServer
3684 RunJar
```

3245 HMaster

[cloudera@quickstart ~]\$

Les 4 services de base : qui veut dire hadoop en exécution

Travail à faire

To do so, we have to run the following commands using a terminal console:

Create the HDFS application's folders:

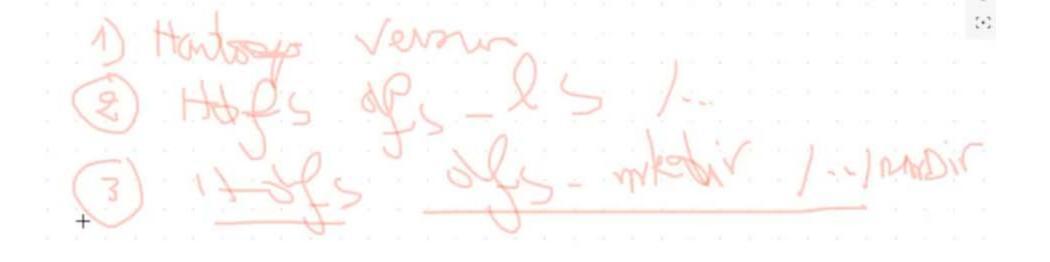
APP_HOME: /user/industries

RES_DIR: /user/industries/res

1

Download a csv file using its URL and upload it to HDFS folder RES_DIR under the name "indicCommercExter1.csv"

FILE_URL: https://www.stats.govt.nz/assets/Uploads/Overseas-trade-indexes-prices-and-volumes-December-2019-quarter-provisional.csv



```
cloudera@quickstart:/home/cloudera
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ APP_HOME=/user/industries
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ RES_DIR=$APP_HOME/res
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ su
Password: cloudera
[root@quickstart cloudera]# |
```

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ APP_HOME=/user/industries
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ RES_DIR=$APP_HOME/res
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ su
Password:
[root@quickstart cloudera]# su - hdfs Basculer vers un autre utilisateur HDFS
-bash-4.1$ |
```

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ APP_HOME=/user/industries
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ RES_DIR=$APP_HOME/res
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ su
Password:
[root@quickstart cloudera]# su - hdfs
[root@quickstart cloudera]# su - hdfs
-bash-4.1$ APP_HOME=/user/industries
-bash-4.1$ RES_DIR=$APP_HOME/res
-bash-4.1$ | Commande pour l'utilisateur HDFS
```

```
[root@quickstart cloudera]# su - hdfs
-bash-4.1$ APP_HOME=/user/industries
-bash-4.1$ RES_DIR=$APP_HOME/res
-bash-4.1$ echo $APP_HOME
/user/industries
-bash-4.1$ echo $RES_DIR
/user/industries/res
-bash-4.1$
```

```
cloudera@quickstart/home/cloudera
[root@quickstart cloudera]# su - hdfs
-bash-4.1$ echo $APP_HOME
-bash-4.1$ APP_HOME=/user/industries
-bash-4.1$ RES_DIR=$APP_HOME/res
-bash-4.1$ echo $APP_HOME
/user/industries
-bash-4.1$ echo $RES DIR
/user/industries/res
-bash-4.15 hdfs dfs -mkdir SAPP_HOME
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -mkdir $RES_DIR
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -ls /user
Found 9 items
drwxr-xr-x
             - cloudera cloudera
                                             0 2017-10-23 10:28 /user/cloudera
                                             0 2017-10-23 10:29 /user/history
drwxr-xr-x
             - mapred
                         hadoop
             - hive
                                             0 2017-10-23 10:31 /user/hive
drwxrwxrwx
                         supergroup
                                             0 2017-10-23 10:30 /user/hue
             - hue
drwxrwxrwx
                         supergroup
             - hdfs
                                             0 2020-03-24 02:10 /user/industries
drwxr-xr-x
                         supergroup
                                             0 2017-10-23 10:30 /user/jenkins
drwxrwxrwx

    jenkins

                         supergroup
                                             0 2017-10-23 10:30 /user/oozie
drwxrwxrwx
             - oozie
                         supergroup
                                             0 2017-10-23 10:30 /user/root
drwxrwxrwx
             - root
                         supergroup
drwxr-xr-x

    hdfs

                         supergroup
                                             0 2017-10-23 10:31 /user/spark
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -ls -R /user
```

```
-bash-4.1$ FILE_URL=https://www.stats.govt.nz/assets/Uploads/Overseas-trade-indexes-prices-and-volumes/Over seas-trade-indexes-prices-and-volumes-December-2019-quarter-provisional/Download-data/overseas-trade-indexe s-december-2019-quarter-provisional.csv
-bash-4.1$ echo $RES_DIR
/user/industries/res
-bash-4.1$ echo $FILE_URL
https://www.stats.govt.nz/assets/Uploads/Overseas-trade-indexes-prices-and-volumes/Overseas-trade-indexes-prices-and-volumes/Overseas-trade-indexes-prices-and-volumes-December-2019-quarter-provisional/Download-data/overseas-trade-indexes-december-2019-quarter-provisional.csv
-bash-4.1$ FILE_BASENAME=indComExt1.csv
-bash-4.1$ FILE_NAME=$RES_DIR/$FILE_BASENAME
```

-bash-4.1\$

```
cloudera@quickstart:/home/cloudera
                                             0 2017-07-19 06:29 /user/history
                        hadoop
drwxr-xr-x
             - mapred
drwxrwxrwx
             - hive
                                             0 2017-07-19 06:31 /user/hive
                        supergroup
                                             0 2017-07-19 06:30 /user/hue
drwxrwxrwx
             - hue
                        supergroup
-bash-4.1$ FILE_URL=https://www.stats.govt.nz/assets/Uploads/Overseas-trade-indexes-prices-and-
volumes/Overseas-trade-indexes-prices-and-volumes-December-2019-quarter-provisional/Download-da
ta/overseas-trade-indexes-december-2019-quarter-provisional.csv
-bash-4.1$
-bash-4.1$ echo $FI<u>LE_URL</u>
https://www.stats.govt.nz/assets/Uploads/Overseas-trade-indexes-prices-and-volumes/Overseas-tra
de-indexes-prices-and-volumes-December-2019-quarter-provisional/Download-data/overseas-trade-in
dexes-december-2019-quarter-provisional.csv
-bash-4.1$
```

```
-bash-4.1$ FILE_BASENAME=indComExt1.csv
-bash-4.1$ FILE_NAME=$FILE_BASENAME
-bash-4.1$ FILE_NAME=$RES_DIR/$FILE_BASENAME
-bash-4.1$ echo $FILE_NAME Pour tester
/user/industries/res/indComExt1.csv
-bash-4.1$ |
```

```
cloudera@quickstart/home/cloudera
-bash-4.1$ echo $FILE NAME
/user/industries/res/indComExtl.csv
-bash-4.15 echo $FILE URL
https://www.stats.govt.nz/assets/Uploads/Overseas-trade-indexes-prices-and-volumes/Overseas-trade-indexes-p
rices-and-volumes-December-2019-quarter-provisional/Download-data/overseas-trade-indexes-december-2019-quar
ter-provisional.csv
-bash-4.1$ wget -O - $FILE_URL|hdfs dfs -put - $FILE_NAME
--2020-03-24 02:23:26-- https://www.stats.govt.nz/assets/Uploads/overseas-trade-indexes-prices-and-volumes
/Overseas-trade-indexes-prices-and-volumes-December-2019-quarter-provisional/Download-data/overseas-trade-i
ndexes-december-2019-quarter-provisional.csv
Resolving www.stats.govt.nz... 45.60.13.104
Connecting to www.stats.govt.nz|45.60.13.104|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 20711303 (20M) [text/csv]
saving to: "STDOUT"
in 17s
2020-03-24 02:23:47 (1.18 MB/s) - written to stdout [20711303/20711303]
-bash-4.15 hdfs dfs -ls -R SAPP HOME
```

```
-bash-4.1$ wget -O - $FILE_URL | hdfs dfs -put - /user/industries
--2021-11-23 08:30:54-- https://www.stats.govt.nz/assets/Uploads/Overseas-trade-indexes-prices-and-vo
lumes/Overseas-trade-indexes-prices-and-volumes-December-2019-quarter-provisional/Download-data/overse
as-trade-indexes-december-2019-quarter-provisional.csv
Resolving www.stats.govt.nz... 45.60.13.104
Connecting to www.stats.govt.nz|45.60.13.104|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 20711303 (20M) [text/csv]
Saving to: "STDOUT"
in 32s
2021-11-23 08:31:29 (627 KB/s) - written to stdout [20711303/20711303]
-bash-4.1$
```

```
-bash-4.1$ hdfs dfs -ls -R $APP_HOME
drwxr-xr-x - hdfs supergroup 0 2021-11-23 08:38 /user/industries/res
-rw-r--r-- 1 hdfs supergroup 20711303 2021-11-23 08:35 /user/industries/res/indComExt1.csv
-bash-4.1$ | On vérifie la présence du fichier
```

```
cloudera@quickstart:/home/cloudera

-bash-4_1$ hdfs getconf -confkey dfs.blocksize

La taille des blocks

La taille d'un bloc est : 134MB
```



-bash-4.1\$ vim /etc/hadoop/conf/hdfs-site.xml

-bash-4.1\$ cat /etc/hadoop/conf/hdfs-site.xml|grep blocksize

```
-bash-4.1$ hdfs getconf -confkey dfs.replication
-bash-4.1$
```

```
maste@DESKTOP-VOLOBP1 MINGW64 /
(base)
maste@DESKTOP-V0LOBP1 MINGW64 /
$ ssh cloudera@quickstart
cloudera@quickstart's password:
Last login: Tue Nov 23 09:13:41 2021 from 192.168.100.1
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ su
Password:
[root@quickstart cloudera]# su - hdfs
-bash-4.1$
-bash-4.1$
-bash-4.1$ hdfs fsck $RES_DIR -files -blocks
```

```
×
cloudera@quickstart/home/cloudera
-bash-4.15 hdfs getconf -confkey dfs.replication
-bash-4.15 hdfs dfs -ls -R SAPP_HOME
                                       0 2020-03-24 02:23 /user/industries/res
drwxr-xr-x - hdfs supergroup
-rw-r--r-- 1 hdfs supergroup 20711303 2020-03-24 02:23 /user/industries/res/indComExt1.csv
-bash-4.15 hdfs fsck SRES DIR -files -blocks
Connecting to namenode via http://guickstart.cloudera:50070/fsck?ugi=hdfs&files=1&blocks=1&path=%2Fuser%2Fi
ndustries%2Fres
FSCK started by hdfs (auth:SIMPLE) from /127.0.0.1 for path /user/industries/res at Tue Mar 24 02:36:28 PDT
2020
/user/industries/res <dir>
/user/industries/res/indComExtl.csv 20711303 bytes, 1 block(s): OK
0. BP-333635372-127.0.0.1-1508779710286:blk_1073742764_1942 len=20711303 Live_repl=1
            Status: HEALTHY
             Total size: 20711303 B
             Total dirs:
```

```
Total files: 1
Total symlinks:
                             1 (avg. block size 20711303 B)
 Total blocks (validated):
Minimally replicated blocks: 1 (100.0 %)
                               0 (0.0 %)
 over-replicated blocks:
Under-replicated blocks:
                               0 (0.0 %)
 Mis-replicated blocks:
                               0 (0.0 %)
 Default replication factor:
                               1.0
 Average block replication:
 corrupt blocks:
 Missing replicas:
                               0 (0.0 %)
 Number of data-nodes:
 Number of racks:
FSCK ended at Tue Mar 24 02:36:28 PDT 2020 in 2 milliseconds
The filesystem under path '/user/industries/res' is HEALTHY
```

