The Scala programming ecosystem

Leveraging functional, OO, libraries and frameworks

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Scala - The Good



The Scala Programming Language

- Martin Odersky, EPFL, Switzerland
 - ▶ Worked on javac (1.3)
 - Java Generics
- Lightbend (formerly Typesafe)
- ► Multi-paradigm language
 - Functional and Object-Oriented
- Statically typed
- Scalable language script to large program
- Stretch your mind functions and immutability

Sca(lable) la(nguage)

- Apache Kafka (LinkedIn)
- Apache Spark (Databricks)
- Finagle (Twitter)
- Akka (Lightbend)
- ► Lucid Software scala.js presentation
- Play Web Framework
 - Lichess Online Chess
- Lightbend customers: Walmart, Verizon, Twitter, LinkedIn, Coursera, The Guardian, Airbnb...

Scala to Java bytecode

- Leverage Java Virtual Machine (JVM)
 - ▶ Over 20 years of optimizations
 - Java Interpreter and Just-in-time (JIT) compilers
 - Portability and Security
 - Ever-evolving garbage collectors
- Full interoperability with Java and Java libraries

Exploration - Scala Shell and Worksheet



Scala Tour

- Conciseness
- Mixed Paradigms
 - ► Object Oriented
 - Functional
- Options, Collections
- Functional Pattern Matching
- Implicits
- Spark

Vals and vars but no semicolons

```
val helloWorld = "Hello, Scala World!"
//vals are immutable
//helloWorld2 = "this is a different string"
val names = List("Markus", "Joe", "Jane")
//vars are mutable
var allHellos = ""
names.foreach(name =>
    allHellos += s"Hello, ${name}! ")
println(allHellos)
> Hello, Markus! Hello, Joe! Hello, Jane!
```

Defining a function, higher-order functions

```
def hasAtLeastThreeLetters(input: String): Boolean = {
   if ((input != null) && (!input.isEmpty)) {
      val letters = input.filter(c => c.isLetter)
      letters.size >= 3
   } else {
      false
   }
}
```

Calling a function - syntactic sugar

```
val testInputs = List(null, "", "lower", "Upper")
testInputs.map((input: String) =>
    hasAtLeastThreeLetters(input))
testInputs.map((input) =>
        hasAtLeastThreeLetters(input))
testInputs.map(input => hasAtLeastThreeLetters(input))
testInputs.map(hasAtLeastThreeLetters(_))
testInputs.map(hasAtLeastThreeLetters)
> res0: List[Boolean] = List(false, false, true, true)
```

Assigning functions/function literals to variables

```
val vowels = List('a','e','i','o','u')
val threeLs: String => Boolean = hasAtLeastThreeLetters
threeLs("abcd")
> res1: Boolean = true
val removeVowels: (String) => String = { (str) =>
    str.filter(c => !vowels.contains(c))
}
val removeNonLetters: String => String = { str =>
    str.filter(c => c.isLetter)
}
removeVowels("wabbit")
> res2: String = wbbt
```

Everything's an object, more syntactic sugar, == equality

```
3 * 10
3.*(10)
1 to 10
1.to(10)
> res2: scala.collection.immutable.Range.Inclusive =
 Range(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10)
val foo = "foo"
val bar = new String("foo")
foo == bar
```

Built-in tuples

```
val tuple = ("hello", 42)
val tuple2: (String, Int) = ("hello", 42)
val tuple3: Tuple2[String, Int] = ("hello", 42)
val triple = ("123-22-2111", "Joe", "443.998.8899")
tuple. 1
tuple. 2
val (word, count) = tuple
> word: String = hello
> count: Int = 5
```

Options - no more NullPointerExceptions!

```
val portOpt: Option[Int] = Some(5123)
val port20pt: Option[Int] = None
portOpt.get
> res0: Int = 5123
port20pt.get -
> java.util.NoSuchElementException: None.get
port20pt.get0rElse(3306)
> res1: Int = 3306
portOpt.foreach(port => println(s"opening port ${port}"))
> res2: Unit = ()
Option(null)
> res3: Option[Null] = None
```

Collections - Arrays (with syntactic sugar)

```
val a : Array[Int] = Array(1,3,7,9)
//val\ b = Array.apply(1,3,7,9)
a(0)
//b.apply(0)
a(0) = 5
//b.update(0, 5)
a.mkString(",")
> res1: String = 5,3,7,9
```

Collections - Lists

```
val ws = List("When", "shall", "we", "three")
val ws2 = "When" :: "shall" :: Nil
val longWords = ws.filter(s => s.length > 4)
val lowers = ws.map( .toLowerCase)
lowers.flatMap( .permutations)
> res3: List[String] = List(when, whne, wehn...
//how many letters in our list?
val lengths = ws.map(_.length)
lengths.reduce( + )
lengths.sum
```

Collections - Maps 1

```
var transMap = Map("when" -> "wann",
    "shall" -> "sollen". "we" -> "wir")
val entryTuple1 = ("three" -> "drei")
val entryTuple2 = ("meet", "treffen")
transMap = transMap + entryTuple1
transMap = transMap + entryTuple2
transMap("when")
//transMap("who") //java.util.NoSuchElementException
transMap.get("when")
> res10: Option[String] = Some(wann)
transMap.get("who")
res11: Option[String] = None
```

Collections - Maps 1

```
val whenGerman = if (transMap.contains("when")) {
    transMap("when")
} else {
   "unbekannt."
}
val whenGerman2 = transMap.getOrElse("when", "unbekannt")
val transMap2 = transMap.withDefaultValue("unbekannt")
transMap2("when")
> res12: String = wann
transMap2("who")
> res13: String = unbekannt
```

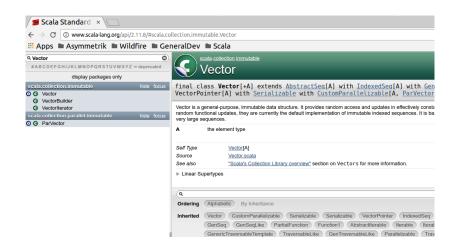
Collections - higher-order functions

```
val wordLengthTuples = ws.map(s => (s, s.length))
val lengthMap =
    wordLengthTuples.groupBy { case (word, length) =>
        length }
> lengthMap: immutable.Map[Int,List[(String, Int)]]
lengthMap(5)
>res14: List[(String, Int)] = List((shall,5), (three,5))
```

For Comprehensions, yield, guards

```
val input = "afed-123-ghi-45-67"
//if we did not have RichChar.isDigit...
def isDigit(c : Char): Boolean = {
    ('0' to '9').contains(c)
}
var digits = ""
for (c <- input) {</pre>
    if (isDigit(c)) digits += c
digits
> res1: String = 1234567
val digits2 = for(c <- input if isDigit(c)) yield c</pre>
> digits2: String = 1234567
```

Scala Docs



Multiline strings and interpolations

Functional Pattern Matching - constant, type & variable

```
val result: Long = myObj match {
    case 1234 \Rightarrow \{
        println("Constant pattern 1234")
        1234
    case i: Int => {
        println(s"Typed pattern int: ${i}")
    }
    case d: Double => {
        println(s"Typed pattern Double: ${d}")
        math.round(d)
    case default => //or wildcard _ (can't reference)
        println(s"Variable pattern: ${default.getClass}")
```

Functional Pattern Matching - sequence patterns

```
1 match {
    case List(1, x, y) \Rightarrow {
        println(s"1, then \{x\}, \{y\}")
    case List(1, x, _*) => {
        println(s"second element ${x}")
    }
    case 1 :: x :: xs => {
        println(s"head 1, ${x} and tail ${xs}")
    case x :: xs \Rightarrow \{
        println(s"Head ${x}, tail ${xs}")
    }
    case Nil => println("List was empty")
}
```

Regex Pattern

```
val HostPortRegex =
    """http://([\w.]+):(\d+)""".r
val url = "http://es.host.com:9200"
val HostPortRegex(host,port) = url
val hostPortOpt = url match {
    case HostPortRegex(host, port) =>
        Some((host, port.toInt))
    case => None
```

Classes

```
class Person(var name: String) {
    if (name.isEmpty) throw new
            IllegalArgumentException("Empty name")
}
val p1 = new Person("John Doe")
p1.name
> res1: String = John Doe
p1.name = "Joe Doe"
```

Class inheritance

Traits

```
trait AwakenessReservoir {
    var minutesToDozingOff: Int = 0
}
trait CoffeeDrinker extends AwakenessReservoir {
    val r = scala.util.Random
    def drinkCoffee(): Unit = {
        val timeToBecomingTiredInMinutes = r.nextInt(120)
        minutesToDozingOff += timeToBecomingTiredInMinutes
trait Exerciser extends AwakenessReservoir {
    def exercise(): Unit = {
        minutesToDozingOff += 120
```

Mixins

```
val sue = new Person("Sue")
  with CoffeeDrinker
  with Exerciser
sue.minutesToDozingOff
> res10: Int = 0
sue.drinkCoffee()
sue.minutesToDozingOff
> res12: Int = 58
sue.exercise()
sue.minutesToDozingOff
> res14: Int = 178
```

Case Classes

```
case class Person(name: String, age: Int)
val p1 = Person("John Doe", 42)
p1.name //val
p1.age
val p2 = Person("Jane Doe", 39)
val p3 = Person("Jane Doe", 39)
val areTheyEqual = p2 == p3
> areTheyEqual: Boolean = true
```

Constructor pattern with pattern guard

```
val people: List[Person] =
   List(p1,p2,p3)
val (youngerPeople, youngPeople) =
   people.partition { person =>
   person match {
        case Person(_, age) if age < 40 => true
        case => false
val Person(name, age) = p3
```

scalatour/12-Scripting

```
import scala.sys.process.
import scala.sys.env
import scala.sys.props
import scala.language.postfixOps
val externalCommand = "tokenGenerator"
//run command and get its status code
s"chmod +x ${externalCommand}"!
//run command and get its output
val myToken = s"./${externalCommand}"!!
env("PATH")
> res2: String = /usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:...
props("user.name")
> res3: String = medale
```

Import Aliasing, Java Interoperability

```
import scala.collection.
import scala.collection.JavaConverters._
import java.util.ArrayList
import java.util.{List => JavaList}
val myJavaList = new ArrayList[String]()
myJavaList.add("hello")
myJavaList.add("world")
val buffer: mutable.Buffer[String] = myJavaList.asScala
val myScalaList: List[String] = buffer.toList
val capStrings = myScalaList.map { str =>
    str.capitalize
}
```

val javaCapStrings: JavaList[String] = capStrings.asJava
> javaCapStrings: java.util.List[String] = [Hello, World]

Implicits - Predef - StringOps

Writing your own Implicit - augmenting HashMap with getOpt

```
import java.util.HashMap
import scala.language.implicitConversions

class FooMap extends HashMap[String,String]

val fooMap = new FooMap()
fooMap.put("foo","bar")
fooMap.get("baz")
> res5: String = null
```

Implicit: Augmenting FooMap with getOpt

```
class FooMapOps(fooMap: FooMap) {
   def getOpt(key: String): Option[String] = {
        if (fooMap.containsKey(key)) {
            Some(fooMap.get(key))
        } else {
            None
implicit def augmentFooMap(fooMap: FooMap):
   FooMapOps = {
    new FooMapOps(fooMap)
}
fooMap.getOpt("baz")
> res6: Option[String] = None
```

```
Scala in action - Spark big data processing
   val spark = SparkSession.builder()
       .master("local")
        .appName("combined-age")
       .getOrCreate()
   import spark.implicits.
   val peopleDs = spark.createDataset(people)
   val youngerDs = peopleDs.filter(p => p.age < 40)</pre>
   val resultRows = peopleDs.
     groupBy($"name").
     avg("age").collect()
   resultRows.foreach { row =>
     println(s"Name: ${row.get(0)} Avg. age: ${row.get(1)}")
```

Learn by doing - Scala exercises

See scalatour_exercises and scalatour_solutions

Resources

- Coursera/EPFL Functional Programming in Scala Specialization
- Horstmann, Scala for the Impatient Video
- Odersky et al., Programming in Scala, 3rd Edition
- ▶ Payne, Wampler, Programming Scala, 2nd Edition
- Alexander, Scala Cookbook
- Chiusano, Bjarnason, Functional Programming in Scala
- Twitter Scala School